Autonomic Networking gets serious @IETF

3. KuVS Fachgespräch "Network Softwarization" https://kn.inf.uni-tuebingen.de/kuvs-fg-netsoft/2022

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04/7-8/2022

Slides will also be at github.com/toerless/presentations

Autonomic Networking in the IETF History

June 2012 draft-behringer-autonomic-network-framework-00.txt

Dec 2013 IRTF Network Management Research Group (NMRG) adopts autonomic networking work

Nov 2014 IETF ANIMA (Autonomic Networking Integrated Model and Approach) working group chartered

Jun 2015 NMRG releases 2 RFC

RFC7575 Autonomic Networking: Definitions and Design Goals

RFC7576 General Gap Analysis for Autonomic Networking

May 2021 Release of ANIMA "Autonomic Networking Infrastructure" (charter round 1: 350++ spec pages)

RFC8366: Validation use case 1: Stable Connectivity (23 pages)

RFC8368: BRSKI voucher (24 pages)

RFC8990: GRASP - Generic Autonomic Signaling Protocol (55 pages)

RFC8991: GRASP API (29 pages)

RFC8992: Validation use case 2: Prefix Management (19 pages)

RFC8993: Autonomic Networking Reference Model (26 pages)

RFC8994: ACP - Autonomic Control Plane (128 pages)

RFC8995: BRSKI – Bootstrap Remote Key Infrastructures (116 pages)

Internet Protocol Journal paper:

https://ipj.dreamhosters.com/wp-content/uploads/2021/10/243-ipj.pdf

Since then: Ongoing work in ANIMA (currently 11 working group drafts), NMRG (Intenet) and several others (protocol det **2**s)

WHY/HOW ANIMA: Wide range of motivations / goals

Reliable/resilient and secure infrastructure management and services Remote access. Hacking-safe, "critical infrastructure" support, ...

Intent-based networking

Operations/Automation from higher layer abstracted behavior \rightarrow ongoing work

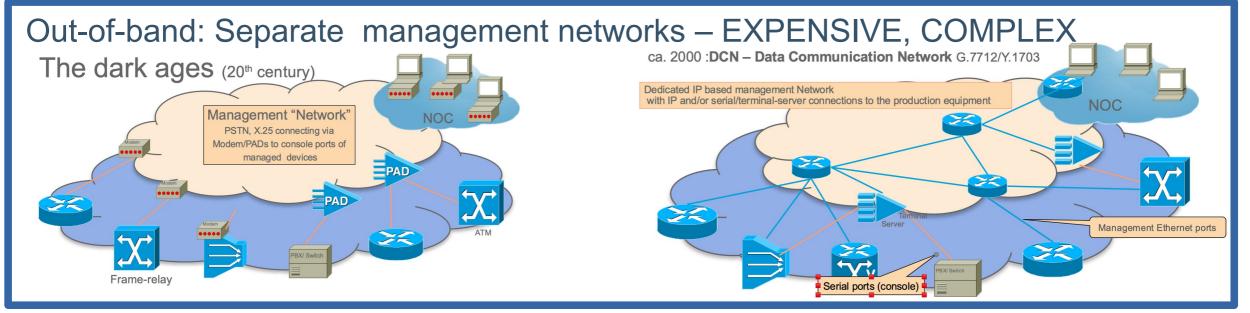
Self-X networks

Reliable/resilient and secure mechanisms to build decentralized/distributed network services X = configuration, automation, optimization, securing, monitoring, ..

ANIMA vs. any other "autonomous, self-X" projects Other projects top down: "Its all new magic in the SDN layers". Don't touch the infrastructure. ANIMA is bottom up: Not possible to achieve goals without fixing the infrastructure

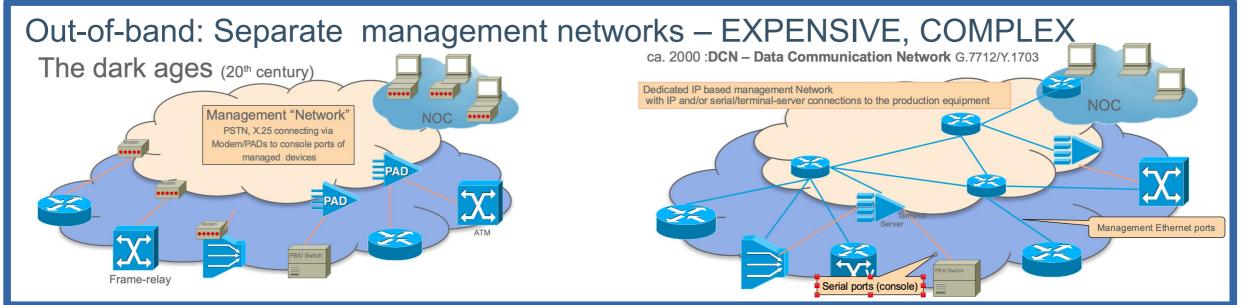
Example goal: Remote Network Management

Images © 2016 Cisco Systems (BRKSDN-2047)

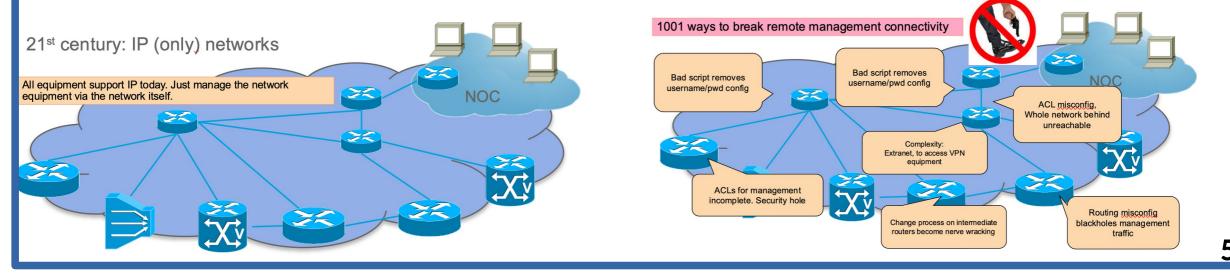


Example goal: Remote Network Management

Images © 2016 Cisco Systems (BRKSDN-2047)



In-band: Use IP network to manage IP network: FRAGILE, ONE-OFFs, COMPLEX



In-band Remote Network Management: how bad is it ?

Day-0 issues: Expensive, obfuscated, insecure network bringup

Equipment shipping from/to pre-staging areas, Magically built "initial/bootstrap config", ...

Day-N issues: Complex , fragile operations

Complex/unknown remote-management connectivity dependencies. ACL (I2, L3, VPN), routing, policies, AAA, protocol securities, PKS chains, clock setting, competing automation systems

Typical recurring incidents: several hours outage in OTT, SP networks

Quantify cost/fragility: Great research topic ?

Except that it is mostly clouded in in-transparency

Sometimes blogs explain some tidbits "we had to send someone to location", "competing automations killed routing", ...

Unless there is regulation

USA: When network carries 911 (emergency) phone number service, interruptions are investigated by FCC

Results in public reports: Example from RFC8994 where ANIMA solution would have avoided lengthy outage:

FCC, "June 15, 2020 T-Mobile Network Outage Report", A Report of the Public Safety and Homeland Security Bureau Federal Communications Commission, PS Docket No. 20-183, October 2020, <u>https://docs.fcc.gov/public/attachments/DOC-367699A1.docx</u>

(Tenth of) millions of dollar fines !

No standards: hodgepodge of mechanisms to create "protected" in-band management plane

Mgmt address ranges, VRF, VLANs, VPNs, AAA authorizations (do not touch this config...), ...

From NMRG to ANIMA

NMRG Autonomic Networks:

Self-X networks. X = configuring, healing, managing, optimizing, protecting, RFC7575/RFC7576

Network wide Intent based management

ASA - Autonomic Service Agents.

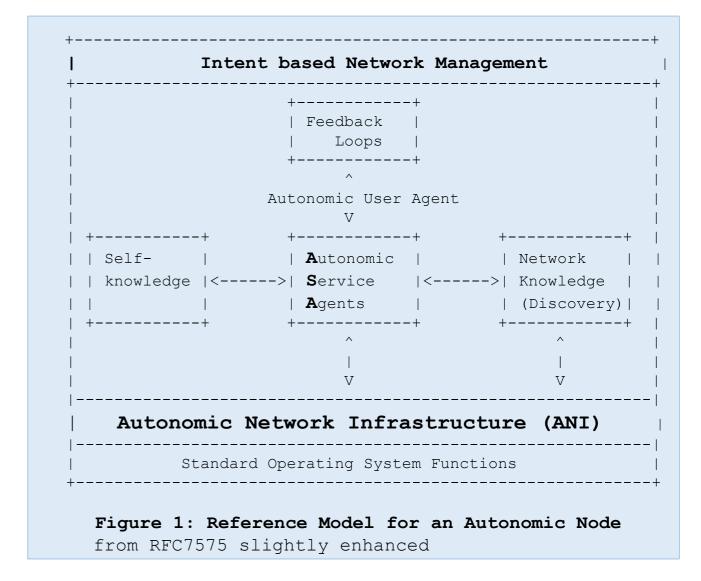
Distributed software modules embodying a decentralized or distributed function/service on network devics.

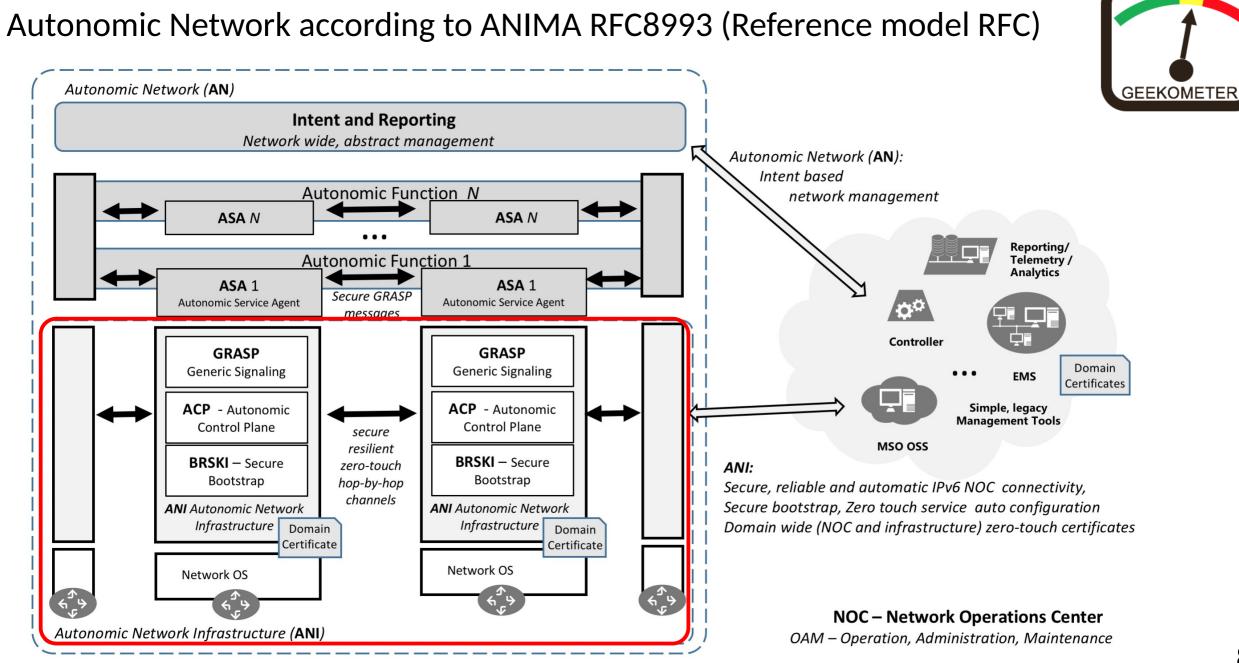
ANI - Autonomic Network Infrastructure

Common infra for ASA and secure automation of legacy networks

BRKI: Secure, zero-touch bootstrap/onboarding ACP: Secure zero-touch network wide connectivity

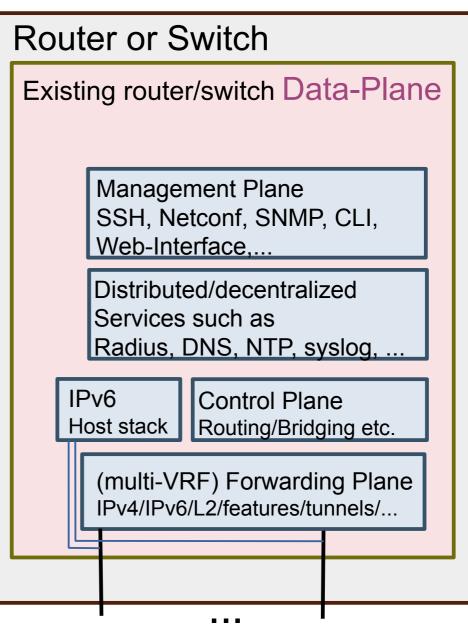
GRASP: Secure zero-touch extensible signaling



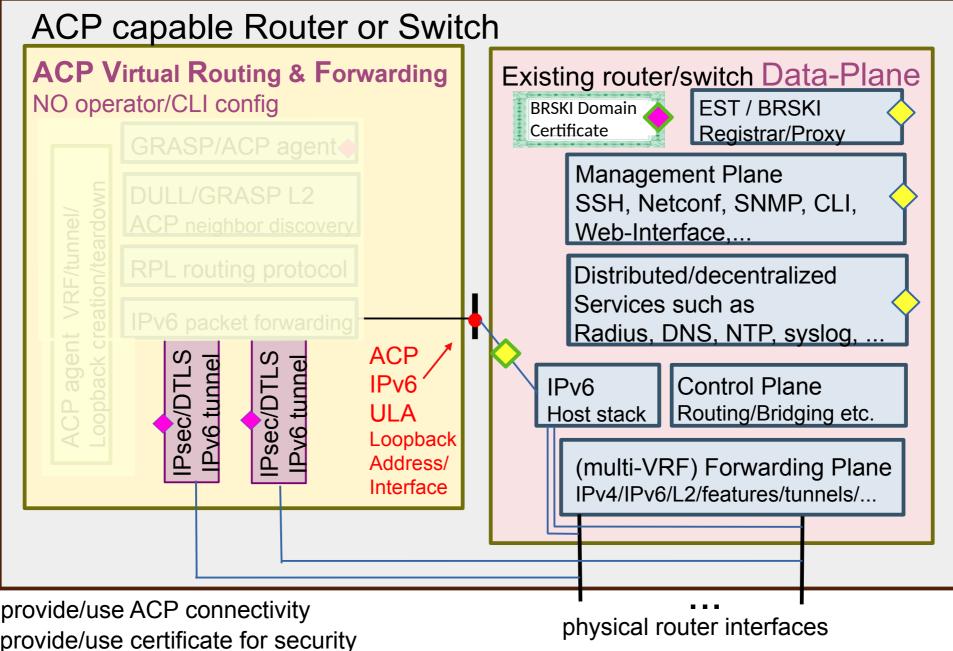


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Autonomic Control Plane (ACP) (1)



Autonomic Control Plane (ACP) (2) – example/minimum design



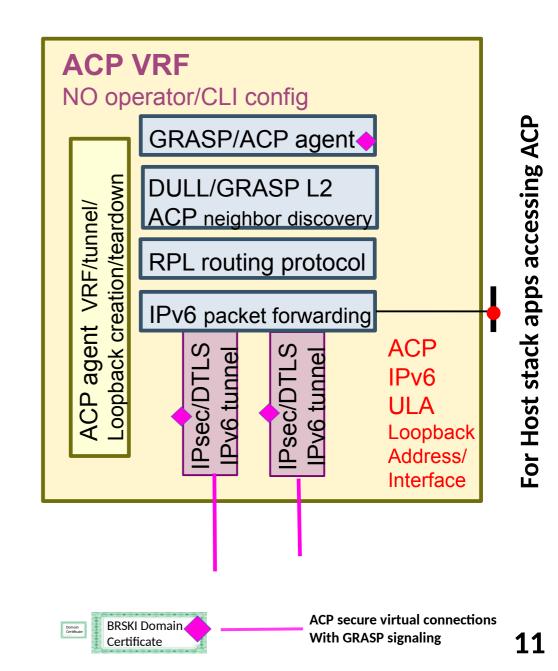
Autonomic Control Plane (ACP)

PRE

X.500 certificate for the ACP <DOMAIN> Includes IPv6 ACP loopback address field Any PKI Mechanism: manual ... BRSKI

ACP

- 0. Simple, scalable routing protocol (RPL) runs in ACP All routes are /128 ACP loopback address routes
- 1. ACP neighbor auto-discovered on subnets DULL-GRASP
- 2. Single-hop secure-channel built to ACP neighbor Requiring peers with X.500 DOMAIN certificate Negotiated; IPsec, DTLS or other Uses only link-local IPv6 addresses
- 3. Secure channels become P2P interfaces in the ACP VRF Uses only link-local IPv6 addresses
- 4. GRASP/ACP provides network-wide signaling Reliable hop-by-hop multicast for service discovery



Autonomic Control Plane (ACP)

RESULT

Infrastructure Reliability

No SDN/manual config. CANNOT be broken by SDN/CLI.

(Minimal) no physical misconfiguration possible

"You plugged the cable into wrong port" - will not disrupt ACP

Infrastructure Security

Unwanted devices can not get into ACP (no DOMAIN cert) No eavesdropping/MitM-attacks against ACP

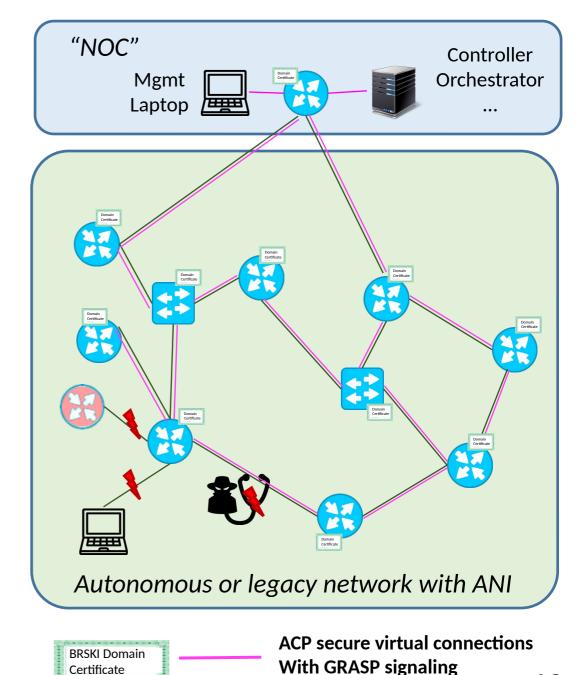
OPERATIONS

Router in a Network Operations Center (NOC) can have unencrypted ACP interfaces To connect legacy management/SDN systems without ACP

ACP has automated DOMAIN certificate renewal Across ACP ("unbreakable") Zero-touch – CA in/behind NOC

ACP IS NOT CONNECTIVITY FOR USERS/HOSTS!

Operator/SDN still needs to configure "Data-Plane"



Classic Broken remote automated PKI enrollment

PKI Registrar

Drives/coordinates process E.g: EST RFC7030 enrollment protocol Admission Control

How to give connectivity to Pledge?

Pledge connected in remote location

Pledges are router/switches

Today all IP/routing manually configured

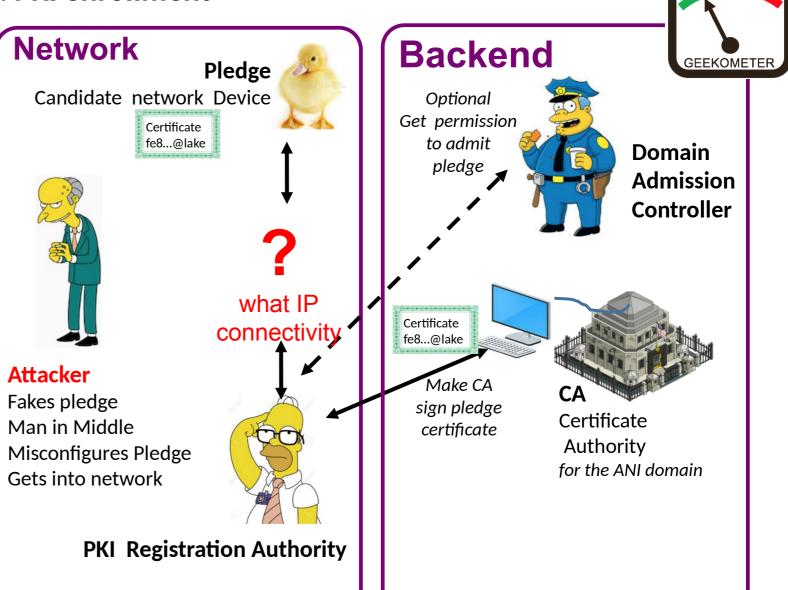
Enrollment of hosts easier

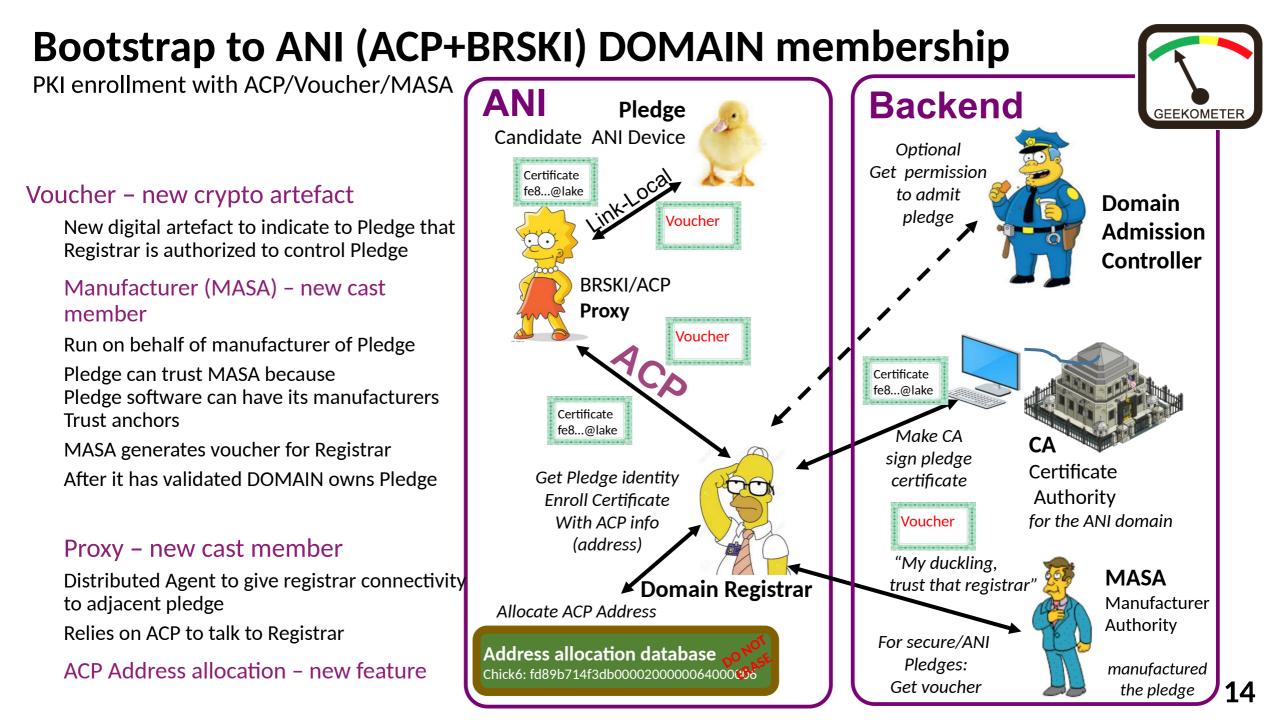
When they can assume a working/secure network infra

How to protect against attacks ?

How does Pledge trust Registrar instead of attacker ??? Today: They don't!

Remote cert enrollment easily attackable Today: Secure/local pre-staging location





For self-study: How does it really work – ANI (1)

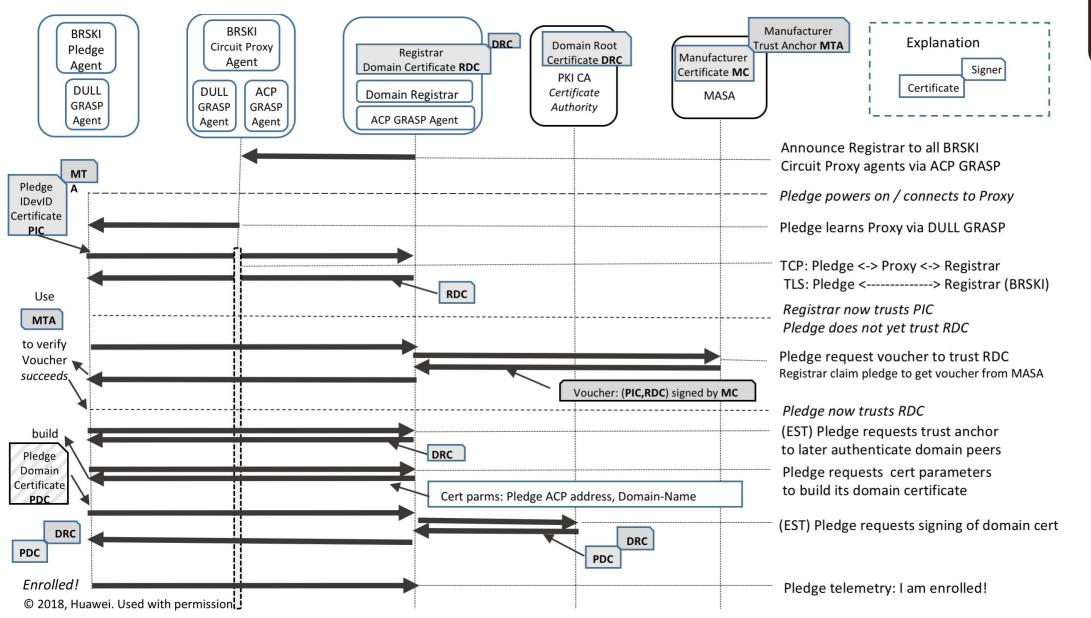


VENDOR SERVICE

via Internet ANI DEVICE ANI ANI DEVICE ANI MASA PLEDGE **Circuit Proxy DEVICEs** Registrar ... Manufacturer DEVICE Authorized BRSKI-MASA Signing Authority IDevID Domain Domain Domain BRSKI-EST Certificate Certificate Certificate Certificate **BRSKI-EST TLS** connection **ANI** Domain **TLS** connection BRSKI BRSKI BRSKI NOC **Domain Registra** Pledge Circuit Proxy **Pledge-Registrar** (PKI RA) Pledge-Registrar Agent Agent ES> via ACP ACP ACP Via Data RFC7030 Domain GRASP GRASP GRASP Plane Root Agent Agent Agent ACP ... Certificate Autonomic PKI CA Autonomic Autonomic **Control Plane Control Plane** Certificate **Control Plane** VRF Authority VRF VRF DULL DULL DULL DULL GRASP ACP capable GRASP GRASP GRASP Agent Agent Agent And Non-ACP Agent capable Data Data Data NOC/OAM Data Plane Plane Plane Plane Devices optional ACP to NOC Autonomic Connect -ACP channel(s) ACP channel ACP channel(s) ...

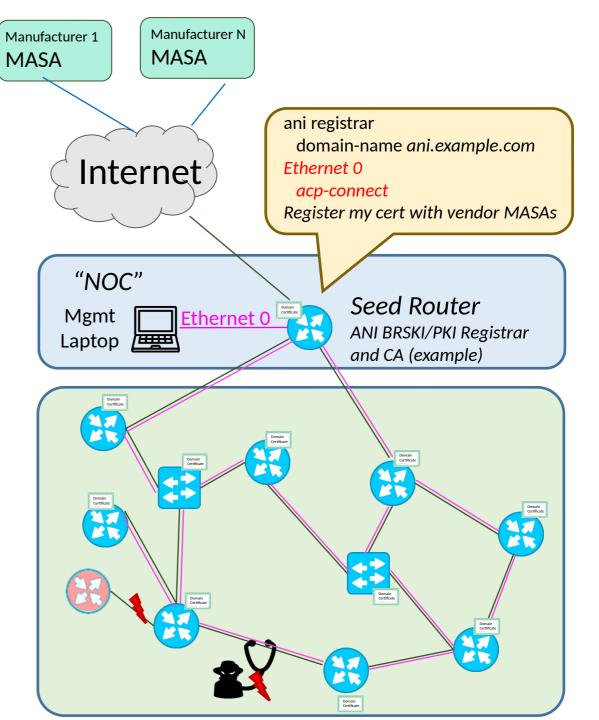
Data Plane IPv6 link-local pledge to proxy © 2018, Huawei. Used with permission Data Plane IPv4/IPv6 between registrar and CA, registrar and MASA

For self-study: How does it really work - BRSKI (2)



Example Minimum ANI Setup/Config





Münchhaufen

O. Herrfurth pinx

Where are we now on the Autonomic Network vision?

Since Q2' 2020 on 2nd Charter

Added ASA work to charter Added ANI enhancement Pushed out Intent back to NMRG NMRG nicely working on the research steps

ANI: Bootstrap sees quite wide proliferation/adoption across IETF and industry (next slide)

Hackathons, Also iot-onboarding / MUD adjacencies Relatively little new code (on top of exising PKI, tool chains), but quite security critical, open source available Many different protocol preferences in different markets = many variations needed/worked on in IETF.

ANI: ACP seeing little movement yet

Logical ? Bootstrap must first work

Pre-standard industry implementations exist. Legacy router implementation complex.

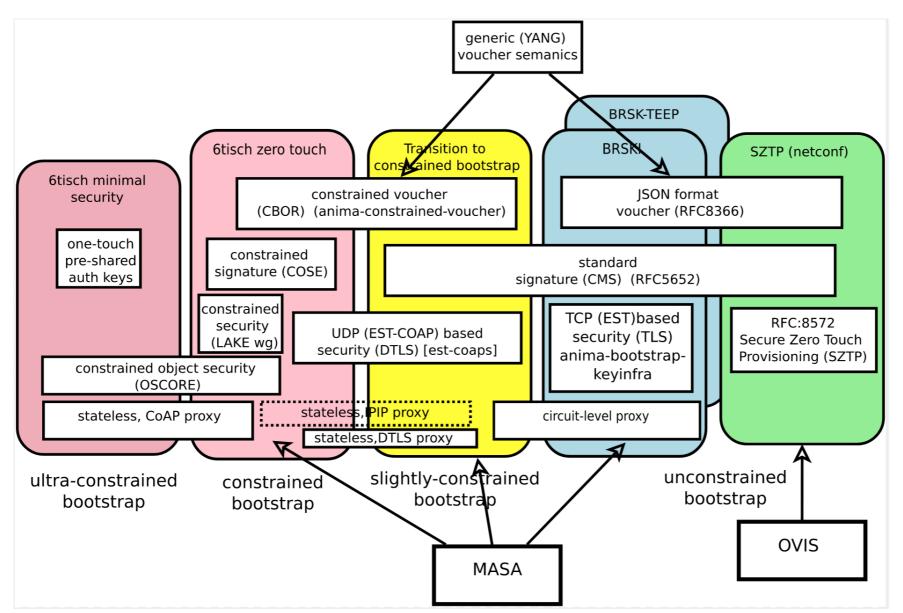
Open Source (linux, openwrt, rare?, ...) implementations missing

Open Source components exist (BRSKI, GRASP, IPsec(*Swan)).

Linux Name spaces should make it easy to build the ACP setup/teardown

For self-study: Bootstrap landscape / roadmap

https://github.com/anima-wg/enrollment-roadmap (somewhat stale)



Distributed Automation: ASA

Ongoing work in NMRG, then maybe ANIMA?

ACP provides network-wide any-to-any automatic reliable, secure connectivity,

GRASP/ACP provides any-to-any ASA discovery and communication primitives

Several comprehensive, ambitious architecture proposals in ANIMA over the years. Some simple WG drafts now.

Many options easy to implement, easy experimentation

ANI and extensions: ongoing in ANIMA and especially bootstrap also in other groups

	++ Feedback Loops ++ ^	
	Autonomic User Ager V ++	
Self-	A utonomic > S ervice < A gents	Network
++	++ ^ V	++ ^ V
Autonomic	Network Infrastr	

from RFC7575 slightly enhanced

Security: Many simple/incremental ANI use-cases

ANI Certificates for protocols/solutions with End-to-end security (e.g.: TLS, QUIC)

ANI: Strong, automatically renewed and flexible PKI certificates

Alternative to username/password and Web PKI

ANI resolves manual certificate management issues

ANI + simple script based ASA to secure many infrastructure services using Data-Plane Many protocols with their own "security" mechanism (but no key management) "auto-secure": NTP, SMTP, MacSec, routing protocols (BGP, IGP, PIM), IPFIX and others Also "auto-secure" TLS/QUIC solutions that can not use client-certificates (but only Web-PKI)

ACP makes legacy protocols (without security) more secure when they run across ACP !

Hop-by-hop authentication/encryption

Self-driving: what if networks where cars

SDN-Controller SDN-Orchestrator SDN-Developer Data Analyst Network operator Security Expert

In-network intelligence 🖉

ANIMA



"self driving network" ?

The End

Please engage with us (proposal, questions, suggestion)

- if you think this is useful for you !
- anima@ietf.org