

## Bachelor Thesis

# Investigation of *Finegoldia magna* ATCC 29328 in the nasal environment

Josua Carl

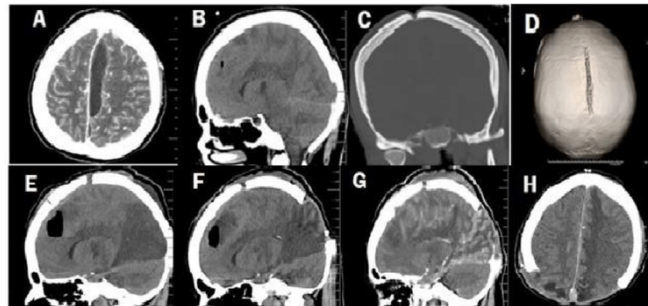
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Mentor: Nantia Leonidou

## 1 Background and Motivation

*Finegoldia magna* is a gram-positive, facultative, opportunistic human pathogen [2]. It was formerly known as *Peptostreptococcus magnus* until it became a separate genus. Infection with *F. magna* can lead to various symptoms, including several kinds of abscesses, with reported locations in the breast [2], brain [1], or implanted joints [3]. In rare cases, the infection may proceed to necrotizing fasciitis [4, 5] or chronic infections such as osteomyelitis [6]. While the bacterium is known to have the potential for resistance against some antimicrobial drugs, widespread resistance against multiple antibiotics is not yet commonly reported [7].

After a recent revision of the metabolic model, new insights into some substances and reactions were gained. It was suggested that *F. magna* could cause inflammation by interacting *F. magna* adherence factors (FAF) and L proteins with human neutrophils [8].



**Figure 1** | Abscess in the brain, before surgery (A-D) and after several operations (E-H), caused through infection with *F. magna* [1].

## 2 Aim and Approach

In order to gain a better knowledge of metabolic processes, the first automated metabolic models were made with methods of the Path2Models project [9]. The most current metabolic models of the organism were curated semi-automatically via assembly of gut organisms through reconstruction and analysis (AGORA) [10]. In light of discoveries and the current lack of manual curation, this project aims to refine the existing metabolic model and use the complemented model to simulate growth in the human nasal environment. In the case of *F. magna*, an *in silico* model can also serve as an approach to find suitable minimal conditions required to facilitate cultivation in laboratory conditions. This will be done by using findings from literature and automated tools such as CarveMe [11] to reconstruct and expand the current model. The concluding quality assessment will be done via metabolic model testing (MEMOTE) [12].

### 3 Requirements

(1) Fundamental understanding of biochemistry (2) interest in systems biology, particularly in constraint-based modeling (3) python programming using COBRAPy [13] and libSBML [14] (4) interest in learning the usage of third-party tools (e.g., CarveMe, MEMOTE).

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