## 6th set assignments Introductory Econometrics

## Task 1

Consider the following assumptions:

- 1. linearity
- 2. rank condition:  $K \times K$  matrix  $E(\mathbf{x}_i \mathbf{x}'_i) = \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{\mathbf{x}\mathbf{x}}$  is nonsingular
- 3. predetermined regressors:  $E(\mathbf{g}_i) = 0$  where  $\mathbf{g}_i = \mathbf{x}_i \cdot \varepsilon_i$
- 4.  $\mathbf{g}_i$  is a martingale difference sequence with finite second moments

i) Show, that under those assumptions, the OLS estimator is distributed asymptotically normal:

$$\sqrt{n}(\mathbf{b}-\boldsymbol{\beta}) \xrightarrow{d} N(0, \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{\mathbf{xx}}^{-1} E(\varepsilon_i^2 \mathbf{x}_i \mathbf{x}_i') \boldsymbol{\Sigma}_{\mathbf{xx}}^{-1})$$

ii) Further, show that assumption 4 implies that the  $\varepsilon_i$  are serially uncorrelated or  $E(\varepsilon_i \varepsilon_{i-j}) = 0$ .

## Task 2

Show, that the test statistic

$$t_k \equiv \frac{\sqrt{n}(b_k - \beta_k)}{\sqrt{[Avar(b_k)]}} \xrightarrow[d]{} N(0, 1)$$

converges in distribution to a standard normal distribution. Note, that  $b_k$  is the k-th element of **b** and  $Avar(b_k)$  is the (k,k) element of the  $K \times K$  matrix  $Avar(\mathbf{b})$ . Use the facts, that  $\sqrt{n}(b_k - \beta_k) \xrightarrow[d]{} N(0, Avar(b_k))$  and  $\widehat{Avar(b)} \xrightarrow[p]{} Avar(b)$ . Use Lemma 2.4(c) for argumentation.

## <u>Task 3</u>

Show, that the test statistic

$$W \equiv (\mathbf{R}\sqrt{n}\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{r})' [\mathbf{R}\widehat{Avar(\mathbf{b})}\mathbf{R}']^{-1} (\mathbf{R}\sqrt{n}\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{r}) \xrightarrow{d} \chi^2(\#\mathbf{r})$$

converges in distribution to a Chi-square with  $\#\mathbf{r}$  degrees of freedom. As a hint, rewrite the equation above as  $W \equiv \mathbf{c}'_n \mathbf{Q}_n^{-1} \mathbf{c}_n$ . Use Lemma 2.4(d) and the footnote on page 41 for argumentation.