Optical excitations in organic semiconductors: What do we learn from *ab initio* many-body theory?

Caterina Cocchi

Humboldt-Universität zu Berlin, Institut für Physik and IRIS Adlershof, Berlin, Germany

The research on organic semiconductors has significantly benefited in the last decade from the advancement of *ab initio* many-body theoretical methods, that enable parameter-free description and deep understanding of the electronic and optical properties of these materials. In this talk I will illustrate the ability of density-functional theory and many-body perturbation theory to shed light into the nature of optical excitations in different types of organic semiconductors, ranging from crystalline pentacene polymorphs [1], to J-aggregates of push-pull molecules [2], to donor/acceptor complexes [3-5]. After a brief review about the theory, I will demonstrate the predictive power of this approach and discuss its challenges in view of a meaningful connection to experiments.

References

- [1] C. Cocchi T. Breuer, G. Witte, and C. Draxl, Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys. **20**, 29724 (2018)
- [2] M. Guerrini, C. Cocchi, A. Calzolari, D. Varsano, S. Corni, J. Phys. Chem. C 123, 6831 (2019)
- [3] A. M. Valencia and C. Cocchi, J. Phys. Chem. C 123, 9617 (2019)
- [4] A. M. Valencia, M. Guerrini, and C. Cocchi, Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys. DOI: 10.1039/C9CP06655A (2020)
- [5] A. E. Mansour, D. Lungwitz, T. Schultz, M. Arvind, A. M. Valencia, C. Cocchi, A. Opitz, D. Neher, and N. Koch, J. Mater. Chem. C, DOI: 10.1039/C9TC06509A (2020)