



Department of Mathematics

# Module Handbook

## Mathematics

### Bachelor of Science\*

Winter Semester 2025

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\*Valid for the study and examination regulations of 2020.

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# 1 Description of the Study Programme

## 1.1 Qualification Objectives

The aim of the Bachelor's degree programme in Mathematics is to qualify for professional roles in the economy (e.g., in banking, insurance, and management consulting) and in industry (e.g., in the area of simulation or interpretation of simulation results, as well as software development). Hence, graduates of the Bachelor's degree programme in Mathematics primarily find employment in industry, banks, insurance, and administrations, and to a limited extent in research institutes and universities. The fields of application are highly diverse: data processing, development and application of algebraic, analytical, geometric, numerical, and stochastic methods, solving optimisation problems, and modelling and simulation of complex issues. With the Bachelor's degree, graduates can deepen their knowledge and skills in a research-focused Master's degree programme in Mathematics (M.Sc. Mathematics or M.Sc. Mathematical Physics at Tübingen).

### Subject-Specific Competencies

In the Bachelor of Science Mathematics, graduates acquire fundamental and initial advanced scientific knowledge and competencies. They are familiar with the fundamental issues in Linear Algebra, Analysis, Numerical Mathematics and Optimisation, Algebra, and Stochastics, providing them with a broad overview of the basic questions and methods in these areas of mathematics and enabling them to articulate their interrelationships. Graduates can identify problems with mathematical relevance and solve them using appropriate methods. They are capable of transferring the central techniques for solving mathematical situations and applying them in selected sub-areas. They gain initial modelling competences; starting from real problems, they learn to design a simplified mathematical model by reduction, develop solutions within the model, and interpret these solutions by referring back to the original question. Graduates gain abstraction skills and the ability to recognise analogies and fundamental patterns. They have acquired basic mathematical thinking patterns such as structuring problem statements, constructing chains of reasoning, and ultimately proving mathematical theorems. They are capable of conceptual, analytical, and logical thinking.

### Transdisciplinary Competencies

Graduates of Mathematics are employable, due to their acquired analytical competencies, abstraction skills, and ability to solve complex problems across various practical fields (with heterogeneous demands). The curriculum is designed to develop these fundamental skills which are crucial for studying successfully. Especially in exercise classes and seminars, students practice their social communication skills (working in small groups, collaborative completion of exercises, and reviewing lecture material). They learn to create presentations and techniques to present them, practice logical and systematic argumentation and writing. These activities enhance their communication,

responsibility-taking, and teamwork skills. Graduates can recognise, classify, mathematically formulate, and solve problems with mathematical relevance from other areas of science and life. They can gather and interpret relevant information independently and in teams. They are capable of explaining their decisions and engaging in discussions about them. Graduates have developed high perseverance.

In addition to acquiring interdisciplinary skills in compulsory modules, the students expand their key qualifications through interdisciplinary courses on social topics, through specialised supplementary courses, which convey the application of specialised knowledge in everyday working life, through competence training for the targeted training of soft skills or through foreign language training.

## 1.2 Structure of the Study Programme

The first year of study is characterised by two major compulsory modules: Linear Algebra and Analysis, which provide the foundations of Mathematics from an academic point of view. These lectures are complemented by exercise classes where students receive intensive supervision and develop fundamental mathematical thinking and work methods, as well as the ability to present solutions. Additionally, students begin selecting their first modules for the section Elective Specialisation, typically drawn from teaching programmes in other departments. This non-mathematical area aims to acquire basic knowledge in other disciplines that utilise mathematics. The goal of the section Elective Specialisation is to provide ample opportunities, based on the student's interests and abilities, for differentiation alongside a solid mathematical foundation. Within the Elective Specialisation, modules totalling 33 ECTS credits can be chosen from the Department of Mathematics and other departments.

In the second year of study, students deepen their theoretical knowledge within the compulsory mathematics modules. They expand their knowledge in the areas of Algebra, Analysis, Numerical Mathematics and Optimisation, and Stochastics and take a proseminar. The content in the compulsory mathematics modules is taught through lectures and accompanying exercise classes. For each lecture there are weekly tasks, which students have to complete in paper form. In the exercise classes, the students present their solutions or create them under supervision. Through this system, which is common in mathematical study programmes, students learn to systematically work on the tasks set for them and to practise analytical and structural thinking. Furthermore, they should be able to explain complex mathematical matters and present them verbally. This requires students to be able to organise themselves and to do a lot of self-study, which is provided for and credited in the course of study. At the same time, intensive supervision and individual support options are provided.

Building on the compulsory area of mathematics, in their third year of study students choose courses from the modules in Section 3 Advanced Mathematics from the specialisations Algebra and Geometry, Analysis and Differential Geometry, Mathematical Physics, Numerical Mathematics and Optimisation, and Stochastics. In addition, they take further modules in the section Elective Specialisation as well as a seminar and complete their studies with the Bachelor's thesis. In the Bachelor's thesis, under the guidance of the supervisor, students are introduced to the independent development of a mathematical topic and, to a limited extent, to scientific writing. The latter is supported by the module *Working Techniques in Mathematics*, which is included as part of the Interdisciplinary Professional Competencies.

### **1.3 Study and Examination Plans, Mentors and Supervisors**

To ensure that students make sense of their studies from the beginning and comply with all the rules, each student is assigned a mentor when they start the study programme. The student meets with this mentor at the start of the studies to create a personal study and examination plan that includes all the modules planned for the degree programme. The study and examination plan must be submitted to the head of the examination board for examination. In the following semesters, the student meets with their mentor at least once to adjust the study and examination plan. The adjusted study and examination plans must be resubmitted for approval. The role of mentor is initially assumed by a Faculty Course Advisor appointed by the faculty. In the transition from the second to the third year of study, this mentor is replaced by a personal mentor chosen by the student in consultation with the head of the examination board.

A reasonable time window for a study component at a foreign university should always be planned in a personal counselling meeting with the mentor. For the time abroad, the arrangement of a learning agreement also ensures that the achievements made at the other university can be incorporated into your own degree programme. Any semester is suitable for studying abroad, although the third year of study is usually particularly suitable for this, as the modules in this year are characterised by particular flexibility in terms of the courses that can be incorporated. The decision will depend individually on the student's previous achievements and the programme offered at the chosen foreign university. It is also possible to write the Bachelor's thesis during the stay abroad and under the co-supervision of a lecturer there.

## 2 Study Plans

### 2.1 Overview by Modules

Here we provide an overview of the study plan as a table showing the modules to be taken.

ST	Module Number	Module Title	Type of Course	Type of Module	Course-work	Type of Exam	ECTS-Points
Section 1: Foundations of Mathematics							
1+2	MAT-10-01	Analysis		PM		or.	18
		- Analysis 1	L+E+T		EC		
		- Analysis 2	L+E+T		EC		
1+2	MAT-10-02	Linear Algebra		PM		or.	18
		- Linear Algebra 1	L+E+T		EC		
		- Linear Algebra 2	L+E+T		EC		
Section 2: Compulsory Intermediate Modules							
3-4	MAT-20-01	Measure and Integration Theory	L+E	PM	EC	wr. o. or.	9
3-4	MAT-20-02	Introduction to Complex Analysis and Ordinary Differential Equations	L+E	PM	EC	wr. o. or.	9
3-4	MAT-20-03	Algebra	L+E	PM	EC	wr. o. or.	9
3-4	MAT-20-11	Numerical Mathematics	L+E	PM	EC	wr. o. or.	9
3-4	MAT-20-12	Stochastics	L+E	PM	EC	wr. o. or.	9
3-4	MAT-20-20	Proseminar: Presentations in Mathematics	PS	PMW	s.M.	Pr	3
Section 3: Knowledge Expansion Mathematics							
5-6	MAT-30-01	Advanced Mathematics 1	L+E	PMW	EC	wr. o. or.	9
5-6	MAT-30-02	Advanced Mathematics 2	L+E	PMW	EC	wr. o. or.	9
6	MAT-30-03	Linking of Mathematical Areas	L+E	PMW	EC	wr. o. or.	9
5-6	MAT-30-10	Seminar: Talks on Advanced Topics in Mathematics	S	PMW	s.M.	Pr	3
Section 4: Elective Specialisation							
1-6		1 modul from the B.Sc. Computer Science (for details see below <a href="#">3</a> Module Descriptions)		PMW			9





## 2.2 Overview by the Course of Studies

Firstly, we provide an overview of the possible course of study in the form of a table both for entry in the winter semester and for entry in the summer semester. The section Elective Specialisation and the section Interdisciplinary Professional Competencies are not broken down in detail. Finally, we provide some possible courses of study with examples of compulsory modules with options and compulsory elective modules.

Study Plan for Students Starting in the Winter Semester							
FS	CP	Core Area Mathematics			ES	IPC	
1	30	Analysis (18 CP)		Linear Algebra (18 CP)		Specialisation	Interdisciplinary Professional Competencies
2	30						
3	30	Measure and Integration Theory (9 CP)	Numerical Mathematics (9 CP)	Proseminar (3 CP)			
4	30	Introduction to Complex Analysis and Ordinary Differential Equations (9 CP)	Stochastics (9 CP)	Algebra (9 CP)			
5	30	Advanced Mathematics 1 (9 CP)	Advanced Mathematics 2 (9 CP)	Seminar (3 CP)			
6	30	Networking of Mathematical Areas (9 CP)	Bachelor Thesis (12 CP)				

**Explanation of the Abbreviations:**  
FS=semester, CP=credit points (ECTS points), ES=elective specialisation, IPC=interdisciplinary professional competencies

Figure 2.1: Study Plan for Students Starting in the Winter Semester



Study Plan for Students Starting in the Summer Semester							
FS	CP	Core Area Mathematics			ES	IPC	
1	30	Analysis (18 CP)		Linear Algebra (18 CP)		Specialisation	Interdisciplinary Professional Competencies
2	30						
3	30	Introduction to Complex Analysis and Ordinary Differential Equations (9 CP)	Stochastics (9 CP)	Algebra (9 CP)			
4	30	Measure and Integration Theory (9 CP)	Numerical Mathematics (9 CP)	Proseminar (3 CP)			
5	30	Advanced Mathematics 1 (9 CP)	Advanced Mathematics 2 (9 CP)	Seminar (3 CP)			
6	30	Networking of Mathematical Areas (9 CP)	Bachelor Thesis (12 CP)				

**Explanation of the Abbreviations:**  
FS=semester, CP=credit points (ECTS points), ES=elective specialisation, IPC=interdisciplinary professional competencies

Figure 2.2: Study Plan for Students Starting in the Summer Semester

## 2.3 Selection of Possible Courses of Studies

Exemplary Study Plan for Students Starting in the Winter Semester						
FS	CP	Core Area Mathematics			ES	IPC
1	30	Analysis (18 CP)		Linear Algebra (18 CP)	Practical Computer Science 1 (9 CP)	IPC (6 CP)
2	31,5				Practical Computer Science 2 (9 CP)	Prog.
3	28,5	Measure and Integration Theory (9 CP)	Numerical Mathematics (9 CP)	Proseminar (3 CP)	Practical Computer Science 3 (6 CP)	Intr. to Sci. (3 CP)
4	30	Introduction to Complex Analysis and Ordinary Differential Equations (9 CP)	Stochastics (9 CP)	Algebra (9 CP)		Working Tech- niques in Mathemat- ics (3 CP)
5	30	Advanced Mathematics 1 (9 CP)	Advanced Mathematics 2 (9 CP)	Seminar (3 CP)		Specialised Internship Mathemat- ics (9 CP)
6	30	Networking of Mathematical Areas (9 CP)	Bachelor Thesis (12 CP)		Elective Area 9-1 (9 CP)	
<b>Explanation of the Abbreviations:</b> FS=semester, CP=credit points (ECTS points), ES=elective specialisation, IPC=interdisciplinary professional competencies						

Figure 2.3: Exemplary Study Plan for Students Starting in the Winter Semester

Exemplary Study Plan for Students Starting in the Summer Semester						
FS	CP	Core Area Mathematics			ES	IPC
1	30	Analysis (18 CP)		Linear Algebra (18 CP)	Physics Basic Course II (12 CP)	
2	30				Physics Basic Course I (12 CP)	
3	28,5	Introduction to Complex Analysis and Ordinary Differential Equations (9 CP)	Stochastics (9 CP)	Algebra (9 CP)		Prog.
4	31,5	Measure and Integration Theory (9 CP)	Numerical Mathematics (9 CP)	Proseminar (3 CP)		Intr. to Sci. (3 CP)
5	30	Advanced Mathematics 1 (9 CP)	Advanced Mathematics 2 (9 CP)	Seminar (3 CP)		Computer Science for Mathe- maticians
						Specialised Internship Mathemat- ics (9 CP)
6	30	Networking of Mathematical Areas (9 CP)	Bachelor Thesis (12 CP)		Elective Area 9-1 (9 CP)	
<b>Explanation of the Abbreviations:</b> FS=semester, CP=credit points (ECTS points), ES=elective specialisation, IPC=interdisciplinary professional competencies						

Figure 2.4: Exemplary Study Plan for Students Starting in the Summer Semester

## 2.4 Overview of Programme Structure with Semester Assignment

Overview of Programme Structure with Semester Assignment for Students Starting in the Winter Semester															
		Exam				Teaching				Semester					
		Type of Exam	Duration (min)	Grading	Weight in the final grade	Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS Points (CP)	The allocation of examinations / ECTS points to semesters is of a recommendatory nature. The allocation of ECTS points to courses are of an informative nature. Credits are only awarded upon completion of the module.					
										1. CP	2. CP	3. CP	4. CP	5. CP	6. CP
Section 1: Foundations of Mathematics									36						
Analysis								12	18						
1.	Lecture	or.	20-30	g	18	L	o	8		6	6				
2.	Exercise class					E	o	4		3	3				
3.	Revision course					R	o	4		0	0				
Linear Algebra								12	18						
1.	Lecture	or.	20-30	g	18	L	o	8		6	6				
2.	Exercise class					E	o	4		3	3				
3.	Revision course					R	o	4		0	0				
Section 2: Compulsory and Compulsory Elective Modules									48						
Measure and Integration Theory								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	9	L	o	4				6			
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2				3			
Introduction to Complex Analysis and Ordinary Differential Equations								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	9	L	o	4					6		
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2				3			
Algebra								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	9	L	o	4					6		
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2				3			
Numerical Mathematics								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	9	L	o	4				6			
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2				3			
Stochastics								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	9	L	o	4					6		
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2				3			
Proseminar								2	3						
1.	Proseminar	Pres		g	3	PS	o	2				3			

Overview of Programme Structure with Semester Assignment for Students Starting in the Winter Semester															
		Exam				Teaching				Semester					
		Type of Exam	Duration (min)	Grading	Weight in the final grade	Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS Points (CP)	The allocation of examinations / ECTS points to semesters is of a recommendatory nature. The allocation of ECTS points to courses are of an informative nature. Credits are only awarded upon completion of the module.					
										1. CP	2. CP	3. CP	4. CP	5. CP	6. CP
Section 3: Advanced Mathematics									30						
Advanced Mathematics 1								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	9	L	o	4						6	
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2						3	
Advanced Mathematics 2								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	9	L	o	4						6	
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2						3	
Networking of Mathematical Areas								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	9	L	o	4							6
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2							3
Seminar								2	3						
1.	Seminar	Pres		g	3	S	o	2						3	
Section 4: Elective Specialisation									33						
Modules from the degree programmes of the Department of Mathematics and other departments (for further regulation see below 3 module descriptions)															
Section 5: Interdisciplinary Professional Competencies									21						
Introduction to Scientific Programming								4	3						
1.	Software Internship	-	-	ng	-	P	o	2			1,5				
2.	Practical Course on Numerics					P	o	2				1,5			
Computer Science for Mathematicians								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	-	L	o	4				6			
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2				3			
Further modules from the offer of the University in the area of interdisciplinary professional competencies (for further regulations, see below 3 module descriptions)															
Section 6: Bachelor Thesis									12						
Bachelor Thesis									12						
1.	Bachelor Thesis	BA		g		BA	o								12

Marking system	: g=graded, ng=non graded
Form of examination	: BA=bachelor thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pres=presentation, TP=term paper
Form of teaching	: L=lecture, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, R=revision course, P=practical training, PS=proseminar, S=Seminar
Status	: o=obligatory, f=facultative
Other	: o.=or, SWS=hours in class per week, CP=credit points=ECTS Points

Overview of Programme Structure with Semester Assignment for Students Starting in the Summer Semester															
		Exam				Teaching				Semester					
		Type of Exam	Duration (min)	Grading	Weight in the final grade	Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS Points (CP)	The allocation of examinations / ECTS points to semesters is of a recommendatory nature. The allocation of ECTS points to courses are of an informative nature. Credits are only awarded upon completion of the module.					
										1. CP	2. CP	3. CP	4. CP	5. CP	6. CP
Section 1: Foundations of Mathematics									36						
Analysis								12	18						
1.	Lecture	or.	20-30	g	18	L	o	8		6	6				
2.	Exercise class					E	o	4		3	3				
3.	Revision course					R	o	4		0	0				
Linear Algebra								12	18						
1.	Lecture	or.	20-30	g	18	L	o	8		6	6				
2.	Exercise class					E	o	4		3	3				
3.	Revision course					R	o	4		0	0				
Section 2: Compulsory and Compulsory Elective Modules									48						
Measure and Integration Theory								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	9	L	o	4					6		
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2					3		
Introduction to Complex Analysis and Ordinary Differential Equations								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	9	L	o	4				6			
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2				3			
Algebra								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	9	L	o	4				6			
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2				3			
Numerical Mathematics								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	9	L	o	4					6		
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2				3			
Stochastics								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	9	L	o	4				6			
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2				3			
Proseminar								2	3						
1.	Proseminar	Pres		g	3	PS	o	2					3		



Overview of Programme Structure with Semester Assignment for Students Starting in the Summer Semester															
		Exam				Teaching				Semester					
		Type of Exam	Duration (min)	Grading	Weight in the final grade	Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS Points (CP)	The allocation of examinations / ECTS points to semesters is of a recommendatory nature. The allocation of ECTS points to courses are of an informative nature. Credits are only awarded upon completion of the module.					
										1. CP	2. CP	3. CP	4. CP	5. CP	6. CP
Section 3: Advanced Mathematics									30						
Advanced Mathematics 1								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	9	L	o	4						6	
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2						3	
Advanced Mathematics 2								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	9	L	o	4						6	
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2						3	
Networking of Mathematical Areas								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	9	L	o	4							6
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2							3
Seminar								2	3						
1.	Seminar	Pres		g	3	S	o	2						3	
Section 4: Elective Specialisation									33						
Modules from the degree programmes of the Department of Mathematics and other departments (for further regulation see below 3 module descriptions)															
Section 5: Interdisciplinary Professional Competencies									21						
Introduction to Scientific Programming								4	3						
1.	Software Internship	-	-	ng	-	P	o	2				1,5			
2.	Practical Course on Numerics					P	o	2						1,5	
Computer Science for Mathematicians								6	9						
1.	Lecture	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	-	L	o	4					6		
2.	Exercise class					E	o	2						3	
Further modules from the offer of the University in the area of interdisciplinary professional competencies (for further regulations, see below 3 module descriptions)															
Section 6: Bachelor Thesis									12						
Bachelor Thesis									12						
1.	Bachelor Thesis	BA		g		BA	o								12

Marking system	: g=graded, ng=non graded
Form of examination	: BA=bachelor thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pres=presentation, TP=term paper
Form of teaching	: L=lecture, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, R=revision course, P=practical training, PS=proseminar
Status	: o=obligatory, f=facultative
Other	: o.=or, SWS=hours in class per week, CP=credit points=ECTS Points

# 3 Module Descriptions

## Section 1: Foundations of Mathematics

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-10-01	<b>Module Title:</b> Analysis		<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	18		
<b>Workload</b> - Time in Class - Self-Study	Workload: 540 h	Time in Class: 180 h	Self-Study: 360 h
<b>Duration</b>	2 Semester		
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester		
<b>Term</b>	1+2		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	1. Semester: Analysis 1, Lecture 4 SWS + Ex.cl. 2 SWS + Rev.c. 2 SWS 2. Semester: Analysis 2, Lecture 4 SWS + Ex.cl. 2 SWS + Rev.c. 2 SWS		
<b>Higher Objectives</b>	In the Analysis module, students learn the essential content-related and methodological foundations of single-variable and multivariable calculus in their interconnected context. Particular emphasis is placed on the similarities and differences in approach. In the oral examination, students demonstrate that they have recognised these connections and are capable of integrating the central results of the lectures into these frameworks. The duration of the module not only supports these objectives but also facilitates the acquisition of a new language - the language of mathematics - and the development of a precise, strictly logical approach to problem-solving. This allows students the necessary time to make the significant transition from school-level mathematics to university-level mathematics. With the deeper and integrated understanding demonstrated in the oral examinations, the foundation is laid for successful participation in all advanced modules throughout their studies.		

Content	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Basic logic and sets.</li><li>• Structure of real and complex numbers.</li><li>• Sequences, convergence and series; criteria for convergence; power series, sequences of functions; pointwise and uniform convergence.</li><li>• Continuous functions in one dimension and between metric spaces and their properties.</li><li>• One- and multidimensional differential calculus (especially: intermediate value theorem, Taylor expansion, implicit function theorem, inverse function theorem, extrema under constraints).</li><li>• One- and multidimensional Riemann integral (especially Fubini's theorem, transformation formula).</li><li>• Basic concepts of topology in metric and normed spaces.</li><li>• Basic concepts of the theory of ordinary differential equations (Picard-Lindelöf theorem, linear ordinary differential equations, flows).</li><li>• The lecture Analysis 1 focuses predominately on contents from one-dimensional analysis, the lecture Analysis 2 on multidimensional analysis.</li></ul>																																										
Objectives	<p>The students know and understand the fundamental concepts, principles, and methods of single-variable and multivariable calculus. They have also developed a basic awareness of problems related to ordinary differential equations and initial value problems. Their capacity for abstraction has been enhanced, they have been trained in analytical thinking, and their mathematical creativity has been stimulated. Through a proof- and structure-oriented approach, they have learned to follow mathematical proofs in calculus and independently prove or disprove mathematical statements in simple examples. They have recognised the essential connections within the theory of single-variable and multivariable calculus, understanding their similarities and differences, and are able to situate the central statements of the lectures within these contexts.</p> <p>In the exercises, they have acquired a confident, precise, and independent handling of the concepts, principles, and methods introduced in the lectures. Furthermore, their presentation and communication skills have been developed through written assignments and presenting their own solutions. The students are capable of acquiring knowledge through self-study, and their teamwork skills have been strengthened through collaborative work in small groups.</p>																																										
Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)	<table><tr><td>Title</td><td>Type of Course</td><td>Status</td><td>SWS</td><td>ECTS</td><td>Coursework</td><td>Type of Exam</td><td>Dur. of Exam (min)</td><td>Grading</td><td>Weight for Grade</td></tr><tr><td rowspan="3">Analysis 1</td><td>L</td><td>o</td><td>4</td><td>6</td><td rowspan="3">yes</td><td rowspan="6">or.</td><td rowspan="6">20-30</td><td rowspan="6">g</td><td rowspan="6">100</td></tr><tr><td>E</td><td>o</td><td>2</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>T</td><td>o</td><td>2</td><td>0</td></tr><tr><td rowspan="3">Analysis 2</td><td>L</td><td>o</td><td>4</td><td>6</td><td rowspan="3">yes</td></tr><tr><td>E</td><td>o</td><td>2</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>T</td><td>o</td><td>2</td><td>0</td></tr></table> <p>In both parts of the module an exercise certificate is to be acquired as coursework. The exercise certificate is acquired after regular participation in the exercise classes by taking part in a written test. Both partial assessments must be completed in the same semester.</p> <p>For taking the oral exam at least one of the two exercise certificates has to be acquired. The module is finished only if both exercise certificates have been acquired and the oral exam is passed.</p>	Title	Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade	Analysis 1	L	o	4	6	yes	or.	20-30	g	100	E	o	2	3	T	o	2	0	Analysis 2	L	o	4	6	yes	E	o	2	3	T	o	2	0
Title	Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade																																		
Analysis 1	L	o	4	6	yes	or.	20-30	g	100																																		
	E	o	2	3																																							
	T	o	2	0																																							
Analysis 2	L	o	4	6	yes																																						
	E	o	2	3																																							
	T	o	2	0																																							

<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• T. Apostol: Mathematical Analysis, Addison Wesley Publishing Company 1971.</li> <li>• Anton Deitmar: Analysis. Springer Spektrum 2017.</li> <li>• Otto Forster: Analysis 1. Springer Spektrum 2013.</li> <li>• Otto Forster: Analysis 2. Vieweg+Teubner 2011.</li> <li>• Harro Heuser: Lehrbuch der Analysis Teil 1. Vieweg+Teubner 2009.</li> <li>• Harro Heuser: Lehrbuch der Analysis Teil 2. Teubner 2004.</li> <li>• Konrad Königsberger: Analysis 1. Springer 2004.</li> <li>• Konrad Königsberger: Analysis 2. Springer 2004.</li> <li>• Wolfgang Walter: Analysis 1. Springer 2004.</li> <li>• Wolfgang Walter: Analysis 2. Springer 1995.</li> </ul>
<b>Transfer</b>	The successful participation in the module Analysis is a prerequisite for the participation in any modules from the Sections 3, 4 and 6.
<b>Prerequisites</b>	There are no prerequisites for participation in the module.
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Anton Deitmar, Frank Loose, Reiner Schätzle, Stefan Teufel
<b>Abbreviations:</b> Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continuous assessment tests Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week	

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-10-02	<b>Module Title:</b> Linear Algebra		<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	18		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 540 h	Time in Class: 180 h	Self-Study: 360 h
<b>Duration</b>	2 Semester		
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester		
<b>Term</b>	1+2		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	1. Semester: Linear Algebra 1, Lecture 4 SWS + Ex.cl. 2 SWS + Rev.c. 2 SWS 2. Semester: Linear Algebra 2, Lecture 4 SWS + Ex.cl. 2 SWS + Rev.c. 2 SWS		
<b>Higher Objectives</b>	In the Linear Algebra module, students learn the essential conceptual and methodological foundations of Linear and Multilinear Algebra, with a particular focus on their interconnections, similarities, and synergies. In the oral examination, students demonstrate that they have recognised these relationships and are capable of situating the core results of the lectures within these contexts. The duration of the module not only supports these objectives but also accounts for the acquisition of a new language - the language of mathematics - and the development of a precise and rigorously logical working methodology. This allows students the necessary time to make the significant transition from school-level mathematics to university-level mathematics. By showcasing deeper and integrated understanding during the oral examinations, students lay the foundation for successful participation in all subsequent modules of their academic programme.		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Basic algebraic concepts (groups, rings, fields, symmetric group, polynomial ring).</li> <li>• Vector spaces and linear maps.</li> <li>• Matrices and systems of linear equations.</li> <li>• Determinants, eigenvalues and diagonalizability.</li> <li>• Jordan canonical form.</li> <li>• Euclidean and unitary vector spaces, spectral theorems.</li> <li>• Bilinear forms and multilinear algebra (tensor product, exterior product).</li> <li>• Additionally a selection of the following topics will be covered: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Rational normal form and elementary divisors.</li> <li>– Beginning of divisibility theory in rings (euclidean rings, principle ideal rings, factorial rings).</li> <li>– Basic concepts of modules (torsion module, finitely generated modules, abelian groups).</li> <li>– Modules over euclidean rings (Hermite normal form, Smith normal form, structure theorems).</li> <li>– Finitely generated modules over principle ideal rings.</li> <li>– Normal divisors, factor group, Lagrange's theorem, group homomorphisms.</li> <li>– Analytical geometry, classification of conic sections.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		





**Abbreviations:**

Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded

Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio,  
T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial,  
P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-20-01	<b>Module Title:</b> Measure and Integration Theory				<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module					
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	9									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h		Time in Class: 90 h		Self-Study: 180 h					
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	regularly in Winter Semester									
<b>Term</b>	3-4									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Ex.cl. 2 SWS									
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Measures and integrals.</li> <li>• Lebesgue integral, Fubini's theorem, transformation formula.</li> <li>• Convergence theorems.</li> <li>• <math>L^p</math>-spaces, Radon-Nikodym theorem and Riesz representation theorem.</li> <li>• Submanifolds in the <math>\mathbb{R}^n</math>, differential forms, Stokes' theorem.</li> </ul>									
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>The students know the basic terms, constructions, results and proving methods of integration theory in several real variables and in general measure spaces. Furthermore they are able to calculate the surface contents and the volumes even of complex bodies as well as multidimensional integrals. They have learned to transfer abstract questions of the subject into concrete problems and know important applications, e.g. in probability theory and physics. In the exercise classes they have acquired a confident, precise and independent handling of the terms, statements and methods of the lecture. Furthermore the presentation and communication skills of the students were trained by written assignments and presenting their own solutions. The students are capable of adopting knowledge by self-study and at the same time their capacity for teamwork was enhanced by working in small groups.</p>									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	Integration and Measure Theory	L	o	4	6	yes	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
		E	o	2	3					
	<p>In this module an exercise certificate is to be acquired as coursework. For participation in the examination the coursework must have been acquired. Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.</p>									

<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Heinz Bauer: Wahrscheinlichkeitstheorie und Grundzüge der Maßtheorie. De Gruyter 1978.</li> <li>• Anton Deitmar: Analysis. Springer Spektrum 2017.</li> <li>• Jürgen Elstrodt: Maß- und Integrationstheorie. Springer 2011.</li> <li>• Lawrence C. Evans, Ronald F. Gariepy: Measure theory and fine properties of functions. CRC Press 1992.</li> <li>• Otto Forster: Analysis 3. Friedr. Vieweg+Teubner 2011.</li> <li>• Edwin Hewitt, Karl Robert Stromberg: Real and Abstract Analysis. Springer 1975.</li> <li>• Georg Nöbeling: Integralsätze der Analysis. De Gruyter 1979.</li> <li>• Walter Rudin: Reelle und komplexe Analysis. Oldenbourg 2009.</li> </ul>
<b>Transfer</b>	The module measure and integration theory is, if applicable, prerequisite for the mathematical modules of the Sections 3, 4 and 6.
<b>Prerequisites</b>	At least one of the exercise certificates from each of the modules Analysis and Linear Algebra must have been acquired.
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Anton Deitmar, Reiner Schätzle
<b>Abbreviations:</b> Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continuous assessment tests Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week	

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-20-02	<b>Module Title:</b> Introduction to Complex Analysis and Ordinary Differential Equations		<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	9		
<b>Workload</b> - Time in Class - Self-Study	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester		
<b>Frequency</b>	regularly in Summer Semester		
<b>Term</b>	3-4		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Ex.cl. 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Complex Analysis: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Holomorphic functions, Cauchy-Riemann equations.</li> <li>– Antiderivatives, Cauchy's integral formula, Cauchy's integral theorem.</li> <li>– Compact convergence of families of functions, formal and convergent power series, complex-analytical functions, identity theorem.</li> <li>– Liouville's theorem, inverse function theorem for holomorphic functions, open mapping theorem, maximum principle.</li> <li>– Laurent series, holomorphic functions with isolated singularities, Casorati-Weierstrass theorem.</li> <li>– Residue theorem and applications.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Ordinary differential equations, a choice of the following: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Picard-Lindelöf existence and uniqueness theorem.</li> <li>– Linear ordinary differential equations, Gronwall's lemma.</li> <li>– Continuous dependence on initial conditions, differential dependence on initial conditions.</li> <li>– Basics of dynamical systems, stability of equilibrium positions, characteristic exponents, first integrals, Liapunov-functions.</li> <li>– Ordinary differential equations over the complex numbers.</li> <li>– Regularity, the criterion of Fuchs.</li> <li>– The method of Frobenius.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>The students know the foundations of the theory of complex analysis and ordinary differential equations. They are acquainted to essential calculation techniques and can calculate line integrals as well as explicitly solve simple differential equations. They know fundamental applications of the theory like e.g. the fundamental theorem of algebra and the Newtonian equations of motion. They also have the ability to transfer abstract questions into concrete problems of complex analysis or respectively of ordinary differential equations and solve them this way.</p> <p>In the exercise classes they have acquired a confident, precise and independent handling of the terms, statements and methods of the lecture. Furthermore the presentation and communication skills of the students was trained by written assignments and presenting their own solutions. The students are capable of adopting knowledge by self-study and at the same time their capacity for teamwork was enhanced by working in small groups.</p>		

Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)	Title	Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Introduction to Complex Analysis and ODEs.	L	o	4	6	yes	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
		E	o	2	3					
	In this module an exercise certificate is to be acquired as coursework. For participation in the examination the coursework must have been acquired. Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.									
Literature	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lars Valerian Ahlfors: Complex analysis. McGraw-Hill 1979.</li> <li>• John B. Conway: Functions of one complex variable. Springer 1996.</li> <li>• Wolfgang Fischer, Ingo Lieb: Einführung in die Komplexe Analysis. Springer 2010.</li> <li>• Walter Rudin: Reelle und komplexe Analysis. Oldenbourg 2009.</li> <li>• Earl A. Coddington, Norman Levinson: Theory of ordinary differential equations. McGraw-Hill 1955.</li> <li>• William T. Reid: Ordinary differential equations. John Wiley &amp; Sons 1971.</li> <li>• Hille, Einar: Ordinary differential equations in the complex domain. Dover Publications 1997.</li> <li>• Wasow, Wolfgang: Asymptotic expansions for ordinary differential equations. John Wiley 1965.</li> </ul>									
Transfer	The module Introduction to Complex Analysis and Ordinary Differential Equations is, if applicable, prerequisite for the mathematical modules of the Sections 3, 4 and 6.									
Prerequisites	At least one of the exercise certificates from the modules analysis or linear algebra must have been acquired.									
Responsible Persons	Anton Deitmar, Reiner Schätzle									
<b>Abbreviations:</b> Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continous assessment tests Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week										

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-20-03	<b>Module Title:</b> Algebra					<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module				
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	9									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h			Time in Class: 90 h			Self-Study: 180 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	regularly in Summer Semester									
<b>Term</b>	3-4									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Ex.cl. 2 SWS									
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Groups and structure theory of finite groups.</li> <li>• Rings, ideals, polynomial rings, divisibility theory.</li> <li>• Fields and field extensions.</li> <li>• Geometric and algebraic applications of field theory.</li> </ul>									
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>The students deepen their structural thinking, know basic algebraic concepts and can apply them on other mathematical disciplines. They understand, in particular, through the example of field theory, how the interaction of different branches of algebra leads to new insights, e.g. answers to classical problems from antiquity. In the process they have experienced, that the coaction of different areas of mathematics can be essential for solving concrete problems. In the exercise classes they have acquired a confident, precise and independent handling of the terms, statements and methods of the lecture. Furthermore the presentation and communication skills of the students was trained by written assignments and presenting their own solutions. The students are capable of adopting knowledge by self-study and at the same time their capacity for teamwork was enhanced by working in small groups.</p>									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>	Title	Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Algebra	L	o	4	6	yes	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
		E	o	2	3					
<p>In this module an exercise certificate is to be acquired as coursework. For participation in the examination the coursework must have been acquired. Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.</p>										

<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Siegfried Bosch: Algebra. Springer 2009.</li> <li>• Gerd Fischer, Reinhard Sacher: Einführung in die Algebra. Teubner 1983.</li> <li>• Christian Karpfinger, Kurt Meyberg: Algebra: Gruppen-Ringe-Körper. Springer Spektrum 2010.</li> <li>• Kurt Meyberg: Algebra 1. Hanser 1980.</li> <li>• Kurt Meyberg: Algebra 2. Hanser 1976.</li> <li>• Hans-Jörg Reiffen, Günter Scheja, Udo Vetter: Algebra. Bibliographisches Institut 1984.</li> </ul>
<b>Transfer</b>	If applicable, the module Algebra is requirement for the mathematical modules in the Sections 3, 4 and 6.
<b>Prerequisites</b>	At least one of the exercise certificates from each of the modules Analysis and Linear Algebra must have been acquired. Content-wise, knowledge from the submodule Linear Algebra 2 is assumed.
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Jürgen Hausen, Hannah Markwig, Thomas Markwig
<b>Abbreviations:</b> Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continuous assessment tests Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week	



<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-20-11	<b>Module Title:</b> Numerical Mathematics					<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module				
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	9									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h			Time in Class: 90 h			Self-Study: 180 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	regularly in Winter Semester									
<b>Term</b>	3-4									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Ex.cl. 2 SWS									
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Interpolation and approximation of functions.</li> <li>• Numeric integration and differentiation.</li> <li>• Systems of linear equations and linear curve fitting.</li> <li>• Systems of non-linear equations and non-linear curve fitting.</li> <li>• Initial value problems for ordinary differential equations.</li> </ul>									
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>The students know the foundations of numerical mathematics and are capable of performing basic calculation techniques. They understand to bring the knowledge gathered in the modules Analysis and Linear Algebra in the analysis of numerical methods and to use the methods for specific problems. Their algorithmic thinking was enhanced and they are acquainted to the analysis of algorithms with a view to questions of efficiency and complexity.</p> <p>In the exercise classes they have acquired a confident, precise and independent handling of the terms, statements and methods of the lecture. Furthermore the presentation and communication skills of the students were trained by written assignments and presenting their own solutions. The students are capable of adopting knowledge by self-study and at the same time their capacity for teamwork was enhanced by working in small groups.</p>									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>	Title	Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Numerical Mathematics	L	o	4	6	yes	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
		E	o	2	3					
<p>In this module an exercise certificate is to be acquired as coursework. For participation in the examination the coursework must have been acquired. Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.</p>										
<b>Literature</b>	<p><b>Possible References :</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Peter Deuflhard, Andreas Hohmann: Numerische Mathematik 1. De Gruyter 2008.</li> <li>• Martin Hanke-Bourgeois: Grundlagen der Numerischen Mathematik und des Wissenschaftlichen Rechnens. Vieweg+Teubner 2009.</li> </ul>									
<b>Transfer</b>	If applicable, the module Numerical Mathematics is prerequisite for the mathematical modules in the Sections 3, 4 and 6.									

<b>Prerequisites</b>	At least one of the exercise certificates from each of the modules Analysis and Linear Algebra must have been acquired. Furthermore, before admission to the examination, the practical certificate for the practical course in Numerical Analysis from the module Introduction to Scientific Programming must have been obtained.
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Christian Lubich, Andreas Prohl
<b>Abbreviations:</b> Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continuous assessment tests Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week	

[illegible]

<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Martin Möhle, Martin Zerner
<b>Abbreviations:</b> Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continuous assessment tests Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week	

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-20-20	<b>Module Title:</b> Proseminar: Presentations in Mathematics					<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice				
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	3									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 90 h			Time in Class: 30 h			Self-Study: 60 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	3-4									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Proseminar, talk, presentation, e-learning, blended learning									
<b>Content</b>	Various topics from the foundations of mathematics.									
<b>Objectives</b>	The students independently work on a coherent mathematical topic and prepare it in a didactical appealing form. They learn how to present their work to a group, how to be responsive to questions regarding the content and how to lead a professional discussion.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	Proseminar	PS	o	2	3	yes	Pr	60-90	g	100
	The acquisition of the credit points requires alongside with a successful presentation the regular active participation in the course, like by asking questions, contributing to a discussion or working on problem tasks. Additionally a written elaboration of the own talk or the issue of a handout for the participants may be required. This further work constitutes the coursework of the module.									
<b>Transfer</b>	The module Proseminar Presentation in Mathematics is a prerequisite for all seminar modules in mathematics.									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	At least one of the exercise certificates from each of the modules Analysis and Linear Algebra must have been acquired.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									

**Abbreviations:**

Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded

Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continuous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week



<b>Transfer</b>	The module Advanced Mathematics 1 is, if applicable, prerequisite for the module Bachelor Thesis.
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Participation in the module requires the successful participation in the modules of the Section Foundations of Mathematics as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS points of the Section Compulsory Intermediate Modules.
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics
<b>Abbreviations:</b> Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continuous assessment tests Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week	



<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-30-02	<b>Module Title:</b> Advanced Mathematics 2				<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice					
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	9									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h			Time in Class: 90 h			Self-Study: 180 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	5-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Ex.cl. 2 SWS									
<b>Comment</b>	A course from the catalogue of courses in Section 4.1 of the module handbook must be selected, comprising 4 contact hours per week as a lecture and 2 contact hours per week as exercises. The approval of additional courses or alternative course formats (e.g., two courses each with 2 contact hours per week as a lecture and 1 contact hour per week as exercises) is at the discretion of the head of the examination board, based on a written request submitted by the student.									
<b>Content</b>	The content is determined by the choice of a course.									
<b>Objectives</b>	The students have gained advanced knowledge in a specific area of mathematics and have further developed their skills in presenting and communicating mathematical topics. They are capable of identifying and proving the key statements from the lecture, as well as contextualising and explaining the relationships presented. Through the exercises, they have developed a confident, precise, and independent approach to the concepts, statements, and methods covered in the lecture. They have also learned to apply these methods to new problems, analyse them, and develop solution strategies either independently or as part of a team.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>	Title	Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
		L	o	4	6					
		E	o	2	3					
	see Comment					yes	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
In this module an exercise certificate is to be acquired as coursework. For participation in the examination the coursework must have been acquired. Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.										
<b>Transfer</b>	The module Advanced Mathematics 2 is, if applicable, prerequisite for the module Bachelor Thesis.									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Participation in the module requires the successful participation in the modules of the Section Foundations of Mathematics as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS points of the Section Compulsory Intermediate Modules.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									

**Abbreviations:**

Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded

Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio,  
T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial,  
P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-30-03	<b>Module Title:</b> Linking of Mathematical Areas		<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	9		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester		
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester		
<b>Term</b>	6		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Ex.cl. 2 SWS		
<b>Comment</b>	<p>The module builds on one of the two modules Advanced Mathematics 1 or Advanced Mathematics 2. A course must be selected from the catalogue of courses in Section 4.1 of the module handbook, comprising 4 contact hours per week as a lecture and 2 contact hours per week as exercises. The course of this module and that of the corresponding module Advanced Mathematics, to which it is linked, should either build on each other to allow a deeper integration of content and methods, or belong to different areas of mathematics that have clear connections, enabling a broader integration of content and methods. Possible combinations are listed separately in the module handbook. In cases of in-depth integration, it is generally expected that a course from the catalogue in 4.1 will be combined with an advanced course from the first year of a consecutive Master's programme. The approval of additional courses or alternative course formats (e.g., two courses, each with 2 contact hours per week as a lecture and 1 contact hour per week as exercises) is at the discretion of the head of the examination board, based on a written request submitted by the student.</p>		
<b>Higher Objectives</b>	<p>Mathematical theories and important mathematical results are not isolated and independent on their own, they live from the links and connections with other mathematical theories and continuative results. Getting to know the interconnections leads to a deepened understanding of the original question and often opens up new tool boxes and approaches for the analysis and solution of the question. The module should allow the students this experience on a still simple level.</p>		
<b>Content</b>	The content is determined by the choice of a course.		
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>The students have deepened knowledge in a branch of mathematics or extended knowledge in two different branches of mathematics, who are explicitly linked with each other. They have learned to independently perform scientific work and have acquired further experience in the presentation and expansion of mathematical topics. They are capable of naming and proving the central results of the lecture as well as assessing and explaining the presented connections. Furthermore they have seen and elaborated the links and connections of contents and methods of the course with the course of the corresponding module Advanced Mathematics. Therefore they got a new view and a deeper understanding of the results of each single course. In the exercise classes they have acquired a confident, precise and independent handling of the terms, statements and methods of the lecture. They have learned to transfer the methods to new problems, to analyse them and to work on solution strategies on their own or in a team.</p>		

Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)	Title	Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	see Comment	L	o	4	6	yes	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
		E	o	2	3					
	In this module an exercise certificate is to be acquired as coursework. For participation in the examination the coursework must have been acquired. Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.									
<b>Transfer</b>	The module linking of mathematical subjects is, if applicable, prerequisite for the module Bachelor Thesis.									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Participation in the module requires the successful participation in the modules of Section Foundations of Mathematics as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS points of the Section Compulsory Intermediate Modules. Furthermore the corresponding module Advanced Mathematics, which should be linked to the module, must have been attended.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									
<b>Abbreviations:</b> Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continous assessment tests Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week										

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-30-10	<b>Module Title:</b> Seminar: Talks on Advanced Topics in Mathematics						<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice			
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	3									
<b>Workload</b> - Time in Class - Self-Study	Workload: 90 h			Time in Class: 30 h			Self-Study: 60 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	5-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German or English									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Seminar, talk, presentation, e-learning, blended learning									
<b>Content</b>	Various topics from the advanced fields of mathematics.									
<b>Objectives</b>	Students work independently on a related mathematics topic and prepare this in a didactically appealing form. They learn to present their work to a group, to respond to questions regarding the content and to lead a professional discussion. The work and the talk can form the basis for a more in-depth study within a Bachelor' s thesis. They also learn how to use a technically sophisticated writing programme and use it to create a digital medium that can later be used as a form of teaching and learning.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	Seminar	S	o	2	3	yes	Pr	60-90	g	100
	In addition to a successful talk, the acquisition of credit points also requires a regular active participation in the course, for example in the form of questions and contributions to the discussion or by completing assignments. In addition, a written elaboration of one's own presentation or the preparation of a handout for the participants may be part of the work to be done. This additional work constitutes the coursework for the module.									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Participation in the module requires the successful completion of the modules from Section Foundations of Mathematics and the Proseminar module as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS credits from Section Advanced Compulsory Modules. Furthermore, a module of an introductory nature in the area of the selected course must have been successfully completed.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									

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Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

## Section 4: Elective Specialisation

In the Elective Specialisation, modules from the bachelor's programmes and, in the 3rd year of study, also from the master's programmes in the departments of Biology, Chemistry, Geosciences, Computer Science, Mathematics, Philosophy - Rhetoric - Media, History, Physics, Psychology, and Economics can be included. If there are agreements with the departments regarding course imports for the Bachelor of Science in Mathematics, these should be considered in their current form. The examination board will decide on the admission of modules from other programmes based upon a written request of the student.

The Department of Mathematics itself offers the modules listed below for this section. If there is flexibility in the courses to be selected within a module, no courses that have already been included in another module of this programme or that have significant content and competence overlaps with such courses may be chosen.

However, if graded modules are included, the grade will not be counted towards the final grade for the Bachelor of Science in Mathematics.

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-30-50	<b>Module Title:</b> Elective Area 9-1		<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	9		
<b>Workload</b> - Time in Class - Self-Study	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester		
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester		
<b>Term</b>	5-6		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Ex.cl. 2 SWS		
<b>Comment</b>	A course (comprising 4 contact hours per week as lecture and 2 hours per week as exercise class) from the course catalogue in Section 4.1 in the module handbook or a course which is from the first year of a consecutive master study has to be chosen. The approval of additional courses is at the discretion of the head of the examination board, based on a written request submitted by the student.		
<b>Content</b>	The content is determined by the choice of a course.		
<b>Objectives</b>	The students have become familiar with the central concepts, results, and methods of a specific mathematical field. They have developed a deeper understanding of the interconnections within the chosen field and are able to identify and prove the key statements from the lecture, as well as contextualise and explain the relationships presented. In the exercise classes they have acquired a confident, precise and independent handling of the terms, statements and methods of the lecture. They have learned to transfer the methods onto new problems, to analyse them and to work on solution strategies on their own or in a team.		

Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)	Title	Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	see Comment	L	o	4	6	yes	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
		E	o	2	3					
	In this module an exercise certificate is to be acquired as coursework. For participation in the examination the coursework must have been acquired. Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.									
Transfer	-									
Prerequisites	Participation in the module requires the successful participation in the modules of the Section Foundations of Mathematics as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS points of the Section Compulsory Intermediate Modules.									
Responsible Persons	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									
<b>Abbreviations:</b> Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continous assessment tests Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week										

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-30-51	<b>Module Title:</b> Elective Area 9-2				<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice					
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	9									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h			Time in Class: 90 h			Self-Study: 180 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	5-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Ex.cl. 2 SWS									
<b>Comment</b>	A course (comprising 4 contact hours per week as lecture and 2 hours per week as exercise class) from the course catalogue in Section 4.1 in the module handbook or a course which is from the first year of a consecutive master study has to be chosen. The approval of additional courses is at the discretion of the head of the examination board, based on a written request submitted by the student.									
<b>Content</b>	The content is determined by the choice of a course.									
<b>Objectives</b>	The students have become familiar with the central concepts, results, and methods of a specific mathematical field. They have developed a deeper understanding of the interconnections within the chosen field and are able to identify and prove the key statements from the lecture, as well as contextualise and explain the relationships presented. In the exercise classes they have acquired a confident, precise and independent handling of the terms, statements and methods of the lecture. They have learned to transfer the methods onto new problems, to analyse them and to work on solution strategies on their own or in a team.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	see Comment	L	o	4	6	yes	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
		E	o	2	3					
	In this module an exercise certificate is to be acquired as coursework. For participation in the examination the coursework must have been acquired. Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Participation in the module requires the successful participation in the modules of the Section Foundations of Mathematics as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS points of the Section Compulsory Intermediate Modules.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									



**Abbreviations:**

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Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio,  
T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial,  
P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week



**Abbreviations:**

Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded

Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio,  
T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial,  
P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-30-53	<b>Module Title:</b> Elective Area 6-1					<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice				
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	6									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 180 h			Time in Class: 60 h			Self-Study: 120 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	5-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS + Ex.cl. 2 SWS									
<b>Comment</b>	A course (comprising 2 contact hours per week as lecture and 2 hours per week as exercise class) from the course catalogue in Section 4.1 in the module handbook or a course which is from the first year of a consecutive master study has to be chosen. The approval of additional courses is at the discretion of the head of the examination board, based on a written request submitted by the student.									
<b>Content</b>	The content is determined by the choice of a course.									
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>The students have become familiar with the central concepts, results, and methods of a specific mathematical field. They have developed a deeper understanding of the interconnections within the chosen field and are able to identify and prove the key statements from the lecture, as well as contextualise and explain the relationships presented.</p> <p>In the exercise classes they have acquired a confident, precise and independent handling of the terms, statements and methods of the lecture. They have learned to transfer the methods onto new problems, to analyse them and to work on solution strategies on their own or in a team.</p>									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	see Comment	L E	o o	2 2	3 3	yes	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
	In this module an exercise certificate is to be acquired as coursework. For participation in the examination the coursework must have been acquired. Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Participation in the module requires the successful participation in the modules of the Section Foundations of Mathematics as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS points of the Section Compulsory Intermediate Modules.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									

**Abbreviations:**

Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded

Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio,  
T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial,  
P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week



**Abbreviations:**

Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded

Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio,  
T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial,  
P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-30-55	<b>Module Title:</b> Elective Area 6-3					<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice				
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	6									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 180 h			Time in Class: 60 h			Self-Study: 120 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	5-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS + Ex.cl. 2 SWS									
<b>Comment</b>	A course (comprising 2 contact hours per week as lecture and 2 hours per week as exercise class) from the course catalogue in Section 4.1 in the module handbook or a course which is from the first year of a consecutive master study has to be chosen. The approval of additional courses is at the discretion of the head of the examination board, based on a written request submitted by the student.									
<b>Content</b>	The content is determined by the choice of a course.									
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>The students have become familiar with the central concepts, results, and methods of a specific mathematical field. They have developed a deeper understanding of the interconnections within the chosen field and are able to identify and prove the key statements from the lecture, as well as contextualise and explain the relationships presented.</p> <p>In the exercise classes they have acquired a confident, precise and independent handling of the terms, statements and methods of the lecture. They have learned to transfer the methods onto new problems, to analyse them and to work on solution strategies on their own or in a team.</p>									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	see Comment	L E	o o	2 2	3 3	yes	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
	In this module an exercise certificate is to be acquired as coursework. For participation in the examination the coursework must have been acquired. Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Participation in the module requires the successful participation in the modules of the Section Foundations of Mathematics as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS points of the Section Compulsory Intermediate Modules.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									



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Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio,  
T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial,  
P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-30-56	<b>Module Title:</b> Elective Area 6-4					<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice				
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	6									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 180 h			Time in Class: 60 h			Self-Study: 120 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	5-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS + Ex.cl. 2 SWS									
<b>Comment</b>	A course (comprising 2 contact hours per week as lecture and 2 hours per week as exercise class) from the course catalogue in Section 4.1 in the module handbook or a course which is from the first year of a consecutive master study has to be chosen. The approval of additional courses is at the discretion of the head of the examination board, based on a written request submitted by the student.									
<b>Content</b>	The content is determined by the choice of a course.									
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>The students have become familiar with the central concepts, results, and methods of a specific mathematical field. They have developed a deeper understanding of the interconnections within the chosen field and are able to identify and prove the key statements from the lecture, as well as contextualise and explain the relationships presented.</p> <p>In the exercise classes they have acquired a confident, precise and independent handling of the terms, statements and methods of the lecture. They have learned to transfer the methods onto new problems, to analyse them and to work on solution strategies on their own or in a team.</p>									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	see Comment	L E	o o	2 2	3 3	yes	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
	In this module an exercise certificate is to be acquired as coursework. For participation in the examination the coursework must have been acquired. Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Participation in the module requires the successful participation in the modules of the Section Foundations of Mathematics as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS points of the Section Compulsory Intermediate Modules.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									

**Abbreviations:**

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Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio,  
T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial,  
P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-30-57	<b>Module Title:</b> Elective Area 5-1				<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice					
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	5									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 150 h			Time in Class: 45 h			Self-Study: 105 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	5-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS + Ex.cl. 1 SWS									
<b>Comment</b>	A course (comprising 2 contact hours per week as lecture and 1 hour per week as exercise class) from the course catalogue in Section 4.1 in the module handbook or a course which is from the first year of a consecutive master study has to be chosen. The approval of additional courses is at the discretion of the head of the examination board, based on a written request submitted by the student.									
<b>Content</b>	The content is determined by the choice of a course.									
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>The students have become familiar with the central concepts, results, and methods of a specific mathematical field. They have developed a deeper understanding of the interconnections within the chosen field and are able to identify and prove the key statements from the lecture, as well as contextualise and explain the relationships presented.</p> <p>In the exercise classes they have acquired a confident, precise and independent handling of the terms, statements and methods of the lecture. They have learned to transfer the methods onto new problems, to analyse them and to work on solution strategies on their own or in a team.</p>									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>	Title	Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	see Comment	L	o	2	3	yes	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
		E	o	1	2					
	In this module an exercise certificate is to be acquired as coursework. For participation in the examination the coursework must have been acquired. Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Participation in the module requires the successful participation in the modules of the Section Foundations of Mathematics as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS points of the Section Compulsory Intermediate Modules.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									

**Abbreviations:**

Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded

Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio,  
T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial,  
P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-30-58	<b>Module Title:</b> Elective Area 5-2				<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice					
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	5									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 150 h			Time in Class: 45 h			Self-Study: 105 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	5-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS + Ex.cl. 1 SWS									
<b>Comment</b>	A course (comprising 2 contact hours per week as lecture and 1 hour per week as exercise class) from the course catalogue in Section 4.1 in the module handbook or a course which is from the first year of a consecutive master study has to be chosen. The approval of additional courses is at the discretion of the head of the examination board, based on a written request submitted by the student.									
<b>Content</b>	The content is determined by the choice of a course.									
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>The students have become familiar with the central concepts, results, and methods of a specific mathematical field. They have developed a deeper understanding of the interconnections within the chosen field and are able to identify and prove the key statements from the lecture, as well as contextualise and explain the relationships presented.</p> <p>In the exercise classes they have acquired a confident, precise and independent handling of the terms, statements and methods of the lecture. They have learned to transfer the methods onto new problems, to analyse them and to work on solution strategies on their own or in a team.</p>									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>	Title	Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	see Comment	L	o	2	3	yes	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
		E	o	1	2					
	In this module an exercise certificate is to be acquired as coursework. For participation in the examination the coursework must have been acquired. Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Participation in the module requires the successful participation in the modules of the Section Foundations of Mathematics as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS points of the Section Compulsory Intermediate Modules.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									

**Abbreviations:**

Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded

Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio,  
T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial,  
P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week





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Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio,  
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Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial,  
P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-30-60	<b>Module Title:</b> Elective Area 5-4				<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice					
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	5									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 150 h			Time in Class: 45 h			Self-Study: 105 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	5-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS + Ex.cl. 1 SWS									
<b>Comment</b>	A course (comprising 2 contact hours per week as lecture and 1 hour per week as exercise class) from the course catalogue in Section 4.1 in the module handbook or a course which is from the first year of a consecutive master study has to be chosen. The approval of additional courses is at the discretion of the head of the examination board, based on a written request submitted by the student.									
<b>Content</b>	The content is determined by the choice of a course.									
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>The students have become familiar with the central concepts, results, and methods of a specific mathematical field. They have developed a deeper understanding of the interconnections within the chosen field and are able to identify and prove the key statements from the lecture, as well as contextualise and explain the relationships presented.</p> <p>In the exercise classes they have acquired a confident, precise and independent handling of the terms, statements and methods of the lecture. They have learned to transfer the methods onto new problems, to analyse them and to work on solution strategies on their own or in a team.</p>									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	see Comment	L E	o o	2 1	3 2	yes	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
	In this module an exercise certificate is to be acquired as coursework. For participation in the examination the coursework must have been acquired. Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Participation in the module requires the successful participation in the modules of the Section Foundations of Mathematics as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS points of the Section Compulsory Intermediate Modules.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									

**Abbreviations:**

Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded

Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio,  
T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial,  
P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week



**Abbreviations:**

Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded

Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio,  
T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial,  
P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-30-62	<b>Module Title:</b> Elective Area 3-1				<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice					
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	3									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 90 h			Time in Class: 30 h			Self-Study: 60 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	5-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS									
<b>Comment</b>	A course (comprising 2 contact hours per week as lecture without exercise sessions) from the course catalogue in Section 4.1 in the module handbook or a course which is from the first year of a consecutive master study has to be chosen. The approval of additional courses is at the discretion of the head of the examination board, based on a written request submitted by the student.									
<b>Content</b>	The content is determined by the choice of a course.									
<b>Objectives</b>	The students have become familiar with the central concepts, results, and methods of a specific mathematical field. They have developed a deeper understanding of the interconnections within the chosen field and are able to identify and prove the key statements from the lecture, as well as contextualise and explain the relationships presented.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	see Comment	L	o	2	3	no	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
	Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Participation in the module requires the successful participation in the modules of the Section Foundations of Mathematics as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS points of the Section Compulsory Intermediate Modules.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									

**Abbreviations:**

Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded

Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-30-63	<b>Module Title:</b> Elective Area 3-2				<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice					
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	3									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 90 h			Time in Class: 30 h			Self-Study: 60 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	5-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS									
<b>Comment</b>	A course (comprising 2 contact hours per week as lecture without exercise sessions) from the course catalogue in Section 4.1 in the module handbook or a course which is from the first year of a consecutive master study has to be chosen. The approval of additional courses is at the discretion of the head of the examination board, based on a written request submitted by the student.									
<b>Content</b>	The content is determined by the choice of a course.									
<b>Objectives</b>	The students have become familiar with the central concepts, results, and methods of a specific mathematical field. They have developed a deeper understanding of the interconnections within the chosen field and are able to identify and prove the key statements from the lecture, as well as contextualise and explain the relationships presented.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	see Comment	L	o	2	3	no	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
	Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Participation in the module requires the successful participation in the modules of the Section Foundations of Mathematics as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS points of the Section Compulsory Intermediate Modules.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									

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Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-30-64	<b>Module Title:</b> Elective Area 3-3		<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice							
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	3									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 90 h		Time in Class: 30 h		Self-Study: 60 h					
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	5-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS									
<b>Comment</b>	A course (comprising 2 contact hours per week as lecture without exercise sessions) from the course catalogue in Section 4.1 in the module handbook or a course which is from the first year of a consecutive master study has to be chosen. The approval of additional courses is at the discretion of the head of the examination board, based on a written request submitted by the student.									
<b>Content</b>	The content is determined by the choice of a course.									
<b>Objectives</b>	The students have become familiar with the central concepts, results, and methods of a specific mathematical field. They have developed a deeper understanding of the interconnections within the chosen field and are able to identify and prove the key statements from the lecture, as well as contextualise and explain the relationships presented.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	see Comment	L	o	2	3	no	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
	Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Participation in the module requires the successful participation in the modules of the Section Foundations of Mathematics as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS points of the Section Compulsory Intermediate Modules.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									

**Abbreviations:**

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Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week



<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-30-65	<b>Module Title:</b> Elective Area 3-4				<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice					
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	3									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 90 h			Time in Class: 30 h			Self-Study: 60 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	5-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS									
<b>Comment</b>	A course (comprising 2 contact hours per week as lecture without exercise sessions) from the course catalogue in Section 4.1 in the module handbook or a course which is from the first year of a consecutive master study has to be chosen. The approval of additional courses is at the discretion of the head of the examination board, based on a written request submitted by the student.									
<b>Content</b>	The content is determined by the choice of a course.									
<b>Objectives</b>	The students have become familiar with the central concepts, results, and methods of a specific mathematical field. They have developed a deeper understanding of the interconnections within the chosen field and are able to identify and prove the key statements from the lecture, as well as contextualise and explain the relationships presented.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	see Comment	L	o	2	3	no	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
	Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Participation in the module requires the successful participation in the modules of the Section Foundations of Mathematics as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS points of the Section Compulsory Intermediate Modules.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									

**Abbreviations:**

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Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-30-66	<b>Module Title:</b> Elective Area 3-5				<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice					
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	3									
<b>Workload</b> <b>- Time in Class</b> <b>- Self-Study</b>	Workload: 90 h			Time in Class: 30 h			Self-Study: 60 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	5-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS									
<b>Comment</b>	A course (comprising 2 contact hours per week as lecture without exercise sessions) from the course catalogue in Section 4.1 in the module handbook or a course which is from the first year of a consecutive master study has to be chosen. The approval of additional courses is at the discretion of the head of the examination board, based on a written request submitted by the student.									
<b>Content</b>	The content is determined by the choice of a course.									
<b>Objectives</b>	The students have become familiar with the central concepts, results, and methods of a specific mathematical field. They have developed a deeper understanding of the interconnections within the chosen field and are able to identify and prove the key statements from the lecture, as well as contextualise and explain the relationships presented.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	see Comment	L	o	2	3	no	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
	Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Participation in the module requires the successful participation in the modules of the Section Foundations of Mathematics as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS points of the Section Compulsory Intermediate Modules.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									

**Abbreviations:**

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Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-30-67	<b>Module Title:</b> Elective Area 3-6					<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice				
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	3									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 90 h				Time in Class: 30 h			Self-Study: 60 h		
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	5-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS									
<b>Comment</b>	A course (comprising 2 contact hours per week as lecture without exercise sessions) from the course catalogue in Section 4.1 in the module handbook or a course which is from the first year of a consecutive master study has to be chosen. The approval of additional courses is at the discretion of the head of the examination board, based on a written request submitted by the student.									
<b>Content</b>	The content is determined by the choice of a course.									
<b>Objectives</b>	The students have become familiar with the central concepts, results, and methods of a specific mathematical field. They have developed a deeper understanding of the interconnections within the chosen field and are able to identify and prove the key statements from the lecture, as well as contextualise and explain the relationships presented.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	see Comment	L	o	2	3	no	wr. o. or.	90-180 o. 20-30	g	100
	Whether the examination is written or oral is decided by the instructor with approval by the head of the examination board.									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Participation in the module requires the successful participation in the modules of the Section Foundations of Mathematics as well as the acquisition of at least 27 ECTS points of the Section Compulsory Intermediate Modules.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									

**Abbreviations:**

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Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

## Section 5: Interdisciplinary Professional Competencies

For the acquisition of credit points in the section Interdisciplinary Professional Competencies the regulations for obtaining interdisciplinary and career-related competencies (Transdisciplinary Course Programme) for bachelor's programmes at the University of Tübingen in their current form apply. All permissible modules from the teaching programme of other departments and the Transdisciplinary Course Programme can be included.

The modules MAT-00-10 Introduction to Scientific Programming and MAT-00-20 Computer Science for Mathematicians are mandatory modules, with some flexibility regarding the interchangeability and inclusion of the Computer Science for Mathematicians module (see the comment in the module description). Additionally, the Department of Mathematics offers the modules listed below for this section. If the included modules are graded, the grade will not, however, be counted towards the final grade for the Bachelor of Science in Mathematics.

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-00-10	<b>Module Title:</b> Introduction to Scientific Programming		<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module with Choice
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	3		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 90 h	Time in Class: 60 h	Self-Study: 30 h
<b>Duration</b>	2 Semester		
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester		
<b>Term</b>	2-4		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Software Lab, Practical course 2 SWS</li> <li>• Numerical Mathematics Lab, Practical course 2 SWS</li> </ul>		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Software lab:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Introduction to one or several mathematical software packages.</li> <li>– Introduction of the basic elements of programming and of basic data structures.</li> <li>– Implementation of simple algorithms, e.g. in linear algebra, in a typical mathematical software package.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Numerical mathematics lab:               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Introduction to Matlab or a similar complex computer algebra system.</li> <li>– Implementation of the essential algorithms which are discussed in the course on numerical mathematics.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
<b>Objectives</b>	<p>The students are familiar with several subject specific software packages or computer algebra systems. They are trained to algorithmically elaborate selected problems, e.g. of linear algebra and numerical mathematics, and to implement the algorithms into subject specific software packages. Thereby, they have broadened and deepened the algorithmic competences gained in the modules of the Section Foundations of Mathematics and in further modules. Moreover, they have been introduced to the basic elements of programming and the basic data structures in applications.</p>		

Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)	Title	Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Software Lab	P	o	2	1,5	yes	none	-	ng	-
	Numerical Mathematics Lab	P	o	2	1,5	yes	none	-	ng	-
	In the courses of this module compulsory coursework will be required. This may encompass programming projects. The module finishes without an exam.									
Literature	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ulrich Stein: Programmieren mit MATLAB: Programmiersprache, Grafische Benutzeroberflächen, Anwendungen. Hanser 2015.</li> <li>• Martin Hanke-Bourgeois: Grundlagen der Numerischen Mathematik und des Wissenschaftlichen Rechnens. Vieweg+Teubner 2009.</li> </ul>									
Transfer	-									
Prerequisites	At least one of the exercise certificates from one of the modules Analysis and Linear Algebra must have been acquired.									
Responsible Persons	Christian Lubich, Thomas Markwig, Andreas Prohl, Elmar Teufel									
<b>Abbreviations:</b> Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continuous assessment tests Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week										

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-00-11	<b>Module Title:</b> Working Techniques in Mathematics						<b>Type of Module:</b> Elective Module			
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	2									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 60 h			Time in Class: 30 h			Self-Study: 30 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly									
<b>Term</b>	1-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture with integrated computational exercises, blended learning									
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Structuring of a mathematical paper.</li> <li>• Literature research.</li> <li>• Designing of a mathematical text with a mathematical word processor (<math>\text{\LaTeX}</math>).</li> <li>• Presentation techniques.</li> <li>• Exemplary analysis on examples, discussion and criticism.</li> </ul>									
<b>Objectives</b>	The students are capable of using subject specific and basic writing and working techniques. They are especially able to use them to present and discuss mathematical issues.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	Working Techniques in Mathematics	LE	f	2	3	yes	none	-	ng	-
In this module a short mathematical text and a short presentation of a mathematical topic are to be designed with the techniques and skills acquired in the course as coursework. The module finishes without an exam.										

<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Tobias Oetiker, Hubert Partl, Irene Hyna, Elisabeth Schlegl: The not so short introduction to LATEX2e. Manuskript 2001.</li> <li>• Leslie Lamport: LaTeX: a document preparation system. Addison-Wesley 2005.</li> <li>• Frank Mittelbach, Michel Goossens, Johannes Braams, David Carlisle: The LaTeX companion. Addison-Wesley 2007.</li> <li>• Frank Mittelbach, Michel Goossens, Johannes Braams, David Carlisle: Der LaTeX Begleiter. Pearson Studium 2010.</li> <li>• Michel Goossens, Frank Mittelbach, Sebastian Rahtz, Denis Roegel: The LaTeX graphics companion. Addison-Wesley 2002.</li> <li>• Helmut Kopka, Patrick W. Daly: Guide to LaTeX. Addison-Wesley 2004.</li> <li>• Helmut Kopka, LaTeX 1. Pearson Studium 2006.</li> </ul>
<b>Transfer</b>	The module Working Techniques in Mathematics prepares students for writing their bachelor thesis. The techniques can also be used for designing homework assignments and handouts in other modules.
<b>Prerequisites</b>	There are no prerequisites.
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Thomas Markwig
<b>Abbreviations:</b> Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continuous assessment tests Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week	

[illegible]



<b>Transfer</b>	The module Internship Mathematics offers the students a first insight into possible occupational fields for mathematics graduates. They learn how the competences acquired in the study find application in a company or in the scope of an internal software project.
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Subject related admission requirement for the module Internship Mathematics is the acquisition of the credit points from the modules of the Sections 1 Foundations of Mathematics as well as at least 30 credit points from the modules of the Sections 2 and 3.
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics
<b>Abbreviations:</b> Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continuous assessment tests Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week	

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-00-13	<b>Module Title:</b> Learning to teach Mathematics						<b>Type of Module:</b> Elective Module			
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	2									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 60 h			Time in Class: 30 h			Self-Study: 30 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	1-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Presentation, group work, blended learning, practical exercises									
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Explaining mathematics,</li> <li>• Correction of students' solutions,</li> <li>• Encouragement of participation in the exercise classes,</li> <li>• Acting while students present their solutions,</li> <li>• Different roles as exercise class supervisor,</li> <li>• giving and receiving feedback.</li> </ul>									
<b>Objectives</b>	The students are capable of communicating mathematical contents with respect to the target group. They can engage with the participants of their exercise group and can offer specific help in matters of content and methodology. They now suited methods to support the individual responsibility and the active participation of the attendees.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	Learning to teach Mathematics	S	f	2	2	yes	none	-	ng	-
	Within the module a coursework in the form of active participation is required. There is no exam.									
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Heike Kröpke: Tutoren erfolgreich im Einsatz. UTB 2015.</li> </ul>									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	There are no prerequisites.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Carla Cederbaum, Stefan Keppeler, Elmar Teufl									

**Abbreviations:**

Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded

Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio,  
T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial,  
P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-00-15	<b>Module Title:</b> Public Communication of Mathematics						<b>Type of Module:</b> Elective Module						
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	2												
<b>Workload</b> - Time in Class - Self-Study	Workload: 60 h				Time in Class: 30 h			Self-Study: 30 h					
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester												
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly												
<b>Term</b>	3-6												
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German												
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture												
<b>Comment</b>	The module supports students in acquiring general mathematical work techniques. These can be used from the first semester on, for example, in the processing of exercises, but also for reading and understanding of lecture content and textbooks as well as in writing longer mathematical texts such as seminar papers.												
<b>Content</b>	In this course, the methods used to communicate mathematical ideas to broad audiences will be examined. A variety of media, including videos, lectures, blogs, and traditional print publications will be studied. The course will have both a theoretical and a practical component: students will learn tips and frameworks for communicating mathematics, complete related exercises, and produce their own written or visual content.												
<b>Objectives</b>	Students have learned to communicate mathematics to broad audiences. They are able to decide how to structure explanations for different audiences and using various media, such as video, print articles, and lectures. Students can reflect on how to apply these skills to their mathematical research, teaching, and learning.												
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>					Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title												
	Public Communication of Mathematics				S	f	2	2	yes	none	-	ng	-
	Within the scope of the module, coursework is required in the form of one or more short written papers and in form of the participation in at least one group or individual counseling. The module completes without examination.												
<b>Transfer</b>	-												
<b>Prerequisites</b>	There are no prerequisites.												
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Jürgen Hausen, Kelsey Houston Edwards, Walther Paravicini												
<b>Abbreviations:</b> Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continous assessment tests Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week													

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-00-16	<b>Module Title:</b> Studying Mathematics Correctly!					<b>Type of Module:</b> Elective Module				
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	2									
<b>Workload</b> - Time in Class - Self-Study	Workload: 60 h			Time in Class: 30 h			Self-Study: 30 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly									
<b>Term</b>	1-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Seminar, individual and group counseling sessions, example classes with exercises									
<b>Comment</b>	The module supports students in acquiring general mathematical work techniques. These can be used from the first semester on, for example, in the processing of exercises, but also for reading and understanding of lecture content and textbooks as well as in writing longer mathematical texts such as seminar papers.									
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Competent handling of the mathematical language, for example for mathematical reasoning and problem solving.</li><li>• Introduction to mathematical thinking and working techniques.</li></ul>									
<b>Objectives</b>	Students are able to read and understand mathematical texts with adequate strategies. They know the specifics of various mathematical text forms (such as definitions and proofs) and formulate even mathematical texts appropriate to the subject and the addressee. They reflect subject-specific thinking and working techniques and thereby expand their options for action. They gain self-efficacy in terms of mathematical working.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	Studying Mathematics Correctly!	S	f	2	2	yes	none	-	ng	-
	Within the scope of the module, coursework is required in the form of one or more short written papers and in form of the participation in at least one group or individual counseling. The module completes without examination.									
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Kevin Houston: Wie man mathematische denkt? Springer Spektrum 2012.</li><li>• Lara Alcock: How to study for a mathematics degree. Oxford University Press 2013.</li><li>• Joachim Hilgert, Max Hoffmann, Anja Panse: Einführung in mathematisches Denken und Arbeiten. Springer Spektrum 2015.</li></ul>									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	There are no prerequisites.									

<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Walther Paravicini
<b>Abbreviations:</b> Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continuous assessment tests Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week	

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-00-17	<b>Module Title:</b> Mentoring in Mathematics					<b>Type of Module:</b> Elective Module				
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	1									
<b>Workload</b> - Time in Class - Self-Study	Workload: 30 h			Time in Class: 20 h			Self-Study: 10 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly									
<b>Term</b>	3-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Seminar, mentoring									
<b>Content</b>	<p>Studying mathematics confronts students with challenges, especially at the beginning of their degree programme. They have to work through content and tasks largely independently and learn subject-specific working techniques. Mentors help in this situation: students from higher semesters who support first-year students in making contacts, organising their self-study appropriately and teaching them work techniques using the principle of minimal help. Training is offered for the mentoring role. In the three sessions, the following topics are covered:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Roles of the mentor;</li><li>• Areas of mentoring in the degree programme;</li><li>• Boundaries of the mentoring relationship;</li><li>• Subject-specific challenges when starting a degree programme in mathematics;</li><li>• Abstraction and visualisation;</li><li>• Networking of knowledge;</li><li>• Principle of minimal help.</li></ul>									
<b>Objectives</b>	Students know the tasks and limits of mentoring. They know the subject-specific challenges of starting a degree programme and are able to support the new students. They are also able to apply the principle of minimal help.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	Mentoring in Mathematics	S	f	-	1	yes	none	-	ng	-
	<p>Prerequisites for the acquisition of credit points are active participation in the mentoring programme as well as participation in the mentor training and a reflection report. The module can also be carried out in an extended form over several semesters. In this case, the number of credit points is based on the actual workload resulting from the scope of the mentoring activity. A scope of 1 to 3 ECTS is permissible.</p>									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	The module is aimed at students from the 3rd semester onwards in a undergraduate degree programme in mathematics.									

<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics
<b>Abbreviations:</b> Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continuous assessment tests Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week	



<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-00-18	<b>Module Title:</b> Exhibition Mind and Shape					<b>Type of Module:</b> Elective Module				
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	1									
<b>Workload</b> - Time in Class - Self-Study	Workload: 30 h			Time in Class: 10 h			Self-Study: 20 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly									
<b>Term</b>	1-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Presentation,practical exercise class, group work, blended learning									
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Training as a tour guide.</li><li>• Explaining maths (to a non-specialist audience).</li><li>• Dealing with mathematical models.</li><li>• Dealing with mathematical programmes (surfer, maps of the earth, etc.)</li><li>• Basic knowledge of classical, algebraic and differential geometry.</li><li>• Giving and receiving feedback.</li></ul>									
<b>Objectives</b>	Students are able to convey the mathematical content and models of the Mind and Shape exhibition to a non-specialist audience in an appropriate manner. They can engage with their audience as part of a guided tour of the exhibition and explain specific technical questions using the models and other aids. They know suitable methods to actively promote the interactive participation of the audience and to encourage and stimulate them to ask questions and think independently.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	Exhibition Mind and Shape	S	f	-	1	yes	none	-	ng	-
	As a part of the module, students must complete coursework in the form of active work as a tour guide for the exhibition and organising guided tours. The module concludes without an examination.									
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Ernst Seidl, Frank Loose, Edgar Bierende: Mathematik mit Modellen. Universität Tübingen 2018.</li></ul>									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	There are no prerequisites.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Carla Cederbaum									

**Abbreviations:**

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T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial,  
P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-00-19	<b>Module Title:</b> International Mathematics Competition Training						<b>Type of Module:</b> Elective Module			
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	2									
<b>Workload</b> - Time in Class - Self-Study	Workload: 90 h			Time in Class: 30 h			Self-Study: 60 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	every Semester									
<b>Term</b>	1-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German or English									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Presentation, group work, blended learning, practical exercises									
<b>Content</b>	In this course, standard tools from different areas of mathematics that are often used to solve problems in mathematical competitions, such as the International Mathematics Competition for University Students (IMC). The topics covered include inequalities, analysis, matrix analysis, convex geometry, linear algebra, probability theory, combinatorics and group theory. The content and methods covered go beyond the standard curriculum of the courses in a B.Sc. in Mathematics and can be used to simplify the solution of problems, that have appeared in previous editions of the IMC. As part of the course, mock exams will also be conducted in order to practise the format of the IMC exams.									
<b>Objectives</b>	The students have acquired the most common tools from various different areas of mathematics in order to solve many problems in various mathematical competitions, such as the International Mathematics Competition.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	International Mathematics Competition Training	S	f	2	2	yes	none	-	ng	-
	The module concludes without examination.									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	There are no prerequisites.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	The dean of studies at the Department of Mathematics									

**Abbreviations:**  
Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded  
Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continous assessment tests  
Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom  
Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative  
Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-00-20	<b>Module Title:</b> Computer Science for Mathematicians		<b>Type of Module:</b> Compulsory Module
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	9		
<b>Workload</b> - Time in Class - Self-Study	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester		
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly, in Winter or Summer Semester		
<b>Term</b>	2-6		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Ex.cl. 2 SWS		
<b>Comment</b>	<p>The mandatory module Computer Science for Mathematicians can be substituted by modules from the Department of Computer Science, as long as they are comparable with respect to the competences obtained; in particular it can be replaced by the following modules from the Bachelor of Science Computer Science:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• INFM1110 Computer Science 1,</li> <li>• INFM1120 Computer Science 2,</li> <li>• INFM2420 Algorithms/Computer Science 3,</li> <li>• INFM2410 Theoretical Computer Science/Computer Science 4.</li> </ul> <p>In addition, the compulsory module Computer Science for Mathematicians or the modules that replace it can also be included in the Elective Specialisation section. In the latter case, in addition to the module Introduction to Scientific Programming, modules totalling 18 credit points from the university's range of modules in the area of Interdisciplinary Professional Competences must be completed in the Interdisciplinary Professional Competences section. <i>Students who intend to focus on Computer Science in the Elective Specialisation and take several Computer Science modules are strongly recommended to replace the Computer Science for Mathematicians module with one of the above-mentioned modules, as some of these are prerequisites for attending further modules in the Computer Science degree programmes.</i></p>		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Theoretical and practical foundations of computer science.</li> <li>• Elements of programming.</li> <li>• Elementary data types.</li> <li>• Simple data structures and algorithms.</li> <li>• Runtime and memory space, complexity.</li> <li>• Formal languages.</li> <li>• Foundations of object-oriented programming.</li> </ul>		

[illegible]

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-00-21	<b>Module Title:</b> Exploring Mathematics						<b>Type of Module:</b> Elective Module			
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	1									
<b>Workload</b> - Time in Class - Self-Study	Workload: 30 h			Time in Class: 30 h			Self-Study: 0 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly									
<b>Term</b>	1-3									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Presentation, practical exercise class, group work, blended learning									
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Introduction to mathematical work, mathematical modelling and abstraction.</li> <li>• First insights into various areas of mathematics.</li> </ul>									
<b>Objectives</b>	Students are familiar with the concept of mathematical abstraction and are, in principle, able to derive a mathematical question and approaches to its solution from a problem that may not initially be formulated mathematically, through mathematical modelling, and to relate these back to the original question. They can communicate effectively about mathematical content and are familiar with tools for dealing with difficulties and frustration when working on unfamiliar mathematical topics.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	Exploring Mathematics	P	f	2	1	yes	none	-	ng	-
	As part of the module, students are required to complete a coursework component in the form of active participation in the class.									
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Daniel Grieser: Mathematisches Problemlösen und Beweisen. Springer Spektrum 2017.</li> </ul>									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	There are no prerequisites.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Carla Cederbaum, Walther Paravicini									
<b>Abbreviations:</b> Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continuous assessment tests Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week										

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-00-21	<b>Module Title:</b> Practical Course Statistical Learning					<b>Type of Module:</b> Elective Module				
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	2									
<b>Workload</b> - Time in Class - Self-Study	Workload: 60 h			Time in Class: 30 h			Self-Study: 30 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly									
<b>Term</b>	1-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Practical course, blended learning									
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Implementation of relevant non-parametric regression estimators (e.g., partition, kernel, and kNN estimators) via Python, and quantitative comparison using simulations for prototypical examples from the application.</li></ul>									
<b>Objectives</b>	Students have familiarised themselves with the Python programming language. They are trained to algorithmically work out selected problems of statistical learning and to implement the developed algorithms in Python. In doing so, they have expanded and deepened the algorithmic skills they acquired in courses on statistical learning. They also familiarised themselves with the basic elements of programming and basic data types in application.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	Practical Course Statistical Learning	L	f	2	3	yes	none	-	ng	-
	As part of the courses in the module, coursework must be completed in accordance with the requirements of the respective course instructor. These may include programming tasks and projects. The module concludes without an examination.									
<b>Transfer</b>	The module can be included in the Interdisciplinary Professional Competencies.									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	The simultaneous attendance in the course of the module MAT-70-31 is required.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Andreas Prohl									
<b>Abbreviations:</b> Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continous assessment tests Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week										

<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-90-01	<b>Module Title:</b> History of Mathematics: From the Beginning to Beginning of Modern Times					<b>Type of Module:</b> Elective Module				
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	2									
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 60 h			Time in Class: 30 h			Self-Study: 30 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly									
<b>Term</b>	1-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture									
<b>Content</b>	An overview of the history of mathematics from its beginnings to the beginning of modern times is given.									
<b>Objectives</b>	Students have learnt about the historical development of mathematics from the perspective of the history of ideas. They understand fundamental mathematical questions and the proposed solutions in their temporal and cultural context and have learnt to evaluate them from this context. They know what the understanding of modern mathematics can be traced back to historically.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	History of Mathematics: From the Beginning to Beginning of Modern Times	S	f	2	2	yes	none	-	ng	-
	The module concludes without an examination.									
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b>  • Hans Wussing: 6000 Jahre Mathematik. Band 1. Springer 2008.									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Interest in mathematics.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Reinhard Kahle									

**Abbreviations:**

Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded

Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio, T=continuous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial, P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week



<b>Module Number:</b> MAT-90-04	<b>Module Title:</b> History of Mathematics: The History of Modern Analysis						<b>Type of Module:</b> Elective Module			
<b>ECTS-Points</b>	2									
<b>Workload</b> - Time in Class - Self-Study	Workload: 60 h			Time in Class: 30 h			Self-Study: 30 h			
<b>Duration</b>	1 Semester									
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly									
<b>Term</b>	1-6									
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German									
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture									
<b>Content</b>	Using original sources, the lecture will cover the development of calculus from the early Renaissance to the time of Johann I Bernoulli and Leonhard Euler.									
<b>Objectives</b>	Students have learnt about the historical development of modern analysis on the basis of original sources. They understand fundamental mathematical questions and the proposed solutions in their temporal and cultural environment and have learnt to evaluate them from this context. They know what the understanding of modern mathematics can be traced back to historically.									
<b>Requirements for obtaining Credits / Grading (Weighting if applicable)</b>		Type of Course	Status	SWS	ECTS	Coursework	Type of Exam	Dur. of Exam (min)	Grading	Weight for Grade
	Title									
	History of Mathematics: The History of Modern Analysis	S	f	2	2	yes	none	-	ng	-
	The module concludes without an examination.									
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Jacqueline Stedall: Mathematics Emerging: A Sourcebook. OUP 2008</li> <li>• Thomas Sonar: 3000 Jahre Analysis. Springer 2016.</li> <li>• Detlef Spalt: Eine kurze Geschichte der Analysis. Springer 2019.</li> <li>• Hans Niels Jahnke: A History of Analysis. AMS Publications 2003.</li> </ul>									
<b>Transfer</b>	-									
<b>Prerequisites</b>	Interest in mathematics.									
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Philipp Beeley, Reinhard Kahle									

**Abbreviations:**

Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded

Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio,  
T=continous assessment tests

Teaching Format : L=lecture, LE=lecture with integrated exercises, SL=seminar or lecture, E=exercise class, T=tutorial,  
P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week



**Abbreviations:**

Grading System : g=graded, ng=not graded

Examination Type : BT=bachelor's thesis, or.=oral exam, wr.=written exam, Pr=presentation, E=essay, P=portfolio,  
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P=practical course, PS=proseminar, S=seminar, IC=inverted classroom

Status : o=obligatory, f=facultative

Other : h=hours, o.=or, s.M.=see module description, SWS=contact hours per week

## 4 Courses for Compulsory Modules with Choice in Section 3 and 4

### 4.1 Catalogue of Courses

The following lists the courses that can be included in the compulsory modules with optional choices in Section 3 and Section 4. Additional courses can be approved upon written application to the head of the examination board.

• Algebraic Topology 1 .....	99
• Algorithms of Numerical Mathematics .....	99
• Calculus of Variations .....	118
• Commutative Algebra .....	113
• Convex Geometry .....	114
• Cryptography .....	114
• Elementary Number Theory .....	108
• Foundations of Discrete Mathematics .....	111
• Functional Analysis .....	108
• Geometry .....	109
• Geometry in Physics .....	111
• Geometry of Manifolds 1 .....	110
• Hyperbolic Geometry: Axiomatic, Reflection Geometric, Algebraic .....	112
• Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry .....	105
• Introduction to Dynamical Systems .....	103
• Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory .....	103
• Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Measure Theoretic Methods .....	104
• Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Varifolds .....	105
• Introduction to K-Theory .....	100

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• Introduction to Mathematical Logic .....	101
• Introduction to Optimisation .....	102
• Introduction to Partial Differential Equations .....	106
• Introduction to Partial Differential Equations – Part 1 .....	107
• Introduction to set theory .....	102
• Lie Groups .....	115
• Linear Control Theory .....	116
• Non-Linear Optimisation .....	117
• Number Theory and Cryptography .....	120
• Probability Theory .....	119
• Topology .....	117

<b>Course Title:</b>	Algebraic Topology 1		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Geometry		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Set theoretical topology.</li> <li>• Basic concepts of category theory.</li> <li>• The fundamental group of a punctured topological space.</li> <li>• Theory of covering spaces.</li> <li>• Basic concepts of singular homology theory.</li> <li>• Applications.</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	The students learn how to realise ideas in topology, e.g. the detection of holes in topological spaces, into a precise theory, even with a sophisticated technique. In particular, they recognise how abstract concepts, e.g. from category theory and homological algebra, provide effective ways of speaking that enable the formation of ideas to be adequately implemented.		
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Allen Hatcher: Algebraic topology. Cambridge University Press 2009.</li> <li>• Horst Schubert: Topologie. Teubner 1971.</li> <li>• Edwin H. Spanier: Algebraic topology. McGraw-Hill 1966.</li> <li>• Ralph Stöcker, Heiner Zieschang: Algebraische Topologie. Teubner 1994.</li> </ul>		
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Anton Deitmar, Frank Loose		

<b>Course Title:</b>	Algorithms of Numerical Mathematics		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Scientific Computing		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Frequency</b>	regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS		

<b>Content</b>	<p>Advanced, important algorithms of numerics (without differential equations) such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Fast Fourier transformation;</li> <li>• QR algorithms for the calculation of eigenvalues;</li> <li>• Method of conjugated gradients and more general Krylov space methods as iterative methods in numeric linear algebra and in non-linear optimisation;</li> <li>• Simplex method and interior point methods in linear optimisation.</li> </ul>
<b>Special Objectives</b>	The students have learned the key concepts, results, and methods of algorithmic numerical mathematics.
<b>Literature</b>	<p><b>Possible References :</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Peter Deufilhard, Andreas Hohmann: Numerische Mathematik 1. De Gruyter 2008.</li> <li>• Martin Hanke-Bourgeois: Grundlagen der Numerischen Mathematik und des Wissenschaftlichen Rechnens. Vieweg 2009.</li> </ul>
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Christian Lubich, Andreas Prohl

<b>Course Title:</b>	Introduction to K-Theory		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Geometry		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	<p>Workload: 90 h</p>	<p>Time in Class: 30 h</p>	<p>Self-Study: 60 h</p>
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Vector bundles.</li> <li>• Topological K-theory.</li> <li>• Künneth formula and Bott periodicity.</li> <li>• Characteristic classes.</li> <li>• Chern character.</li> <li>• Algebraic K-theory</li> <li>• Plus construction.</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	<p>The students have learnt an important mathematical field that combines analysis, geometry, algebra and number theory. They have learnt to recognise and use the connections between different areas. They can understand and use terms such as vector or fibre bundles or categorical K-groups and apply them. They have learnt to think in large contexts.</p>		



<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Michael Atiyah: K-theory. Addison-Wesley 1989.</li> <li>• Max Karoubi: K-theory. Springer 2008.</li> <li>• Emilio Lluís-Puebla, Jean-Louis Loday, Henri Gillet, Christophe Soule, Victor Snaith: Higher algebraic K-theory: an overview. Springer 1992.</li> </ul>
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Anton Deitmar

<b>Course Title:</b>	Introduction to Mathematical Logic		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Analysis		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 90 h	Time in Class: 30 h	Self-Study: 60 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Propositional logic.</li> <li>• Languages of the first order: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Completeness and compactness.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Theory of computations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Register machines;</li> <li>– Gödelisation.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Incompleteness of arithmetic: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– First and second incompleteness theorem.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• Set theory: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>– Ordinal- and cardinal numbers;</li> <li>– Incompleteness of set theory.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	Students are able to understand mathematical theorems and theories in the context of mathematical logic. They understand the limits of possible mathematical knowledge, recognise the difference between truth and provability and can apply basic theoretical model thinking to mathematical content.		
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rautenberg, Wolfgang: Einführung in die Mathematische Logik. Vieweg+Teubner 2008.</li> <li>• Ziegler, Martin: Mathematische Logik. Birkhäuser 2016.</li> </ul>		
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Anton Deitmar		

<b>Course Title:</b>	Introduction to set theory		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Analysis		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 90 h	Time in Class: 30 h	Self-Study: 60 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<b>Content:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	-		
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•</li> </ul>		
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Frank Loose		

<b>Course Title:</b>	Introduction to Optimisation		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Scientific Computing		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 180 h	Time in Class: 60 h	Self-Study: 120 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 3 SWS + Exercise class 1 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Optimality theory for smooth, convex and linear optimisation problems optimisation problems with constraints.</li> <li>• Foundations of the theory of convex sets and functions.</li> <li>• Duality theory for convex and linear optimisation problems.</li> <li>• Solution methods for linear optimisation problems.</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	Students know and understand methods and algorithms for solving convex and linear optimisation problems. They have learnt to apply the methods to simple problems related to economics, technology or physics. They will be able to critically assess the possibilities and limitations of using the methods.		

<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Florian Jarre, Joseph Stoer: Optimierung: Einführung in mathematische Theorie und Methoden. Springer 2019.</li> <li>• Jorge Nocedal, Stephen J. Wright: Numerical optimization. Springer 2006.</li> </ul>		
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Christian Lubich		

<b>Course Title:</b>	Introduction to Dynamical Systems		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Analysis		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 90 h	Time in Class: 30 h	Self-Study: 60 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German or English		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Kepler's laws.</li> <li>• Equilibrium positions.</li> <li>• Stability.</li> <li>• Predator-prey model.</li> <li>• Poincaré-Bendixson theorem.</li> <li>• Limit sets.</li> <li>• Periodic orbits.</li> <li>• Celestial mechanics.</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	The students can ask and examine qualitative questions about the solutions of ordinary differential equations, like e.g.: How long do mathematical solutions exist? Are there equilibrium states or periodic orbits? When are trajectories stable?		
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Morris W. Hirsch, Stephen Smale: Differential equations, dynamical systems, and linear algebra. Academic Press 1974.</li> <li>• Vladimir I. Arnold: Mathematical methods of classical mechanics. Springer 2010.</li> <li>• Carl Ludwig Siegel, Jürgen Moser: Lectures on celestial mechanics. Springer 1995.</li> </ul>		
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Frank Loose		

<b>Course Title:</b>	Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory
<b>Specialisation</b>	Analysis

<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German or English		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Measures, covering theorems, differentiation of measures, Hausdorff measures and densities.</li> <li>• Isodiametric inequality.</li> <li>• Rademacher's theorem and Whitney's embedding theorem.</li> <li>• Surface- and cosurface formula.</li> <li>• Countable rectifiable sets, rectifiable varifolds.</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	Students have familiarised themselves with an important mathematical field that combines analysis and geometry and whose concepts and methods can be successfully applied to various problems. They have familiarised themselves with the basic concepts, results and methods of geometric measure theory and can successfully apply these methods in further courses.		
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lawrence C. Evans, Ronald F. Gariepy: Measure theory and fine properties of functions. CRC Press 1992.</li> <li>• Herbert Federer: Geometric measure theory. Springer 1969.</li> <li>• Leon Simon: Lectures on geometric measure theory. Australian National University 1984.</li> </ul>		
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Reiner Schätzle		

<b>Course Title:</b>	Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Measure Theoretic Methods		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Analysis		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 150 h	Time in Class: 45 h	Self-Study: 105 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German or English		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS + Exercise class 1 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Measures, covering theorems, differentiation of measures, Hausdorff measures and densities.</li> <li>• Isodiametric inequality.</li> <li>• Rademacher's theorem and Whitney's embedding theorem.</li> </ul>		

<b>Special Objectives</b>	Students have familiarised themselves with an important mathematical field that combines analysis and geometry and whose concepts and methods can be successfully applied to various problems. They have familiarised themselves with the basic concepts, results and methods of geometric measure theory and can successfully apply these methods in further courses.
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lawrence C. Evans, Ronald F. Gariepy: Measure theory and fine properties of functions. CRC Press 1992.</li> <li>• Herbert Federer: Geometric measure theory. Springer 1969.</li> <li>• Leon Simon: Lectures on geometric measure theory. Australian National University 1984.</li> </ul>
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Reiner Schätzle

<b>Course Title:</b>	Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Varifolds		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Analysis		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 150 h	Time in Class: 45 h	Self-Study: 105 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German or English		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS + Exercise class 1 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Surface- and cosurface formula.</li> <li>• Countable rectifiable sets, rectifiable varifolds.</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	Students have familiarised themselves with an important mathematical field that combines analysis and geometry and whose concepts and methods can be successfully applied to various problems. They have familiarised themselves with basic concepts, results and methods of geometric measure theory and can successfully apply these methods in further courses.		
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lawrence C. Evans, Ronald F. Gariepy: Measure theory and fine properties of functions. CRC Press 1992.</li> <li>• Herbert Federer: Geometric measure theory. Springer 1969.</li> <li>• Leon Simon: Lectures on geometric measure theory. Australian National University 1984.</li> </ul>		
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Reiner Schätzle		

<b>Course Title:</b>	Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry
<b>Specialisation</b>	Algebra

<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Frequency</b>	regularly in Winter Semester		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rings and ideals.</li> <li>• Gröbner bases.</li> <li>• Localization.</li> <li>• Noetherian rings and modules.</li> <li>• Integral ring extensions.</li> <li>• Krull's principal ideal theorem and dimension theory.</li> <li>• Hilbert's Nullstellensatz and Noether normalisation.</li> <li>• Affine varieties, Zariski topology, morphisms.</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	The students have become familiar with the central concepts, results, and methods of commutative algebra and affine algebraic geometry. They have experienced the profound interplay between algebra and geometry through the example of affine varieties. Furthermore, the students understand how adopting a higher perspective - namely, abstracting the problem - enables the simultaneous treatment and resolution of seemingly unrelated questions.		
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Michael Francis Atiyah, Ian G. Macdonald: Introduction to commutative algebra. Addison Wesley 1969.</li> <li>• David A. Cox, John B. Little, Donal O'Shea: Ideals, varieties, and algorithms. Springer 2008.</li> <li>• David Eisenbud: Commutative algebra with a view toward algebraic geometry. Springer 1995.</li> <li>• Ernst Kunz: Einführung in die kommutative Algebra und algebraische Geometrie. Vieweg 1980.</li> <li>• Miles Reid: Undergraduate Commutative Algebra. Cambridge University Press 1997.</li> </ul>		
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Jürgen Hausen		

<b>Course Title:</b>	Introduction to Partial Differential Equations		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Analysis		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Frequency</b>	regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	English		

<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Harmonic functions.</li> <li>• Maximum principles.</li> <li>• Sobolev spaces.</li> <li>• <math>L^2</math> theory.</li> <li>• Important examples (Laplace equation, wave equation, heat equation).</li> <li>• Fundamental solutions (elliptic situation).</li> <li>• Weak solutions of elliptic equations.</li> </ul>
<b>Special Objectives</b>	The students got to know a central branch of analysis, whose terms and methods are fundamental for many fields, like numerics or stochastics. Also evolutionary equations, who have strong connections to geometry, are issue of the lecture. The students are acquainted with central terms, results and methods of linear partial differential equations and are able to use these methods in advanced courses.
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lawrence C. Evans: Partial differential equations. American Mathematical Society 2010.</li> <li>• David Gilbarg, Neil S. Trudinger: Elliptic partial differential equations of second order. Springer 2001.</li> <li>• Olga A. Ladyzenskaja, Vsevolod A. Solonnikov, Nina N. Uralceva: Linear and quasilinear equations of parabolic type. AMS 1968.</li> </ul>
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Gerhard Huisken, Reiner Schätzle

<b>Course Title:</b>	Introduction to Partial Differential Equations – Part 1		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Analysis		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 150 h	Time in Class: 45 h	Self-Study: 105 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German or English		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS + Exercise class 1 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Harmonic functions.</li> <li>• Maximum principles.</li> <li>• Sobolev spaces.</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	The students have familiarised themselves with the first basic features of a central area of analysis, the concepts and methods of which are fundamental for many other areas, such as numerics and stochastics. Students are familiar with the central concepts, results and methods of linear partial differential equations and can successfully apply these methods in the more advanced courses.		

<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Lawrence C. Evans: Partial differential equations. American Mathematical Society 2010.</li> <li>• David Gilbarg, Neil S. Trudinger: Elliptic partial differential equations of second order. Springer 2001.</li> <li>• Olga A. Ladyzenskaja, Vsevolod A. Solonnikov, Nina N. Uralceva: Linear and quasilinear equations of parabolic type. AMS 1968.</li> </ul>
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Gerhard Huisken, Reiner Schätzle

<b>Course Title:</b>	Elementary Number Theory		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Algebra		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 180 h	Time in Class: 60 h	Self-Study: 120 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Divisibility in the integers.</li> <li>• Prime numbers.</li> <li>• Congruences.</li> <li>• Quadratic residues.</li> <li>• Arithmetic functions.</li> <li>• Multiplicative functions.</li> <li>• Classical theorems.</li> <li>• Applications.</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	Students deepen their basic knowledge of integers and experience applying this knowledge to mathematical problems of various kinds.		
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Friedhelm Padberg: Elementare Zahlentheorie. Spektrum Akademischer Verlag 2001.</li> <li>• Stefan Mueller-Stach, J. Piontkowski: Elementare und algebraische Zahlentheorie. Vieweg 2006.</li> </ul>		
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Victor Batyrev, Thomas Markwig		

<b>Course Title:</b>	Functional Analysis
<b>Specialisation</b>	Analysis



<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Frequency</b>	regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German or English		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Normed spaces, Banach spaces, dual spaces.</li> <li>• Hahn-Banach theorem, uniform boundedness principle.</li> <li>• Closed graph theorem, open mapping theorem, Banach-Alaoglu theorem.</li> <li>• Compact operators, normal operators, spectral theorems.</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	The students are acquainted with the basic principles and techniques of the theory of infinite dimensional spaces and can apply them to problems in analysis and geometry. They understand the complexity of problems of spectral theory and can use its results for the solution of analytical problems.		
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Nicolas Bourbaki: Topological vector spaces. Springer 1987.</li> <li>• Adam Bowers, Nigel Dalton: An introductory course in functional analysis. Springer 2014.</li> <li>• Harro Heuser: Funktionalanalysis. Teubner 2006.</li> <li>• Markus Haase: Functional analysis. American Mathematical Society 2014.</li> <li>• Peter D. Lax: Functional analysis. Wiley 2002.</li> <li>• Gert Kjaergaard Pedersen: Analysis now. Springer 1995.</li> <li>• Walter Rudin: Functional analysis. McGraw-Hill 1991.</li> <li>• Dirk Werner: Funktionalanalysis. Springer 2011.</li> <li>• Kosaku Yosida: Functional analysis. Springer 1995.</li> <li>• Hans Wilhelm Alt: Lineare Funktionalanalysis. Springer 2012.</li> </ul>		
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Carla Cederbaum, Anton Deitmar, Gerhard Huisken, Reiner Schätzle		

<b>Course Title:</b>	Geometry		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Geometry		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Frequency</b>	regularly in Winter Semester		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		

<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Axiomatic foundation of planar geometry.</li> <li>• Euclidean and non-Euclidean geometry.</li> <li>• Parametrised curves and surfaces.</li> </ul>
<b>Special Objectives</b>	The students deepen their axiomatic way of thinking and are capable of giving correct proofs. They know the basic principles of geometry, are able to solve concrete problems and know the fundamental links between geometry and topology.
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Michele Audin: Geometry. Springer 2003.</li> <li>• Marcel Berger: Geometry Revealed: A Jacob's Ladder to Modern Higher Geometry. Springer 2010.</li> <li>• David A. Brannan, Matthew F. Esplen, Jeremy J. Gray: Geometry. Cambridge University Press 2012.</li> <li>• John Stillwell: The four pillars of geometry. Springer 2005.</li> </ul>
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Christoph Bohle, Carla Cederbaum, Hannah Markwig, Ivo Radloff

<b>Course Title:</b>	Geometry of Manifolds 1		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Geometry		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German or English		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Manifolds and submanifolds.</li> <li>• Vector fields and flows.</li> <li>• Metrics, foundations of Riemannian geometry.</li> <li>• Complex structures.</li> <li>• Theorem of Gauß-Bonnet on surfaces.</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	The students know and understand the fundamental concepts of real and complex differential geometry and the basic techniques for handling them. Especially they have deepened their understanding of differential and integral calculus and have exemplarily experienced how mathematical concepts are used in a natural way in geometry.		

<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sylvestre Gallot, Dominique Hulin, Jacques Lafontaine: Riemannian Geometry. Springer 2004.</li> <li>• John M. Lee: Introduction to Smooth Manifolds. Springer 2012.</li> <li>• Liviu I. Nicolaescu: Lectures On The Geometry Of Manifolds. World Scientific 1996.</li> <li>• Clifford Henry Taubes: Differential Geometry: Bundles, Connections, Metrics and Curvature. Oxford University Press 2011.</li> </ul>
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Christoph Bohle, Frank Loose

<b>Course Title:</b>	Geometry in Physics		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Mathematical Physics		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Frequency</b>	regularly in Winter Semester		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	English		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	The module provides an introduction to fundamental methods of differential geometry and their relevance for physics. Particular topics are manifolds, differential forms, Riemannian metrics and associated notions of curvature, Riemannian geometry of submanifolds, real vector bundles, and connections. Applications of these concepts in Physics are discussed.		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	Students obtain knowledge, understanding, and acquaintance with the use of the listed notions of differential geometry. They develop, in particular, a deeper understanding of differential and integral calculus and experience through examples how the mathematical notions are naturally applied within physical theories.		
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• John Lee: Introduction to smooth manifolds. Springer 2012.</li> <li>• John Lee: Riemannian manifolds: An introduction. Springer 1997.</li> <li>• Chris Isham: Modern differential geometry for physicists. World Scientific 1999.</li> <li>• Mikio Nakahara: Geometry, Topology and Physics. IOP Publishing 2003.</li> </ul>		
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Christoph Bohle, Carla Cederbaum, Stefan Teufel		

<b>Course Title:</b>	Foundations of Discrete Mathematics		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Stochastics		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h

<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Logic.</li> <li>• Sets, relations, functions.</li> <li>• Partial orders.</li> <li>• Combinatorics.</li> <li>• Number theory.</li> <li>• Graph theory.</li> <li>• Algorithms and formal languages.</li> <li>• Discrete optimization.</li> </ul>
<b>Special Objectives</b>	Students have learned how to use basic methods of discrete mathematics. They can analyze discrete structures and identify discrete structures in different contexts.
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ronald Graham, Donald Knuth, Oren Patashnik: Concrete Mathematics. Addison-Wesley 1994.</li> <li>• Kenneth H. Rosen: Discrete Mathematics and Its Application. McGraw-Hill 2019.</li> <li>• Ralph P. Grimaldi: Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics. Addison-Wesley 2004.</li> <li>• Norman L. Biggs: Discrete Mathematics. Oxford University Press 2002.</li> </ul>
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Martin Möhle, Martin Zerner, Elmar Teufl

<b>Course Title:</b>	Hyperbolic Geometry: Axiomatic, Reflection Geometric, Algebraic		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Geometry		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<p>Starting from a system of axioms for plane absolute geometry with the basic concepts of incidence and congruence, the associated Bachmann reflection geometry is developed. After the introduction of the hyperbolic axiom, this is continued with reflection-geometric end theory. A Euclidean field is created from the rotations around an end and the translations along a straight line, with the help of which the hyperbolic plane under consideration is described algebraically.</p>		

<b>Special Objectives</b>	The students have learnt to look at one and the same mathematical object (in this case absolute and hyperbolic planes) from completely different perspectives and to link them together. In particular, they have learnt about Bachmann's group-theoretically oriented reflection geometry, which rarely appears in the curriculum, and thus deepen their knowledge of groups. They also deepened their knowledge about the interweaving of geometry and algebra.
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Friedrich Bachmann: Aufbau der Geometrie aus dem Spiegelungsbegriff. Springer 1959.</li> <li>• Robin Hartshorne: Geometry: Euclid and beyond. Springer 2000.</li> <li>• Helmut Karzel, Kay Sörensen, Dirk Windelberg: Einführung in die Geometrie. Vandenhoeck und Ruprecht 1973.</li> </ul>
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Hermann Hähl, Hannah Markwig

<b>Course Title:</b>	Commutative Algebra		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Algebra		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Frequency</b>	regularly in Winter Semester		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German or English		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Rings and Ideals.</li> <li>• Localisation and local rings.</li> <li>• Noetherian and Artinian rings and modules.</li> <li>• Integral ring extensions and Cohen-Seidenberg theorems.</li> <li>• Krull's principal ideal theorem and dimension theory.</li> <li>• Primary decomposition.</li> <li>• Normality, regularity and discrete valuation rings.</li> <li>• Hilbert's Nullstellensatz and Noether normalisation.</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	The students are familiar with and understand the language and methods of commutative algebra, which are essential for studying the fields of algebra, geometry, and number theory. They recognise how adopting a higher perspective - namely, abstracting the problem - enables the simultaneous treatment and resolution of seemingly unrelated questions.		

<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Michael Francis Atiyah, Ian G. Macdonald: Introduction to commutative algebra. Addison Wesley 1969.</li> <li>• David A. Cox, John B. Little, Donal O'Shea: Ideals, varieties, and algorithms. Springer 2008.</li> <li>• David Eisenbud: Commutative algebra with a view toward algebraic geometry. Springer 1995.</li> <li>• Ernst Kunz: Einführung in die kommutative Algebra und algebraische Geometrie. Vieweg 1980.</li> <li>• Miles Reid: Undergraduate Commutative Algebra. Cambridge University Press 1997.</li> </ul>
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Victor Batyrev, Thomas Markwig

<b>Course Title:</b>	Convex Geometry		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Geometry		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German or English		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Cones, polytopes, polyhedra, fans, polyedral complexes.</li> <li>• Normal fans of polygons.</li> <li>• Triangulations, subdivisions, secondary fans, discriminants.</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	In the lecture the students learn basic terms, results and methods of convex geometry. They develop a deepened understanding for the concept of duality of mathematical objects on the example of polytopes and fans. Furthermore they enhance their geometric view and their spatial sense.		
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Günter M. Ziegler: Lectures on Polytopes. Springer 1998.</li> </ul>		
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Hannah Markwig		

<b>Course Title:</b>	Cryptography		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Algebra		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 150 h	Time in Class: 45 h	Self-Study: 105 h

<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German or English		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS + Exercise class 1 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Brief review of key concepts and results from algebra and number theory.</li> <li>• Historical ciphers and their cryptanalysis (Caesar, Vigenere, substitution); encryption schemes.</li> <li>• Diffie-Hellman protocol and fast exponentiation.</li> <li>• Discrete logarithms: Shanks' algorithm and Pollard's rho method.</li> <li>• RSA: correctness, security, and attacks.</li> <li>• Signature schemes.</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	<p>Students are familiar with the fundamental concepts and results of elementary number theory and algebra, as well as their application in cryptography. They can implement the methods covered in Python or SageMath in an exemplary manner and know what to pay attention to. Using classical ciphers, they understand typical strengths and weaknesses; they master the Diffie-Hellman protocol and are familiar with the man-in-the-middle attack. They can compute discrete logarithms in cyclic groups, understand the RSA scheme, and are able to interpret the recommendations of the Federal Office for Information Security (BSI). In various attack scenarios, they can identify weaknesses of RSA when the requisite conditions are not met. By engaging with numerous open problems in cryptography – whose solution approaches can, perhaps surprisingly, stem from very different areas of mathematics – students practise critical thinking. The exercises are central and support students in working independently and in a practice-oriented way, especially with CAS systems such as SageMath.</p>		
<b>Literature</b>	<p><b>Possible References :</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Jeffrey Hoffstein, Jill Pipher, Joseph H. Silverman: An introduction to mathematical cryptography. Springer 2008.</li> <li>• Christian Karpfinger, Hubert Kiechle: Kryptologie, Algebraische Methoden und Algorithmen, Vieweg 2010.</li> <li>• Dan Boneh, Victor Shoup: A Graduate Course in Applied Cryptography. 2023 (online Version: <a href="https://toc.cryptobook.us/">https://toc.cryptobook.us/</a>).</li> <li>• Jonathan Katz, Yehuda Lindell: Introduction to Modern Cryptography. Chapman and Hall/CRC 2020.</li> </ul>		
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Thomas Markwig		

<b>Course Title:</b>	Lie Groups		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Analysis		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German or English		

<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Manifolds and Lie groups,</li> <li>• Lie algebras and exponential map,</li> <li>• Covering spaces and classification of Lie groups by their Lie algebras,</li> <li>• Classical Lie groups,</li> <li>• Operations of Lie groups and homogeneous spaces.</li> </ul>
<b>Special Objectives</b>	Lie groups lie at the interface between geometry, algebra and analysis. They are suitable for describing the symmetries of geometric objects, but also algebraic equations or solutions of differential equations, in particular if these symmetries form a continuous set. The students learn from a prominent example how different disciplines of mathematics can work together very successfully and how a convincing formalism is developed that can precisely describe a variety of symmetry phenomena.
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Joachim Hilgert, Karl-Hermann Neeb: Liegruppen und Lie-Algebren. Vieweg 1991.</li> <li>• Gerhard P. Hochschild: The structure of Lie groups. Holden-Day 1965.</li> <li>• Frank W. Warner: Foundations of differentiable manifolds and Lie groups. Springer 1983.</li> </ul>
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Anton Deitmar, Frank Loose

<b>Course Title:</b>	Linear Control Theory		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Analysis		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 180 h	Time in Class: 60 h	Self-Study: 120 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	Mathematical methods are indispensable for the management and control of complex systems and processes. The underlying theory is not only fascinating due to its diverse applications, but also, in its abstract form, due to the clarity and elegance of its methods and results. In this lecture, finite-dimensional systems are dealt with first, for which a good knowledge of analysis and linear algebra is sufficient. The aims are Kalman's controllability criterion and the resulting criteria for stabilisability. If there is enough time, we will extend the theory to infinite-dimensional systems. In the exercise classes we will apply the theory to concrete examples.		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	Students have learnt basic methods of linear control theory. At the same time, they have experienced and understood the interaction of various theoretical concepts from linear algebra and analysis and their benefits for specific applications.		



<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Hans Wilhelm Knobloch, Huibert Kwakernaak: Lineare Kontrolltheorie. Springer 1985.</li> <li>• Jerzy Zabczyk: Mathematical Control Theory. Birkhäuser 1992.</li> <li>• Ruth F. Curtain, Hans Zwart: An Introduction to Infinite-Dimensional Systems Theory. Springer 1995.</li> </ul>		
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Rainer Nagel		

<b>Course Title:</b>	Non-Linear Optimisation		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Scientific Computing		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Frequency</b>	regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Finite-dimensional optimisation, gradient method with Armijo's rule, globalised Newton method.</li> <li>• Restricted optimisation, Farkas' lemma, tangent cone.</li> <li>• Abadie CQ, KKT conditions, Slater conditions.</li> <li>• Linear programme, duality, simplex method.</li> <li>• Penalty and barrier methods, interior point method.</li> <li>• Nonlinear programs, SQP methods, non-smooth optimisation.</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	Students master the basic principles and techniques of analysis and numerics of constrained optimisation problems.		
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Carl Geiger, Christian Kanzow: Theorie und Numerik restringierter Optimierungsaufgaben. Springer 2002.</li> </ul>		
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Andreas Prohl		

<b>Course Title:</b>	Topology		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Geometry		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 180 h	Time in Class: 60 h	Self-Study: 120 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		

<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Review of metric spaces: closed sets, environment, continuity, complete metric spaces, compactness in metric spaces metric spaces.</li> <li>• Set-theoretic topology: topological spaces, continuity convergence, compactness, separation axioms.</li> <li>• Spaces of continuous functions: Urysohn's lemma and applications, Stone-Cech compactification, the theorem of Stone-Weierstraß, notions of convergence in functions, compactness in spaces of functions.</li> <li>• Baire's spaces and application of Baire's theory: Baire's function classes, existence theorems.</li> <li>• Outlook on algebraic topology.</li> </ul>
<b>Special Objectives</b>	Students have familiarised themselves with the central concepts, results and methods of set-theoretical topology and have understood that this theory can be used to describe many phenomena in different areas of mathematics. In this way, they link their knowledge of very different areas of mathematics.
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Felix Hausdorff: Grundzüge der Mengenlehre. Von Veit &amp; Comp. 1914.</li> <li>• Boto von Querenburg: Mengentheoretische Topologie. Springer 2001.</li> <li>• Volker Runde: A Taste of Topology. Springer 2005.</li> </ul>
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Rainer Nagel

<b>Course Title:</b>	Calculus of Variations		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Analysis		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 150 h	Time in Class: 45 h	Self-Study: 105 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German or English		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 2 SWS + Exercise class 1 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Direct method of calculus of variations.</li> <li>• Euler-Lagrange equations.</li> <li>• Palais-Smale condition.</li> <li>• Mountain-Pass Lemma according to Ambrosetti-Rabinowitz.</li> </ul>		

<b>Special Objectives</b>	In the first part of the course, students have learnt the direct method of calculus of variations, which is primarily used to prove the existence of weak solutions of partial differential equations, but also has applications in e.g. differential geometry. They have also acquired the necessary basics from functional analysis and partial differential equations and can also use these in a different context, e.g. geometric analysis. In the second part of the course, students learnt about a so-called mountain-pass lemma. With its help, they can analyse non-uniqueness in the existence of solutions of partial differential equations.
<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Michael Struwe: Variational Methods, Springer 2008.</li> <li>• David Gilbarg, Neil S. Trudinger: Elliptic Partial Differential Equations of Second Order, Springer 1998.</li> <li>• Walter Rudin: Functional Analysis, Mc Graw Hill Education 1991.</li> </ul>
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Reiner Schätzle

<b>Course Title:</b>	Probability Theory		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Stochastics		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Frequency</b>	regularly in Winter Semester		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Characteristic functions and additions to the central limit theorem.</li> <li>• Conditional expectations and further measure-theoretic foundations.</li> <li>• Markov chains and martingales in discrete time, classification, asymptotic behaviour, stopping times, stationarity, ergodicity.</li> <li>• Introduction to processes in continuous time like Poisson processes and Brownian motion.</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	The students got to know the central terms results and methods of probability theory. They can model, analyse and interpret stochastic dependency structures of random quantities in a measure theoretically founded manner. The students are capable of naming and proving the central results of the lecture as well as assessing and explaining the presented connections.		

<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Heinz Bauer: Wahrscheinlichkeitstheorie und Grundzüge der Maßtheorie. De Gruyter 2010.</li> <li>• Richard Durrett: Probability, Theory and Examples. Cambridge University Press 2010.</li> <li>• Hans-Otto Georgii: Stochastik. De Gruyter 2009.</li> <li>• Jean Jacod, Philip E. Protter: Probability essentials. Springer 2004.</li> <li>• Olav Kallenberg. Foundations of Modern Probability. Springer 2002.</li> <li>• Achim Klenke: Wahrscheinlichkeitstheorie. Springer 2013.</li> <li>• David Meintrup, Stefan Schäffler: Stochastik. Springer 2005.</li> <li>• Albert N. Shiryaev: Probability-1. Springer 2016.</li> </ul>
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Martin Möhle, Martin Zerner

<b>Course Title:</b>	Number Theory and Cryptography		
<b>Specialisation</b>	Algebra		
<b>Workload - Time in Class - Self-Study</b>	Workload: 270 h	Time in Class: 90 h	Self-Study: 180 h
<b>Frequency</b>	not regularly		
<b>Language of Instruction</b>	German or English		
<b>Forms of Teaching and Learning</b>	Lecture 4 SWS + Exercise class 2 SWS		
<b>Content</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• RSA cryptosystem, primality tests, AKS algorithm.</li> <li>• Factorisation methods, number field sieve.</li> <li>• Quadratic reciprocity in cryptography.</li> <li>• Evaluation of the discrete logarithm.</li> <li>• Dynamical systems and Pollard's rho algorithm.</li> <li>• Elliptic curve cryptography.</li> <li>• Lattices and post-quantum cryptography.</li> <li>• Zero-knowledge proofs, digital signatures and hash functions.</li> </ul>		
<b>Special Objectives</b>	<p>The students know the basic concepts of elementary number theory and their applications in cryptography. They have deepened and extended their knowledge about neighbouring disciplines: They encounter methods of the theory of dynamical systems and become acquainted with elliptic curves over finite fields. They understand how fundamental cryptographic protocols are working. Through studying many open problems of cryptography, whose solutions may surprisingly come from most distinct branches of mathematics, the students learn to think critically.</p>		

<b>Literature</b>	<b>Possible References :</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Jeffrey Hoffstein, Jill Pipher, Joseph H. Silverman: An introduction to mathematical cryptography. Springer 2008.</li><li>• Stefan Müller-Stach, Jens Piontkowski: Elementare und algebraische Zahlentheorie. Vieweg+Teubner 2011.</li><li>• Joseph H. Silverman, John T. Tate: Rational points on elliptic curves. Springer 1992.</li><li>• Nigel Smart: Cryptography: An introduction. McGraw-Hill 2003. (online version: <a href="https://www.cs.bris.ac.uk/~nigel/Crypto_Book/">https://www.cs.bris.ac.uk/~nigel/Crypto_Book/</a>).</li><li>• Lawrence C. Washington: Elliptic curves: Number theory and cryptography. Chaman &amp; Hall/CRC 2008.</li></ul>
<b>Responsible Persons</b>	Elena Klimenko, Thomas Markwig

## 4.2 Approved Course Combinations — Linking horizontally

The pairs of courses listed below from the course catalogue in 4.1 can be combined in the module Linking of Mathematical Areas (MAT-30-03) in order to study introductory aspects of different but related topics, thus broadening the knowledge on a particular topic. Additional combinations can be approved upon written application to the head of the examination board.

- Algebraic Topology 1; Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry
- Algebraic Topology 1; Geometry
- Algebraic Topology 1; Geometry of Manifolds 1
- Algebraic Topology 1; Geometry in Physics
- Algebraic Topology 1; Hyperbolic Geometry: Axiomatic, Reflection Geometric, Algebraic
- Algebraic Topology 1; Commutative Algebra
- Algebraic Topology 1; Convex Geometry
- Algebraic Topology 1; Lie Groups
- Algebraic Topology 1; Topology
- Algorithms of Numerical Mathematics; Introduction to Mathematical Physics
- Algorithms of Numerical Mathematics; Functional Analysis
- Algorithms of Numerical Mathematics; Convex Geometry
- Algorithms of Numerical Mathematics; Non-Linear Optimisation
- Dynamical Systems; Introduction to Mathematical Physics
- Dynamical Systems; Introduction to Partial Differential Equations
- Dynamical Systems; Functional Analysis
- Dynamical Systems; Geometry of Manifolds 1
- Dynamical Systems; Geometry in Physics
- Dynamical Systems; Lie Groups
- Dynamical Systems; Topology
- Introduction to Dynamical Systems; Introduction to Mathematical Physics
- Introduction to Dynamical Systems; Introduction to Partial Differential Equations
- Introduction to Dynamical Systems; Introduction to Partial Differential Equations – Part 1
- Introduction to Dynamical Systems; Functional Analysis
- Introduction to Dynamical Systems; Geometry of Manifolds 1

- Introduction to Dynamical Systems; Geometry in Physics
- Introduction to Dynamical Systems; Lie Groups
- Introduction to Dynamical Systems; Operator Theory
- Introduction to Dynamical Systems; Topology
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory; Introduction to Mathematical Physics
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory; Introduction to Partial Differential Equations
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory; Functional Analysis
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory; Geometry of Manifolds 1
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory; Geometry in Physics
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory; Hyperbolic Geometry: Axiomatic, Reflection Geometric, Algebraic
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory; Lie Groups
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory; Topology
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory; Probability Theory
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Measure Theoretic Methods; Introduction to Mathematical Physics
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Measure Theoretic Methods; Introduction to Partial Differential Equations
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Measure Theoretic Methods; Functional Analysis
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Measure Theoretic Methods; Geometry of Manifolds 1
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Measure Theoretic Methods; Geometry in Physics
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Measure Theoretic Methods; Lie Groups
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Measure Theoretic Methods; Topology
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Measure Theoretic Methods; Probability Theory
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Varifolds; Introduction to Mathematical Physics
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Varifolds; Introduction to Partial Differential Equations
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Varifolds; Introduction to Partial Differential Equations – Part 1
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Varifolds; Functional Analysis

- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Varifolds; Geometry of Manifolds 1
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Varifolds; Geometry in Physics
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Varifolds; Lie Groups
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Varifolds; Operator Theory
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Varifolds; Topology
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Varifolds; Probability Theory
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Geometry
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Geometry of Manifolds 1
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Geometry in Physics
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Foundations of Discrete Mathematics
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Hyperbolic Geometry: Axiomatic, Reflection Geometric, Algebraic
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Combinatorics
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Convex Geometry
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Lie Groups
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Topology
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Number Theory and Cryptography
- Introduction to Mathematical Physics; Introduction to Partial Differential Equations
- Introduction to Mathematical Physics; Introduction to Partial Differential Equations – Part 1
- Introduction to Mathematical Physics; Functional Analysis
- Introduction to Mathematical Physics; Geometry of Manifolds 1
- Introduction to Mathematical Physics; Geometry in Physics
- Introduction to Mathematical Physics; Lie Groups
- Introduction to Mathematical Physics; Topology
- Introduction to Mathematical Physics; Probability Theory
- Introduction to Partial Differential Equations; Functional Analysis
- Introduction to Partial Differential Equations; Lie Groups
- Introduction to Partial Differential Equations; Topology
- Introduction to Partial Differential Equations – Part 1; Functional Analysis



- Introduction to Partial Differential Equations – Part 1; Lie Groups
- Introduction to Partial Differential Equations – Part 1; Operator Theory
- Introduction to Partial Differential Equations – Part 1; Topology
- Introduction to Mathematical Logic; Foundations of Discrete Mathematics
- Elementary Number Theory; Algebraic Number Theory
- Elementary Number Theory; Elliptic Functions and Elliptic Curves
- Elementary Number Theory; Foundations of Discrete Mathematics
- Functional Analysis; Geometry of Manifolds 1
- Functional Analysis; Geometry in Physics
- Functional Analysis; Lie Groups
- Functional Analysis; Topology
- Geometry; Geometry of Manifolds 1
- Geometry; Geometry in Physics
- Geometry; Foundations of Discrete Mathematics
- Geometry; Hyperbolic Geometry: Axiomatic, Reflection Geometric, Algebraic
- Geometry; Commutative Algebra
- Geometry; Convex Geometry
- Geometry; Lie Groups
- Geometry; Topology
- Geometry; Number Theory and Cryptography
- Geometry of Manifolds 1; Hyperbolic Geometry: Axiomatic, Reflection Geometric, Algebraic
- Geometry of Manifolds 1; Commutative Algebra
- Geometry of Manifolds 1; Convex Geometry
- Geometry of Manifolds 1; Lie Groups
- Geometry of Manifolds 1; Non-Linear Optimisation
- Geometry of Manifolds 1; Topology
- Geometry in Physics; Hyperbolic Geometry: Axiomatic, Reflection Geometric, Algebraic
- Geometry in Physics; Commutative Algebra
- Geometry in Physics; Convex Geometry

- Geometry in Physics; Lie Groups
- Geometry in Physics; Non-Linear Optimisation
- Geometry in Physics; Topology
- Foundations of Discrete Mathematics; Combinatorics
- Foundations of Discrete Mathematics; Commutative Algebra
- Foundations of Discrete Mathematics; Convex Geometry
- Foundations of Discrete Mathematics; Number Theory and Cryptography
- Hyperbolic Geometry: Axiomatic, Reflection Geometric, Algebraic; Convex Geometry
- Hyperbolic Geometry: Axiomatic, Reflection Geometric, Algebraic; Topology
- Combinatorics; Commutative Algebra
- Combinatorics; Convex Geometry
- Combinatorics; Non-Linear Optimisation
- Combinatorics; Probability Theory
- Commutative Algebra; Convex Geometry
- Commutative Algebra; Lie Groups
- Commutative Algebra; Number Theory and Cryptography
- Convex Geometry; Lie Groups
- Convex Geometry; Non-Linear Optimisation
- Convex Geometry; Topology
- Convex Geometry; Probability Theory
- Lie Groups; Topology

### 4.3 Approved Course Combinations — Linking in depth

The pairs of courses listed below from the course catalogue in 4.1 and from the module handbook of the Master of Science in Mathematics can be combined in the module Linking of Mathematical Areas (MAT-30-03) in order to deepen the knowledge on a topic beyond the introductory level. Additional combinations can be approved upon written application to the head of the examination board.

- Algebraic Topology 1; Algebraic topology 2
- Algebraic Topology 1; Graph Theory
- Algebraic Topology 1; Cohomology and sheaves

- Algebraic Number Theory; Elliptic Functions and Elliptic Curves
- Algorithms of Numerical Mathematics; Convex Analysis and Optimisation
- Algorithms of Numerical Mathematics; Ordinary Differential Equations - Analysis and Numerics
- Algorithms of Numerical Mathematics; Numerics of Stationary Differential Equations
- Dynamical Systems; Ordinary Differential Equations - Analysis and Numerics
- Dynamical Systems; Operator Theory
- Introduction to Dynamical Systems; Introduction to Integrable Systems (Classical Mechanics, Riemann Surfaces, and Spectral Theory)
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory; Geometric Measure Theory
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Measure Theoretic Methods; Geometric Measure Theory
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Algebraic Geometry
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Algebraic Geometry and Toric Varieties
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Algebraic Groups
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Algebraic Curves
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Elliptic Functions and Elliptic Curves
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Cohomology and sheaves
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Toric geometry
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Toric Varieties and Mori Dream Spaces
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Tropical Geometry
- Introduction to Mathematical Physics; Foundations of Quantum Mechanics
- Introduction to Mathematical Physics; Geometry of Manifolds 1
- Introduction to Mathematical Physics; Geometry in Physics
- Introduction to Mathematical Physics; Ordinary Differential Equations - Analysis and Numerics
- Introduction to Mathematical Physics; Operator Theory
- Introduction to Partial Differential Equations; The Ricci flow of Riemannian metrics
- Introduction to Partial Differential Equations; Geometric Variation Problems
- Introduction to Partial Differential Equations; Ordinary Differential Equations - Analysis and Numerics

- Introduction to Partial Differential Equations; Introduction to Integrable Systems (Classical Mechanics, Riemann Surfaces, and Spectral Theory)
- Introduction to Partial Differential Equations; Non-Linear Elliptic and Parabolic Partial Differential Equations
- Introduction to Partial Differential Equations; Operator Theory
- Introduction to Partial Differential Equations; Partial Differential Equations
- Elementary Number Theory; Introduction to Analytic Number Theory
- Functional Analysis; Introduction to Harmonic Analysis
- Functional Analysis; Ergodic Theory
- Functional Analysis; Ordinary Differential Equations - Analysis and Numerics
- Functional Analysis; Harmonic Analysis on Abelian Groups
- Functional Analysis; Control Theory
- Functional Analysis; Mathematical Quantum Theory
- Functional Analysis; Non-Commutative Ergodic Theory
- Functional Analysis; Operator Algebras
- Functional Analysis; Operator Theory
- Functional Analysis; Optimisation with Differential Equations
- Functional Analysis; Spectral theory of positive operators
- Geometry; Algebraic Geometry
- Geometry; Algebraic Geometry and Toric Varieties
- Geometry; Algebraic Curves
- Geometry; Elliptic Functions and Elliptic Curves
- Geometry; Graph Theory
- Geometry; Cohomology and sheaves
- Geometry; Toric geometry
- Geometry; Toric Varieties and Mori Dream Spaces
- Geometry; Tropical Geometry
- Geometry of Manifolds 1; Algebraic Geometry
- Geometry of Manifolds 1; The Ricci flow of Riemannian metrics
- Geometry of Manifolds 1; Foundations of Quantum Mechanics

- Geometry of Manifolds 1; Geometry of Manifolds 2
- Geometry of Manifolds 1; Introduction to Integrable Systems (Classical Mechanics, Riemann Surfaces, and Spectral Theory)
- Geometry of Manifolds 1; Cohomology and sheaves
- Geometry of Manifolds 1; Mathematical Relativity
- Geometry in Physics; Algebraic Geometry
- Geometry in Physics; The Ricci flow of Riemannian metrics
- Geometry in Physics; Foundations of Quantum Mechanics
- Geometry in Physics; Introduction to Integrable Systems (Classical Mechanics, Riemann Surfaces, and Spectral Theory)
- Geometry in Physics; Cohomology and sheaves
- Geometry in Physics; Mathematical Quantum Theory
- Geometry in Physics; Mathematical Relativity
- Geometry in Physics; Mathematical Statistical Physics
- Combinatorics; Graph Theory
- Commutative Algebra; Algebraic Geometry
- Commutative Algebra; Algebraic Geometry and Toric Varieties
- Commutative Algebra; Algebraic Groups
- Commutative Algebra; Algebraic Curves
- Commutative Algebra; Computer Algebra
- Commutative Algebra; Elliptic Functions and Elliptic Curves
- Commutative Algebra; Cohomology and sheaves
- Commutative Algebra; Toric geometry
- Commutative Algebra; Toric Varieties and Mori Dream Spaces
- Commutative Algebra; Tropical Geometry
- Convex Geometry; Algebraic Geometry
- Convex Geometry; Convex Analysis and Optimisation
- Convex Geometry; Elliptic Functions and Elliptic Curves
- Convex Geometry; Graph Theory
- Convex Geometry; Cohomology and sheaves

- Convex Geometry; Toric geometry
- Convex Geometry; Toric Varieties and Mori Dream Spaces
- Convex Geometry; Tropical Geometry
- Lie Groups; Elliptic Functions and Elliptic Curves
- Lie Groups; Groups and Representations
- Lie Groups; Cohomology and sheaves
- Linear Control Theory; Control Theory
- Non-Linear Optimisation; Convex Analysis and Optimisation
- Non-Linear Optimisation; Ordinary Differential Equations - Analysis and Numerics
- Topology; Elliptic Functions and Elliptic Curves
- Topology; Cohomology and sheaves
- Probability Theory; Graph Theory
- Probability Theory; Markov Chains and Applications
- Probability Theory; Mathematical Population Genetics
- Probability Theory; Mathematical Statistics
- Probability Theory; Numerics of Stochastic Differential Equations
- Probability Theory; Percolation Theory
- Probability Theory; Point Processes
- Probability Theory; Stochastic Differential Equations
- Probability Theory; Stochastic Processes
- Number Theory and Cryptography; Algebraic Geometry
- Number Theory and Cryptography; Algebraic Number Theory
- Number Theory and Cryptography; Introduction to Analytic Number Theory
- Number Theory and Cryptography; Elliptic Functions and Elliptic Curves

## 4.4 Excluded Course Combinations

The pairs of courses listed below from the course catalogue in 4.1 cannot be included simultaneously in modules of the Bachelor of Science in Mathematics programme due to significant content overlaps.

- Algebraic Geometry; Algebraic Geometry and Toric Varieties
- Algebraic Groups; Algebraic Transformation Groups

- Algebraic Topology 1; Dynamical Systems
- Representation Theory of Finite Groups; Groups and Representations
- Dynamical Systems; Introduction to Dynamical Systems
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory; Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Measure Theoretic Methods
- Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory; Introduction to Geometric Measure Theory – Varifolds
- Introduction to Commutative Algebra and Algebraic Geometry; Commutative Algebra
- Geometry of Manifolds 1; Geometry in Physics
- Geometric Measure Theory; Geometric Measure Theory – Flows
- Geometric Measure Theory; Geometric Measure Theory – Varifolds
- Number Theory and Cryptography; Elliptic Curves and Cryptography

## 5 Information on the Programmes Offered by Other Departments for the Elective Specialisation

In the section Elective Specialisation, modules can be taken from the range of a variety of degree programmes from other subject areas. The structure of the degree programme suggests that students should already take courses in the Elective Specialisation in the first semester. With the great freedom of choice that the study programme offers, it is not easy to get an overview of what is available. In the following, we would therefore like to provide an initial overview of the most frequently chosen subjects to show which modules are useful for entering the respective subject and are generally open to mathematics students. We will also indicate where further information can be found for the respective subjects. *We would also like to point out that the information is given without guarantee and that, in case of doubt, the information in the module handbooks of the respective study programmes always applies.*

### 5.1 Biology

In Biology, modules from the study programme B.Sc. Biology can be included. The provisions of the information sheet *Requirements for Minor Subject Students in Biology* apply. We list here the essential modules of the first two years of study:

Number	Module Title	Type of Course	ECTS	SWS	Rotation	Prerequis.
Bio101	Biomolecules of the Cell	L+E	6	4	WS	none
Bio115	Ethics	L+S	6	4	WS	none
Bio121	Structure and Function of Plants and Animals	L+E	6	4	WS	Bio101
Bio104	Botany	L+E	6	4	SS	Bio101+121
Bio122	Zoology	L+E	6	4	SS	Bio101+121
Bio111	Molecular Biology 1 (Cell Biology, Genetics)	L+E	9	6	WS	Bio101+121
Bio126	Molecular Biology 2 (Microbiology, Plant Physiology)	L+E	12	8	WS	Bio101+121
Bio125	Animal Physiology	L+E	9	6	WS+SS	Bio101+121
Bio127	Ecology and Biodiversity 1	L+E	9	6	SS	Bio101+121 +104+122
Bio128	Ecology and Biodiversity 2	L+E	9	6	SS	Bio101+121 +104+122



Further information can be found under the following links:

- Link to the module handbook:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/8520>
- Link to the information sheets:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/11717>
- Link to the Faculty Course Advisor:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/16190>

## 5.2 Biochemistry

In Biochemistry, only the sub-modules listed below from the B.Sc. Biochemistry study programme can be included. If you would like to take these modules, you should contact the Faculty Course Advisor for the Bachelor of Science Mathematics programme in advance. It is also necessary to register with the Faculty Course Advisor for the Bachelor of Science in Biochemistry, Dr Elisabeth Fuss, at least 6 weeks before the start of the course. Each semester, a maximum of 3 mathematics students can participate in the biochemistry programme.

Number	Module Title	Type of Course	ECTS	SWS	Rotation	Prerequis.
1	Biochemistry I (only lecture + exercises, not the practical course; grade by written exam)	L+E	8	6	WS	none
6	Biochemistry II (only lecture with seminar, not the practical course with seminar; grade by written exam)	L+S	7	3,5	SS	Biochemsitry I
8b	Biochemistry IV (complete module)	L+S	5	3,5	SS	Biochemistry I+II

Further information can be found under the following links:

- Link to the module handbook:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/45014>
- Link to the Faculty Course Advisor  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/45023>

## 5.3 Chemistry

In Chemistry, modules from the B.Sc. Chemistry study programme or the B.Sc. Physics in Chemistry study programme or the B.Sc. Molecular Medicine in Chemistry study programme can be included. The modules listed below are particularly suitable:

Number	Module Title	Type of Course	ECTS	SWS	Rotation	Prerequis.
AL	General Chemistry	L	5	4	WS	none
AC0020 + AC0021 + AC0022	General and Inorganic Chemistry for Scientists	L+Pr+T	6	3	WS	none
OC0100 + OC0005 + OC0101	Organic Chemistry for Scientists	L+Pr+T	6	3	WS	none
PC0260	Physicochemical basics for Biochemists, Biologists, Computer Scientists and Mathematicians	L+E	6	5	SS	none
PC0310 + PC2360 + PC2005	Physical Chemistry for Bioinformaticians, Trainee Teachers and Scientists	L+E	6	5	WS	none
PC1a	Physical Chemistry 1a	L+E	4	3	SS	none
PC1b	Physical Chemistry 1b	L+E	4	3	WS	PC1a
TC1	Theoretical Chemistry 1 (Quantum Mechanics)	L+E	3	3	SS	PC1a+PC1b
TC2	Theoretical Chemistry2 (Quantum Chemistry)	L+E	3	3	WS	TC1

Further information can be found under the following links:

- Link to the module handbooks:

<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/23121>

<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/3558>

[http://www.medizin.uni-tuebingen.de/Studierende/Molekulare+Medizin/Bachelorstudiengang+\\_Molekulare+Medizin\\_-port-10011-p-9414.html](http://www.medizin.uni-tuebingen.de/Studierende/Molekulare+Medizin/Bachelorstudiengang+_Molekulare+Medizin_-port-10011-p-9414.html)

- Link to the Faculty Course Advisor:

<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/139742>

## 5.4 Geography

In Geography, modules from the study programme B.Sc. Geography can be included. The modules listed below are suitable as an introduction to the subject:

Number	Module Title	Type of Course	ECTS	SWS	Rotation	Prerequis.
Geo 13	Fundamentals of Geography	L+E	6	4	WS	none

Further information can be found under the following links:

- Link to the module handbooks:

<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/83983>

- Link to the Faculty Course Advisor:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/84701>

## 5.5 Geosciences

In Geosciences, modules from the B.Sc. Geosciences study programme can be included; admission to further modules may be decided by the respective module coordinator.

Number	Module Title	Type of Course	ECTS	SWS	Rotation	Prerequis.
B104	Introduction to the Geosciences	L+E	6	6	WS	none
B106/B206	Minerals and Petrology	L+E+L	6	5	WS+SS	B104
B301	Hydrology and Water Chemistry	L+E	6	6	WS	none
B304	Palaeontology	L+E	6	6	WS	B104 + B203
B305	Geochemistry	L	6	6	WS	B104 + Chemistry
B401	Sediments and Stratigraphy	L+L+L+E	6	6	SS	B104
B408	Geophysics	L+E	6	6	SS	Physics

Further information can be found under the following links:

- Link to the module handbooks:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/96187>
- Link to the Faculty Course Advisor:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/84701>

## 5.6 Computer Science

In Computer Science, in addition to the module MAT-00-20 *Computer Science for Mathematicians*, modules from the study programmes B.Sc. Computer Science, B.Sc. Computer Science as a minor subject, B.Sc. Media Computer Science and the M.Sc. Computer Science programme can be included. The modules listed below are particularly suitable, although module INFM1110 cannot be taken together with the module MAT-00-20 *Computer Science for mathematicians*:

Number	Module Title	Type of Course	ECTS	SWS	Rotation	Prerequis.
MAT-00-20	Computer Science for Mathematicians (see page 88)	L+E	9	6	SS	none
INFM1110	Practical Computer Science 1: Declarative Programming	L+E	9	6	WS	none

Number	Module Title	Type of Course	ECTS	SWS	Rotation	Prerequis.
INFM1120	Practical Computer Science 2: Imperative and Object-orientated Programming	L+E	9	6	SS	none
INFM1310	Computer Engineering 1: Digital Technology	L+E	6	4	WS	none
INFM2310	Computer Engineering 2: Computer Science of Systems	L+E	9	6	SS	none
INFM2420	Theoretical Computer Science 1: Algorithms and Data Structures	L+E	9	6	WS	INFM1110, INFM1120
INFM2410	Theoretical computer science 2: Formal Languages, Computability and Complexity	L+E	9	6	SS	none
part of INFM2620	Logic (as a minor subject in the B.Sc. Computer Science study programme)	L	2	3	SS	INFM1110
MEINFM2101	Introduction to Media Studies	L+E	6	4	WS	none
MEINFM3164	User Experience	L+E	6	4	SS	none
MEINFM3171	Introduction to Internet Technologies	L+E	6	4	irregular	none
MEINFM3321	Fundamentals of Multimedia Technology	L+E	6	4	WS	none

Further information on the study programmes in Computer Science can be found under the following links:

- Link to the module handbook:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/74348>
- Link to the Faculty Course Advisor:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/74360>

## 5.7 Cognitive Science

The B.Sc. Cognitive Science study programme is an interdisciplinary study programme offered by the departments of Computer Science and Psychology. In addition to the modules from Computer Science and Psychology, the following modules can also be included, with INF1880 being a module from the B.Sc. Computer Science (for links see above under Computer Science):

Number	Module Title	Type of Course	ECTS	SWS	Rotation	Prerequis.
KOGM1210	Conceptual and Neurobiological Fundamentals of Cognitive Science	L+L	6	4	WS	none
KOGM2210	Experimental Cognitive Science	S	6	4	WS	KOGM1210 + KOGM1220
KOGM2220	Cognitive Architectures	L+E	6	4	SS	KOGM1220
KOGM3410	Computational Neuroscience	L+E	6	4	WS	none
KOGM2510	Linguistics (for Cognitive Scientists, only submodule)	L	6	4	WS	none
INFM1110	Practical Computer Science 1: Declarative Programming	L+E	9	6	WS	none
INFM1120	Practical Computer Science 2: Imperative and Object-oriented Programming	L+E	9	6	SS	INFM1110

Further information on the Cognitive Science study programme can be found under the following links:

- Link to the module handbook:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/74348>
- Link to the Faculty Course Advisor:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/74360>

## 5.8 Philosophy

In Philosophy, modules from the study programme B.A. Philosophy degree programme can be included. The module listed below is the introductory module to the study programme:

Number	Module Title	Type of Course	ECTS	SWS	Rotation	Prerequis.
PHI-BA-01	Introduction to Philosophy Part 1: Introduction to Formal Logic Part 2: Introduction to Philosophy	L+L/S	12	4	WS	none

Further information can be found under the following links:

- Link to the module handbook:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/128277>
- Link to the Faculty Course Advisor:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/196805>

## 5.9 Physics

In Physics, modules from the B.Sc. Physics study programme can be included. The modules listed below are particularly suitable:

Number	Module Title	Type of Course	ECTS	SWS	Rotation	Prerequis.
PGK1	Physics Basic Course 1 (Mechanics and Thermodynamics)	L+E	12	9	WS	none
PGK2	Physics Basic Course 2 (Electromagnetism)	L+E	12	9	SS	none
PGKAM	Physics Basic Course - Analytical Mechanics	L+E	6	6	WS	PGK1 + PGK2
PGKOP	Physics Basic Course - Optics	L+E	6	4	WS	PGK1 + PGK2
PP1	Physics Laboratory 1	Pr	6	-	WS/SS	PGK1
BMEPAAP	Astronomy and Astrophysics	L+E	6	6	SS	PGK1+2 + PGKAM + PGKOP
BMEPAML	Atoms, Molecules and Light	L+E	6	6	SS	PGK1+2 + PGKAM + PGKOP
BMEPKM	Condensed Matter	L+E	6	6	WS	PGK1+2 + PGKAM + PGKOP
BMEPKTP	Nuclear and Particle Physics	L+E	6	6	WS	PGK1+2 + PGKAM + PGKOP
BMEPPN	Physics of Nanostructures	L+E	6	6	SS	PGK1+2 + PGKAM + PGKOP
BMT PQM	Quantum Mechanics	L+E	12	7	SS	PGK1+2 + PGKAM + PGKOP
BMTPTDS	Thermodynamics and Statistics	L+E	6	6	WS	PGK1+2 + PGKAM + PGKOP
BMT PKFT	Classical Field Theory	L+E	6	6	SS	PGK1+2 + PGKAM + PGKOP

Further information can be found under the following links:

- Link to the module handbook:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/3558>

- Link to the Faculty Course Advisor:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/3541>

## 5.10 Psychology

In Psychology, modules from the Psychology study programme can be taken as a compulsory elective subject (*minor subject*). These are listed here and in the information sheet *Psychology for Students of Other Subjects* on the website of the Department of Psychology. The regulations listed in the information sheet *Psychology for Students of Other Subjects* apply. Information on the content of the lectures can also be found in the information sheet.

Module Title	Type of Course	ECTS	SWS	Rotation	Prerequis.
Introduction to Psychology II	V	3	2	WS	none
Introduction to Psychology III	V	3	2	SS	none
Introduction to Psychology IIII	V	3	2	WS	none
Introduction to Psychology IIV	V	3	2	SS	none

Further information can be found under the following links:

- Link to the information sheet:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/15980>
- Link to the Faculty Course Advisor:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/21976>

## 5.11 Business and Economics

In Economics, modules can be chosen from the range offered by the department for the minor subject of economics and business administration. The regulations of the *Study Programme Minor in Economics* published on the websites listed below apply, which contains a complete list of the modules offered as well as further regulations. It should be noted that the modules *S100 Mathematical Methods in Economics*, *S111 Probability and Risk* and *S220 Quantitative Methods of Methods of Economics* are **not** applicable.

Only the modules that are suitable for beginners are listed here, although it is generally recommended to start with one of the two modules L100 or B110.

Number	Module Title	Type of Course	ECTS	SWS	Rotation	Prerequis.
L100	Introduction to Business Administration for Students studying to become teachers and Minor Subject students	L+E	6	3	WS	none

Number	Module Title	Type of Course	ECTS	SWS	Rotation	Prerequis.
B110	Introduction to Business Administration	L+E	6	4	WS	none
B130	Internal Accounting	L+E	6	4	SS	none
B180	Technology of Operational Accounting	L+E	6	4	WS	none
E130	Macroeconomics	L+E	6	5	SS	none
E170	Microeconomics	L+E	9	5	SS	none

Further information can be found under the following links:

- Link to the module handbook and the curriculum for the minor in Economics:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/30991>
- Link to the Faculty Course Advisor:  
<https://uni-tuebingen.de/de/18032>