



Sona Systems

Experiment Management System

—

Master Documentation Set
22 December 2025

About This Manual

This manual covers usage of the system from a variety of perspectives: Participant (Student), Researcher/Principal Investigator, Instructor, and Administrator. The manual is broken out into sections based on the type of user. In cases where the administrator has access to features also available to the researcher/PI, the functionality is documented in the Researcher/PI section of the documentation. Only administrator-specific features are covered in the Administrator section of the documentation.

As a user of this software, you are granted the right to copy, modify, and distribute this documentation within your organization. You may not distribute it outside of your organization without prior written permission from Sona Systems, Ltd.

You are encouraged to modify this documentation to suit the needs of your organization. You will find that this documentation covers every feature of the software, while your organization may have chosen to disable certain features during your implementation. Your users may prefer to read documentation that covers the system exactly as they will experience it, as opposed to this documentation, which may cover features that may not be enabled for them.

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PARTICIPANT (STUDENT) DOCUMENTATION

Introduction

The Experiment Management System provides an easy method for you to sign up for studies, and tracks your progress throughout the term. Everything is done through the software's web-based interface, so you can access the system at any time, from any computer, using a standard web browser.

It should be noted that this documentation covers all features in the system, but your organization may have chosen to disable certain features. Do not be alarmed if the documentation covers options and features that are not visible on the system that you are using.

Getting Started

We hope that your interaction with the system will be minimal and hopefully as painless as possible. After you log in to the system, you can view a list of available studies and any restrictions, sign up for studies you are interested in, and track your progress throughout the semester. The system will also track when you receive credits for a study, which can be viewed online.

The system works best on any popular web browser that is less than 2 years old, such as Firefox, Safari, and Chrome. It will also work with other web browsers, and with older versions of web browsers noted above. However the layout may not be as clean. No functionality will be lost when using an older web browser. Additionally, the software will work with a screen reader or other assistive tools for those with disabilities.

This documentation assumes you have a basic knowledge of how to use the web. While using this system, it is not necessary to use the Back button. You can use the toolbar on the top of every screen to navigate the site.

Mobile App

There is also a free mobile app available for Apple (iOS) and Android. You may find it by searching for "Sona Mobile" in the Apple App Store or Google Play Store. The mobile app has all the same functionality as the web interface.

Single Sign-On (SSO)

In some cases, the system will be configured so you can log in through your organization's existing login process, known as single sign-on (SSO), instead of needing to remember a separate username and password to use this system. If that is the case, you will see an option on the front page of the system.

Requesting an Account

If you see a link on the front page of the site to request an account, then your organization has enabled the feature that allows you to request an account. Once you click the link, you will be required to provide some basic information. Depending on how the system you are using is configured, you may receive an email notification immediately with your login information, or you will receive the

notification only after the administrator has approved your account request. The email notification will include login instructions for the system. You may be assigned a default password, which you may be allowed to change after your first login. In many cases, you may also provide an alternate email address (after your first login) if you prefer to receive future notifications at a different email address. The email will come from the administrator's email address (typically listed on the request account page), so be sure to configure your junk mail filters to allow emails from that address.

The form is titled "ACCOUNT INFORMATION" in a dark red header. It contains several input fields: "First Name", "Last Name", "User ID" (with a placeholder "@yourschool.edu"), "User ID (re-enter for verification)" (with a placeholder "@yourschool.edu"), "Student ID Number", and "Telephone". Below these is a section for "Course(s)" with two columns: "Available Courses" and "Selected Courses". The "Available Courses" column contains a list of courses: "Hebrew Class", "Poter Course Spring 14", "Psych 100", "Sociology 2300", and "Summer 2014". A double-headed arrow points between the two columns. At the bottom is a large grey button labeled "Request Account".

ACCOUNT INFORMATION	
First Name	
Last Name	
User ID @yourschool.edu	
User ID (re-enter for verification) @yourschool.edu	
Student ID Number	
Telephone	
Course(s)	
Hebrew Class	
Poter Course Spring 14	
Psych 100	
Sociology 2300	
Summer 2014	
Available Courses	Selected Courses
Request Account	

Figure 1 - Requesting an Account

If your organization has not enabled this feature, then your organization will create an account on your behalf. You will receive this account information, via email.

If you did not receive your login information, please check your email program's junk mail folder before contacting the administrator. One of the most common reasons for not receiving login information is that an email program misclassified the email as junk mail.

If your system is configured with SSO, then you will log in through SSO first, then go to Request Account (if you do not already have an account) to provide additional information so you can complete the account creation process in the system.

If you already have an account of another role, like a researcher account, then using this feature will add the participant role to your existing account.

Logging In

Once you have your login information, go to the front page of the site and proceed to log in.

The screenshot shows the login page for the Royal University Department of Psychology Research Participation System. The page has a header with the university logo and the system name. Below the header, there is a login form on the left and an announcement box on the right. The login form includes fields for User ID (with a placeholder '@yourschool.edu') and Password, and a green 'Log In' button. The announcement box contains text about the system being open for the Spring term and a 'Request Account' button. At the bottom, there is a footer with contact information and copyright details.

ROYAL UNIVERSITY

Department of Psychology Research Participation System

RESEARCH PARTICIPATION SYSTEM

User ID
@yourschool.edu

Password

Log In

Announcement
Now open to students and researchers for the Spring term. Participation deadline is May 31, so be sure to sign up for all studies before then!

Request Account

Forgot Password?

Email questions to researchadministrator@yourschool.edu
Copyright © 1997-2014 Sona Systems Ltd.

Figure 2 - Login Page

Once you log in, you may be asked to review and acknowledge your organization's human participant and privacy policy for research. You will need to acknowledge this only once every 6 months. You may also be asked to participate in a prescreening. After you complete these tasks, you will see the Main Menu.

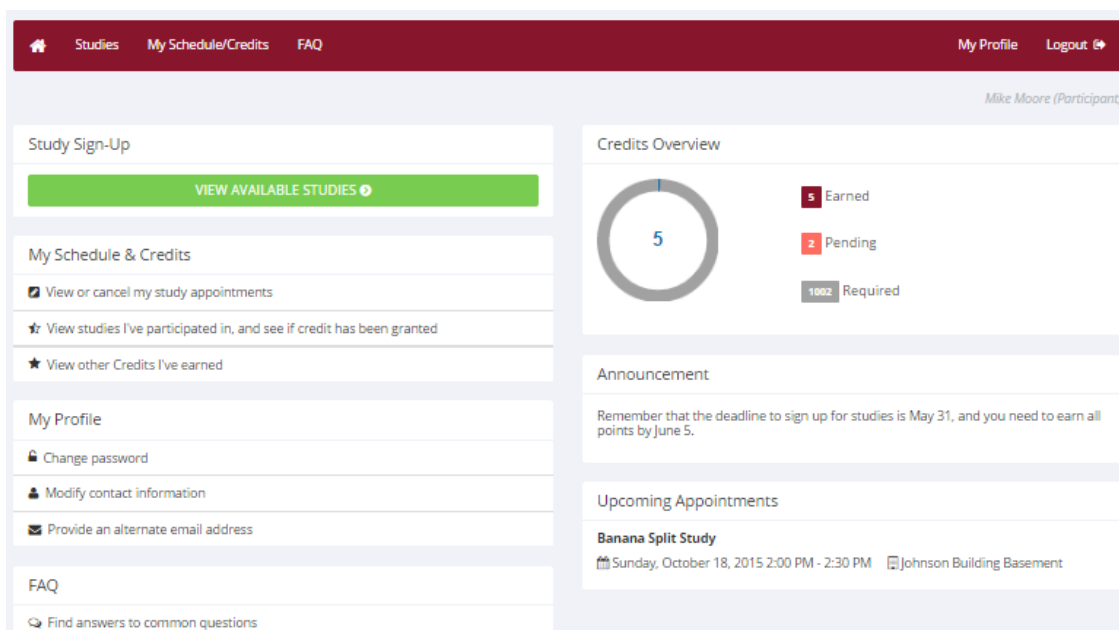


Figure 3 - Main Menu

Your login (also known as a session) will expire after a certain period of inactivity, which is usually around 20 minutes. The system will warn you a few minutes before the expiration. This is done for security purposes. If this happens, you can always log in again. Once you are done using the system, it is better to fully log out, to prevent any problems that may arise if someone uses your computer before the session expires. This is especially important if you are using a public computer in a lab.

Retrieving a Lost Password

If you forget or do not have your password, and the feature is enabled on the system you are using, then you may choose to reset your password. You will see an option on the front login page if this feature is enabled. Using this option, a link to reset your password will be emailed to you after you make the request. This link is valid for 24 hours. Once you click the link, a new password will be generated and emailed to you. If you have provided an alternate email address (see the Email Address Options section of this documentation), it will be sent there. Otherwise, it will be sent to your main email address, which is derived from your user ID. If you requested a password reset and no email from the system has arrived after 30 minutes, then check your email program's junk mail folder in case the email was delivered there. Typically, the email is sent within a few seconds of the request, but sometimes there can be a delay on behalf of some recipient email servers.

Logging Out

Once you are done using the system, choose Logout from the top toolbar on the right side to log out. You are now logged out. It is always a good security measure to close all of your browser windows, especially if you are using a computer that is shared by others.

Changing Your Password and Other Information

If you would like to change your password or other information about yourself, choose My Profile from the top toolbar. If you would like to change your password (and the option is enabled), type your new password (twice, for confirmation) in the provided boxes. If you do *not* want to change your password, simply leave these boxes empty.

If you change your password, please be sure to select a password that you do not use on any other systems or websites, following good computing practice.

My Profile	
You may use this page to change your password and update other information about yourself. All fields are required unless marked otherwise.	
Name	Mike Moore
User ID	mmore @yourschool.edu
Alternate Email Address	
Optional. If provided, all emails sent to you from the system will be sent to this address.	
(please enter twice for verification purposes)	
Change Password	Enter your current password, then your new password twice, to change your password. Otherwise, leave blank.
	Current Password
	New Password
	New Password (confirm)
Student ID Number	
Phone Number	708 134 8864
Update	

Credits	
Credits Earned:	5 Credits Required: 1000
Course(s)	Astrology 101 Sociology 2300 Change Courses
Prescreen Status	Completed

Figure 4 - Updating Your Profile

Email Address Options

There are certain events in the system that will cause an email notification to be sent to you. Most often, these are notifications that you have received credit for a study, or confirmation that you have signed up for a study. If Unique ID codes are *not* enabled (see Unique ID codes), your email address is also displayed to the researcher when they view who has signed up for their study, in the event they need to contact you.

You have two choices for your email address. When you update your profile, you will see a box where you may provide an alternate email address. If you provide such an address (this could be a Yahoo

account, for instance), this is the address where all notifications will be sent, as well as the address that will be displayed to researchers (if enabled).

If you do not provide an alternate email address, the system will derive your email address from your username. Typically, it will add your organization's Internet domain (if there is one) to the end of your user ID to form the address. For example, if your user ID is "jsmith" and your organization's Internet domain is "yourschool.edu" then the system would create the email address "jsmith@yourschool.edu".

In situations where the system is configured to enter an email address on this page, you will be asked to enter it twice, to ensure that it is typed correctly.

In some cases, depending on how the system is configured, you will be required to provide an email address (which will be listed as "Email Address" instead of "Alternate Email Address") and all emails sent to you will go to that address.

On some systems, the Alternate Email Address option is not available. In other cases, it is listed but you are not allowed to change it, in which case you should contact the administrator for assistance in changing it.

You may have the option to opt out of receiving certain emails, specifically study invitation emails and a weekly announcement of upcoming available studies.

Changing Courses

Depending on how the system is configured, you may see an option to change the courses you are in. If this is an option, then you will see a "Change Courses" option just below the list of courses you are in.

You may have the option to remove yourself from existing courses and add yourself to new courses, or you may only have the option to add yourself to new courses. If you remove yourself from a course, and had credits assigned to that course, the credits will *not* be reassigned to another course. You will receive a warning about this and be taken to a page where you can reassign those credits. You can go to My Schedule/Credits at any time to assign unassigned credits to a course.

Unique ID Codes

If enabled, the system will automatically assign a unique, numeric ID code to you. You should continue to use your normal login ID to log in to the system. The purpose of the numeric ID code is to identify you to researchers in a way that does not reveal your identity or compromise your privacy. If this feature is enabled, you will see this ID code when you go to view your profile, as well as, in email confirmations and reminders about your upcoming study sessions. You should bring this ID code with you when you go to studies or when communicating with researchers, as they will only know you by your ID code and not your name.

Studies

With the system, you may view studies, sign up for studies that are interesting to you, and be made aware of any special eligibility restrictions. You may also cancel your sign-up through the system.

You may see that some studies are online studies. You should read the details of these studies closely, but generally you may participate in them online, without having to go to a lab. It is presumed that you will participate in the study shortly after you sign up for it, though you have until the Participation Deadline Date to participate.

Viewing Studies

To view a list of studies, click on Studies from the top toolbar. You will see a list of studies. A brief description of each study will be listed, as well as any special requirements that may restrict your eligibility to participate in the study.

Currently Viewing: **All Studies**

View studies with available timeslots on : Thursday, November 6, 2014

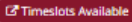
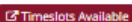
Available?	Study Information	Eligibility
	External Survey Monkey (4 Credits) (Online Study)	
	Managing Costs When Abroad (1 Credits)	Invitation code required.
	Memorable Events in Life (1 Credits) This study focuses on events that have affected your life since.	
	Mobile vs Landline Study (1 Credits)	Invitation code required. Must be 18 or older. Prior study restrictions
 Timeslots Available	Pronunciation of Words (1 Credits) Study of word pronunciation	Invitation code required.
	Climate effects on happiness (1 Credits) brief description of the study	eligible if you like As Prior study restrictions
	Math Problems (0.5 Credits) (Online Study)	
	External Study Limesurvey (1 Credits) (Online Study)	
	Historical Events (1 Credits) (Online Study)	Invitation code required.
 Timeslots Available	Banana Split Study (1 Credits)	

Figure 5 - Viewing Studies

Studies that currently have available participation times (timeslots) will have “TIMESLOTS AVAILABLE” listed next to the name of the study. If none of the studies have available timeslots, you may want to log on to the system a few days later to see if new timeslots have been added. You may also select a specific date to view studies with available timeslots on that date.

To view more information about a study, click on the name of the study.

Multi-Part Studies

Some studies have more than one part. You must sign up for all parts of the study at once, and the each part may need to be scheduled to take place a certain number of days apart from the previous part. These studies will be clearly marked, and the system will ensure you are only able to sign up for timeslots within the appropriate amount of time between each part.

In the case of multipart online studies, the time separation between parts is based on when you complete the previous part. When you are marked in the system as having completed one part of the study, you will receive an email with a link to the next part of the study, and that will also include information about when that next part will be available for participation. In addition, if the next part became available in the last 24 hours, and is still available, you will receive a reminder email about it at that time. You can also access the URL for the study in My Schedule.

Videoconference Studies

Some studies may be conducted over videoconference (Zoom, WebEx, etc.). Just as with standard lab studies, you sign up for a timeslot to participate at a specific date and time. In some cases, only some timeslots for a study will be conducted over videoconference and others will be taking place at a physical location. This will be clear when you view the location of a timeslot, as well as by the videoconference (camera) icon next to such timeslots.

You will receive the URL for the videoconference in the confirmation email that is sent right after you sign up for the study, as well as in the reminder email sent the day before your appointment. You can also find the URL by logging in to the system and going to My Schedule. The URL will become available 10 minutes before your appointment. Videoconference studies do not count towards any online credit limit that may be in place.

Online Survey Studies

Some studies may be online survey studies that are administered in the system. If you sign-up for one of these studies, you will be taken immediately to the survey. As soon as you complete the survey, you will receive credit.

You may withdraw from the survey at any time by clicking the Withdraw button on the top right corner of the screen. When you withdraw you have an option to withdraw without the chance to receive credit, or with the chance to receive credit. If you withdraw *without* the chance to receive credit, then your sign-up will be completely deleted from the system. This is useful if you have changed your mind about participating in the survey, but might like to participate in it again at a later time.

If you choose to withdraw with the option to receive credit, then your sign-up will be logged and the researcher will be notified of the withdrawal. However, you will not be granted credit immediately. The researcher may then choose to grant credit to you for your participation in the study. If this is done, you will not have the opportunity to participate in this study again (because you may not participate or receive credit for the same online survey study more than once). With this withdrawal option, you are not required to provide any explanation of why you are choosing to withdraw, but you may provide an

explanation if you like. This information will be sent to the researcher when they are notified of your withdrawal.

With either withdrawal option, all the survey responses you provided are permanently deleted at the time you withdraw.

Signing Up For Studies

To sign up to participate in a study find the study you would like to participate in (see Viewing Studies in this documentation) and click on the study name for more information. You will see a list of any special restrictions or eligibility requirements, as well as a contact person if you have questions about the study. If the study has a principal investigator listed, you can click their name to view full contact information. In most cases, it is preferred that you contact the individual listed as the researcher if you have specific questions.

Some restrictions are automatically enforced by the system. If the study has certain pre-requisites or disqualifiers (studies you must *not* have participated in to participate in this study), those may be listed, as well as a note about whether you meet those eligibility requirements. If you have signed up for a study with another study listed as a disqualifier study, then you will be prevented from signing up for the disqualifier study.

Study Information

Study Name	Banana Split Study
Study Type	 Standard (lab) study This is a standard lab study. To participate, sign up, and go to the specified location at the chosen time.
Credits	1 Credits
Duration	30 minutes
Description	Studying the ice creams.
Preparation	Get ready.
Website	View Study Website
Researcher	Hugo Finkelstein
Principal Investigator	Billy Falcon
Deadlines	Sign-Up: 24 hour(s) before the appointment Cancellation: 24 hour(s) before the appointment
	View Time Slots for This Study

Figure 6 - Study Information

The study may have other restrictions listed as Eligibility Requirements. An example of an eligibility requirement is “Left-handed people only.” If listed, the system does *not* enforce this restriction. However, you should only sign up for the study if you meet this restriction. If you sign up for the study and you do not meet the restrictions, you will likely not receive credit for the study and could face a penalty.

If the study is not an online study, then the sign-up and cancellation deadlines for the study will be listed. Those deadlines are based on the date of each timeslot.

If you are viewing a study that you have signed up for in the past and have already participated in, then you will not see the list of timeslots for the study.

Some studies require a special password (known as an Invitation Code) to sign up. In this case, it will be noted. The researcher should have given you this invitation code. It is *not* the same as the password you use to log in to the system. You will need to enter the invitation code just before you click the Sign Up button to sign up for a timeslot.

You may sign up for a timeslot only up until a certain time before that timeslot is scheduled to occur. The system will not show a Sign Up button for timeslots that are too late to sign up for. If you sign up for a timeslot and already have another sign-up in the system that conflicts with that appointment time, the system will warn you of the scheduling conflict, both on the confirmation page and after the sign-up is completed, though it will not prevent the sign-up.

September 2019						
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
25	26	27	28	29	30	31
01	02	03	04	05	06	07
08	09	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	01	02	03	04	05

Figure 7 - Study Timeslots

Once you have determined you meet all the requirements, click on View Timeslots for This Study and you will see a list of available timeslots. For lab studies, you can choose between a list view and monthly calendar view using the option in the top right corner of the page. Choose a timeslot that is convenient for you, and click Sign Up.

After you click Sign Up, you will see information displayed confirming the time and location of the study you plan to participate in, and you can then choose to complete your sign-up. You may receive an email confirmation as well, depending on how your system is configured. You are now signed up for the study. To cancel your sign-up, see Canceling a Sign-Up in this documentation.

Canceling a Sign-Up

If you need to cancel a timeslot you have signed up for, you can do this from the My Schedule and Credits page. Choose the My Schedule/Credits option from the top toolbar.

You will see all the studies you have signed up for, as well as those you have completed (see the Tracking Your Progress section of this documentation for more information).

Studies that you have signed up for and that you are allowed to cancel will have a Cancel button next to them. There is a time limit before the study is scheduled to occur, where it will be too late to cancel. This restriction may be listed at the bottom of the page, or can be found by clicking on the study name and viewing the study details, depending on how cancellation deadlines are configured in your system.

System Message: Are you sure you want to cancel this sign-up?

Cancel Study Signup

IMPORTANT: You may cancel a study sign-up up to 24 hours before the study is scheduled to occur. If you decide to cancel, you will receive an email confirmation of the cancellation, for your records.

Study Name	Banana Split Study
Date	October 18, 2015 2:00 PM - 2:30 PM
Location	Johnson Building Basement
Preparation	Get ready.
Researcher	Hugo Finkelstein Email: joseph@joseph-orr.com
Principal Investigator	Billy Falcon

Would you like to cancel this sign-up?

Yes, I want to cancel

No, I do not want to cancel

Figure 8 - Sign-Up Cancellation

Once you click Cancel to cancel your sign-up, you will see a confirmation page. You will also be warned if your cancellation might affect your ability to participate in other studies that you have signed up for, due to pre-requisites and restrictions. If the cancellation affects your ability to participate in another study you are signed up for, it is *your* responsibility to deal with this issue (usually by canceling the dependent study as well). The system will warn you, but will not block the cancellation.

Click Yes to cancel your sign-up, and the sign-up will be cancelled immediately.

If you cancel a part of a multi-part study, the subsequent parts (but *not* preceding parts) will also be cancelled. You will need to ask the researcher to sign you up for the other parts again, if you would like to participate in it at a later date.

Tracking Your Progress

You may track your progress at any time by choosing the My Schedule/Credits option from the top toolbar.

When you view this page, at the top, you will see at the list of the number of credits you are expected to earn in addition to how many you have already earned thus far, and the number of unexcused no-shows you have earned if you have them. You may also have an option to view how many credits you have earned for each course, and you may also see the credit requirements for each course next to

that. Below that, if you have signed up for any studies, those will be listed as well. In the list of studies you will also see information about your credit status.

Credits Credits Earned by Course

Overall Credits Earned: 5 Overall Credits Pending: 2 Overall Credits Requirements: 1002

Remember you have until May 20 to reassign your credits between courses.

Study Signups

Study	Time	Location	Credit Status	Course	Comments	Cancel?
Climate effects on happiness Credits: 1 Credits	June 4, 2014 11:00 AM - 11:30 AM	Greeves Hall 399	Failure to appear - unexcused (1 Credits penalty).	Astrology 101 Reassign		
External Survey Monkey Study Type: Online Study Credits: 4 Credits	October 30, 2014 9:00 AM	Online	4 Credits granted on September 9, 2014.	Astrology 101 Reassign		
The Psychic Canine Comparison	November 4, 2014 11:05 AM - 11:35 AM	Greeves Hall 399	Awaiting action from researcher	Astrology 101		

Figure 9 - Viewing Your Progress

If you failed to appear for a study, it is possible you were assessed a penalty. That will be displayed in your progress. The penalty (if assessed) will either increase the number of credits you must earn, or be deducted from your current credit earnings depending on how the system is configured. It is possible you might end up with a negative value for the number of credits you have earned. Next to each sign-up, you can also see any comments the researcher has left regarding the study and your credit for it. In cases where the study was set up for monetary compensation and not credits, your participation will be noted as “participated.” This is done to ensure your eligibility for any studies where the study you just completed is a pre-requisite study.

Non-study credit is also listed, when applicable. Non-study credit is usually granted for writing a paper, completing the prescreen, or some other special situation.

It is possible that older records of your participation are in the system, but not displayed. If that is the case, you’ll see an option to view your older sign-ups.

Saving Your Progress Report

If you would like to save a copy of the information for your records, use the Download option at the top right corner of the page. This will generate a digitally-signed and timestamped PDF that you can save to your computer.

Reassigning Credits

If you belong to multiple courses and the system is configured to allow it, you may reassign a credit from one course to another. To do this, simply use the Reassign link that appears when you view your progress. The link appears under the course entry for each item in your progress listing. You may not

split a credit between two courses. For example, assigning 2 credits of a 3-credit study to one course, and 1 credit from that study to a different course.

Online Prescreening

If enabled on your system, you may be asked to take an online prescreen before you use the system. Depending on how the prescreen is configured, you may have the option to opt out of the entire prescreen and/or individual questions. You should realize that declining to participate in the prescreen or certain questions may affect your eligibility for some studies, so participation is encouraged.

In some cases, you may earn credit for participating in the prescreen, and you may even earn credit if you decline to participate in the prescreen. If either case holds true, the system will inform you of this before you commence the prescreen.

The prescreen may consist of multiple sections. All questions are either multiple-choice or fill-in (free-entry) answer. At the end of the prescreen, you may have a chance to review and change any of your responses. After you save all of your responses, you may not participate in the prescreen again (unless the administrator has allowed this or deleted your existing responses), so answer all questions carefully.

Section Questions

Listed below are questions for this section of the prescreen. Please provide a response for every question. If you are given the option to decline to answer a question, then declining to answer is considered a response.

1.

What is your average household income in a year?

☐ \$... - \$15,000

☐ \$15,000 - \$25,000

☐ \$25,000 - \$35,000

☐ \$35,000 - \$45,000

☐ \$45,000 - \$...

☐ Check this box if you do not want to provide an answer for this question

2.

Please describe your average day.

☐ Check this box if you do not want to provide an answer for this question

Record Responses

Figure 10 - Prescreen Questions

Frequently Asked Questions

Immediately after I login and click on any menu option, I am taken back to the login page and I see a message that my authentication has expired. What does this mean?

Your web browser is not properly configured to accept cookies. You should turn on cookies in your web browser, try to use a different web browser (for example, switch to Firefox if you are currently using Chrome), or try to use a different computer. Detailed instructions can be found if you go to the site and

enter the URL “cookie_help.aspx” in place of “default.aspx” in the address bar of the browser, when you are on the front page of the site.

You can also try to use another computer. Usually the computers in university computer labs are configured correctly.

I participated in a study, but I have yet to receive credit. How do I receive credit?

The researcher must grant you credit. This is usually done shortly after your participation in the study. If it has been some time and you have still not received credit, contact the researcher.

Who can see the information about my sign-ups? I don't want everyone to know which studies I signed up for.

Only the researcher and principal investigator of the study may see that you have signed up for a study, along with the site administrator. No other users, including other researchers or your instructor can see this information.

How do I change the email address where email notifications from the system are sent?

Provide an Alternate Email address and notifications will be sent there. See the Email Address Options section of this documentation for more information. In some cases, this option may not be available.

I wrote a paper instead of participating in studies. How do I know I have completed my requirements?

View the My Schedule and Credits page and any non-study credit will also be listed there. See the Tracking Your Progress section of this documentation for more information.

I noticed that with some studies, I could sign up for them again even if I participated before, while others don't allow for this. Why is this?

Researchers can choose if their studies allow you to participate more than once. Not all studies allow you to participate more than once.

I attempted to sign up for a study, and I was prevented from doing so because the study I was trying to sign up for is a disqualifier for another study I am scheduled to participate in. Why is this?

If you have signed up for a study that has disqualifiers (studies you must *not* have participated in to participate in that study), you may not sign up for the studies that are listed as the disqualifier studies. You *are* allowed to sign up for the disqualifier studies if the disqualifier study will take place after the study with disqualifiers. You are also allowed to sign up if you have already participated in (and received credit for) the study with disqualifiers. The easiest way to sign up for both studies is to schedule the disqualifier study at a time later than the study with disqualifiers.

RESEARCHER/P.I. DOCUMENTATION

Introduction

The Experiment Management System is used for the scheduling and management of research participants and the studies they participate in. Participants, researchers, principal investigators, and instructors all use the system for their respective purposes. As a researcher, you can set up your studies in the system, schedule the sessions (timeslots) when participants may participate, and grant or revoke credit after the session. All of this is handled through a simple web-based interface that you can access at any time, from any popular web browser.

The system is highly configurable by the administrator, to enforce the rules for the research participant pool exactly as your organization desires. It should be noted that the documentation herein might refer to features that are not enabled on your system. Contact your local administrator, whose contact information appears at the bottom of every page on the system, for more information.

System Basics

In the system, you create studies. Each study may have a number of timeslots, which are the times you plan to run the study. Participants can sign up for the timeslots by viewing a list of studies and available timeslots. You can grant or revoke credit to participants after the session occurs.

Principal Investigator Special Note

This documentation applies to both researchers and principal investigators (P.I.s), when the administrator enables P.I. Support. A P.I. can perform all the same functions on a study as a researcher. This allows a P.I. to operate as an overseer and monitor the progress of their studies, as well as step in on behalf of the researcher when necessary. Because the privileges are the same, throughout this documentation the term “researcher” can be used interchangeably with “principal investigator” except where noted otherwise. If the P.I. feature is enabled, then all studies must have a P.I. specified. The main difference between a P.I. account and a researcher account is that researchers have the option to receive routine emails from the system about their study, for example, receiving a notification any time a participant signs up or cancels, while the P.I. has no such option.

Participant ID Codes

If enabled by the administrator, the system will identify participants to you only by a unique, system-assigned ID code, and not by their name or email address for privacy reasons. Participants are made aware of this, and they are reminded to bring this code along with them when participating in studies, since the researcher will not know them by name.

Getting Started

The system works best if you use any popular web browser that is less than 2 years old, like Firefox, Chrome, and Safari. It will work with other web browsers, and with older versions of the web browsers noted above, however the layout may not be as clean. No functionality will be lost by using an older web browser.

Ask your system administrator if you need help with installing or using a web browser. This documentation presumes that you have a basic knowledge of how to use the web. While using this system, it is not necessary to use the Back button. You can use the toolbar on the top of every screen to navigate the site.

Mobile App

There is also a free mobile app available for Apple (iOS) and Android. You may find it by searching for “Sona Mobile” in the Apple App Store or Google Play Store. For researchers and P.I.’s, the mobile app contains only a subset of functionality compared to the web version. For example, you cannot create a study on the mobile app, but you can still view timeslots and grant credit. There is also one feature unique to the mobile app – the ability to grant credit by scanning a QR code from the participant’s confirmation email.

Single Sign-On (SSO)

In some cases, the system will be configured so you can log in through your organization’s existing login process, known as single sign-on (SSO), instead of needing to remember a separate username and password to use this system. If that is the case, you will see an option on the front page of the system. Note that you will still require an account in the system to successfully log in to the system, even if you authenticate using SSO.

Logging In

Your administrator will provide you with a username and password to log in to the site (if SSO is not enabled), as well as the URL (web address). When you go to the front page of the site (the login page), you may see a link to request an account. This form is *only* for participants. Do not use this form to request an account, as participant accounts have an entirely different set of privileges, which are not appropriate for a researcher.

The screenshot shows the login page for the Royal University Department of Psychology Research Participation System. The header includes the Royal University logo and the system name. The main content area features a login form with fields for User ID and Password, a Log In button, and links for Request Account and Forgot Password. An announcement banner is also present.

ROYAL UNIVERSITY

Department of Psychology Research Participation System

RESEARCH PARTICIPATION SYSTEM

User ID
|@yourschool.edu

Password

Log In

Announcement
Now open to students and researchers for the Spring term. Participation deadline is May 31, so be sure to sign up for all studies before then!

Request Account

Forgot Password?

Email questions to researchadministrator@yourschool.edu
Copyright © 1997-2014 Sona Systems Ltd.
(9:15 AM)

Figure 11 - Login Page

Once you log in, you may be asked to review and acknowledge your organization's human participants/privacy policy. If required by the administrator, you will need to acknowledge this once every 6 months. You will see the Main Menu after you acknowledge the policy.

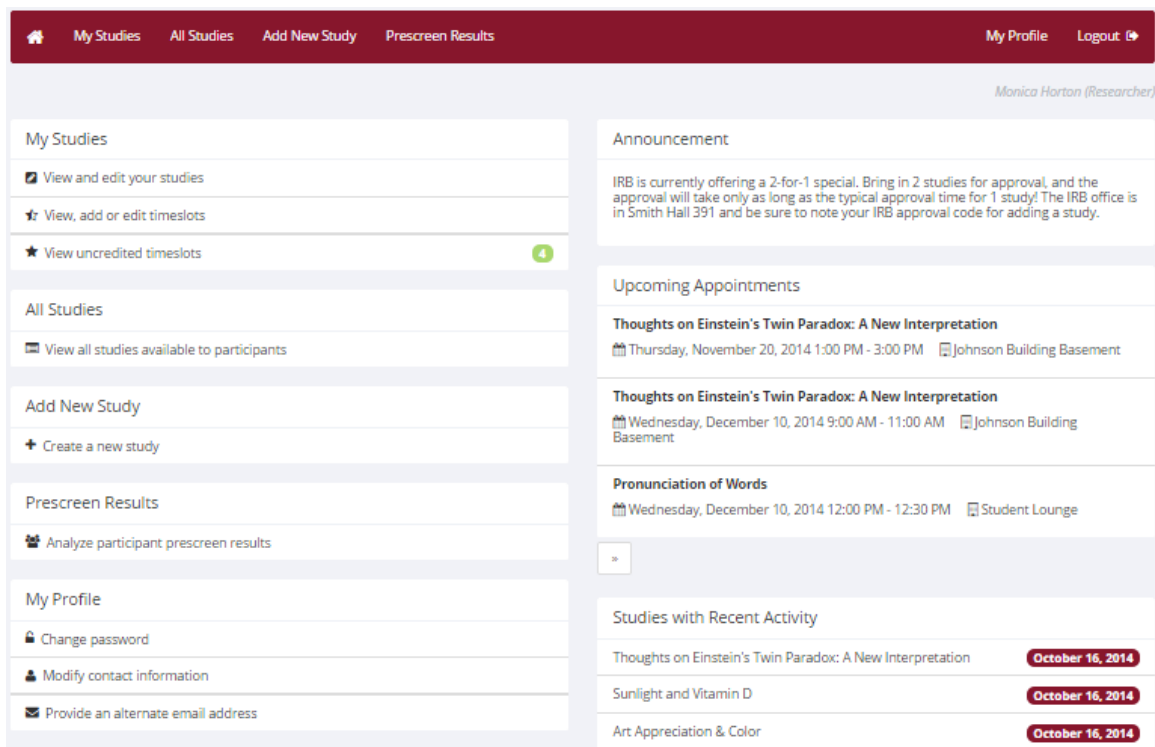


Figure 12 - Main Menu

Your login (also known as a session) will expire after a certain period of inactivity, which is usually about 20 minutes. The system will warn you a few minutes before the expiration. This is done for security purposes. If this happens, you can always log in again. Once you are done using the system, it is better to fully log out, to prevent any problems that may arise if someone uses your computer before the session expires.

Retrieving a Lost Password

If you forget or do not have your password, and the feature is enabled on the system you are using, then you may choose to reset your password. With this option, a link to reset your password will be emailed to you after you make the request. This link is valid for 24 hours. Once you click the link, a new password will be generated and emailed to you. If you have provided an alternate email address (see the Email Address Options section of this documentation), it will be sent there. Otherwise, it will be sent to your main email address, which is derived from your user ID. If you requested a password reset and no email from the system has arrived after 30 minutes, then check your email program's junk mail folder in case the email was delivered there. Typically, the email is sent within a few seconds of the request, but sometimes there can be a delay on behalf of some recipient email servers.

Logging Out

Once you are done using the system, choose Logout from the top toolbar on the right side to log out. You are now logged out. It is always a good security measure to close all of your browser windows, especially if you are using a computer that is shared by others.

Changing Your Password and Other Information

If you would like to change your password or other information about yourself, choose My Profile from the top toolbar. If you would like to change your password (and the option is enabled), type your new password (twice, for confirmation) in the provided boxes. If you do *not* want to change your password, simply leave these boxes empty.

If you change your password, please be sure to select a password that you do not use on any other systems or websites, following good computing practice.

My Profile	
You may use this page to change your password and update other information about yourself. All fields are required unless marked otherwise.	
Name	Monica Horton
User ID	mhorton@yourschool.edu
Alternate Email Address	
Optional. If provided, all emails sent to you from the system will be sent to this address.	
	(please enter twice for verification purposes)
Change Password	Enter your current password, then your new password twice, to change your password. Otherwise, leave blank.
	Current Password
	New Password
	New Password (confirm)
University ID Number (optional)	097896
Phone Number (optional)	o7767566
Office (optional)	Grey Building
Daily Reminder	☒ Yes
Should the system send a reminder of your upcoming studies the day before?	☐ No
Update	

Figure 13 - Updating Your Profile

It is recommended that you provide your phone number and office location, as this information will be made available to research participants who sign up for your studies. If you are a researcher, this contact information will be displayed to participants when they view information about the study. If you are a principal investigator, this contact information will be displayed if a participant explicitly chooses to view it (since the researcher is the primary point of contact for a study).

Researchers (but not PIs) may also choose to receive a daily reminder via email with information about all of their study sessions scheduled for the following day. If this is turned on, then a notification will also be sent about any past uncredited timeslots that are awaiting action.

Email Address Options

There are certain events in the system that will cause an email notification to be sent to you. Most often, these are notifications that a participant has signed up or cancelled their sign-up for your studies, but there are a few other cases where it may be used as well. The email address is also displayed to the participant when they view information about the study, in case they need to contact you with questions.

You have two choices for your email address. When you update your personal information, you will see a box where you may provide an alternate email address. If you provide such an address (this could be a Gmail account, for instance), this is the address where all notifications will be sent and will also be displayed to other users (including participants in your studies).

If you do not provide an alternate email address, the system will derive your email address from your username. Typically, it will add your organization's Internet domain (if there is one) to the end of your user ID to form the address. For example, if your user ID is "jsmith" and your organization's Internet domain is "yourschool.edu" then the system would save your email address as "jsmith@yourschool.edu".

In situations where the system is configured so you may enter an email address on this page, you will be asked to enter it twice, to ensure it is typed correctly.

In some cases, depending on how the system is configured, you will be required to provide an email address (which will be listed as "Email Address" instead of "Alternate Email Address") and all emails to you will go to that address.

Working with Studies

Most of your time on the system will be spent using the study-related features of the system. Be sure to read this section closely and in its entirety, as there are special features and situations you should be aware of.

Web-Based (Online) Studies

If enabled, you may set up studies that are web-based (online). These studies may be set up internally in the system (online internal survey study) or outside the system (online external study). The options will vary depending on how your system is configured.

There are a few things to note about web-based studies:

- Once you indicate to the system that the study is web-based, you will not be able to change it to where it is no longer web-based. However, you can copy the study and convert it to a lab study (if it was an online external study).
- Web-based studies are typically set up so that there is one timeslot. That timeslot contains the maximum number of participants you would like to participate, and the *last* date and time when they can participate (this is often at the end of the term). It is not recommended that you

set up multiple timeslots for web-based studies. Though the system will support it, it confuses participants. It is acceptable to have multiple timeslots, where only one study is active at a time. For example, one could have had a deadline date at the end of the previous semester (currently in the past), while the current timeslot has a deadline date at the end of the current semester (i.e., in the future).

- It is generally presumed that participants will participate in an online study shortly after they sign up. In this case, the system will expect you to grant credit to them soon after they sign up. If you are creating an online survey within the system, credit will be granted automatically, immediately after the participant completes the survey.
- In the case of an external web study, if you are using a survey product like Qualtrics, SurveyMonkey, LimeSurvey, SurveyGizmo, etc., then you may be able to set up credit granting, where it occurs automatically as soon as the participant completes the study. See External Study Credit Granting for more information.

Throughout the sign-up process, participants are notified that the study is online.

If the study is not administered by the system (online external study), then participants are not given the URL for the study website until they have signed up. This is to ensure they complete a sign-up in the system for the study. Participants can see the URL after sign-up, while the timeslot they signed up for is still in the future. Once the timeslot they have signed up for is in the past, they will no longer have access to the study URL. There is also an option when setting up the study where the URL will no longer be available as soon as the participant is marked as having participated in the study (regardless of the timeslot date). This restriction regarding viewing the study URL applies only to participants and to web-based studies administered outside the system. Online external studies are discussed in more detail in the section Online External Studies, later in this document. Also see Multi-Part Online Studies, as the behavior of when URLs are visible to participant is slightly different in that situation.

Online internal survey studies (surveys administered by the system) are discussed in great detail in the section Online Survey Studies, later in this document. Please read it carefully before setting up an online survey study.

Studies for Pay

In cases where participants are compensated for their participation in the study, you may set it up as a paid study and specify the compensation amount. The payment field is text, so you do not need to type in an exact amount, but can type in anything like “Amazon Gift Card”, or even indicate a variable payment based on performance.

If participants are compensated *and* they receive credit, you should set it up as a credit study and indicate additional compensation in the study’s information section.

Regardless of the type of study, after a participant participates in a study (including studies that are for pay only), you should still go into the system and indicate their participation by noting either their participation or no-show when viewing their sign-up. This allows the system to properly enforce

certain restrictions on the participant and their studies, such as pre-requisite and disqualifier study restrictions. It also ensures a proper record is kept in the system of their participation.

Videoconference Studies

If you would like to conduct your study over videoconference (Zoom, WebEx, etc.), set up the study as a standard in-person study. Videoconferences are set up at the timeslot-level and not study-level, and appear as an option when adding a timeslot for a standard study. For additional flexibility, you can set up some timeslots as videoconference and others as a typical in-person location.

When setting up a videoconference timeslot, you will need to supply the URL of the online meeting. You may use the same URL for multiple timeslots. We recommend configuring the videoconference (on the provider side) so that there is a “waiting room” and you can admit participants into the meeting. By using the waiting room feature, you can control who can enter the meeting, and it can also alleviate the need for a password. If you set up a password to join the meeting, be sure to provide it to participants either by email or in the study details.

Participants will have access to the URL 10 minutes before the appointment, and will continue to have access until the timeslot is finished. For example, if the timeslot is scheduled for 9:00 – 9:30, they will have access to the URL from 8:50 – 9:30.

Participants may access the URL from the following sources:

- In the confirmation email sent immediately after they sign up for the study.
- In the reminder email sent the day before their appointment.
- From the My Schedule page when they log in to the system.

The URL that participants receive is not a direct link to the videoconference URL, but instead a link to the system, which then runs some checks and sends the participant to the correct URL if it is now available for them, and otherwise they will receive a message stating when the videoconference will be available.

Multi-Part Lab Studies

You may create a multi-part lab study in the system, up to 4 parts. Often these are studies involving memory research, where the participant must return a specified number of days after the previous session. When creating a study, you may specify the day range for the each part of the study (e.g. 7 to 10 days after the previous part). Participants are required to sign up for all parts at the same time, to reduce the chance of forgetting to sign up for all parts. Each part of a multi-part study may have a different credit or payment value, and duration, but each part must be the same compensation type. All parts must be for credit or all parts must be for compensation. The system also supports multi-part online studies (see Multi-Part Online Studies). If you have a study where one part is in-person and the other part is online, you will need to set up two separate studies and link them using pre-requisites.

With multi-part lab studies, you may specify that each part of the study must be scheduled to take place at exactly the same time as the previous part, or at any time on the dates that are within the specified number of days after the previous part. You may also specify that the next part take place on the same day as the previous part, by setting the day separation to 0 days. In that case, the system will ensure the next part takes place on the same day, but after the previous part.

You should ensure that there are enough available timeslots for all parts of the study or participants will be prevented from signing up for the study. Participants may cancel any part of their sign-up if necessary. If they cancel the one part, all subsequent parts are automatically cancelled as well. If they cancel any part other than the first part, you will need to manually sign them up (if you are allowed to do so) to participate in the cancelled parts of the study at a later date. You may also ask the administrator to handle this.

If you grant a no-show for the one part of a multi-part study, the subsequent parts of that participant's sign-up will *not* be cancelled automatically. However, you will be reminded of the situation in case you would like to cancel the subsequent parts. The cancellation is *not* automatic as there are some situations where automatic cancellation is not desirable.

Multi-Part Lab Study Configuration Scenarios

Listed below are some common scenarios and how to configure them in the system. The example used below is for a two-part study for simplicity, but would apply just as well to studies with more parts.

Scenario	Configuration (Part 2)
Second part to take place a week later, at any time during that day.	Scheduling Range: 7 and 7 Scheduling Leniency: No
Second part to take place three days later, at exactly same the same time as part 1.	Scheduling Range: 3 and 3 Scheduling Leniency: Yes
Second part to take place one to two weeks later, at any time during the day.	Scheduling Range: 7 and 14 Scheduling Leniency: No
Second part to take place later on the same day as the first part.	Scheduling Range: 0 and 0 Scheduling Leniency: No

The system will enforce the configuration for the each part in terms of ensuring participants only sign up for timeslots that meet the multi-part study restrictions. As the researcher, you also have additional control in deciding which timeslots to create for each part of the study. You want to ensure that there are sufficient timeslots for each part. For example, if you have a two-part study set up so the second part must occur exactly one day after the first part, and you have set up the Part 1 timeslots on Monday, then ensure you have some Part 2 timeslots set up on Tuesday. Participants will have trouble signing up for the Monday timeslots for the first part because there is no corresponding timeslot for the second part to sign up for.

Multi-Part Online Studies

You may create a multi-part online study in the system, up to 4 parts. Often these are studies involving memory research, where the participant must participate a certain number of hours or days after the previous part.

There are a few constraints to be aware of when setting up this type of study:

- This feature is only supported with online external (web) studies, not the internal online survey feature.
- The Study URL for each part of the study must be unique, so the system is clear about which URL applies to which part of the study. For example, the URL for part 1 and part 2 can't point to the same Qualtrics URL. If you intend to ask the same questions in each part of the study, make a copy of the survey so each part has a unique URL.
- The time separation between each part is based on when the participant was granted credit (participation marked) for the previous part. For this reason, setting up the External Study Credit Granting feature is highly recommended since then the participation is marked automatically. When setting up this integration, be aware the crediting URL is also unique to each part of the study.
- When specifying time separation between each part of the study, it is based on hours and not days, but you may specify large numbers like 168 hours for a 7-day separation. You specify the number of hours after the previous was completed that the next part will become available, and for how many hours it will remain available. We recommend having it available for at least 12 hours, so participants have enough time to access the study.
- You may use different survey products for each part (e.g. Qualtrics for part 1, SurveyMonkey for part 2), or the same product for each part.
- When setting up timeslots, the timeslot for part 1 functions as the participation deadline for just that part, similar to with single-part online external studies, and it effectively functions as the deadline when participants can start the process of completing all parts of the study (though in practice they will all sign up a lot earlier). You also need to set up timeslots for the other parts of the study. For simplicity, you can set the timeslots for the other parts to be somewhat far in the future – the effective maximum date/time of participation will be based on when the participant completes the previous part, and the latest they can complete part 1 is based on the timeslot for part 1..

Participants are given access to the URL for each part of the study at the appropriate time. They are provided a URL that does not point directly to the Study URL, but instead to the system, which then redirects them to the correct URL after first checking it is OK to send them to that URL (based on the time separation between parts).

Participants receive a link to each part of the study in the confirmation email after they sign up for the study. They also receive an email with a link to the next part, as soon as they are given credit for the previous part, and that email details when the next part will be available. An email will also be sent the moment the next part become available. They also receive an email reminder if the next part became

available in the last 24 hours and is still available and they have not already participated. This reminder is sent daily when the usual study appointment reminders are sent. They can also log in to the system and go to My Schedule to access the URL.

When creating a study, you may specify the scheduling range for the each part of the study in hours (e.g. 72 hours after the previous part, and available for 24 hours). Participants are required to sign up for all parts at the same time, to reduce the chance of forgetting to sign up for all parts. Each part of a multi-part study may have a different credit or payment value, and duration, but each part must be the same compensation type. All parts must be for credit or all parts must be for compensation. If you have a study where one part is in-person and the other part is online, you will need to set up two separate studies and link them using pre-requisites.

You should ensure all parts of the study have a timeslot available, or participants will be prevented from signing up for the study. For online studies, since the timeslot date functions as a participation deadline, it’s often easiest to just set up a single timeslot *for each part* all with the same date, time, and capacity.

Participants may cancel any part of their sign-up if necessary. If they cancel the one part, all subsequent parts are automatically cancelled as well. If they cancel any part other than the first part, you will need to manually sign them up (if you are allowed to do so) to participate in the cancelled parts of the study at a later date. You may also ask the administrator to handle this.

If you grant a no-show for the one part of a multi-part study, the subsequent parts of that participant’s sign-up will *not* be cancelled automatically. However, you will be reminded of the situation in case you would like to cancel the subsequent parts. The cancellation is *not* automatic as there are some situations where automatic cancellation is not desirable.

Multi-Part Online Study Configuration Scenarios

Listed below are some common scenarios and how to configure them in the system. The example used below is for a two-part study for simplicity, but would apply just as well to studies with more parts.

Scenario	Scheduling Range Configuration (Part 2)
Second part to take place a week later, and be available for 24 hours.	Available After: 168 hours Available For: 24 hours
Second part to take place immediately after completing first part, and be available for 12 hours.	Available After: 0 hours Available For: 12 hours

Adding a Study

Some researchers choose to set up their studies in the system before they have received the proper approvals (usually from their IRB) to run the study. This is supported in the system. You can set up a

study but specify that it is not visible to participants (this is the Approved setting). That way, as soon as your approval is received, you can simply make the study visible and everything is already prepared. You can also post a study and make it visible immediately, if that is appropriate. Some systems will be configured in such a manner that only the administrator can approve the study, in which case you will need to contact the administrator to do so.

Study Information

Please enter information below about the study. The study name may not be the same as any other studies, to avoid confusion. All fields are required unless otherwise marked. Only the administrator may approve a new study so that it is visible to participants.

All studies must have a IRB approval code and expiration date specified. No timeslots may be posted after the expiration date. Only the administrator may change the expiration date.

If you are creating a simple study, you only need to complete the Basic Study Information section. More advanced options, including pre-requisites and email notification options are available in the other sections of the form.

Basic Study Information

Study Name

Brief Abstract
(Up to 255 characters, optional)

Detailed Description
(Up to 15,000 characters, optional)

Eligibility Requirements

None

Duration

30

Minutes

Credits
(Credits must be evenly divisible by 0.5)

1

Timeslot Usage Limit

Hours

20000(only the administrator may change this value)

Registration

Figure 14 - Adding a New Study

To add a study, choose the Add New Study option from the top toolbar. You will have the option to pick from four possible types of studies. You may need to specify if the study is for credit or payment. Please choose these options carefully as you will not be able to change them later.

After you choose the study type, you will see a form asking for more information. You will need to fill out a number of fields, which are explained in the following table. Some of the fields listed below may not appear depending on how your system is configured, and the type of study you selected. All fields in the Basic Study Information section must be filled out unless otherwise noted.

Basic Study Information	
Field	Explanation

Study Name	A short name for the study. This is how the study is identified throughout the system. Most systems are configured so studies show in a random order to participants (choose Your Studies on the toolbar and it will state at the bottom of the resulting page if they are displayed in random order), so there is no advantage in choosing a study name that might put it at the top of an alphabetical list. You should consult with your administrator if there is a naming convention to be followed when naming studies. Study names must be unique, and you will be prevented from adding a study if there is already another study in the system with the same name. A study name may be up to 100 characters in length.
Brief Abstract (this feature might be disabled on your system)	This is a short one or two line description of the study. This short description will be displayed to participants when they view the entire list of studies, so it may be beneficial to list the most pertinent details here. Studies configured for payment often have the compensation information included in this section, particularly if the payment varies based on certain outcomes. This field may be optional, and can be up to 255 characters in length.
Detailed Description (this feature might be disabled on your system)	This can be a more long-form description about the study, and it will show if a participants clicks on the study to get more information before they sign up. You may include basic HTML in this area (ask your IT department for help if you are unsure of how to do this). This field may be optional, and can be up to 15,000 characters in length.
Eligibility Requirements	If there are any restrictions on who may or may not participate (for instance, only those who are left-handed), list them here. Otherwise, leave the field as-is. If you list any restrictions, these will be displayed on the list of studies when participants view a list of all available studies. Note the system does <i>not</i> enforce these restrictions, but it is expected that a participant will only sign up for a study in which they are qualified, as they would otherwise fail to receive credit. In most cases, you

	will leave this field as-is and set prescreen participation restrictions instead (those are enforced automatically), which you can do after you add the study. This field may be up to 245 characters in length.
Duration	The amount of time, in minutes, that each study session will take. If you are setting up a multi-part study, then there will be the option to specify the duration for each part of the study. For online studies, this should be an estimate of how long participants can expect the study to take, so that they can plan accordingly.
Credits (applies to credit studies only)	Enter the number of credits a participant will earn for the study. A value of 0 is acceptable and may be desired in cases where the study is part of a set of studies, and only the final study is credit-earning. The credit value specified must be evenly divisible by the credit increment specified. For example, if the increment is 0.5, then the study can have credit values like 1 and 1.5, but not 0.75. If you are setting up a multi-part study, there will be options to enter credit values for each part of the study. The system will compute the total credit value of the study automatically. After a study has sign-ups, you may not change the credit value of the study. However, the administrator can still change the credit value of a study with pending sign-ups. If this is done, be sure to notify participants with pending sign-ups of the change, as the system will not notify them automatically. A study may not be changed between a study for credit and for payment, after it has been created.
Payment (applies to paid studies only)	Enter the compensation for the study. This is a text field, so any text may be entered like “Amazon Gift Card” or “Up to \$20” and so on. Please see the

	Studies for Pay section of this documentation for more information on how to fill out this field in the case of paid studies. If you are setting up a multi-part study, there will be options to enter compensation values for each part of the study, as well as a total compensation value. You can change the payment text at any time. If this is done, be sure to notify participants with pending sign-ups of the change, as the system will not notify them automatically. This field may be up to 30 characters in length. A study may not be changed between a study for credit and for payment, after it has been created.
Timeslot Usage Limit	Depending on how your system is configured, you may see an item that specifies the maximum number of study session hours available to this study. The administrator sets this value, and is the only one who can change it. To determine the current session usage for a study, go to the Add A Timeslot page for the study, or to the Timeslot Usage Summary.
Preparation	Enter any advanced preparation a participant must do here (e.g. "do not eat 2 hours before session"). If there are no preparation requirements, leave this field blank.
Researcher(s)	Select the researcher for this study. Most likely, this is you, and your name will automatically be selected. If you are a researcher, you may not remove yourself as the researcher (the P.I. for the study, as well as the administrator can change the researcher). Depending on how your system is configured, you may be able to specify multiple researchers for a study. If you specify multiple researchers, each researcher has full control over the study.

	The selection box lists only users who are researchers.
Principal Investigator (this feature might be disabled on your system)	Select the Principal Investigator for this study. The person you select will have full access to the study. If you see this option, then you must select a P.I. The selection box lists only users who are principal investigators.
IRB Approval Code	Enter the IRB approval code here. This field is displayed to the administrator to help them keep track of studies. Depending on how your system is configured, this field may be required. If it is required, then only the administrator can change the IRB approval code once it has been entered.
IRB Approval Expiration Date	The date when the IRB approval expires. This field may <i>not</i> appear, depending on how your system is configured. If it <i>does</i> appear, you must provide a valid expiration date. The system will prevent you from adding new timeslots to take place after this date, and your study will become inactive (not approved and thus not visible to participants) after this date. You may not make a study active if the IRB approval has expired. Only the administrator can change the IRB approval expiration date once it has been entered. This is the reason why it defaults to blank to force you to choose a date. You may specify a date up to 10 years in the future.
Approved?	Select Yes if this study should show up on the list of studies that participants might sign up for. Ensure you have received the necessary approvals to run the study before choosing Yes. A study must be Approved and Active to show up on the list of studies that participants may sign up for. If you select No, the study will not be visible to participants.

	Some systems are configured in a way that only the administrator can approve a study. If that is the case, you should request approval when you are ready to make the study visible to participants (a form is provided on the page to do so). As a researcher, you can always make an approved study invisible to participants (by making it not approved), but you may need the administrator to make it visible again. In addition, if you change key items about the study, specifically the name or descriptions, the study will automatically be made invisible to participants until the administrator reapproves it (depending on how your system is configured). The reason for this is that many IRBs approve very specific language for study names and descriptions, so the administrator needs to ensure the study is in proper compliance.
Email Approval Notice? (Visible to administrators only)	This Yes/No option will appear if the administrator is adding or updating the study that is not already approved. If they select Yes to Email Approval Notice <i>and</i> they approve the study (set Approved to Yes) at the same time, then an email will be sent to all researchers for the study, notifying them that their study was just approved.
Active Study?	Select Yes if this study is in progress. You must select Yes and the study must be Approved if you want the study to be available for participants to sign up for. If a study is Not Approved but <i>is</i> Active, then it does not show up to participants on the listing of studies, but it is accessible through other links if the participant has participated in it before and are viewing their participation history (in case the participant has follow-up questions about the study). It will also show up on the study information page (for an individual study) where it is listed as a pre-requisite or disqualifier for a study.

	The reason to select No is if the study is being kept for historical purposes, but should not show up on the list of studies participants can sign up for. Often, this is done so the system can enforce pre-requisites where the inactive study is a pre-requisite for an active study.
Advanced Settings	
Field	Explanation
Pre-Requisites (this feature might be disabled on your system)	If there are studies a participant must participate in before participating in your study, choose them here. You may select multiple studies. You may specify that participants must have participated in <i>at least one</i>, if not <i>all</i> of the studies specified. The system will handle enforcement of the pre-requisites in a strict or lenient fashion, depending on how your system is configured. In strict enforcement mode, the participant must have <i>received credit for</i> (participated in) the pre-requisite studies. In lenient enforcement mode, the participant must only be <i>scheduled</i> to participate in the pre-requisite studies (it is presumed that they will go on to complete the pre-requisite studies). You can ask your administrator how this is configured, if it is of concern. If your system is in lenient enforcement mode and a participant cancels a necessary pre-requisite for your study (they are warned of this), and your study is configured so that the researcher will receive notifications of cancellations or sign-ups, then the researcher will receive notification of the pre-requisite problem and can contact the participant if necessary. Depending on how your system is configured (Pre-Requisite/Disqualifier Display setting), participants may or may not see which studies you have

	specified as pre-requisites when they view your study.
Disqualifiers (this feature might be disabled on your system)	If there are any studies that a participant must <i>not</i> have participated in, please select them here. You may select multiple studies. The system will handle enforcements of the restriction during the sign-up process. If a participant has signed up for, or participated in, at least one of the studies specified as a disqualifier, then they will not be eligible to sign up for your study. Depending on how your system is configured (Pre-Requisite/Disqualifier Display setting), participants may or may not see which studies you have specified as disqualifiers when they view your study.
Course Restrictions (this feature might be disabled on your system)	If you would only like participants enrolled in certain courses to participate in your study, select the eligible courses here. Participants who are not in at least one of the courses you selected will not see the study when they view the list of available studies. You may choose No Restrictions if you would like to make the study available to participants in any course. There is a limit to how many courses can be listed as course restrictions for a study, and the limit is somewhere between 180 and 250 courses. The limit is varied depending on a few factors, and the system will simply not save the course restrictions for any courses that would take it over the limit. Note that course restrictions do not function as a disqualifier but rather as a qualifier. For example, if a participant is in both Course A and Course B, and the study is restricted to only those in Course A, the participant is eligible because they are in Course A, despite the fact Course B is not listed as a course restriction. In addition, using the same example above, the participant may assign the credit from the study to any of their courses,

	including those courses not listed in the course restriction (Course B in this example). Course Restrictions function solely to qualify participants for a study, and not to restrict their ability to assign credits to courses.
Age Restrictions (this feature might be disabled on your system)	If you would like to limit to participants within a certain age range, you can specify it here, and participants who do not qualify will not see the study at all. For lab studies, the age restriction is enforced based on the date of the timeslot. For example, if a study has a minimum age limit of 18, and a participant is currently 17 but will turn 18 next week, the system will allow them to sign up for any timeslots that will take place after they have turned 18. For web studies, the age restriction is enforced based on their age at the time they sign up for the study. You may enter age restrictions up to two decimal points, for example 18.25 to 21.99. You may enter values as low as 0.01, for research with babies. For the maximum age limit, keep in mind that if you do not specify any values after the decimal point (for example, entering in just 29), then the system will interpret this as 29.00. What this means is that a participant who turned 29 three few months ago would be ineligible to participate because their age is now 29.25. If you want to include all 29 year olds, you can set the maximum age limit to 29.99.
Invitation Code (this feature might be disabled on your system)	If you would like to have a special sign-up password for this study, enter it here. This is known as an invitation code and applies just for this study. Participants must know the invitation code to sign up for this study. This is often used in cases where the researcher wants to personally select

	participants, so the researcher only provides the invitation code to the desired participants. Invitation codes are <i>not</i> case sensitive, and are in no way connected to any passwords users use to log in to the system. If you do not need an invitation code, leave this field blank.
Is this a web-based study? (This feature might be disabled on your system)	This will list if the study is an online study, and the type of online study. This setting cannot be changed after a study is created.
Should participants be identified only by a unique, random ID code?	If enabled, then researchers will not see participant names, but instead an ID code to identify them. This setting only applies for online studies, and only if ID codes aren't already enabled system-wide by the administrator. For external web studies, this setting is useful primarily in conjunction with placing %SURVEY_CODE% in the Study URL. Once this setting is enabled (to show ID codes), it cannot be changed back to showing names again, even if you remove %SURVEY_CODE% from the Study URL.
Study URL	The URL (web address, usually starting with https://) for your study. This is only required for web-based studies administered outside the system. If you are setting up a web-based study outside the system and would like the system to pass a unique identifier in the URL so that you may easily identify participants and even have the system grant credit automatically, add the text %SURVEY_CODE% in the URL where you would like the identifier to be placed. This feature is most commonly used with online survey products like Qualtrics, SurveyMonkey, LimeSurvey, and similar products. This is discussed in further detail in the Web-Based (Online) Studies section of this documentation.

	If you are setting up a multi-part online study, you will need to specify the URL for <i>each</i> part of the study, and the URLs should be unique.
Study URL Display (single-part external web studies only)	If set to Yes, then participants may still access the Study URL even after they have been marked as having participated in the study. If set to No, the URL will not be available to them. In all cases for external web studies, the URL will not be displayed until they have signed up for the study. Regardless of this setting, the URL will not be displayed after the timeslot is in the past.
Participant Sign-Up Deadline (this feature might be disabled on your system)	Enter the deadline date (before the study is scheduled to occur) that is the last possible date a participant may be allowed to sign up, in whole hours.
Should the Researcher receive an email notification when a participant signs up or cancels?	If set to Yes, the researcher for this study will receive an email notification whenever a participant signs up or cancels their sign-up for this study. The email notification will be sent to an email address based on the information the researcher has provided. See the Email Address Options section of this documentation for more information on how the email address is determined. Emails will contain the first 50 characters of the study name as part of the subject line in order to make it easier to sort the emails within an email program. If set to Yes, researchers will also receive a notification if the system is in lenient pre-requisite enforcement mode; and a participant cancels a study that was a pre-requisite for the current study. Read the section on Pre-Requisites in this table for more information about this situation. Emails are sent to all researchers specified for the study, unless a specific researcher is assigned to the timeslot that the email notification is being

	sent about. See Timeslots Linked to Specific Researchers for more information. Emails are also sent in the case of a manual sign-up or cancellation (when the researcher and not participant performs the action).
Researchers at Timeslot-Level	If set to Yes, it will be possible (but not required) to assign a specific researcher from the list of researchers for the study to a specific timeslot. If set to No, then it is presumed that all researchers assigned to the study are responsible for all timeslots. See Timeslots Linked to a Specific Researcher for more information. This option only appears if the system is configured to allow multiple researchers per study.
Automatic Credit Granting	If set to Yes, timeslots that are more than a specified number of hours old and still in the Awaiting Action state will be changed to a credit grant. The check for timeslots in this situation is made only once per day. If an automatic credit grant is done, you may still change it later if necessary. For online external web studies, the credit grant will take place (the specified number of hours) after the timeslot (participation deadline) has occurred (as opposed to being based on when the participant signed up. This feature is generally not useful in this situation (use External Study Credit Granting instead). The option will not appear for online survey studies (within the system) because credit granting generally occurs automatically, immediately after the participant completes the survey.
Can a participant sign up for this study more than once? (This feature might be disabled on your system)	If you would like to allow participants to sign up (and receive credit) for your study more than once (at different times), choose Yes. Otherwise, choose No.

	If No is chosen, participants may only sign up for the study more than once if they had previously failed to show up for the study (a no-show).
Shared Comments	This is an optional area where you may enter any comments or notes about the study. These are visible to any researchers and PIs in the system, but not to participants. This field is useful if you want to make the technique used in the study visible to other researchers, so they can set your study as a disqualifier if necessary. This field can be up to 1,000 characters in length.
Private Comments	This is an optional area where you may enter any comments or notes about the study. These are only visible to the researchers (and PI) for this study. These are not visible to participants or to other researchers or PIs in the system. This field can be up to 1,000 characters in length.
Research Alternative?	If set to Yes, then this study is considered a research alternative study. Only an administrator may change this value (the default is No). For various reasons, some participants (whose accounts are Limited) may be restricted from participating in regular studies (typically, for accruing too many unexcused no-shows or being unable to consent), meaning that they can only sign up for research alternative studies. Participants whose accounts are not Limited may sign up for this type of study also, assuming they otherwise qualify.
Multi-Part Study Settings (only applies if you select Multi-Part Standard Study or Multi-Part Online External Study on the Select Study Type page)	
Field	Explanation
Total Payment (paid studies only)	Enter the amount of total compensation for the study, typically the sum of the payment values for each part. The system cannot compute this automatically since it is possible to enter non-

	numeric values (e.g., “Amazon Gift Card”) in the other payment fields.
Part X Scheduling Range	For multi-part standard studies: Specify the number of days (as a range) after the previous part is scheduled, that this part should be scheduled. The range may be the same value (e.g. “between 7 and 7 days”) if desired, but must be a whole number. See Multi-Part Lab Studies for more information. For multi-part online studies: Specify the number of hours after the participant receives credit (participation is marked) that this part will become available, and for how many hours it will remain available. The value can be a large number like 168 hours for 1 week, but it must be a whole number. See Multi-Part Online Studies for more information.
Part X Scheduling Leniency (multi-part standard studies only)	In some cases, you may want to ensure that the participant schedules the next part of the study to take place at exactly the same time (on a different date) as the previous part. If so, choose Yes for this option. If there is some flexibility to sign up any time within the Part X Scheduling range, choose No for this option.

Once you have filled out the appropriate information, save it and the system will be updated immediately with the information. If you would like to add participation restrictions based on prescreen responses, you can do so when you update the study (see Prescreen Participation Restrictions). Otherwise, your next step is to add timeslots (sessions). See the Working with Timeslots section of this documentation for more information.

If you need to update this study, see the Updating a Study section of this documentation.

Requesting Study Approval

If your system is configured so that an administrator (or the P.I., in some cases) must approve your study before it is visible to participants, you can request approval by click on Send Request in the Study

Status section when viewing your study. You will have the option to upload a file (5mb maximum) and also include a message in your request.

Updating a Study

You may update any of your studies at any time. To do so, choose My Studies from the top toolbar and you will see a list of your studies. Click on the desired study, and choose the Change Study Information link.

You will see a form similar to the one you used to add the study. A few options may no longer be editable depending on the status of the study (e.g., if participants have already signed up for it). The fields shown are all the same as when you added the study. See the Adding a Study section of this documentation for an explanation of those fields.

The changes you make will take effect immediately after they are saved. When changes are made, if administrator re-approval is required before a study is made visible to participants, then you should contact the administrator to request re-approval once you have made all your changes. Changing the following fields may require a re-approval: study name, brief abstract, detailed description, eligibility requirements (the text field, not specific restrictions like prescreen restrictions, study pre-requisites/disqualifiers, or course restrictions), duration, preparation and credit value (for credit studies only). There will be a notice on the Change Study Information to warn if re-approval may be required. The system will also notify you after making changes if the study is now in need of re-approval. If re-approval is required and you are ready to request such approval, you may use the option to send such a request via the system, which is the same function you would have used to request initial study approval.

If you need to change the credit value for a study and there is no option to do so, this means the study already has at least one participant signed up for it. You cannot change the credit value when a study is in this situation because there is no way to handle past credits for the same study (e.g. should old credit grants for the same study be adjusted to reflect the new credit value or be kept the same?). If the study is nearing the end of its run and variable credit granting is enabled, then the easiest solution is to grant the new credit value to participants who sign up in the future. If you prefer that the credit value be changed for the entire study, contact the administrator who can make that change for you. Note that if the study's credit value is changed while there are pending sign-ups, those participants are *not* notified of this change. You will need to notify those participants of the change in credit value if necessary.

Deleting a Study

You may delete a study only if there are no pending sign-ups (awaiting action) or active (non-zero) credits linked to it. If you need to delete a study that already has pending sign-ups or active credit grants, a better option may be to make it Inactive if you do not want it to be visible to participants.

If you want to delete a study that has sign-ups and are unable to do so, please contact the administrator. The administrator can delete a study with sign-ups, but only if the sign-ups are all without credit values (this usually occurs when study participation history from a previous semester

was retained, but credits were zeroed out). If the study has sign-ups where the sign-ups have (non-zero) credit values linked to them, then the administrator cannot delete the study until all those credit grants are changed to a 0 value (or the participants for the sign-ups are deleted). This restriction is to ensure that the credit count for participants and where they have earned credits is accurate. This also means that the studies that contributed to their credit earnings must be kept intact.

Figure 15- Deleting a Study

To delete a study, choose My Studies from the top toolbar and click on the desired study. Then choose the Delete Study option. You will see a confirmation page. Choose Yes (at the bottom of the page) to delete the study.

Once a study is deleted it cannot be restored, so use this feature very carefully. If you delete an online survey study, the survey and all data collected will also be deleted.

Advertising Your Study

Sometimes it may be useful to advertise your study on social media channels or by other methods outside the system. Go to Study Information and copy the Direct Study Link URL. Participants who go to that link will be taken directly to your study after they log in, assuming they are qualified for the study. If they are not qualified, they will be taken to the participant dashboard as usual.

The Direct Study Link URL is also displayed on Invite Qualified Participants for your convenience.

Timeslot Usage Summary

When viewing your study, the timeslot usage summary will be available. This gives some basic information about timeslot utilization in the past and in the future, as well as some basic no-show information. It also gives information on timeslots for the study by location (if the study is not an online survey study or external web study) and by researcher (if the study is configured to allow researchers to be assigned to specific timeslots).

For credit studies, the system also provides a summary of how many credits were granted. This summary accurately computes credit usage, taking into account any variable credit grants (if Variable Credit Granting is enabled in System Settings). This summary is useful in cases where some participants may have received credit in a different amount than the study's listed credit value.

If timeslot usage limits are enabled, the system will provide an estimate of how many timeslots can be added. Note that if the study is a multi-part study, it will estimate based on allocating the entire limit to the each part (estimates for each part are provided). However in practice, it's more likely a researcher will want to add timeslots to all parts of the study. This should be taken into account when viewing these estimates, especially if each part of a multipart study has a different duration.

Download Participant List

The download participant list feature allows you to download or easily print a list of all participants for the study, including when they signed up for the study. You can restrict this list based on date range of the timeslots, and also on participation status.

If Participant Date of Birth Requirement is enabled in your system, so that the system collects date of birth from participants, then their age will be included to the nearest tenth decimal place (e.g. 20.2 years old). For lab studies, the age is computed based on their age on the date of the timeslot. For web studies, age is computed based on the current date (the date you run this report). Administrators who run this report will see full date of birth (not just age) for each participant. Date of birth is excluded from the data researchers receive to reduce the risk of identity theft.

The download also contains the date a participant signed up for the study, and in the case of external web studies and videoconference studies, it also shows the date they first clicked the link to participate in the study online. If credit or no-show was marked by a user, that will show up in the grantor field, otherwise it will be blank (for example, if it was an automated credit grant using external survey credit granting integration).

Bulk Mail Summary

The system tracks whenever any type of bulk email is sent (by a user) related to the study. This includes inviting qualified participants based on the study's prescreen participation restrictions, or contacting those who have already signed up for the study. This information is kept for 6 months and is tracked to ensure that all users follow the generally accepted Internet practices for responsible use of email. The administrator also has access to this information.

Prescreen Participation Restrictions

If enabled on your system, the system might contain an online prescreen that participants may (or must, depending on your system configuration) complete. You may place participation restrictions on your study based on prescreen responses. Participants are unaware that such restrictions are placed on the study. These restrictions are never listed to them. If they do not qualify to participate in a study because they do not meet the prescreen participation restrictions, then the study will not be shown to

them. This is important to note – participants never know why a study was or was not shown to them, because they are unaware of the prescreen restrictions.

You may restrict a study on any question or questions on the prescreen that allowed for a multiple-choice answer where only one choice could be selected. You may also restrict a study based on a computed section sum or average score for a participant, if the prescreen was set up in such a manner. You may restrict to one choice or many choices for any question. If you restrict on multiple questions, it is the same as a logical “AND.” For example, if you setup the prescreen restrictions so that participants must have answered “Yes” to the question “Do you wear glasses?” question and “Blue” or “Grey” to “What color are your eyes”, then they must meet *both* requirements to participate. In other words, only participants who wear glasses and have either blue or grey eyes are eligible.

There is no support for a logical “OR” restriction across multiple questions. The restrictions are inclusive, meaning that if you select a choice as a restriction, participants must have answered at least one of the choices selected for each question that is part of the restriction in order to see and participate in the study. This is as opposed to being exclusive where checking the choice as a restriction would exclude them from participation.

Participation restrictions may be placed on a study based on a participant's prescreen responses. Participants will be unaware that the study has such restrictions placed on it. They will see only the studies for which they qualify, and none of the studies for which they do not qualify.

If you would like to determine how many participants meet a set of criteria, you may want to run a prescreen qualification analysis.

Prescreen Qualification Analysis

Prescreen questions that may be used as part of a study participation restriction must be multiple-choice questions (where only one choice may be selected), so only eligible questions are listed below. In addition, the prescreen may have been configured such that a sum or average score was computed for an entire section (for each participant). Those will also be listed if there are any.

If a participant signs up for this study, there will be an option to view that participant's entire set of responses to the prescreen. Listed below are all questions that are eligible for participation restrictions. Check the items that you would like to based the study's restrictions upon, and on the subsequent page there will be the option to define these restrictions down to specific responses for each question.

Section 1

Listed below are questions for this section of the prescreen. Please provide a response for every question. If you are given the option to decline to answer a question, then declining to answer is considered a response.

- ☒ **(Do you wear gla)**
Do you wear glasses?
- ☐ **(When writing, w)**
When writing, which hand do you prefer to use?
- ☐ **(Please rate how)**
Please rate how you feel about the following statement: I have a better time in social settings if I...
- ☐ **(Please choose t)**
Please choose the best selection for the following statement: I sometimes forget part of the evening...

Section 2

Listed below are questions for this section of the prescreen. Please provide a response for every question. If you are given the option to decline to answer a question, then declining to answer is considered a response.

- ☐ **(What is your av)**
What is your average household income in a year?

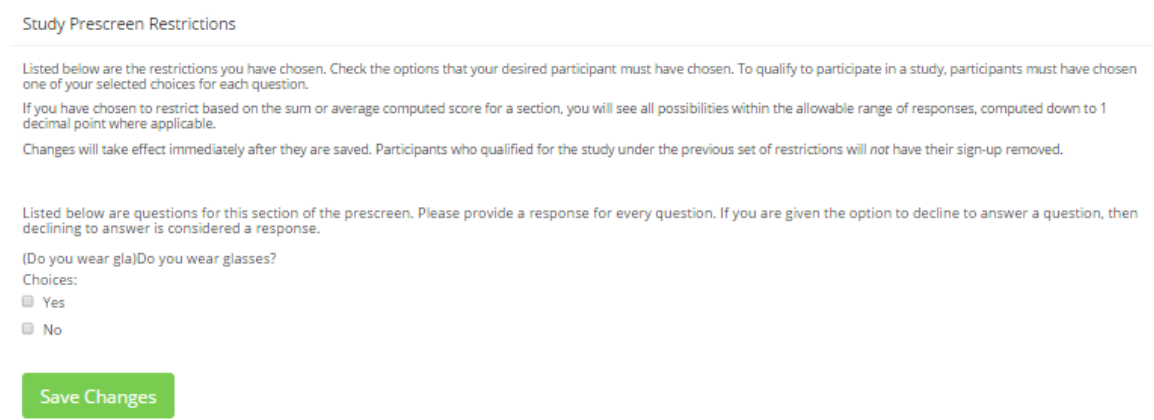
Set Restrictions

Figure 16 - Prescreen Restrictions Question Selection

To set participation restrictions, view (do not choose edit) your study and choose View/Modify Restrictions. You will see a list of eligible questions that you may use for your restrictions. If the study already has some restrictions, those will be checked. You will see how many participants currently meet the restrictions. Choose the questions you would like to restrict upon (and keep the existing checked restrictions checked, unless you want to remove that restriction), and click on the Set Restrictions button. On the subsequent page, you can select each value that is acceptable for each

question you have chosen. Once you have selected all the acceptable values, save your changes and they will take effect immediately. It is important to note that if you change the restrictions, it will *not* remove the study sign-ups for participants who qualified under the previous set of restrictions as restrictions are enforced at the time the participant signs up for the study. For this reason, you should decide on your restrictions before making the study available to participants.

If you have restriction requirements where you would like to restrict participation to a percentage of the population (e.g. the responses that were chosen by the top 25% of people), but you are unsure which responses meet this requirement, you can use the Prescreen Response Analysis feature to determine the valid responses. See Prescreen Response Analysis for more information. You may also use Analyzing Prescreen Responses to get an idea of how many participants are potential candidates for participation in your study, based on a specified set of restrictions.



Study Prescreen Restrictions

Listed below are the restrictions you have chosen. Check the options that your desired participant must have chosen. To qualify to participate in a study, participants must have chosen one of your selected choices for each question.

If you have chosen to restrict based on the sum or average computed score for a section, you will see all possibilities within the allowable range of responses, computed down to 1 decimal point where applicable.

Changes will take effect immediately after they are saved. Participants who qualified for the study under the previous set of restrictions will not have their sign-up removed.

Listed below are questions for this section of the prescreen. Please provide a response for every question. If you are given the option to decline to answer a question, then declining to answer is considered a response.

(Do you wear gla)Do you wear glasses?

Choices:

☐ Yes

☐ No

Save Changes

Figure 17 - Prescreen Response Restrictions

Prescreen Response Distribution

On systems at Advanced edition and above, you will see an option to set a Prescreen Response Distribution. This is useful in cases where you want to ensure a certain balance of participants based on a demographic that is tracked in the prescreen. For example, for experimental design reasons, you may want to ensure that 50% of participants are Female and 50% are Male.

Only one question may be used for this purpose, and it must also be one with a prescreen restriction set on it. Then, you can choose as many choices from that question, and set percentage distributions as you like.

Participants who are generally eligible for the study, but where the current sign-ups mean the “balance” of participants is off, will see a message that sign-ups are *temporarily* unavailable for this study and are encouraged to try again later. For example, if a study is configured with a 50/50 balance female/male, and the current distribution is 55% female, then female participants may see this message until more male participants sign up.

In the early stages of a study (when the sign-up count is low), the system is more lenient in how much the balance can exceed the specified percentages, since just one sign-up can affect the balance by a

double-digit percentage when there are few sign-ups. After the study has a higher number of sign-ups, the system will be more strict in enforcement of the desired distribution.

Inviting Qualified Participants to a Study

While viewing the list of prescreen restrictions currently set for a study and the number of participants who meet those restrictions, you may see the option to Invite Qualified Participants. The option also appears when viewing study information, if prescreen restrictions are set. Using this option, you are able to craft an email to be sent to all qualified participants. You can choose to exclude those who have already signed up for, or participated in any studies you specify. This disqualifier list will be pre-populated based on any disqualifiers already set for the study. The system will automatically exclude all participants who have participated or are signed up for the current study (no-shows are not excluded though, since they may sign up again). If the study is not a research alternative study, the system will also automatically exclude participants with limited accounts, as they are ineligible to participate in studies not marked as a research alternative study.

The system will pre-fill the email text with useful information like the name of the study and how many timeslots are currently open. If you include the text %FIRST_NAME%, %LAST_NAME%, or %USERNAME% in the email text, the system will substitute it with the recipient's first name, last name, or username. Note this text must be in upper case and surrounded by % symbols.

You cannot include attachments in the email, so if you have a document you would like to include, you should post it on some other website and provide a link to the document in the email that you send.

There is also a Direct Study Link URL displayed for your convenience, so you can easily copy and paste it into your message. See Advertising Your Study for more information.

If you have set participation restrictions for the study based on course enrollment and/or age, those restrictions will be taken into consideration (i.e. abided by) when determining which participants receive the email.

If the study invitation email feature is enabled on your system, and some participants have opted out of receiving study invitation emails, then they will also be excluded from the mailing.

There is also an option to choose a random percentage from the overall list of matching participants to email. It is important to note that the system only keeps track of who was emailed for 6 weeks, and you must specifically choose a past emailing group to exclude that group. If you do not choose to exclude a group emailed in the past, then some who received it before may receive it again. In other words, choosing a random 30% will not exclude those previously emailed when determining the 30%, unless you specifically choose to exclude them.

The Sender address on the email will be the administrator's email address, which is done to prevent the email from being blocked by junk email filters. The "Reply To" address of the email will be that of the user who is actually sending the email. When a participant chooses to reply to the email, the reply will be sent to that "Reply To" email address.

For consistency, the subject line of the email cannot be changed, unless an administrator is sending the email.

There is an option to specify a delay in sending the email, based on the number of hours from when the emailing option is used. This is useful if you want to target a certain time of day (e.g., during the evenings) when the email will be sent. The emails are generated at the time you use the emailing function, but are stored on the server's outgoing email queue until the specified sending time. They cannot be removed from the queue once this emailing function is used.

The study must be approved in order to use this feature, if Study Approval is enabled.

In some cases, the administrator may have imposed a limit on how many participants may be emailed. This is often done to prevent abuse of the system. Such cases include when researchers invite too large a number of participants, which is not in accordance with the generally accepted Internet principles for sending email. If there is such a limit, the system will look at the number of participants the researcher plans to email and block the sending of the email entirely, if the number of participants is over the limit. To get around this limitation, the researcher can further restrict whom they plan to send the email to (perhaps choosing a smaller random percentage of users, or more closely defined prescreen participation restrictions). The researcher may also ask the administrator to send the email for them, as the administrator is not subject to such limitations. Regardless, any use of this bulk email function will be logged. That information will be kept for approximately 6 months. The administrator can also pull up a report of how many emails a specific researcher has sent, so it is wise to not abuse this feature. In addition, Sona Systems reserves the right to temporarily remove the right to log in from a researcher if there are verifiable reports of abuse of this feature. Typically before doing so, the administrator will be notified by Sona Systems as it is preferred to have the administrator deal with such problems.

Participant Contact

Based on the selected choices, **9** participants currently qualify to participate in a study with such criteria. This *excludes* those who have already participated in the study or are currently signed up to participate. Participants who have chosen not to receive study invitation emails are also excluded. You may choose to contact participants and invite them to participate in a study. If you would like to do so, please fill out the area below with your message. You may choose to send the message to all qualified participants, or only those qualified participants who have not already signed up or participated in specified studies. If you prefer to send mail to only a random subset of the matching participants, choose the percentage. Choosing 100% will email to all matching participants. The randomization percentage is approximate, and is not effective when contacting a small group. The system will only send the message to participants with active accounts (i.e. allowed to log in to the system).

In order to prevent email abuse, information about the number of participants you sent to, as well as a summary of the email content, will be logged..

The administrator has configured the system so **you may only send an email if it will go to no more than 2 participants**

Percentage to Mail 
(participant estimates are approximations)

Study Exclusions

Exclude participants who have participated in the following studies:

My Studies All Studies

search...

Cat Observation Study
Memory Study



Available

Selected

Recipient Exclusions

Exclude participants who received the following invitations for the study:

☐ September 28, 2018 10:26 AM - 4 messages sent.

Message

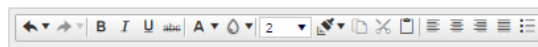

This is a special message regarding the study Concussion Study. The researchers are: [Talec Highbridge](#), Nate Smith. At the moment, there are approximately 5 open [timeslots](#) for this study.

Figure 18 - Contacting Qualified Participants

Viewing Your Studies

To view your studies (and not the studies of others), choose the My Studies option on the top toolbar. The system will list all your studies in alphabetical order by study name, then will be grouped by studies that are active and inactive. You may use the tabs along the top to toggle between viewing all your studies, to viewing only those that are active or inactive.

All Active Inactive		
View Your Uncredited Timeslots View Printer-Friendly List of Signups		
Sort by: Study Name Last Activity Date		
Study Information	Approved?	View
Art Appreciation (1 Credits) (Timeslots Available) colors in life	Approved	- Study Info - Timeslots
Lack of Sleep (1 Credits) Does lack of sleep kill brain cells?	Approved	- Study Info - Timeslots
Pronunciation of Words (1 Credits) (Timeslots Available) Study of word pronunciation	Approved	- Study Info - Timeslots
Sunlight and Vitamin D (1 Credits) (Timeslots Available) (Online Study) Vitamin D levels in people who are active outdoors vs indoor	Approved	- Study Info - Timeslots
Thoughts on Einstein's Twin Paradox: A New Interpretation (20 Dollars) (Timeslots Available) Possibilities are endless. Be ready for a lengthy study.	Approved	- Study Info - Timeslots

Figure 19 - Your Studies

Participant Study View

If you would like to see how your study appears when participants view it, find your study and choose the Participant Study View option. This will show exactly how the study appears to participants. With the exception of a participant who views a study, next to each pre-requisite and disqualifier study is a status indicator about whether they have met that requirement. In Participant Study View, the pre-requisite and disqualifier studies are listed, but there is no status indicator next to each study in the list.

Check Study Configuration

If for some reason you think your study is not visible to participants, it may be due to various restrictions you have set on the study, such as prescreen participation restrictions where too few (or none) of the participants in the pool qualify, or it could be that the study lacks available timeslots or is not configured to be visible to participants generally. You can use the Check Study Configuration tool to see more information, which can be found in the Study Menu for a study.

When you first go to that page, it will show both General Configuration and Specific Configuration items. The General Configuration items refer to general study configuration items, which are not specific to any participant. For example, regardless of which participant is involved, a study must have a timeslot available in order for the participant to sign up. If a study is a multi-part study, the system will check to see that there are available timeslots for each part of the study, and also that there is at least one available timeslot for the subsequent part to match up with the previous part.

The specific configuration refers to configuration items, which may prevent some (but perhaps not all) participants from seeing or signing up for the study. These are items like prescreen participation restrictions or an invitation code. This provides some information about what restrictions are in place.

If you want to see why a specific participant is or isn't eligible for the study, you can ask your administrator as they also have an option to input a specific participant user ID to see if that participant would qualify for your study.

Study Modification Log

To view changes made to the study, you can access the Study Modification Log in the Study Menu for your study. It shows details about changes made to the study information, prescreen restrictions, study credit value, researcher or PI changes, approval requests, and timeslot deletions. The system logs when the change was made, by which user, and their computer IP address. Data is retained for approximately 12 months.

Copying a Study

To make a copy of a study, go to the study you would like to copy, and choose the Copy Study option in the Study Menu for your study. Copying a study will copy all the study configuration, including any prescreen restrictions and other participation restrictions, but it will not copy the timeslots or study

sign-ups. You may have the option to change the study compensation type (paid or credit study) and study type (convert a standard to online study and vice versa) for the new study.

Viewing Other Studies

To view all studies that are visible to participants, choose the All Studies option from the top toolbar.

You will first see a list of all Active studies. These studies will show up to participants on the list of available studies. The next group of studies (if there are any) is Inactive studies. These will *not* show up on the list of available studies (to participants) but participants are able to access information about these individual studies on links from the page that tracks their progress (if they have participated in the study) or if another study has the Inactive study listed as a pre-requisite or disqualifier.

Online External Studies

Online external studies are online studies that are not hosted within the system, but instead reside on another website. This is different from online internal survey studies (detailed later in this documentation), where an online survey is set up directly in the system and no other website is involved.

When it comes to granting credit (marking participation), by far the most popular method is to set up External Study Credit Granting, so that the participation is marked immediately and automatically, as soon as the participant finishes the study. If you are using one of the many products where this feature is supported, it is strongly recommended to use that. This is especially important in the case of multi-part online studies, because the time separation between parts is based on when participation was marked.

Otherwise, you may want to develop a method of linking the participant's sign-up in the system to your online study, so you know who to grant credit to. One way to do this is to ask for the participant's name (or some other identifying information) that will make it easy to locate their sign-up within the system and grant them credit once they have completed your online study. Another method of tracking, which reduces the chance of human error, is to use the Survey Code feature described later in this section.

Note that if External Study Credit Granting is not used, the system will *not* automatically grant credit once the participant has finished the study. The reason behind this is the system does not know when something occurred on a website outside the system. In this case, researchers should routinely login and grant credit as necessary.

External Study Credit Granting

With External Study Credit Granting, a participant can receive credit as soon as they finish the online external study. This is accomplished by having the external study notify the system that the participant has completed the study and thus deserves credit.

If you are using a popular commercial product like Qualtrics, SurveyMonkey, Inquisit and many others, then skip this section and go to one of the following sections that provide specific instructions for each product. In addition, it may be easier to use the online integration instructions available for each product at <https://www.sona-systems.com/help> instead of this documentation. The reason is that those products may have been updated since this documentation was produced, and the online integration instructions are updated more frequently.

What follows in this section is a general description of the integration process if you are *not* using one of the commercial survey products listed in separate instructions below. If you *are* using one of those products, then skip to the relevant section (or the online integration instructions) instead.

Accessing the completion URL for the study sends the notification to the system. A properly configured study will have up to two Completion URLs:

1. **Client-Side Completion URL:** If this URL is loaded, the participant will receive credit. Typically, the participant clicking on this link in their browser, or the participant being redirected to this link after completing the study, would load this URL. This is the most commonly used method for a commercial survey product where there is not already a built-in integration.
2. **Server-Side Completion URL:** This URL would typically be loaded by the external study (not clicked on by the end-user participant) and is a server-to-server communication between the external study and the system. The results are returned in XML format and may be parsed by the external study. This method is used when you have full control over the external study, like if it is programmed from a Perl script. It also provides more control and security than the client-side method.

You should use only *one* completion URL to achieve credit granting. For most commercial online survey products, and if you are not familiar with programming, the client-side completion URL is likely the most appropriate option. To avoid confusion, the system will only display the client-side completion URL if a commercial survey product is being used and is known to support only the client-side completion URL.

To see the completion URLs for your study, first you need to ensure the study is set up correctly as an online external study. Then, enter the URL for the external site into the Study URL field in Change Study Information and save your changes. Next, click on Change Study Information again and modify the Study URL to include %SURVEY_CODE% in the URL in the appropriate place. If you entered the URL for a commercial product like SurveyMonkey, Qualtrics, SurveyGizmo, Unipark, or Inquisit, then the system will display help text just below the URL with a suggestion for how to include this. Once you save your changes the completion URLs should now appear on the resulting study information page. In short, the completion URLs will appear as long as there is %SURVEY_CODE% anywhere in the Study URL.

The client-side completion URL will look like this:

```
https://yourschool.sona-  
systems.com/webstudy_credit.aspx?experiment_id=123&credit_token=9185d436e5f94b1581b  
0918162f6d7e8&survey_code=XXXX
```

The server-side completion URL will look like this (if displayed):

```
https://yourschool.sona-  
systems.com/services/SonaAPI.svc/WebstudyCredit?experiment_id=123&credit_token=9185  
d436e5f94b1581b0918162f6d7e8&survey_code=XXXX
```

In the example above, the XXXX at the end is to show where the survey code number should be placed (in place of XXXX) by the external study website.

The next step is you'll need to configure the online external study to receive the survey code number *from* the system at the start of the study, and also to load one of the completion URLs at the end of the study. You will need to replace XXXX with the survey code number and pass that *to* the system in the completion URL. Because this involves configuring the external study, which is not part of the system, how this is accomplished depends on the external study software. Usually it involves setting up the survey code number as some type of variable that is passed via the URL, and then configuring a redirect URL at the end of the study to be loaded, with this variable in the URL.

As this is a complicated feature, the best method to test it is to actually log in to the system as a fake participant. The entire credit granting process is not possible to test as a researcher, as researchers cannot sign up for studies. To ensure other (real) participants do not sign up for the study while you are testing it, add an Invitation Code to the study (you can remove it later).

The configuration directions for some popular survey products are below, based on information from those vendors.

Testing External Study Credit Granting

Once you have external study credit granting set up, you will want to test it before going live with real participants. The best way to do this is to test with a real participant account. During testing, you can set up the study with an Invitation Code (password) so real participants can't sign up for it while you do your testing.

It's also possible to test while logged in as a non-participant (like a researcher). Go to https://www.sona-systems.com/help/integration_test/ for information on how to test and troubleshoot any problems with credit granting.

The three most common problems when setting up external credit granting are:

1. Study is set up as the wrong type in our system. Be sure to set it up as an Online External Study (where participants are not given the URL until after they sign up).
2. The URL participants get sent to at the end of the survey is incorrect. This URL is unique for each study in our system. So if you are re-using an old survey and created a new study in our system, be sure to update the URLs in that survey for crediting.

3. Typo when adding in %SURVEY_CODE% to the Study URL field. Read the instructions carefully, as it needs to be set up exactly as specified or it won't work.

External Study Credit Granting with Qualtrics

For the latest instructions on integration with Qualtrics, along with detailed screenshots and a tutorial video, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/qualtrics/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with SurveyMonkey

For the latest instructions on integration with SurveyMonkey, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/surveymonkey/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with Gorilla

For the latest instructions on integration with Gorilla surveys, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/gorillasc/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with PsychoPy (Pavlovía)

For the latest instructions on integration with PsychoPy (hosted on Pavlovía), along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/psychopy/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with Alchemer (SurveyGizmo)

For the latest instructions on integration with Alchemer (formerly SurveyGizmo), along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/surveygizmo/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with Inquisit

For the latest instructions on integration with Inquisit by Millisecond, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/inquisit/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with REDCap

For the latest instructions on integration with REDCap, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/redcap/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with Cognition

For the latest instructions on integration with Cognition (formerly Cognition.Run), along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/cognition/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with Cognition Lab

For the latest instructions on integration with Cognition Lab from Berissoft, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/cognitionlab/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with Fluidsurveys

For the latest instructions on integration with Fluidsurveys, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/fluidsveys/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with Google Forms

For the latest instructions on integration with Google Forms, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/googleforms/>.

Google Forms is not a full-featured survey product, so the integration is a bit complicated in order to work around the limited features available. We recommend using a different survey product if possible.

The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with iMotions

For the latest instructions on integration with iMotions, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/imotions/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with JATOS

For the latest instructions on integration with JATOS, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://osdoc.cogsci.nl/3.3/manual/osweb/sonasystems/>.

External Study Credit Granting with JISC Online Surveys

For the latest instructions on integration with JISC Online Surveys, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/jisc/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with Jitsutech

For the latest instructions on integration with Jitsutech, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/jitsutech/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with jsPsych

For the latest instructions on integration with jsPsych, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/jspsych/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with Labvanced

For the latest instructions on integration with Labvanced, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/labvanced/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with LimeSurvey

For the latest instructions on integration with LimeSurvey, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/limesurvey/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with Open Lab

For the latest instructions on integration with Open Lab, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/openlab/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with oTree

For the latest instructions on integration with oTree, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/otree/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with PsyToolkit

For the latest instructions on integration with Psytoolkit, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.psychtoolkit.org/lessons/sona.html>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with QuestionPro

For the latest instructions on integration with QuestionPro, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/questionpro/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with Resultat

For the latest instructions on integration with Resultat, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://resultat.medium.com/how-to-use-sona-systems-with-resultat-tutorial-76434cb2f5c4>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with SoSci Survey

For the latest instructions on integration with SoSci Survey, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/soscisurvey/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with SurveyLab

For the latest instructions on integration with SurveyLab, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/mysurveylab/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with Testable

For the latest instructions on integration with Testable, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/testable/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with Unipark

For the latest instructions on integration with Unipark, along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/unipark/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

External Study Credit Granting with VPixx (LabMaestro Pack & Go)

For the latest instructions on integration with VPixx (LabMaestro Pack & Go), along with detailed screenshots, go to <https://www.sona-systems.com/help/vpixx/>. The product may change more often than we update our documentation, so the help page will contain the very latest information.

Client-Side Completion URL Responses

For help with testing, listed below are the possible messages that the participant will see when they are redirected to the Client-Side Completion URL. It is important to note that if the system has a language enabled other than English, then the message will be displayed in the participant's preferred language, instead of English (unless their language preference is English).

Status Message	Explanation
Web study credit successfully granted.	The credit was granted successfully.
No credit given because you are not a participant, and therefore cannot sign-up for this study.	A non-participant account (e.g., the researcher) accessed the URL, but the URL was accessed correctly. Usually this happens when a non-participant clicks on the Sample Link with Embedded ID Code link from the study. This message will occur when testing the credit granting setup. This indicates that everything is set up correctly.
Invalid experiment_id or credit_token.	The experiment_id or credit_token in the completion URL was invalid. As this does not change for each participant, this is most likely to occur if the completion URL was somehow incomplete or truncated.
Invalid survey_code.	The survey_code was not specified at all, or was blank. This may indicate the external study is not properly placing the survey_code in the completion URL.

Invalid survey_code. ## [some number]	The survey_code was provided, but is not valid for this study.
You have already received credit for this study. / You have already participated in this study.	The participant has already participated in this study and received credit/been marked as participated.
You are not eligible to participate in this study.	The participant has already signed up for this study, but has been marked as a no-show, and has no other signups for this study, which are in Awaiting Action state.
Web study credit grant error. ## [some number]	Some other generic error. Please contact Technical Support for more information.

Server-Side Completion URL Responses

For help in testing, listed below are the possible messages that the system will give if the Server-Side Completion URL is loaded. For consistency, this feature is documented using the same format as the general documentation for the API interface. See Automating Tasks – API for information about how to locate the API documentation.

Input Parameters

Below are the following input parameters for use with the WebstudyCredit API function. These are included automatically when the system generates the Server-Side Completion URL. Note the parameters must be specified as part of the URL (an HTTP GET) and not via an HTTP POST request.

Parameter	Description / Possible Values
experiment_id	The Experiment ID of the study.
credit_token	The credit token used to identify/reference the study.
survey_code	The code that identifies the participant from the external web study.

Error Codes

Below are the possible error messages encountered and their respective descriptions. If the request was successful, there will not be an Error object returned, only a Result object. See Sample Output for an example.

Error Type	Error Code	Description
Authentication failed	0	unspecified error
Invalid experiment_id	-1	An invalid experiment_id value has been entered

Invalid credit_token	-2	An invalid credit_token value has been entered
Participant already granted credit	-3	The participant has already been granted credit
Participant already marked participated	-4	The participant has already participated
Participant not eligible (no-show)	-5	The participant is not eligible for credit
Invalid survey_code	-6	An invalid survey_code value has been entered
Not a participant	-7	A non-participant user (typically the researcher) tried to get credit, but they are ineligible.

Sample Input

https://yourschool.sonasystems.com/services/SonaAPI.svc/WebstudyCredit?experiment_id=123&credit_token=9185d436e5f94b1581b0918162e8&survey_code=XXXX

Sample Output

The output is in XML format. Below is an example of a successful request. Most of the Result object will contain null or empty values, as it is part of an object used for other API calls. There are two options to check that the credit grant was successful:

1. The Result object exists
2. The Result object exists and the credit_status field has a value of G

If there was an error, then the Errors object will contain data instead of being null.

```
<WebstudyCreditResponse>
  <WebstudyCreditResult>
    <a:Errors i:nil="true"/>
    <a:Result>
      <a:anon_id_code i:nil="true"/>
      <a:credit_status>G</a:credit_status>
      <a:email i:nil="true"/>
      <a:first_name i:nil="true"/>
      <a:last_name i:nil="true"/>
      <a:phone i:nil="true"/>
      <a:signup_id>123</a:signup_id>
      <a:student_id_num i:nil="true"/>
      <a:survey_code>XXXX</a:survey_code>
      <a:user_id i:nil="true"/>
    </a:Result>
  </WebstudyCreditResult>
</WebstudyCreditResponse>
```

Security Considerations

There is one potential risk with using the Client-Side Completion URL. Because the URL is typically accessed directly by the participant (their browser is redirected to it), they also have access to view the parameters in the URL. The completion URL contains a key specific to your study, as well as an ID (the survey code number) to indicate which participant should be granted credit.

The risk is that a participant could use this URL and start trying other ID (survey code numbers) to grant other participants credit. In order for this scheme to work, *all* of the following must be true:

- They must be able to guess an ID number used by another participant. The ID numbers are not necessarily sequential.
- The other participant must be signed up for this study.
- The other participant must not already have received credit for this study (i.e. they are in Awaiting Action state).

It's fairly unlikely that all three situations will occur, and it's a lot of work for a participant to guess all possible ID numbers, although this can be automated. If this is of concern the best option is to use the Server-Side Completion URL, since that is a communication from server to server. Thus participants will not see the communication. The drawback is that most commercial survey products do not support the use of the Server-Side Completion URL; so additional programming would be required.

Using the *SURVEY CODE* Feature

Note: If you are only interested in external study credit granting, then this section may not be applicable. This section describes how to use the survey code feature to link a sign-up in the system to data collected in the external study. However, it also describes the foundation for how the survey code feature works, which is useful in better understanding the external study credit grant feature.

For web-based studies administered outside the system, there is a special feature available for advanced users to track sign-ups in their web-based study. All while still preserving confidentiality. This feature applies only to web-based studies administered outside the system.

Before going further, it is important to note that this is an advanced feature and may require some programming skills. Sona Systems is unable to provide technical support for any programming questions.

The way this feature works is that if the text `%SURVEY_CODE%` is placed anywhere within the Study URL field, the system will automatically replace this text with a unique number for the participant. This unique number will be displayed next to their sign-up within the system, making it easier to match sign-ups by this number. The number can be anywhere from 2-7 characters in length, and will not contain numbers leading with zeroes (1234 is possible, but 01234 is not).

The external study will then need to be set up to process this code and log it appropriately. Sona Systems cannot provide detailed technical support on how to program an external study, as that code is external to our software.

Here is an example of how this works. Let's say the study URL is:

`http://www.myschool.edu/mysurvey.html`

If the Study URL is entered in the system as:

`http://www.myschool.edu/mysurvey.html?id=%SURVEY_CODE%`

Then when a participant clicks on that URL, the system will replace `%SURVEY_CODE%` with a unique numeric value to identify the participant. For example, the URL may be changed to:

`http://www.myschool.edu/mysurvey.html?id=30039`

If that is the case, on the page in the system listing sign-ups for this study (i.e., in the timeslot), the code 30039 will appear next to that participant's sign-up.

If this code is parsed and handled by the external study, the researcher can easily link up the sign-ups in the system with which they have collected data from within their external study, so they know who to give credit to. It is important to note that the crediting still will not occur automatically. The purpose of this feature is to provide a way to identify participants without compromising privacy, as the system can then be configured to not display names next to sign-ups.

If a participant is not viewing the URL (for example, the researcher is viewing the URL), this special survey code text will simply be removed. It is important to note that this special text must be in all capital letters, and surrounded by percent signs. You may confirm it was entered correctly because a sample URL will be displayed when you go to view (not edit) the study, below the normal study website link.

If you provide a SurveyMonkey, Qualtrics, Inquisit or other URL from any other product supported in the Study URL field, then the system will provide guidance (after saving your changes) about how to use the survey code feature.

Online Survey Studies

Introduction

This system includes a rather extensive online survey feature (if enabled on your system). It allows you to set up an online survey as a study within the system, so participants who sign up for the study will be immediately asked to complete the survey. Upon completion of the survey, they will be granted credit automatically by the system. You may then analyze their survey responses on an individual basis, or download the raw data across all participants who completed the survey for further analysis. There is a chance that you may notice a discrepancy in the number of responses when analyzing a single question compared to downloading the entire set of responses. This can occur if a participant is currently taking the survey, but has not completed it. Their data is included in the single-question analysis (when available) but not in the full download of responses, as there is not a full set of data for an in-progress survey. The system will prevent participants from completing the survey more than once, removing the risk of duplicate entries for participants.

In compliance with research ethics guidelines, the participant is given the opportunity to withdraw from the survey at any time. See Participant Withdrawal from a Survey for more information.

There is space to provide closing text for the survey, which is displayed to participants after they successfully complete the survey. This means after they have saved all their responses and cannot go back and edit. This is an ideal place to include any relevant debriefing information.

The online survey feature is complex due to the many features it contains. In addition, your ability to modify the survey after participants have started to take the survey is limited. Because of this, you should plan out your survey well in advance to make sure it is finalized before you make it available to participants. You may find it helpful to plan out the survey on paper before entering it into the system.

A survey may have an unlimited number of sections and an unlimited number of questions per section. We recommend limiting surveys to fewer than 300 questions total, 15 sections total, and 15 questions per section. This is to reduce participant fatigue and to ensure proper system performance. Participant fatigue can be an issue, as they must complete the entire survey all at once. In addition, you should make participants aware that their session may time out because of inactivity. Usually, this means they will be logged out after 15 minutes of inactivity. Inactivity would happen if they load up a section of questions but do not complete and save their responses for that section within that period of time. It is a good idea to structure sections accordingly, especially if a section contains lengthy text or complex questions. The system will warn participants a few minutes prior to this inactivity logout, and provide them with the opportunity to extend their session.

Questions may be free-entry (requiring the participant to type in an answer) or multiple-choice (pick only one or pick many from the list of choices). You may also specify that the system compute participant's results for an entire section, as either a section sum or average score. This computed sum or average can be computed only for numeric, multiple-choice (pick only one) questions in the section. Such computing is often useful when a participant's aggregate score is more important, such as with a depression battery.

For free-entry questions where the participant is asked to enter a free-form text answer, the size of the entry field cannot be resized in terms of dimensions. It can only be resized in length. Participants may enter up to 255 characters in their response.

Sections can be displayed in any order, whether that is specified, random or combination of both. Each section may contain introductory text introducing the section. The survey itself may also have introductory text introducing the survey, as well as closing text that is displayed upon completion of the survey. You may specify that questions within a section be displayed in a random order, or in the order you specify. Multiple-choice questions can have their choices displayed in the entered order or random order. This is specified on a per-question basis. Multiple-choice question choices can be displayed horizontally (across the page) or vertically (down the page) or dropdown box.

It is important to note that while the survey feature is quite extensive, there are some things it does not support. It cannot do question timing, where the speed of a participant's response (typically in milliseconds) to each question needs to be measured. It also cannot do branching, where the questions being presented to a participant will vary depending on their answer to other questions within that same survey. For example, asking a question like "Do you smoke cigarettes?" and then presenting a different set of questions based on their response. The reason that advanced features like this are not currently supported is that our software is primarily a participant pool software product that happens to have an online survey feature within it. We asked our customers which features in an online survey were most important to them, and those features exist within the product. There are numerous products on the market specifically for doing online surveys (with no participant pool component), which contain more advanced features. These products can easily be linked from the Sona Systems product by setting up your study as an online study conducted outside the system.

Creating or Modifying a Survey

To create a survey, first create an online internal survey study. After you create it, you will see the option Update Online Survey when you view the study information. You may not create multi-part online survey studies.

It is important to note that while you are making changes to a survey, it is deactivated so participants may not participate in it. When you go to the Finalize Survey option after you have finished your work with the survey, you will have the opportunity to save your changes and make the survey Active (available to participants) or Inactive (not available to participants). You should always choose the Finalize Survey option when you finish your work with the survey, as the system saves all changes and computes some additional important data when you finalize the survey. If you would like to continue work on the survey at a later date, you should still choose the Finalize Survey option to ensure your changes during the current session are properly saved. It is presumed you would choose to keep the survey inactive in this situation.

General Survey Information

Choose the General Information option (if creating a new survey, this is the first page you will see) to provide some basic information about the survey. The fields are explained below:

Field	Description
Introductory Text	Optional, up to 10,000 characters in length. Provide a set of text that will be displayed when a participant starts the survey. You may include HTML in this area, but please be sure you know what you are doing. If you would like to add a carriage-return (paragraph break), simply type in "<p>" (without the quotes). When you first create the online survey, the system may automatically insert some basic default text in

	this area. You may change any of this text as much as you like – the system will not change it back later as long as you save your changes. This is a good place to place any text for informed consent purposes. You may view how this text is displayed to participants by saving it, then going to Preview Introductory Text, which is available from the Section List page.
Closing Text	Optional, up to 7,000 characters in length. Provide a set of text that will be displayed after a participant completes the survey and saves their responses. This is an ideal place for debriefing information. You may include HTML in this area, but please be sure you know what you are doing. If you would like to add a carriage-return (paragraph break), simply type in “<p>” (without the quotes). You may view how this text is displayed to participants by saving it, then going to Preview Closing Text, which is available from the Section List page.
Display sections in random order?	You may specify a specific ordering for all sections or have the system randomize the order for all sections. You may also specify the order of some sections and a random order for other sections. If you specify the order for only some sections, you may also specify for each section, whether it should be displayed before or after the random-ordered sections. The system does not keep track of the random order sections were displayed for each participant.
Mobile Devices Allowed?	If set to Yes, the participants accessing the system using the mobile version (app) on a mobile device like a smartphone or tablet will be allowed to participate. If the survey makes use of images or question and choice layout is important, it may be better to set this to No as the layout may be rendered differently on devices. Especially on devices like smartphones with small screen sizes.

	For technical reasons, there is no easy way to preview how questions will look on a mobile device except to login as a test participant using an actual mobile device.
Participant response review/change	If set to Yes, then participants may review and change responses just before they complete the online survey. They are given this opportunity after they complete the last section of the survey, before any closing text is shown. At this point, they can see all their responses and go back to any section to change them. Once they complete the online survey, they cannot go back at a later date and change any responses. It may be useful to set this option to No (so that they are not allowed to review or change their responses at the end of the survey) if sections are somehow dependent on one another. Meaning that allowing participants to change their responses may affect the integrity of data collection.

The information below is some general information about the survey. The introductory text is optional. Sample introductory text has been created automatically. You may need to modify this to suit your needs.

The closing text is also optional. If provided, it is displayed after the survey has been completed and all responses have been saved. This is an ideal place for debriefing information.

Introductory Text
(optional)

This study consists of an online survey, which you may now participate in. You will receive credit immediately upon completion of the survey. The survey consists of a number of multiple-choice and/or free-answer questions, and may be divided into a number of sections. You must complete all sections in one sitting, as you are not allowed to resume at another time from where you left off. While you are participating, your responses will be stored in a temporary holding area as you move through the sections, but they will not be permanently saved until you complete all sections and you are given a chance to review your responses.

Closing Text
(optional)

There is an option on the Section List to preview how the Introductory Text and Closing Text will be displayed to participants.

Display sections in random order?

- ☒ No (section order will be specified)
☐ Some sections in random order, some in specified order

Figure 20 - Survey General Information

Section List

Depending on if you are adding or editing the survey, you will be taken to the list of sections for the survey. Here you can change the order that sections will be displayed, if you have not enabled full random section ordering for the survey, and see a quick review of each question. From here you can

also add a question to any section and edit any question. To add a new section, choose the Add a New Section choice at the bottom of the page.

If you have enabled partial random section ordering, then you can specify a section order for the sections you would like displayed in a specified order. For the sections you would like displayed in random order, leave the Section Order item blank. When you specify a section order, use each number once. Use the numbers 1-98 if you would like the section to be displayed *before* the random-ordered sections, and the numbers 100-199 if you would like the section to be displayed *after* the random-ordered sections. Be sure to use each number only once, or leave the number blank to make the section part of the random-ordered section. Sometimes it is useful to use partial random ordering if you want to ask basic (e.g. demographic) information in the first few sections, while asking more analytical questions in the random-ordered sections. You may also want to ask about the previous random-ordered sections after they are completed. It is not possible to intersperse ordered sections within the set of random sections, like having 2 ordered sections, then 3 random sections, the 1 ordered section, then 2 random sections, etc. The random sections are treated as an entire block of sections, and other sections cannot be placed at specific places within that block.

There is also a Preview Section option so you are able to preview the survey, as participants will see it.

Below is a list of sections and a short summary of questions in each section. You may edit each section, the questions within it, or delete a section. You may also add a new section or copy from an existing section. You may change the ordering of the sections by changing the number next to each section. Use each number only once, and enter only whole (e.g. 1,2,3) numbers in the field.

[Add a New Section](#) [Copy From an Existing Section](#)

You may change the ordering of the sections by changing the number next to each section. Use each number only once, and enter only whole (e.g. 1,2,3) numbers in the field.

It is recommended that the survey contain no more than 300 questions total, to ensure compatibility with all web browsers, as well as ensure smooth performance. The (SEC##) listed next to each section refers to the unique internal system identifier for the section, which can be matched up to the Section ID field when downloading the question key. This identifier is not displayed to participants.

You may preview introductory text or preview closing text for this survey. If you are finished working with this survey, please go to the final review to finalize the survey and any changes you made to it.

[Preview Introductory Text](#) [Preview Closing Text](#) [Final Review](#)

Section List

Section Order

Section 1

Section 1 Settings: No sum or average score (across all questions in section) is computed. (SEC65)

Intro. Text: Listed below are questions for this section of the survey. Please provide a response for every question. If you are given the option to decline to answer a question, then declining to answer is considered a response.

1. What is your gender? (What is your ge)
[Edit Question](#) [Copy Question](#) [Delete Question](#)
2. What languages do you speak? (What languages)
[Edit Question](#) [Copy Question](#) [Delete Question](#)
3. In which state were you born? (In which state)
[Edit Question](#) [Delete Question](#)

3 question(s) in this section.

[Add Question](#) [Edit Section Information](#) [Delete Section](#) [Preview Section](#)

Figure 21 - Survey Section List

Adding or Modifying a Section

To add a new section, choose the Add New Section link at the bottom of the Section List page. To modify an existing section, choose the Edit Section Information link next to the section you would like to modify, from the Section List page.

There are three pieces of information you may provide for each section. First, you may specify some introductory text to be displayed at the beginning of the section. When participants take the survey, they view one section at a time with all the questions in that section. The introductory text may be helpful in explaining the purpose or topic of the questions in that section. You may include HTML in this area, but please be sure you know what you are doing. If you would like to add a carriage-return (paragraph break), simply type in "<p>" (without the quotes). The introductory text is up to 15,000 characters in length.

You may choose if the questions for that section are displayed in random order or in the order you specify.

You may also choose to have the system compute a section sum or average (for each participant) for the section. These scores are computed only for all the multiple-choice, numeric questions in a section, where only one choice may be chosen. Think carefully about setting this value, because you are very limited in your ability to change it after participants have started to take the survey.

Computed section sums or means are often useful when all the questions are using a unidimensional scale (1-5, for example), but a participant's average score response to the section is more useful to account for their outlier responses.

Depending on if you are editing or adding a section, after you save your changes, you will be taken to a page to add a new question or to the section list.

Add New Section

If you would like to add a new section, choose the type of section below to add, and also choose if questions in the section should be displayed in random order. Additionally, if you choose to have a sum or average score computed for the section, for each participant, then every question that is to be part of the score for that section may only have numeric responses. Note that once any participant has started the survey, you cannot change the score computation type (between average and sum, or from none to average or sum), nor can you add new questions to the sections that allow numeric responses. You may only turn off the computed score entirely. Plan your survey wisely before making it available to participants.

You may also provide introductory text for the section. Participants taking the survey will see all questions for one section on the same page, and the introductory text will be displayed at the top, if provided.

In some cases, it may be easier to copy From an existing section and then modify the questions in that section as appropriate.

 Copy From an Existing Section

Display Questions in Random Order?

☐ Yes
☒ No

Computed Section Type

☒ No sum or average score (across all questions in section) is computed.
☐ Average (mean) score for each participant is computed.
☐ Sum score for each participant is computed.

Introductory Section Text (optional)

Listed below are questions for this section of the survey. Please provide a response for every question. If you are given the option to decline to answer a question, then declining to answer is considered a response.

Add Section

Figure 22 - Add New Section

Adding or Editing a Question

To add or edit a question, choose the appropriate choice from the Section List, next to the desired section. Questions will be displayed in the order they are added to a section or in a random order, depending on the section settings, and you may reorder the questions later. Depending on the state of the section and if participants have taken the survey, some options will be automatically set for you, and not changeable. All fields must be filled out.

Field	Description
Question Text	The text for the question. This will be displayed above each question's choices. Up to 15,000 characters maximum.
Abbreviated Question Name	A 15-character label for the question. This is not displayed to participants and is used to name the columns that appear when the data is exported in CSV format. Many statistical analysis programs limit column names to 15 characters.

Question Type	Multiple-Choice (select one), Multiple-Choice (select many) or Free Entry. If the section has a computed average or sum, you may be limited in your ability to add Multiple-Choice (select one) non-numeric questions. Free entry choices may contain a response up to 255 characters in length.
Display length of Free-Entry field	Specifies the length (size) of a free-entry field when it is displayed. Acceptable values for this setting are 5-85, and the field will always allow participants to type in up to 255 characters in length. The height of the field cannot be adjusted. This setting only applies to Free Entry questions.
Display choices in random order?	If set to Yes, the choices for this question will be displayed to participants in a random order. This option only applies to multiple-choice questions.
How should the choices be displayed?	Horizontal (across the page), vertical (down the page), or dropdown box are the three options for how the choices for a multiple-choice question should be displayed. Often, the horizontal display is effective when the question involves a scale, while dropdown box is useful when a question has a large number of choices. This setting applies only to multiple-choice questions.
Can participants decline to provide an answer for this question?	If set to Yes, participants will see a choice below this question that allows them to opt out of answering the question. If set to No, they must answer the question. The default when adding a new question (not copying an existing question or section) is set to Yes for ethical compliance.
Are all choices numeric?	If set to Yes, all choices must be numeric whole numbers (e.g. 1, -2, 10). This only applies to multiple-choice questions. Sections with a computed section sum or average may not contain non-numeric multiple-choice (select many) questions.
Display numeric value?	If set to No, the numeric value of the choice is not displayed to participants. This only applies to numeric, multiple-choice questions where each choice includes

	both a numeric value and associated text (e.g. “5 Strongly Agree”). This is useful when running a reverse scale.
--	--

If the question is a multiple-choice question, you must also fill out the choices section that is part of the same form. A minimum of one choice must be provided for the question. Each choice may be up to 255 characters in length. When adding a question, there is space to add up to 10 choices. If you need to add more choices than this, simply add the question and go back to update it, and there will be an option to add more choices.

If the question is specified as numeric, you must provide a numeric choice. That choice must be a whole number (e.g. -5, 1, 0, 349). If you would like to provide descriptive text to accompany each numeric choice, you may do so by typing in the numeric choice and leaving one blank space after it, then type in the descriptive text. For example “5 Strongly Agree”. If you provide descriptive text along with the numeric choice, then you have the option of hiding the numeric value from participants, by choosing No to the “Display numeric value?” setting for the question. This is useful in reverse scale or other situations where the numeric value for the choices is not important.

When adding a question, if the choices you specify do not conform to the configuration of the question (e.g. specifying a non-numeric choice for a numeric question), the system may change the question configuration to ensure that the choices are then valid.

Question Information	
Question Text (Up to 15,000 characters)	What languages do you speak?
Abbreviated Question Name (not displayed to participants)	Languages
Question Type	☐ Free-Entry ☐ Multiple-Choice (only one choice may be selected) ☒ Multiple-Choice (multiple choices may be selected)
Display length of Free-Entry field (only applies to free-entry questions)	50 characters (valid range 5-85) Free-entry fields allow input of up to 255 characters.
Display choices in random order? (only applies to multiple-choice questions)	☐ Yes ☒ No
How should the choices be displayed? (only applies to multiple-choice questions)	☒ Vertical (down the page) ☐ Horizontal (across the page) ☐ Dropdown Box
Can participants decline to provide an answer for this question?	☒ Yes ☐ No
Are all choices numeric? (only applies to multiple-choice questions)	☐ Yes ☒ No

Figure 23 - Edit a Question

Copying a Section

You may copy a section from any of your own surveys into your current survey, by choosing Copy From an Existing Section in the Section List. You will see a list of eligible surveys to copy from. After you choose which survey to copy from, you will see a list of eligible sections in that survey. Once you choose a section, it will be copied into the survey you are currently editing. You may copy only one section at a time. This is due to the system performance impact when copying sections.

The administrator also has the ability to copy to or from the prescreen, so ask the administrator to do this for you, if you need it done.

Copying a Question

For multiple-choice questions in particular, it is often the case that many questions have the same measures (choices). To make entry of similar questions easier, you may use the Copy Question feature to copy a question of any type. To copy a question, select the question you would like to copy when

viewing the Section List. You will then be taken to a list of sections where you may copy this question. The default is set to the section the question came from. After you decide which section you would like to copy the question to, you will be taken to a page where you can make any final changes to the copy of the question before saving it.

Saving Your Changes

When you are done, you should go to the Final Review and save your changes. Even if you plan to do further editing of the survey later, it is **imperative** that you go to the Final Review step. The system needs to save certain special changes and make some computations. If you do not want participants to participate in the survey yet, you can save changes but keep the survey inactive. Once you save your changes it may take a moment to save all the changes, as the system is performing a number of computations on the survey. Please be patient, as these computations are done to make performance for participants as fast as possible. The system tracks which user last made the survey active or inactive and when they did this. This information is displayed on the setup page.

Final Review

You must apply all the changes you made to the survey. You may edit the survey at a later date, but you must apply the changes now to ensure all settings are properly saved. When applying the changes, you may choose to make the survey active so participants may participate in the survey (assuming the study is approved), or make the survey inactive so it is not available to participants. The survey is currently **inactive**. After you choose to apply the changes, please be patient, as **it may take a few moments to apply all the changes**.

Apply Changes, Make ACTIVE

Apply Changes, Make INACTIVE

If you are not ready to apply the changes, and would like to change the survey now, you may [Edit General Information](#) about the survey or [Edit Questions and Sections](#). Be sure to apply the changes when you are done, or there may be problems with the survey.

Figure 24 - Saving Survey Changes

Viewing a Survey as a Participant

If you would like to see how the survey would be displayed to participants, that can easily be done while setting up the survey. Next to each section in the section list, there will be a Preview Section link so you can view the section exactly as participants would see it. You may also view how the introductory and closing text will appear to participants, by choosing the Preview Introductory Text and Preview Closing Text options that appear on the Section List page.

Participants will see a basic progress display on the top right corner of each page. This display lists the section they are on (ordinal counting), and how many sections total are in the survey. When using Preview Section, you will see this progress display as well. Everything except the current section number will appear as “X” in preview mode since it is not an actual participant taking the survey (and randomization of section order may be involved).

If you find it necessary to go through the entire process as a real participant, you can do so by creating a test participant account. Set the online survey study so it has an invitation code, this way no other participants can sign up (since they will not know this invitation code). Then, sign up with your test participant account and take the survey. You can remove the invitation code later if necessary.

Participant Withdrawal from a Survey

At any time while participating in the survey, participants have the option to withdraw from the survey. A Withdraw button will appear at the top right corner of each page.

When a participant withdraws, they have the option to withdraw *without* the option to receive credit, or *with* the option to receive credit.

If they choose to withdraw *without* the option to receive credit, all their survey responses as well as the record of their sign-up will be deleted. Participants are told that this option should be used if they want to later participate in the survey. This scenario would likely be used when a participant starts a survey but realizes they won't have sufficient time to complete it at the moment, but would like the opportunity to participate later. Notification will not be sent to researchers in this scenario.

If they choose to withdraw *with* the option to receive credit, then all their survey responses will be deleted, but a record of their sign-up will be kept and be in awaiting action state. The researcher will receive an email about the withdrawal, as well as some basic information about how far along the participant was when they chose to withdraw, both in time spent and number of questions completed. This information is provided in case there is a policy of granting credit for early withdrawals based on time spent or percentage completed. Participants also have the option of including a message that will be sent to the researcher to explain their withdrawal. However, such a message is not required. The researcher should then grant credit to the participant if necessary, by going to the timeslot and finding that sign-up.

Participants are informed that if they are unsure which of the withdrawal options to choose, they should choose the withdraw option that retains their ability to receive credit.

The withdrawal option cannot be removed, as it is there to ensure compliance with research ethics guidelines.

Viewing Survey Data Usage and Deleting Survey Data

The system has a limited amount of storage space and you are expected to download the survey data you have collected on a routine basis, and then delete it from the system. By going to View Survey Data Usage, you can see how much database space is being used. You can then download the survey data (a link is provided), and delete it from the system.

When you delete the data from the system, all survey data collected within the last 5 minutes will *not* be deleted, as a precaution. This is to ensure that you have had adequate time to download the survey data before deleting it (to account for the time between downloading the data and deleting it).

If you choose to delete the survey data in this manner, the record of participant sign-ups *will* be retained. That way you can ensure the participant does not complete the same online survey again.

Deleting a Single Participant's Survey Responses

On rare occasions, you may want to delete a participant's survey responses, usually so they can participate again. To do this, cancel their sign-up and that will delete their responses. Note this will also remove any credit they earned. See Manual Cancellation for more information.

Analyzing Survey Responses

You may analyze a specific survey question on-screen by selecting the survey and choosing the Analyze Survey Responses option. From there, you may choose a specific question and view or download the response data. This will include data from participants who are still in the process of completing the survey, but have not yet completed it. The Download Survey Responses option, which provides the entire set of survey responses for all participants, includes only data from participants who have completed the survey. This is done to ensure easier data analysis.

In rare cases, you may notice that a few responses for certain questions appear (or disappear from) the Analyze Survey Responses while never showing up in Download Survey Responses. In this situation, a participant has started an online survey but never fully completed it or withdrew from it (they more than likely just closed their web browser). The system goes through all "orphaned" responses in this situation and clears them out once they are more than 2 days old.

It is presumed that you will want to analyze the survey data across all questions. In this case, you should choose the Download Survey Responses option.

To successfully analyze the data, you will need to download 2 sets of data. The first is the question key, which lists a unique numeric identifier for each question, along with the question text and abbreviated question name. It also includes the section number that each question was in. Note the section number listed is merely a unique identifier for each section, and has no correspondence to the order in which sections were presented. Also note that section mean and sum values, if calculated, will normally be at the end of the list of questions. This data is in CSV format and is available by clicking the Download Question Key link on the Download Survey Responses Page.

After you download the question key, you can download the survey data. The data may be separated into parts if there is an excess of data to download. The system will adjust the size of each part based on how many questions are in the survey. A survey with a large number of questions will be broken into more parts, with fewer rows of data per part. The default option is to download the entire set of survey data, meaning all parts at once. If you receive an error when doing so, then download each part one at a time. There may be too much data in the combined download for the system to process.

You may also choose to limit the download based on date range. This is based on when the participant completed the survey. If you choose a date range, this merely filters each existing part of the download. This means that some parts may be empty if no participants whose responses would normally be included in that part completed the survey during the specified date range.

There are three options for downloading and viewing the data (both the question key and responses):

1. Download as CSV File. This is the most popular option. It allows you to save the data on your computer and load it in your preferred data analysis tool.
2. View On-Screen (CSV Format). This option lets you view the data on-screen instead of downloading it. The data is still displayed in CSV format, and is a good way to view the format of the data, as well as ensure all the data you expect is there. Often with larger datasets, downloading and viewing the data with some tools like Excel may make it appear as if not all the data is there, when in reality it's a limitation of the tool and not a problem with the data download. The on-screen option is also useful if data was collected in a language that uses Unicode character sets, like Hebrew.
3. View On-Screen (Table Format). This option provides an easy way to view the data on-screen (to visually analyze the data) but is not very useful for purposes of loading the data into an analysis tool.

The data is presented as one row per respondent, with each of their responses in a different column. The first row includes the column headings, and the column heading maps to the abbreviated question name. Since there is no feature to specify an abbreviated question name for the computed section sum/mean item, the system automatically assigns a unique name to those columns. The naming convention is SECXXX where XXX maps to the system's internal section identifier for that section (section_id). You can use the question key to determine which question maps to which column. The order of columns (questions) in the data download is not necessarily the same as the order of questions in the survey. These columns are ordered based on how the data is stored internally in the system. The data also includes the exact time the participant started and completed the online survey. You can use any common data analysis tool to compute how long it took the participant to complete the survey, using this information. There is also a column listing how many minutes it took the participant to complete the survey, rounded to the nearest minute.

There will be an option to include only the numeric response portion of questions that are multiple-choice with numeric choices. This is useful if the numeric question was set up with associated text, but that text should not be included in the analysis file. One example would be where the response selected was "5 Strongly Agree" but only the number 5 (and not the associated text) is useful during analysis. If you choose this option and download data and find that the associated text is included with the numeric response, then have a closer look at the survey. More than likely the question was not actually set up as a numeric question. The easiest way to deal with this downloaded data is to use a data analysis tool to do a search and replace to change the response in your downloaded data into a numeric format. Your IT department can provide assistance with such tools.

If your survey has a lot of questions (and thus columns in the output file), you may have trouble loading the data with some spreadsheet programs. Those of which are not equipped to handle such large datasets. Your best option is to use a full-featured statistical analysis package, like SPSS or SAS. Those packages handle large CSV-format data imports with ease. Your IT department can help you to select the best tools. In particular, Excel has trouble dealing with datasets with more than 250 questions (columns).

Frequently Asked Questions about Online Surveys

Is it possible to have multiple versions of an online survey? Will participants be randomly assigned to one version of the survey at the start of the survey?

The best way to do this is to create multiple online surveys and use a prescreen participation restriction that is unrelated to your research. To save time, you can easily do this by copying the entire survey using the Copy Study feature, then modifying the copy as needed. As for random assignment, if there is a prescreen question asking for the last digit of the participant's university ID number, assuming this is randomly distributed, then you can use that to easily break up the pool into random tenths by using that as a prescreen participation restriction for each version of the study.

Is there a way to post images, graphics, or videos in the online survey, so that participants can respond to questions referring to the image or video?

Yes. You will need to have the ability to post images on a webserver (most likely at your school), and know a small bit of HTML. Let's say your graphic is located at
`http://www.yourschool.edu/myimage.gif`

Put this in the place where you want the image to be displayed:
`<IMG SRC="http://www.yourschool.edu/myimage.gif">`

If you're unfamiliar with HTML, you may want to ask your IT department for assistance with this.

You can use a similar process to post videos, but you'll need to ask the person in charge of the webserver where you post the video for the best HTML method for linking to it, as there are several different methods to link to videos.

You cannot upload images or videos directly onto the Sona Systems server, but every university provides a facility to post content on web servers at the school. This method is better for participants as the data (images and videos are usually quite large) will be stored on the high-speed network within the university.

Can certain sections be presented for a specified period of time (e.g. 60 seconds)?

No, this feature is not offered. There are technical limitations and inaccuracies in how web browsers interact with web servers, as well as Internet latency factors that make this difficult to do.

Can I make an online study a multi-part study?

Yes, but only if it's an external (web) study, and not an online internal survey study.

Is there a method to upload a survey into the system (from Word, Excel, etc.)?

For online survey studies, there is no method to upload the data. There is no standard format for survey data representation, so there was no format to support for uploading.

In the online survey feature, there is the ability to copy questions and sections. This may make it easier to set up the survey if many questions have the same sets of choices, for example.

When a participant is taking an online survey study, when is their sign-up actually recorded in the system?

The system will not record completion or sign-up of an online survey study until it is actually completed, or if the participant chooses to withdraw early. Participants are shown the closing text as the last step of the online survey study, just after their responses have been saved and their sign-up is recorded.

When they start the online survey study, it is noted to participants that their responses are not fully saved until they complete the study. Only then will they be properly recorded. This is for both technical and IRB reasons.

I have created my online survey and participants cannot see it. I have ensured that all the prescreen restrictions, course restrictions, and pre-requisite/disqualifier restrictions are set correctly. Why is it not showing up?

You need to set up at least one timeslot. The standard method for an online survey is to set up only one timeslot for the survey, to specify the participation deadline. If you still have problems, you can use the Check Study Configuration tool to see more information.

My online survey had 5 spaces in a timeslot, and somehow 6 people signed up and received credit. How did this happen?

This is a rare situation that occurs, usually with online surveys that take a long time to complete on a system with a high rate of study sign-ups. What happens is that all 6 people, or at least the last 2 people, started the online survey at around the same time, before any of them could finish it. The system checks at the point of sign-up to see if there are open spaces for the online survey, but does not consider someone who has already started the online survey but not finished it, as taking up one of those places. This is done just in case that person abandoned early without properly withdrawing. In this rare situation, there is no choice but to credit all participants who successfully completed the survey. It is the only fair outcome for participants. It is important to note that this situation is quite rare. It is most likely to occur when the survey is lengthy, and there are many participants vying for a limited number of available timeslots in the system.

Working with Timeslots (Sessions)

Timeslots, also referred to as Sessions, are the available times when a participant may participate in the study. If you are setting up timeslots for a web-based study, please read the section in this

documentation on Web-Based (Online) Studies for additional information. If you are setting up timeslots for a study conducted over videoconference, see Videoconference Studies for more information.

Timeslots allow you to specify date, time, location, maximum number of participants, and researcher information for a session.

Timeslot Usage Restrictions

If enabled on your system, you may find that there is a limit to the amount of time available for scheduling timeslots. This usage is computed by adding up all the past timeslots where credit was granted (or participation marked in the case of paid studies) or is in awaiting action status, then adding all timeslots in the future, regardless of credit status. Depending on how your system is configured, the system may only look at all timeslots after a certain date, instead of all timeslots.

You may find that the usage goes down over time, as time progresses and timeslots that were in the future, which had no sign-ups are now in the past and no longer count towards usage (empty timeslots). The timeslot usage and limit is listed whenever you add a timeslot, if usage restrictions apply. It may also be listed when you view your profile, depending on how your system is configured.

Timeslots Linked to Specific Researchers

If your system is configured to allow multiple researchers per study, you will also have an option to link timeslots to a specific researcher. This is done primarily for organization purposes, and has no effect on who can view and modify the study, as well as any timeslots for that study.

This feature is useful when there are a number of researchers running a study, and researchers are responsible for running specific timeslots. If a timeslot has a specific researcher linked to it, then only that researcher will be listed as the point of contact when a participant receives any emails related to their participation in that timeslot. Only the researcher connected to that timeslot receives related notification emails, such as participant cancellation notifications, and reminder emails, assuming such emails are enabled.

It is also possible to have some timeslots where a specific researcher is linked to them, and others where all researchers who are assigned to the study are responsible for the timeslot. It is not possible to link more than one, but not all of the researchers for the study to a specific timeslot. The options are to either link one researcher to the timeslot, or all of them.

If a researcher were removed from a study, then any timeslots that were linked to them for that study would be changed. In this case, all researchers for the study are now responsible for those timeslots.

To use this feature, the system must be configured to allow multiple researchers per study. Then the study itself must be configured to allow researchers to be linked to specific timeslots. The study must have more than one researcher connected to it.

Creating Timeslots

To add a timeslot for a study, you must first choose the study that you would like to add a timeslot for. To view your studies, choose the My Studies option on the top toolbar. Click on the desired study and choose the Timeslots choice.

You will see a list of any existing timeslots, and the Add a Timeslot option on the top of the page. Click on Add A Timeslot.

Add Timeslots : Art Appreciation

Use this page to add a single timeslot for your study. You may also add multiple timeslots at once.

Date

Wednesday, December 24, 2014

Start Time

11:00 AM

⌚

End Time

30 minutes after start time

Number of Participants

7

Location

Student Lounge

⌵

Select a location from the list, or type in your own, but do not do both.

View Schedule

Add This Timeslot

Timeslot Usage

Already Used Hours	1
Scheduled Hours	3.5
Total Hours	4.5 (9 timeslots)
Usage Limit (Hours)	200
Available Time (Hours)	195.5

Figure 25 - Adding a Timeslot

The following table lists the information you may enter about a timeslot, along with an explanation. All fields are required.

Field	Explanation
Date	The date for the timeslot.
Start Time	The time when the timeslot will start. A sample time will be provided. If you want to change the time, please use the same format as the time you see presented. Note in particular how “a.m.” and “p.m.” are handled (if such a format is enabled on your system).
End Time	The time when the timeslot will end. This is computed automatically based on the duration you entered when you set up the study.

Number of Participants	The number of participants for this timeslot. This number is <i>not</i> visible to participants. They will only see whether the timeslot is full or not. The maximum number is 999.
Location	The physical location where the study will take place for this timeslot, or the videoconference URL if the timeslot will be conducted over videoconference. It will be automatically filled with the location of the previous timeslot, when available, to assist in data entry. Depending on how your system is configured, you may see a list of pre-configured locations. You may choose any of those locations and click on View Schedule to see the schedule for a location. The system will automatically prevent you from adding a timeslot using a location that is already in use at the time you try to schedule the timeslot. If you do not see the location in the list that you plan to use, simply type in the location in the text field below it. You may enter a videoconference URL or a physical location, but not both. The location field (including videoconference URL) does not apply for web-based studies. The maximum length of a videoconference URL is 250 characters, which should accommodate the maximum URL length of all major videoconference products.
Researcher	The researcher assigned to this specific timeslot. The list will contain a list of all researchers for the study. Choose ALL if all researchers for the study should be assigned to this timeslot. See Timeslots Linked to Specific Researchers for more information.

To assist in data entry, the system will automatically fill in the date, time, and location based on the ending time of the last timeslot for this study. If applicable, your current timeslot usage will be listed, and you will be prevented from adding a timeslot that would exceed your timeslot usage time limit. A convenient calendar is provided next to the form, and you can click on any date and that date will be transferred to the form.

If you add a timeslot and there is another timeslot, for any study, which occurs at the same time and location, you will receive a warning. The addition will be allowed, unless the location was chosen from the pulldown list of locations, in which case the addition will be blocked. If you add a timeslot that will take place outside of normal hours (for example, at 1:00 am), the system will provide a warning but will allow it to be scheduled. You may not schedule a timeslot to occur after the IRB expiration date for your study, if Strict IRB mode is enabled by the administrator. The system allows adding timeslots to a study that is not available to participants, meaning not active or not approved. However, it will give a warning because participants are not able to sign up for the timeslot.

If you are running a web-based (online study), you should create a single timeslot with the participation deadline equal to the last day you would like to run the study. For number of participants, specify the maximum number of participants who may participate. If you are running a web-based study and you plan to collect data from more than 999 participants (999 is the maximum allowed in one timeslot), then once that timeslot is close to filling up, create a second timeslot at a slightly different time and/or date as the first timeslot.

Creating Multiple Timeslots

If you would like to add multiple timeslots at once, choose the Add Multiple Timeslots link. You may choose to add a specified number of timeslots, or copy the timeslots from another week to a specified week. If you choose to copy timeslots, the system will copy the time, location, and number of participants for the specified week to the desired week, for each day of that week (starting with Monday).

If you choose to create a specified number of timeslots, you can choose the number of timeslots you would like to add, the start time and date, and the amount of time between each timeslot (to allow for breaks). You also may specify timeslots that would occur outside normal business hours be shifted to the next business day, and specify when business hours occur. The system considers Monday-Friday to be business days.

On the subsequent page, you may change any of this information to deal with special cases. Timeslots that you attempt to add that either have errors, or would result in exceeding the timeslot time usage limit will not be added. This feature is not available for web-based (online) studies, as web-based studies rarely have more than one timeslot.

If you do not want to add a specific timeslot that is listed, choose No in the Add This Timeslot? column.

Timeslots

Date	Start Time	Num. Participants	Location	Add This Timeslot?
Wednesday, December 24, 2014	11:00 AM	7	Student Lounge ▼ View Schedule OR type in below: 	☒ Yes ☐ No
Wednesday, December 24, 2014	11:30 AM	7	Student Lounge ▼ View Schedule OR type in below: 	☒ Yes ☐ No
Wednesday, December 24, 2014	12:00 PM	7	Student Lounge ▼ View Schedule OR type in below: 	☒ Yes ☐ No

Add Selected Timeslots

Figure 26 - Creating Multiple Timeslots

Modifying and Deleting Timeslots

To modify or delete a timeslot for a study, you must first choose the study that you would like to deal with. To view your studies, choose the My Studies link from the top toolbar. Choose the Timeslots option in the View column for the desired study. You will see a list of all recent timeslots. Timeslots that are in the past with no participants signed up will not be displayed. To work with timeslots more than a few days old and to see all timeslots, you will see a link to view all timeslots for the study. Select the timeslot you would like to deal with, and click the Modify button and you will see the timeslot along with all sign-ups for that timeslot.

If the timeslot has no participants signed up for it, you will see a Delete button. You may not delete a timeslot that has participants signed up for it. You would need to first cancel all existing signups for the timeslot. If you would like to delete the timeslot, click the Delete button, and you will see a confirmation page. Choose Delete again to delete the timeslot.

If you would like to modify the timeslot, choose the Update option just below the timeslot information. Depending on your system configuration (Timeslot Change Limit setting), you may be restricted from changing key information about the timeslot (date, time, location, and number of participants) if it's only a few hours before the timeslot will take place.

It is important to note that participants will *not* be notified of any changes you make to the timeslot. You should contact them via email, if information needs to be passed onto them. A link is provided on the same page to do so. If you change the date or time of the timeslot, you will be warned that this was changed, in the event the change was unintended. You may not update the size of the timeslot, meaning the number of participants, to a value lower than the current number of participants signed up for the timeslot. Generally, researchers only update timeslots with sign-ups to update the location if it was not available when the timeslot was originally created.

If the study or researcher is subject to timeslot time usage restrictions, the system will enforce them. This prevents you from making changes that would result in exceeding the timeslot usage limit, for example by increasing the number of participants.

Timeslot Change Tracking

The system automatically tracks certain changes that occur with a timeslot. This includes information about any time the timeslot’s key information (date, time, assigned researcher, videoconference URL, location) is changed, as well as any time a manual sign-up or cancellation is performed, but not a sign-up or cancellation done by the participant. This information is tracked for the last 3 months of changes for each timeslot.

To view this information, choose the Timeslot Modification Log when viewing a timeslot, and you will see this information.

Deleting Multiple Timeslots

If you would like to delete multiple timeslots at once, select the desired study and choose Timeslots. At the top of the Timeslots page, you will see a Delete Multiple Timeslots option. The option may not appear in certain cases where such an option is not available due to a lack of available timeslots to delete.

After going to that page, you will see a list of timeslots eligible for deletion. You can choose to view only empty timeslots (timeslots with no sign-ups), or all timeslots including those with sign-ups. If a timeslot has sign-ups, it will only be listed if there are no pending (Awaiting Action) sign-ups, no (non-zero) credit grants, and no unexcused no-shows.

Choose the timeslots you would like to delete, and choose Delete Selected Timeslots to continue. If you would like to delete all empty timeslots, there is a Check All option at the bottom of this page that will automatically select all timeslots listed on the page for deletion. Click the Uncheck All button to revert the effect of choosing the Check All option.

The system routinely deletes all empty timeslots more than 3 months old to preserve database space.

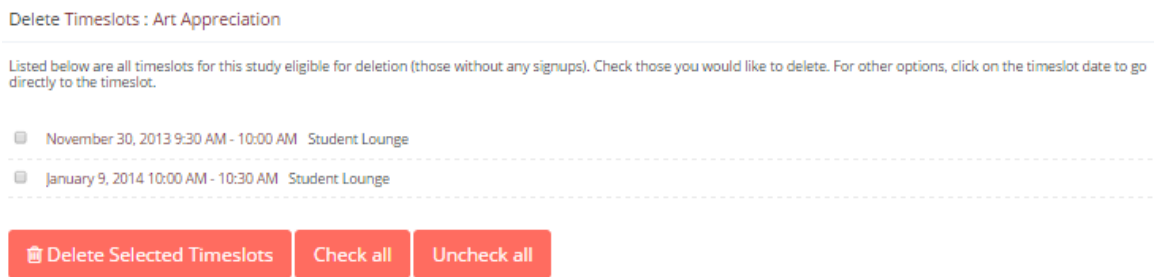


Figure 27 - Delete Multiple Timeslots

Manual Sign-Up

If enabled on your system, you may manually sign up participants for your study on their behalf. There are a number of situations where this is desirable. If the participant shows up for a timeslot they were not signed up for, and you elect to let them participate, you can sign them up on the spot for the timeslot. In this situation, participants may not be able to sign-up on their own, because the sign-up deadline has passed. You may also sign up a participant for a study that has already occurred, if necessary.

It is important to note that a manual sign-up overrides any restrictions you have placed on the study (e.g. pre-requisites, prescreen restrictions, course restrictions, age restrictions). However, you will be warned if you are overriding any restrictions. You may not sign up a participant for the same timeslot that they are already signed up for. You are allowed to sign them up for a study, even if they are already signed up for a different timeslot for that same study. You will receive a warning when doing this. You may not sign up a participant for a study if it causes them to exceed their maximum credit or study limit. If it is necessary to do so, please ask the administrator to do this. They are allowed to do a manual sign-up even when it will exceed maximum credit or study limits.

You may not sign up a participant whose account is Limited, if your study is not a research alternative study. Those participants whose account is Limited are ineligible for your study. However, the administrator can still do this.

If participants must acknowledge the system's human participants/privacy policy before logging in, and they have not done so, the system will show a warning about this but will otherwise allow the sign-up to proceed.

If the system is configured as such, the participant will receive a confirmation email when you sign them up for a study. In that case, you also have the option to enter comments to be included in this email that may better explain to the participant why they were signed up. If you are signing up a participant for a timeslot more than one year old, a confirmation will *not* be sent despite the system configuration. This is to make it easier when transitioning from an existing system, as you may sign up old participants for the purposes of preventing them from signing up for the same study again in Sona. You may only sign up participants for your own study.

To sign up a participant for a timeslot, you must first find the desired study and timeslot. To view your studies, choose the My Studies option from the top toolbar. Click on Timeslots for the desired study. Then, select the timeslot you would like to deal with, and click the Modify button.

If it is enabled, at the bottom of the page you will see a Manual Sign-Up option. Type in the participant's User ID or SSO ID (you may have to ask them for this) and click Sign Up. If enabled, you may also choose to sign up a participant using their unique ID code. You may have the choice to enter their name and choose from a list of participants. In all cases, after proceeding, you will see a confirmation page that also lists any restrictions on the study. Choose Sign Up to complete the sign-up.

Signup Confirmation

Sign-Up Restrictions:

Participant must have completed ALL of these studies:

- Climate effects on happiness **False**

WARNING: This study has restrictions based on which courses participants are in, and this participant does not meet those restrictions.

Are you SURE you want to sign up **Frank Bass** for the study "Art Appreciation" on December 24, 2014 10:30 AM - 11:00 AM?

Comments

(Optional. Any comments will be included in the email notifying participant of the sign-up.)

Sign Up

Cancel

Figure 28 - Manual Sign-Up Confirmation

If you are subject to timeslot time usage restrictions, the system will enforce them and prevent you from signing up a participant in the timeslot if that results in exceeding your timeslot usage limit.

If you are doing a manual sign-up for a multi-part study, you must do a manual sign-up for each part separately. The system will overlook the scheduling range restrictions as well.

You cannot use the manual sign-up feature for online survey studies because the sign-up for the study is integrated with the administration of the survey.

The manual sign-up feature will not appear for a researcher if the study requires approval by the administrator, and it has not yet been approved. This is to ensure that sign-ups don't occur for a study that has not yet been approved, as research should not take place prior to approval.

Manual Cancellation

If enabled on your system, you may have the opportunity to cancel a participant's sign-up. You may only cancel sign-ups that are in a No Action Taken (Pending) state. To cancel a sign-up, find the desired timeslot and participant. Click Cancel next to their name. The participant will be sent an email about the cancellation, and who performed it, along with a confirmation code. Their sign-up will be immediately cancelled. There is an option to have a copy of the email sent to the researcher doing the cancellation, and the administrator may also receive a copy of this cancellation email, depending on how the system is configured.

System Message: Are you sure you want to cancel this signup?

Cancel Study Signup

Study Name	Art Appreciation
Date	December 24, 2014 10:30 AM - 11:00 AM
Location	Student Lounge

Would you like to cancel this signup?

Message for participant (optional)

Yes, perform cancellation

No, do not cancel

Figure 29 - Manual Cancellation

Manual Cancellation in Batch

You may cancel all participants for the same timeslot at one time, when applicable. The option will appear below the list of sign-ups. This option will appear in cases where there are two or more participants signed up for the timeslot who are eligible for cancellation (No Action Taken state).

There is also an option to cancel sign-ups based on the date the participant signed up. This can be useful for online external studies, where the timeslot (participation deadline date) is set quite far in advance, but participants who have signed up but not participated in the online study within a certain number of days are considered worthy of cancellation.

Viewing the Participant List

To view the list of participants who have signed up for your study, you must first select the study and timeslot you wish to see. To view your studies, choose the My Studies option from the top toolbar. Click on the timeslots link in the View column for the desired study. Then, select the timeslot you would like to see, and click the Modify button.

The list of participants, along with their email addresses will be listed. If ID codes are enabled, you will only see an ID code and no name or email address for each participant. In this case the list will be sorted by ID code.

Timeslot Information : Art Appreciation

[Other Timeslots for this Study](#)
[Timeslot Modification Log](#)
[Printer-Friendly List](#)

Date:
 Number of Participants:

Start Time:
 Location:

End Time: 30 minutes after start time
 [View Schedule](#)

OR type in below

[Update](#)

All Sign-Ups **Uncredited Sign-Ups**

Listed below are all the participants who have signed up for this timeslot. If you would like to grant or revoke credit, simply choose the desired option next to each participant. If for some reason you need to cancel a sign-up, you can click the Cancel link next to the sign-up you would like to cancel. A sign-up must be in "No Action Taken" status before it can be cancelled.

You may grant Credits ranging from 0 to 2 Credits. The standard value in Credits for this study is 1 Credits

(4 Participants) 3 available spaces

Name	Participated	No-Show	No Action Taken	Comments
Gerry Brunswicker (gerryb@yourschool.edu)	☐	☐ Unexcused ☐ Excused	☐	

[View Prescreen](#)
[Cancel](#)

Figure 30 - Modifying a Timeslot / Participant List

Viewing Prescreen Responses

If online prescreening is enabled on your system and you are also allowed to view an individual participant's prescreen responses, then you will see a Prescreen link next to each participant's name (or ID code) when viewing information for a timeslot. Click on that link to view the participant's prescreen responses.

If you would like to view and download the prescreen data for all participants in your study, choose the Prescreen Responses option after clicking on your study, in the Study Menu.

For certain questions, you will have the option to choose the questions and view responses on-screen in summary format. This is a great way to easily monitor the demographics of participants signed up for your study.

There is also an option to download all the data at once, in CSV (comma-separated) format, for further analysis. The download will not contain data for participants marked as a no-show.

If age appears in the prescreen data (not as a response to a prescreen question but as part of the participant's profile), then it is computed based on the participant's age at the time of the timeslot for lab studies. For web studies, it's based on their age at the time you download the data.

If you would like to analyze responses in aggregate, meaning across all participants in the system, see Analyzing Prescreen Responses in this documentation.

Prescreen Information:

- Sections were displayed in the same order as below
- Prescreen is currently available for participants to participate in
- Participation in the prescreen is optional
- Prescreen was started at September 16, 2014 7:58 PM
- Prescreen was finished at September 16, 2014 7:59 PM

Response Summary

Section 1	Listed below are questions for this section of the prescreen. Please provide a response for every question. If you are given the option to decline to answer a question, then declining to answer is considered a response.
	1. Do you wear glasses? Multiple-choice question. Participants may decline to answer this question. <u>Response:</u> Yes 2. When writing, which hand do you prefer to use? Multiple-choice question. Participants may decline to answer this question. <u>Response:</u> Left hand 3. Please rate how you feel about the following statement: I have a better time in social settings if I drink alcohol. Multiple-choice question. The numeric values for choices were not displayed -- only the associated text. Participants may decline to answer this question. <u>Response:</u> 1 Strongly Disagree

Figure 31 - Viewing Participant Prescreen Responses

Granting or Revoking Credit

At the completion of a session, you should promptly mark the attendance status of participants in the system to ensure proper credit grants. The reason for the prompt handling of this situation is in the event your study is a pre-requisite for another study, as well as for good record-keeping. You do not want to hold up other studies that are waiting on your response to the study you just ran.

To grant or revoke credit for a timeslot, you must first find the desired study and timeslot. To view your studies, choose the My Studies option from the top toolbar. Click on the Timeslots link in the View column for the desired study. Then, select the timeslot you would like to see, and click the Modify button.

You will see a list of participants, identified either by name or ID code. If the participant properly participated in the study, click the radio button next to their name in the Participated column.

If the participant did not appear for the timeslot, you may choose to mark their no-show as excused or unexcused. Depending on how your system is configured, an unexcused no-show may result in a penalty being assessed for the participant (the system will compute this automatically), or their privileges to use the system may be restricted. You should ask your administrator for guidelines about when to grant an excused no-show or an unexcused no-show. Generally, excused no-shows are granted for extenuating circumstances, like if the participant was involved in a car accident on their way to the appointment. An unexcused no-show is generally used when the participant did not show up and had no reasonable excuse. For most schools, many of the no-shows are unexcused and are due to carelessness on the part of participants. A no-show generally does *not* prevent the participant from signing up for the same study again, unless they a general account limitation occurred as part of earning the no-show.

Depending on how your system is configured, you may see an option to grant a credit value that is different from the standard credit grant. This is useful when you want to grant a participant a lower credit value because they left the study early, or a higher credit value if the study ran longer than expected. The default value that is selected is the study's standard credit value. If this is enabled, then you may also grant 0 credits. This is useful if you do not want to grant credits to the participant, but also want to prevent them from participating in the study again. If a participant is granted 0 credits, and the study is set to prevent duplicate sign-ups, then the participant will not be able to sign up for that study again.

If desired, enter any comments about the session in the Comments section. Generally, this is used to indicate the reason for denying credit. Participants will see anything you enter in the Comments section for their sign-up, and these comments will be included in the email sent to participants when a credit grant/revocation occurs, if notification emails are enabled on your system.

Click on the Update Sign-Ups button at the bottom of the list of sign-ups to save your changes. Credit will be granted or a penalty assessed, as necessary. The participant(s) will be emailed about this, depending on how your system is configured.

It is not recommended to leave any sign-up for a timeslot that has occurred in the "No Action Taken" stage. This is a credit "limbo" and the system will warn you upon your next login that the timeslot has not been dealt with properly. Note that if Manual Cancellation is enabled and you would like to cancel a participant's sign-up, the sign-up must be in No Action Taken state.

Depending on how your system is configured, the system may automatically grant credit to participants for timeslots that are more than an administrator-specified number of hours old, and where the researcher has taken no action. You can always change the automatic credit grant later if it was in error. The automatic credit grant takes place once a day, usually overnight. Your administrator can let you know if such a feature is enabled on your system.

If you need to do a simple credit grant or no-show across many timeslots, see the Uncredited Timeslots section, which offers such a feature.

Granting Credit using QR Codes

For lab studies, another option to grant credit is by using QR codes. If enabled in the system, the reminder email sent to participants the day before their appointment will contain a QR code. Participants can show you this code from the email, and you can scan it to grant credit.

If you have the Sona Mobile app on your mobile device, you can scan use the built-in feature to scan the QR code there. This is the easiest way to do it, since you are already logged in this way.

Alternatively, if you do not have the Sona Mobile app, to scan a QR code, you can use the built-in camera feature on your smartphone. Most phones will recognize the QR code as you go to take a photo of it, and will offer to open the URL. There are also many free QR scanning apps available. After

scanning the QR code, you will need to log in to the system if you are not already logged in, as a security measure to ensure the person scanning the QR code has privileges to grant credit.

This feature also works for studies conducted over videoconference – ask the participant to hold the QR code up to their camera and scan it that way.

Batch Credit Granting

In some cases, you may wish to automatically sign up and immediately credit a group of participants. This is useful if you administer a study on an ad-hoc basis, and want to credit participants after the fact.

To do so, go to the appropriate timeslot. You may want to create a timeslot specifically for this purpose, and click on Modify Timeslot. In the Manual Sign-Up section, if enabled, you will see a Batch Credit Grant link. Click that link and you can provide the list of User IDs of users you would like to sign up and credit. Users will be signed up and credited immediately. This feature overrides any sign-up restrictions on the study, just as a manual sign-up does.

Batch Credit Grant

You may use this form to manually sign up and grant credit to a set of participants for this timeslot. You may only sign up 3 participant(s), because there are currently only 3 available spaces for this timeslot. Participants who are already signed up for this timeslot will not be signed up again for the same timeslot.

Credit Comments (optional)

Participant List
Type in a list of User IDs, separated by spaces
(Example: jsmith jdoe bsmith)

jsmith jdoe sgilmore

[Go to Confirmation Page](#)

Figure 32 - Batch Credit Grant

The batch credit grant feature will not appear for a researcher if the study requires approval by the administrator and it has not yet been approved. This is to ensure that sign-ups don't occur for a study that has not yet been approved. You may provide a list of up to 50 participants or as many participants as there are available spaces for the timeslot, whichever is less. Any participants listed past that limit will be ignored, but you are able to run the batch credit again with additional participants.

If the list includes participants who are already signed up for the timeslot, but in a pending (awaiting action) status, then those participants will be given credit.

If course credit assignment is enabled on your system, and participants may be in more than one course, then the system will auto-assign the credit to a course for participants only in the case where they are in one course. If they are in more than one course, the credit will remain unassigned until the participant assigns the credit on their own.

If you are signing up a participant for a timeslot more than one year old, a sign-up confirmation will *not* be sent despite the system configuration. This is to make it easier when transitioning from an existing system, as you may sign up past participants for the purposes of preventing them from signing up for the same study again in the system.

Emailing Participants

If you wish to contact participants in a particular timeslot for any reason, you may click on the Contact link that will appear next to each participant's name or ID code, to contact an individual participant. To email the group of participants for a particular timeslot, click the Contact All Participants choice at the bottom of the Modify Timeslot page for that timeslot.

You will be taken to a page where you can fill out a message that the system will send to the selected participants. The message is auto-filled with some basic information about the study, so participants are aware of which study you are referring to. You may remove this information if desired. If you include the text %FIRST_NAME%, %LAST_NAME%, or %USERNAME% in the email text, the system will substitute it with the recipient's first name, last name, or username. Note this text must be in upper case and surrounded by % symbols.

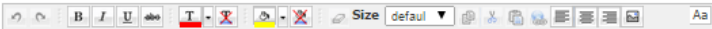
You may choose to receive a copy of the email that you send.

Depending on how your system is configured, participants may already be receiving a reminder about upcoming studies the day before they are scheduled to participate. Ask your administrator for more information.

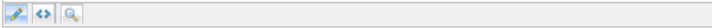
Contact Participants: Art Appreciation

Enter a message below that will be emailed to all participants participating in this timeslot. Emails will only be sent to participants who are allowed to login to the system. You may choose to receive a copy of the email by choosing the appropriate option below. Please be aware that the system automatically sends participants a reminder email the day before the study.

Message



You are scheduled to participate in the study 'Art Appreciation' on Wednesday, December 24, 2014 10:30 AM - 11:00 AM at Student Lounge. The researcher is Monica Horton.



Send me a copy ☐ Yes ☒ No

Emailing Delay Send now ▼

Send Message

Figure 33 - Contacting Participants

In some cases, you may find it useful to contact all participants for the study, across all timeslots. This feature may be particularly useful if you are sending debriefing information when a study has concluded. To do so, go to My Studies, click Study Info next to the desired study, and choose the Contact Participants option (in the Study Menu). You will then be able to select which group of participants to send to, and a message to send. Messages will be sent in batches of 1,000 at a time, to avoid overloading email servers. You cannot include attachments in the email, so if you have a document you would like to include, you should post it on another website and provide a link to the document in the email you send.

Contact Participants : Art Appreciation

Enter a message below that will be emailed to participants participating in this study. The participant's numeric ID code will be included automatically in the email. Emails will only be sent to users who are allowed to login to the system. You will be able to send the emails in groups of 3000 at a time. You may choose to receive a copy of the email by choosing the appropriate option below.

Note that you have the potential to send emails to a large number of participants. In most cases, it is preferable to contact participants associated with a particular timeslot instead. You can do so by going to the desired timeslot and using the Contact feature there.

Recipients

- ☒ All participants
- ☐ Participants who were granted credit
- ☐ Participants who were marked as a No-Show
- ☐ Participants who are marked as Awaiting Action

Date Range

- ☒ All Dates
- ☐ Specified Dates

Tuesday, 2019-01-01 - Tuesday, 2019-12-31

Message

You have received this email because you are signed up for the study 'Art Appreciation' (either in the past or the future). The researcher is Svetlana Ivanov.

Design </> HTML

If you write the text %FIRST_NAME% %LAST_NAME% or %USERNAME%, the system will place the recipient's information in place of that text when it generates the email.

Send a copy to yourself?

- ☐ Yes
- ☒ No

This is a study invitation email. Exclude those who have opted out?

- ☐ Yes
- ☒ No

Emailing Delay

Send now

(the email(s), including the copy to yourself, will be delivered after the chosen number of hours)

Preview Messages...

Figure 34 - Contact Participants

The Sender address on the email will be the administrator email address, which is done to prevent the email from being blocked by junk email filters. The "Reply To" address of the email will be that of the

user who is actually sending the email. When a user chooses to reply to the email, the reply will be sent to that “Reply To” address.

There is also the option to restrict the emails so that they only go to participants who signed up for timeslots in a specified date range. The date range is based on the date of the timeslot, not when the participant signed up for, completed, or received credit for the study.

You may see an option to indicate that the email you are sending is a study invitation email. If the email is inviting participants to another study and you indicate it is a study invitation email, then the email will not be sent to participants who have specifically opted out of receiving study invitation emails.

Finally, there is an option to specify a delay in sending the email, based on the number of hours from when the emailing option is used. This is useful if you want to target a certain time of day (e.g., during the evenings) when the email will be sent. The emails are generated at the time you use the emailing feature, but are stored on the email server queue until the specified sending time. These emails cannot be revoked once this emailing feature is used.

In most cases, summary information about the email you sent, in particular, to how many recipients it was sent to, will be logged and made available to the administrator. This is done to ensure that there is no abuse of the email feature in the system, and to ensure compliance with generally accepted Internet practices for sending emails.

Viewing Uncredited Timeslots

When you log in to the system, you will receive a warning if you have any timeslots that are more than two days old that have not been dealt with. You may view a list of all timeslots that have not been dealt with by choosing the View Uncredited Timeslots option from the My Studies page. The default view will show in-person studies with timeslots in the past, as well as all uncredited timeslots for some online studies (single-part online studies, and part 1 of multipart online studies) even when those timeslots are in the future. Participants typically participate in online studies right after they sign up, so these timeslots are often in need of crediting even if in the future (since the timeslot is based on participation deadline, not signup date). See the Web-Based (Online) Studies section of this documentation for more information.

If you would like to do a simple credit grant (standard credit grant, no comments) or no-show (of either type), you may do so directly from this page. Select the desired sign-ups/timeslots, and then choose the desired option.

If you need to do something more complex, like add comments or perform a special credit grant with a non-standard credit amount, you can easily click on the timeslot’s date and time and go directly to that timeslot.

In cases where a study has timeslots linked to specific researchers, you will see the warning only for timeslots that are specifically linked to you, or to everyone in the study (i.e., not timeslots linked to

someone else in the study). However, when you view uncredited timeslots, you will see all uncredited timeslots for your studies, even if someone else is linked to one of the timeslots for your study. This is done to make it easier to give your fellow researchers assistance in dealing with uncredited timeslots.

Uncredited Timeslots

Listed below are uncredited timeslots for your studies. The list includes all uncredited timeslots in the past, along with all uncredited timeslots for online external studies.

You may click on the study name to view more information about the study, or click on the date to go to that specific timeslot. If you would like to do a simple credit grant or no-show (no Credits value variations, no special comments), you may do so below by checking the appropriate checkbox next to each signup for which you would like to grant credit. For other options, like including comments, click on the timeslot date to go directly to the timeslot.

If you would like to sort the list below by study name or date, click on the word Study or Date below.

Past And Online

All

Sort by: Study Name Timeslot Date

Study	Researcher	Date	Participant	Grant Credit?
Pronunciation of Words	ALL	May 15, 2014 10:00 AM - 10:30 AM	Amanda Abshire	☒ No Action Taken ☐ Grant Credit ☐ Unexcused No-Show ☐ Excused No-Show
Pronunciation of Words	ALL	May 15, 2014 10:00 AM - 10:30 AM	Richard Fish	☒ No Action Taken ☐ Grant Credit ☐ Unexcused No-Show ☐ Excused No-Show
Pronunciation of Words	ALL	May 15, 2014 10:00 AM - 10:30 AM	Carrie Klemens	☒ No Action Taken ☐ Grant Credit ☐ Unexcused No-Show ☐ Excused No-Show
Sunlight and Vitamin D	ALL	Online study ending December 31, 2014 9:00 AM	Martha Lee Hunt	☒ No Action Taken ☐ Grant Credit ☐ Unexcused No-Show ☐ Excused No-Show
Total number of uncredited timeslots: 4				☐ Mark all 'Grant Credit'

Grant Credits

Reset

Figure 35 - Uncredited Timeslots

Analyzing Prescreen Responses

If online prescreening is enabled on your system, then you might also have the opportunity to analyze prescreen responses in aggregate or as raw data. Choose the Prescreen Results option from the top menu bar. You can then select which question you would like to analyze, and whether you would like to see summary data or raw data (in CSV format) for the selected question. The raw data will identify each participant only by a unique ID code and not by their name, for privacy reasons. If for some reason you need the participants' real names, ask the Administrator to run the same analysis. They are able to pull the real names with their report. This gives you access to all prescreen data across all participants in the system.

If you would like to analyze the prescreen data for just those who participated in your study, select the Download Prescreen Responses after clicking on your study. See Viewing Prescreen Responses in this documentation for further information.

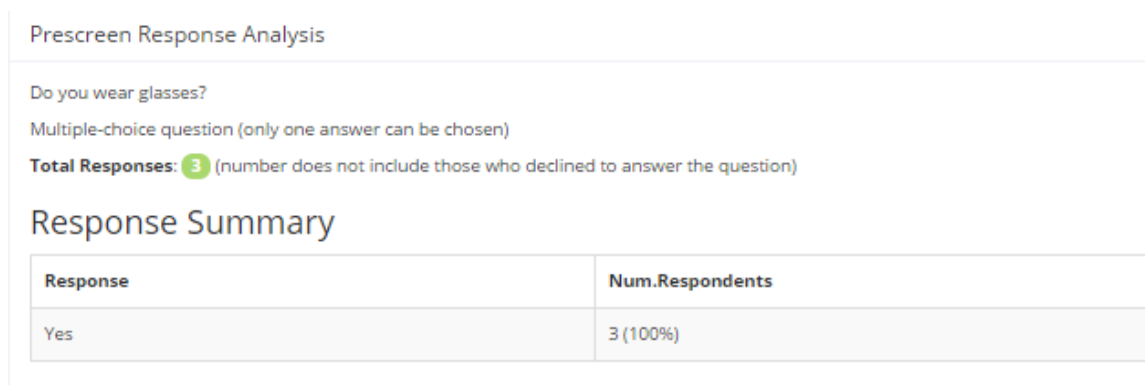


Figure 36 - Prescreen Response Analysis

Prescreen Qualification Analysis

If you would like to get an idea of how many participants meet a set of requirements for help in setting prescreen restrictions on your study use the Prescreen Qualification Analysis link from the Prescreen Responses page. Using this feature, you can select multiple questions (only those that qualify for study participation restrictions are listed) then the desired responses for those questions, and you will see how many participants meet that criterion.

If enabled, you may also contact participants and invite them to participate in any of your studies. See the Invite Qualified Participants to a Study section in this documentation for more information on how this works. The functionality is the same as the functionality described in that section, though a few options may be unavailable when not inviting directly from a study, as those options do not apply. Be sure to include information about how to sign up for the study in your communication to them, as a direct link to the study is not provided in the email.

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

How do I cite Sona Systems in a research paper?

We have developed a full guide for how to cite Sona Systems:

https://www.sona-systems.com/help/citation_guide.aspx

Why do I have to acknowledge the Human Participants/Privacy Policy?

Certain regulations and research guidelines either require or recommend it. You only need to do it once every 6 months, so it should not be intrusive. You will not be asked to acknowledge the policy if this feature is disabled by your administrator.

I want to set up a study so that participants can choose to receive credit or payment. How do I set this up?

Set it up as a study for credit, and note in the study description that participants may opt to receive payment instead. They should notify the researcher of this when they come to their appointment. If the participant at that time chooses to receive monetary compensation, the researcher should grant credit, but mark the credit as 0 credits (Variable Credit Granting must be enabled in System Settings by the administrator), and then note in the comments for the timeslot that payment was received.

The monetary compensation a participant receives for a study depends on decisions they make during the study. How do I indicate this?

You may type any value into the payment field when setting up the study, so you could type in a range of compensation values.

I want a participant to participate in an upcoming session, but the system says it is too late for them to sign up. What do I do?

If enabled, you can perform a manual sign-up. See the Manual Sign-Up section of this documentation. If not enabled, your administrator can still perform a manual sign-up.

Where are email notifications to me sent?

Email notifications (e.g. sign-up notices) are sent to either an address derived from your user ID or your alternate email address. See the Email Address Options section of this documentation for more information.

How do I deal with dyads?

A dyad is a study, which requires a pair of people to participate. Often, the second participant is not a “real” participant, but rather a colleague of the researcher who is “colluding” with the researcher as part of the study itself.

You do not need to deal with dyads in the system itself. Participants cannot see how many people have signed up for a timeslot, or how many spaces are available for a timeslot. So, your “fake” participant can just act like a real participant and the real participant will be unaware of this.

I have finished running my study. What should I do?

So it does not clutter the list of studies for participants, you should make the study Inactive or delete it. See the Updating a Study section of this documentation for more information.

Who has access to my studies?

All users can see the information about your studies and the available timeslots. Administrators, the principal investigator (if applicable) and the researchers for the study are the only people who can see who has signed up, and modify the study.

Regulatory Compliance Guidelines

Introduction

This software complies with all major regulations governing human participant research and privacy of data stored online. The system complies with both HIPAA and Common Rule for customers in the United States. For customers in Canada, it complies with the Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act, as well as the Tri-Council Statement. For customers in the European Union or in countries that follow OECD rules, it complies with OECD privacy rules and the European Union Directive of Data Protection. Your organization may or may not need to comply with the relevant regulations. Your research administrator can advise you on this situation.

Even if you are not required to comply, compliance is always a good idea. Protecting sensitive data is always a good thing. Compliance in the context of this system is as simple as reading the remaining paragraphs of this section, that apply to your organization, and following the guidelines contained therein. The software handles all the remaining compliance issues involving software, privacy and electronic data storage automatically. You should still consult with your IRB or organization to learn about additional compliance rules you must follow outside of use of this software. For example, the handling of the data you collect during your study.

Some regulations, particularly the US HIPAA regulations) are focused primarily on health data. You may think the system does not store confidential health data (in HIPAA terms, it is called PHI -- Protected Health Information), but depending on how your organization uses the software, there may very well be confidential data in the system. Consider the case of a study that requires a participant to come from a family that has a history of mental illness. Merely knowing who signed up for that study could be considered confidential because that type of information should not be revealed to the public. It may turn out that your studies are not of such a nature, but it applies in even more benign situations. For example, a study that requires that participants be regular contact lens wearers can be construed as confidential information. Organizations typically err on the side of caution given the criminal and civil penalties for violation of these types of regulations.

Data Handling and Security Guidelines

In your role, you have access to your studies and you can see who has signed up for those studies. You may also have access to prescreen responses. Because of these privileges, you should follow these simple guidelines:

- Secure Your Account. Use a password that is difficult to guess. The most secure passwords contain a combination of letters and numbers, do not spell a real word, and are at least 8 characters long. Your university IT department can provide you with assistance on choosing a secure password.
- Secure Your Work Area. If you are logged into the system and you leave your computer, you should logout of the system or use a password lock on your computer. Ask your network administrator for help with setting up a password lock.

- Handle Paper Documents Carefully. Any printouts from the system should be kept reasonably secure. Store them in a locking desk drawer out of the public view. Documents you decide to discard should be shredded if possible.

Human Participants/Privacy Policy Acknowledgment

Upon your first login to the system, and every 6 months thereafter, you may be required to acknowledge your organization's policy on these matters. This acknowledgement will be logged. Ask your research administrator if you have any questions.

INSTRUCTOR DOCUMENTATION

Introduction

The Experiment Management System is used for the scheduling and management of a research participant pool. As an instructor, your interaction with the system will be minimal, and hopefully painless. Your primary use of the system will be to check on the credit status of students (participants) in your courses. In some cases you may also have the ability to grant credits to your students, as well as view which studies are available to students.

Getting Started

The system works best if you use a web browser that is less than 2 years old. It works well with all current versions of Firefox, Chrome, and Safari. It will work with other web browsers, and with older versions of the browsers noted above, however the layout may not be as clean. Using an older web browser will lose no functionality. Ask your IT department if you need help with installing or using a web browser. This documentation presumes you have a basic knowledge of how to use the web. On this system, it is not necessary to use the Back button. You can always use the toolbar on the top to navigate anywhere on the site.

Single Sign-On (SSO)

In some cases, the system will be configured so you can log in through your organization's existing login process, known as single sign-on (SSO), instead of needing to remember a separate username and password to use this system. If that is the case, you will see an option on the front page of the system. Note that you will still require an account in the system to successfully log in to the system, even if you authenticate using SSO.

Logging In

Your administrator will provide you with a username and password to log in to the site (if SSO is not enabled), as well as the URL (web address). When you go to the front page of the site (the login page), you may see a link to request an account. This form is *only* for participants. Do not use this form to request an account, as participant accounts have an entirely different set of privileges, which are not appropriate for a researcher.

If you have forgotten your password and the system is configured to allow password retrieval, you will see a link where you may choose to have your password reset and a new password emailed to you. Once you log in, you will be presented with a Main Menu with a few options.

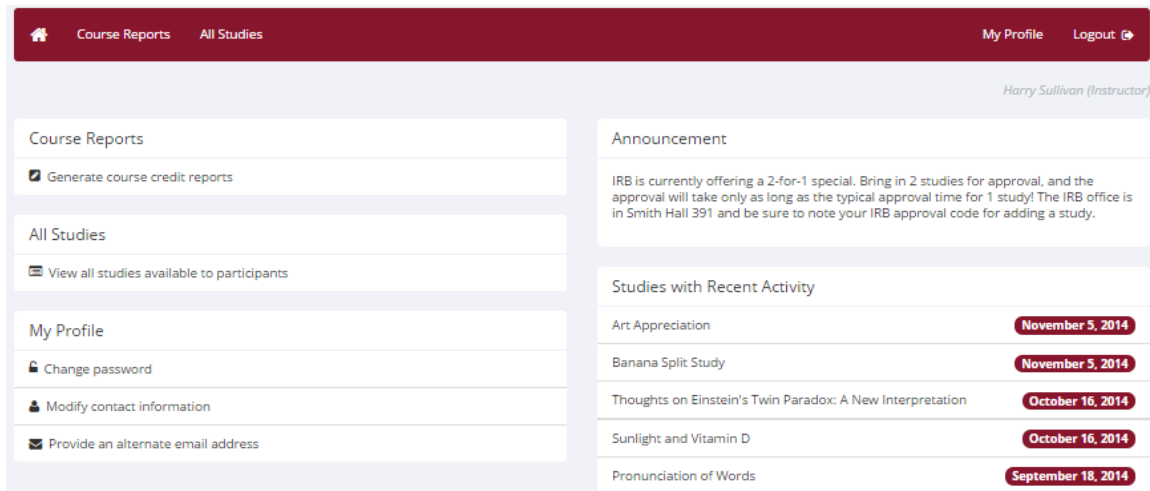


Figure 37 - Main Menu

Course Reports

On the Main Menu that you see after logging in, you will see an option to generate course reports. Once you click on that, you will see a list of all the courses that you are listed as an instructor for. You have the option to generate reports for each of those courses.

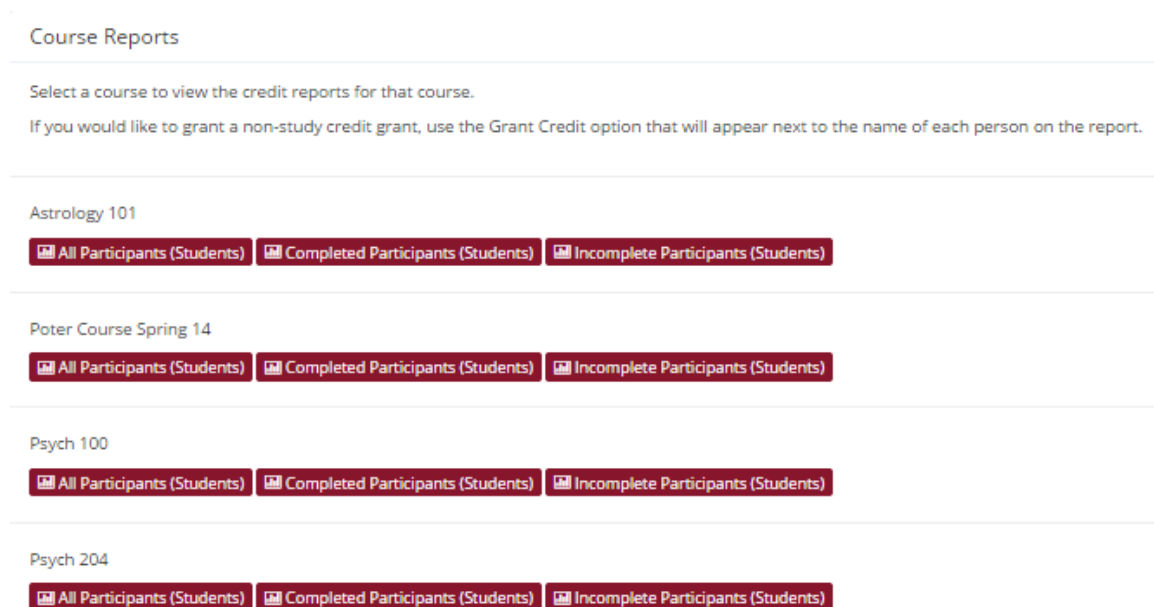


Figure 38 - Course Listing

You have three choices for the type of report you would like to generate. All Participants will list all the participants that are in the course. Completed Participants will list only the participants who have met or exceeded their credit requirements. Incomplete Participants will list only the participants who have *not* met their credit requirements. Click the link for the desired report.

The report will be listed in alphabetical order by participants' last name. Participants that have not completed their requirements will be highlighted in bold. For privacy and ethics reasons, you will never see exactly which studies the students participated in. You will only see a summary of their credit earnings. If for some reason this information is needed, the administrator can produce such a report for you using the Course Credit History report available to them.

If your system is configured as such, you will see a credit status for the participant overall, as well as for the listed course. If this is the case, you should look at a participant's credit for the *course* to determine if they have completed their requirements. If you do not see such a column ("Credits Earned for Course"), then you only need to be concerned with the overall credit completion status for the participant. If the report is too wide to be printed easily, you can use the Printer-Friendly format. A link to that will appear at the bottom of the report.

The report also includes a column indicating the Overall Unexcused No-Shows a participant has accrued. If you have a policy whereby you give some type of bonus for participants who do not accrue any unexcused no-shows, then use this column to determine which participants fit into that category (look for values of 0).

The Login Days column shows the number of unique days a participant logged in. For example, if they logged in three times on the same day, this will count as 1, but if they logged in once a day on two different days, this will count as 2. This can be an indicator of how often the participant used the system to check for studies.

If you would prefer to deal with the information in CSV (comma-separated) format, for easy import into a spreadsheet program like Excel, use the CSV link at the bottom of the report to generate such a data file. If you have a problem working with the CSV format file, please contact your IT department for assistance. CSV is a standard data format and they are quite familiar with it.

To generate a new report, choose the Main Menu link from the left toolbar and proceed from there.

Granting Credits

In some cases, you might see a Grant Credit choice next to each name when you generate a course report. If you click on this link, you can grant a non-study credit grant to that student. This is useful if you are in charge of granting a student credit for participation in a research alternative (e.g., writing a paper), in lieu of actual research participation. To grant the credit, simply enter the credit value and a comment about the credit grant, and the credit will be granted immediately. If you grant a credit by mistake and would like to delete it, please contact the administrator and they can do this for you.

Non-Study Credit Grant

You may grant a non-study credit to this participant (Richard Fish) by filling out the information below. Such a credit grant is often useful if the participant participated in a research alternative. To deduct credit, enter a negative value (e.g. ""-1""") for the number of Credits. You may enter partial values also (e.g. 0.25, 0.5, 1.5). You must enter a comment about the credit grant.

Number of Credits to Grant:

Comments

[Grant Credit](#)

Figure 39 - Non-Study Credit Grant

Viewing Studies

In some cases, you may have the ability to view what studies are available in the system to participants. This is useful if you want to discuss information or concepts from those studies in class, as a part of the educational experience. If such an option is available, you will see an All Studies link after you login. If you click this, you will see a list of studies, along with an option to filter to only studies that have available timeslots. You may then click on any study to view more about it. For privacy reasons, you may not see who has signed up for any of the studies.

All Active Inactive		
Sort by: Study Name Last Activity Date		
Study Information	Approved?	View
Art Appreciation (1 Credits) (Timeslots Available) colors in life	Approved	Study Info
Banana Split Study (1 Credits) (Timeslots Available)	Approved	Study Info
Climate effects on happiness (1 Credits) brief description of the study	Approved	Study Info
Environmental Engineering Test (1 Credits) (Timeslots Available) Skill testing.	Approved	Study Info
External Study Limesurvey (1 Credits) (Online Study)	Approved	Study Info
External Survey Monkey (4 Credits) (Online Study)	Approved	Study Info
Lack of Sleep (1 Credits) Does lack of sleep kill brain cells?	Approved	Study Info
Managing Costs When Abroad (1 Credits)	Approved	Study Info

Figure 40 - Viewing Studies

Changing Your Password

To change your password or other information, choose the My Profile choice from the top toolbar.

If you change your password, please be sure to select a password you do not use on any other systems or websites, which is a good computing practice.

My Profile

You may use this page to change your password and update other information about yourself. All fields are required unless marked otherwise.

Name

Harry Sullivan

User ID

hair @yourschool.edu

Alternate Email Address

Optional. If provided, all emails sent to you from the system will be sent to this address.

harry@sullivanschool.edu

harry@sullivanschool.edu

(please enter twice for verification purposes)

Change Password

Enter your current password, then your new password twice, to change your password. Otherwise, leave blank.

Current Password

New Password

New Password (confirm)

University ID Number (optional)

Phone Number (optional)

202-555-2011

Office (optional)

Update

Figure 41 - Updating Your Profile

Depending on how your system is configured, you may enter an email address on this page. You will be asked to enter it twice when changing the address, to ensure it is typed correctly.

Logging Out

When you are done using the system, choose Logout from the top toolbar to log out. You are now logged out. It is always a good security measure to close all your browser windows as well, especially if you are using a computer that is shared by others.

ADMINISTRATOR DOCUMENTATION

Introduction

As an administrator, you will need to perform many tasks that only an administrator has the rights to perform. Though the number of tasks may seem daunting at first, you will quickly realize that everything is rather straightforward, and should take a minimal amount of your time. For your convenience, we have included a section of Typical Administrator Tasks to get you up and running quickly, while additional tasks are further detailed later on in the documentation.

Getting Started

As an administrator, you were provided with a login and password to access the system, as well as a URL (web address) for the system. To log in, you should go to the specified URL by typing it into your web browser. It is recommended that you use any popular web browser that is less than 2 years old, including Firefox, Chrome, and Safari. The software will work with older versions of the web browsers noted above, though the layout and display might not be as streamlined.

The screenshot shows the login page for the Royal University Department of Psychology Research Participation System. The page has a header with the Royal University logo and the system name. Below the header, there is a login form with fields for User ID and Password, and a Log In button. To the right of the login form, there is an announcement box and buttons for Request Account and Forgot Password. At the bottom, there is a footer with contact information and copyright details.

ROYAL UNIVERSITY

Department of Psychology Research Participation System

RESEARCH PARTICIPATION SYSTEM

User ID
@yourschool.edu

Password

Log In

Announcement
Now open to students and researchers for the Spring term. Participation deadline is May 31, so be sure to sign up for all studies before then!

Request Account

Forgot Password?

Email questions to researchadministrator@yourschool.edu
Copyright © 1997-2014 Sona Systems Ltd.
(1:16 PM)

Figure 42 - Login Page

You will note from the front page of the site that a login is required. It is required of every user in the system. The system menus and features adjust based on the privileges and type of user that is logged in. As an administrator, your menu of choices is much larger than a participant's menu, for example.

Main Menu and Dashboard

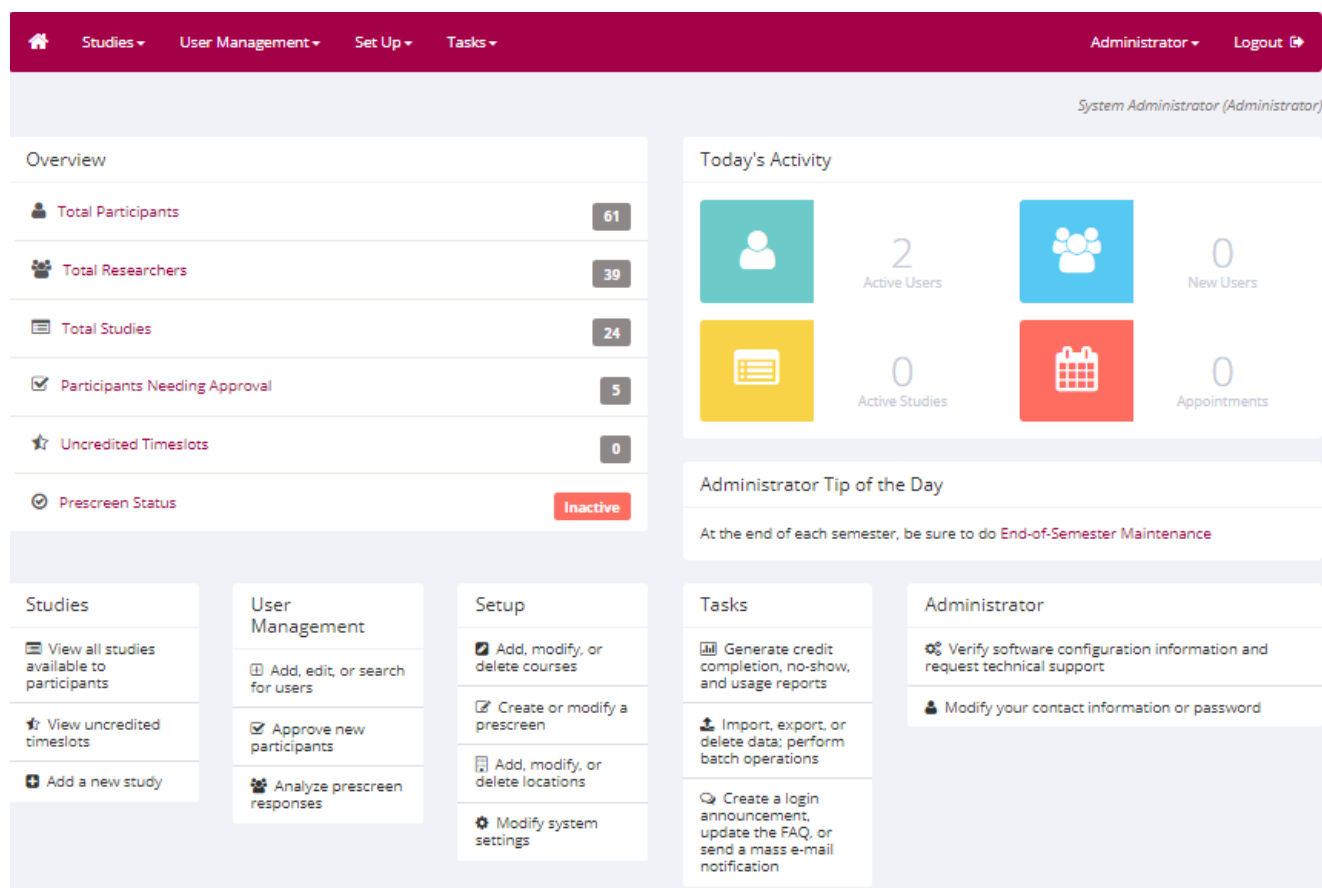


Figure 43 - Administrator Main Menu

After you log in, you will see the dashboard giving you an overview of activity in the system. In the Today's Activity section, you will see the following:

- **Active Users:** The number of users that logged in today.
- **New Users:** The number of users whose accounts were created today.
- **Active Studies:** The number of active studies today. Usually this is if the study had a sign-up or cancellation that took place today. Or, the researcher made changes to the study.
- **Appointments:** The number of appointments for lab studies scheduled for today, where participation has not already been noted. For example, if you are looking at this in the afternoon, then the appointments from earlier that day will only be included if the researcher has not yet taken action (i.e., they are in No Action Taken state).

The information on the dashboard is cached for performance reasons, and is updated every five minutes.

If this is your first time logging into the system, the first step is to secure your password. You may have been given a default password to log in. Choose Update My Profile from the Administrator menu to change your password and other information. It is strongly recommended you change the password to

a secure password you can easily remember, but is hard for others to guess. A secure password contains at least 8 characters, and is a combination of letters and numbers. Do not disclose this password to others, as Administrator accounts have full privileges throughout the system, thus being very powerful.

Typical Administrator Tasks

Each of the tasks listed below is documented in this manual. This list is intended to give you an idea of the tasks you might generally perform at various times during the term. See the appropriate section of this documentation for more information.

Start-of-Term Tasks

- Set up courses for the upcoming term and make old courses non-Selectable, if necessary. See Course Maintenance.
- Set up locations (rooms) in the system, if location scheduling is enabled. See Location Maintenance.
- Import or add users into the system. This may not be necessary for participant accounts if you have Participant Account Self-Creation enabled (see Participant Account Self-Creation). You will need to add or import users of other types (researchers, instructors, principal investigators) if they do not already have accounts. See Importing Users, and Adding and Editing Users.
- Update the System Announcement with any new information, if necessary. See Updating the System Announcement.
- Set up and activate the prescreen, if applicable (see Online Prescreens).
- Adjust Study Scheduling Deadline, Timeslot Usage Restriction Date, Maximum Total Studies Enforcement Date and Participant Progress Display dates, if applicable. See System Settings.

Ongoing Tasks

- Approve users, if Participant Account Self-Creation is enabled and Automatic Account Approval is disabled. See Approving Accounts.
- Monitor studies, if necessary. This may include approving new or changed studies, and updating study timeslot usage quotas. See Monitoring Studies.
- Monitor uncredited timeslots. Some researchers may forget to mark participant or no-shows for their studies in a timely manner, so you can contact researchers about this or correct the issue on your own.

End-of-Term Tasks

- View reports on participant completion. See Generating Reports.
- Clear out and export data in preparation for the new term. See End-of-Semester Maintenance.
- Delete old studies and user accounts (of all types) that haven't logged into the system in a while, as needed. See Batch Study Deletion and Basic End-of-Semester Maintenance.

General User Notes

There are 5 types of users supported by the software: Administrator, Participant, Instructor, Researcher, and Principal Investigator (when enabled). All users must log in to use the system. Privileges and features vary based on the user type.

Single Sign-On (SSO) Feature

You may configure your system so that users can log in using their credentials for your organization instead of having to remember a separate username and password to use the system. If this is not already configured on your system, you can [read this page](#) about the technical details and process to get it set up on your site.

With SSO enabled, all users still need an account in the system. SSO is used solely for authentication (to verify the user's credentials), not for provisioning. What this means you can still easily control who has access to the system, even if they are able to authenticate, since you control who has an account in the system. A user needs to authenticate *and* have an account in the system to successfully log in.

When adding new users, you specify their SSO ID, which looks similar to an email address (e.g. john@yourschool.edu), but may not necessarily be the same as their email address. You can ask your IT department about the formatting they use for SSO IDs (also known as EPPN – eduPersonPrincipalName).

If participants are allowed to request accounts, then they will first use SSO to authenticate who they are, and the Request Account page will have their name and email address already filled in (and not changeable), so they just need to provide additional information like choosing a course, to create an account in the system.

For non-participant users, the administrator will create an account for them, and specify their SSO ID instead of a username and password.

SSO Account Migration and Conversion

If you enable SSO when there are existing users in the system, and the migration feature was chosen, then user accounts will migrate to SSO automatically the next time they log in, while retaining all data that is associated with the account.

When a user authenticates, the system first checks to see if there is an existing SSO user matching their SSO ID returned from their SSO server. If there is a match, they can proceed.

If there is not a match, then it looks for an existing non-SSO user in the system whose email address matches the email address returned from their SSO server. If there is only *one* match (the most common case), the account is converted to SSO and their SSO ID is listed in the system in place of their former username and password.

If there is *more than one* match on email address, the system will show the user an error asking them to contact the administrator. The most likely scenario is the user had more than one account in the system, like separate researcher and instructor accounts. The best solution is usually to merge the accounts into one account with both those roles. See Merging User Accounts for more information. If you want to keep separate accounts, then only one account may be used for SSO login. Find the appropriate account in User Management, then go to Change SSO for this User and enter their SSO ID.

Troubleshooting SSO Login Issues

If a user is having difficulties logging in using SSO (in particular, if they get to the Sona login page and it shows an error), look up their account in User Management. There will be a Troubleshoot SSO Login Issues option in the SSO section for that user.

That will list all users with the same last name. When you find the user in that list that is trying to log in, look at the message noted for how to adjust the account to allow login.

User IDs

User IDs must be unique across the system, but one user ID may have multiple roles. For example, if there is a participant with the user ID “jsmith”, then there cannot be a researcher account with the same user ID, but that existing user ID can also have the researcher role assigned to it.

Usually, schools choose to use a school-wide user ID for the user ID. This is often derived from the email address. For example, if all users at Acme University have an email address of *username@acme.edu*, then that convention for user IDs is unique (there cannot be two users with the same username @acme.edu), and a good scheme to use. In this example, a user with the email address “jsmith@acme.edu” should use the user ID “jsmith” on the system.

The user ID and password combination is unique to this system. Users can choose a password different from the one they use on other systems, like their email system for example. The system can also automatically generate a random, secure password for users that can be changed if desired.

If you do not have a common domain (@ suffix), which usually occurs when inviting members from the community at large to participate in research, you may leave the “@ Suffix” setting (see System Settings) blank. In this case users can choose any user ID, but they will also be required to provide an email address so the system may contact them when necessary.

Users with Multiple Roles

There may be a case where you try to add a user whose user ID is already taken. Most likely, this situation occurs when a person has more than one role in the system, such as a person who is both a Researcher and an Instructor.

In this case, you can add the new role to the existing user account. Simply look up their account in User Management, and go to Change Roles to add and remove roles.

If a user has multiple roles, then when they log in, they will be asked which of their roles they would like to use for that login session.

The system will list the type of user the person is logged in as in the top right corner of every page after they have logged in. This is done so the user does not forget what role they are using at the moment, if they have more than one role.

If Participant Account Self-Creation is enabled, and a user with some other type of account goes to request a participant account, the participant role will be added to their existing account. If the account is already allowed to log in, then they will still be able to log in and use that new role. If Administrator Account Notification Email is enabled, then the administrator will receive an email about this new role being added.

Merging User Accounts

If a user has more than one account, like one researcher account and one participant account, you can merge those into one account with both roles. This need typically arises because multiple role support was added to the system in December 2016, so prior to that users with multiple roles required a separate account for each role.

In order to merge user accounts, the two accounts must *not* have any overlapping roles. For example, if both accounts have the researcher role, they may not be merged unless that role is removed from one of the accounts first.

To merge user accounts, look up the account that you would like to remain after the merge, in User Management. Then go to Change Roles, and type in the User ID of the user you would like to merge into the current user. Once you proceed, the account of the user you merged from will have all their data transferred to the current user account, and the account will be deleted.

Transferring Participant Sign-Ups

There is one exception to the limitation that two accounts of the same role cannot be merged (see Merging User Accounts): if there are two participant accounts that are the same person, you can transfer all sign-ups from one account to another. To do so look up the participant account you want to keep and go to Change Roles, then input the user ID of the participant you do *not* want to keep in the specified form to transfer sign-ups.

If successful, all sign-ups will be transferred over. The old account will remain, and you can delete it if you like. The transfer may not succeed if both accounts are signed up for the same study and timeslot. During the transfer, non-study credit grants and prescreen responses are *not* transferred over. If the old participant had credits assigned to a course the remaining participant is not in, those credits will become unassigned. Likewise, if online credit limits are enabled on a per-course basis, and the sign-up being transferred would cause the participant to exceed their limit in the course the sign-up is assigned to, then it will also become unassigned.

Adding and Removing Roles

Change User Roles

[Return to User](#)

You may add or remove roles from Johnny Smith below. If the user has another account that you would like to move to this account, you can use the Merge Existing Account option instead.

Participant	OFF	Add Role
Researcher	ON	Remove Role Cannot remove only remaining role from user. Delete the user instead.
Principal Investigator	OFF	Add Role
Instructor	OFF	Add Role
Administrator	OFF	Add Role

Merge Existing Account

You may merge an existing account into this account. This is only possible if the account you are moving from does not have the same roles as the account you are merging to.

Move the account from the User (Login) ID below to the current account:

[Merge User](#)

Figure 44 – Change User Roles

If you would like to add or remove roles for an existing user, find that user in User Management and go to Change Roles. You will see a listing of the roles currently enabled, as well as the roles that can be added. To add a role, click on that role.

If you are adding the participant role, then after adding the role, you may want to go to Change Course Assignments to add them to a course. If you do not do this, the user will be asked to choose their courses the next time they log in using the participant role.

If you would like to remove a role from a user, click the option to do so. In some cases, the option will be disabled because there is data tied to that user's role. For example, you cannot remove the researcher role from a user with studies with credits or sign-ups linked to them, and you cannot remove the only remaining role from a user.

In some cases, you may remove a role but some data will be deleted. For example, if you remove the participant role, all the study sign-ups and online survey responses and online prescreen responses for that participant will be deleted, just as if you deleted their participant account. The system will warn about this and give you the option to confirm before proceeding.

In short, removing a role is just like deleting a user who has only that role – all data associated with that user role will be deleted when you remove that role.

The system will prevent you from removing the administrator role from yourself. Another administrator can remove this role from your account if necessary.

Emails and User IDs

If the “@ Suffix” is provided (see System Settings), which it is in most systems, then the user ID is typically derived from the user’s university email address. The user ID is also used when email needs to be sent from the system to the user. Typical emails that are sent include credit notification and study sign-up confirmation emails (when enabled).

When sending an email, the system will first see if the user has provided an alternate email address. If this exists, it will be used. The user can add or modify their alternate email address from the “Update My Profile” link on the Main Menu after login. It can also be provided when an administrator creates the account through a data import or the Add User form.

If an alternate email address is not on file, the system will send an email to the address created by taking the user’s user ID and appending @ and the “@ suffix” to the end of it. For example, if the user ID is “jsmith” and has an @ suffix of “acme.edu”, the email would be sent to “jsmith@acme.edu”. The @ suffix is specified in System Settings.

If the “@ Suffix” is blank (see System Settings), then the system will always send to the email address provided by the user. In this situation, it is listed as the “Email Address” and not “Alternate Email Address”, since it is mandatory when configured this way.

The alternate email address feature may be disabled for participants, with the “Enable Alt. Email” system setting (see System Settings).

Participant Unique ID Codes

If enabled (see Participant Identification in System Settings), participants may be identified to researchers only by a unique, numeric ID code, or by only their first name. One of these options is generally desirable when protecting a participant’s privacy is very important.

If this setting is set to ID codes, then the system will automatically generate a numeric ID code for each participant. They will be reminded of this ID code in any email communication generated from the system to participants (e.g., study reminder emails). Their ID code is also listed on their profile page for easy reference. Participants continue to log in with their normal username, not their ID code. The ID code is the same for the participant across all studies they sign up for.

Researchers only see a participant’s ID code, and not their name or email address. Instructors see only the participant’s names (not ID codes), as this information is necessary to link the participant to their course for proper crediting.

Administrators have access to both a participant's ID code and name, as this information is necessary when performing routine maintenance tasks. Because of this, the administrator should be careful when handling this sensitive information.

You should consult with your IRB about this feature. Many regulations governing human participant research require that Unique ID codes are used.

If you do not require this high level of privacy, it may be acceptable to choose the option where participants are identified to researchers by only their first name. This makes it easier to take attendance of who arrived for an appointment, while still offering some level of privacy.

If you change this value, it will affect the ability for external web study crediting integration to work for participants who have signed up for such a study but have not yet received credit. It will not affect those who have already received credit for such studies, or for those who sign up after the change. For this reason, we recommend waiting until after the semester has ended to change this setting.

Importing Users

The system features a method for bulk importing a set of user accounts, known as the User Import Wizard. You may use this feature to import Participant, Researcher, Instructor, or Principal Investigator (when enabled) accounts. Administrator accounts cannot be imported through the Import Wizard. See *Adding and Editing Users* for information on adding Administrator accounts.

The methods for adding users into the system are not mutually exclusive. For example, you can add a set of participants through the Import Wizard, while still enabling the Participant Account Self-Creation feature. The system will automatically prevent duplicate user entries by verifying that a user ID is not taken when an attempt to create the account is made. If a user ID already exists in the system, but the account was deactivated (not allowed to login to the system), then their account will be reactivated when doing the user import. If a user ID already exists, but it is of a different role (for example, you are importing participants and that user ID is assigned to a researcher account), then the role being imported will be added to their existing user account *if* you choose Import All instead of Import Good during the import process. If SSO is enabled but optional on your system, then you can import users by User ID or SSO ID, but you can only include one type in each import.

Preparation Tasks

The Import Wizard is a multi-step process. You should run only one import at a time, and should have your data file ready when you start the import. Do not use the back button on your browser at any point during the process. The system will expire your login session after a period of inactivity. The exact period is listed on the first page of the Import Wizard, but it is usually around 20 minutes. It is important to move through the process with this timeout period in mind. In addition, the system may take a few moments to process your import file, so be patient as you go through the steps. If you receive a timeout error when performing the import (typically after Step 4), then you have probably pasted in too many rows of data. Try to reduce the number of rows and try again, as you can run the

import more than once per course. A general guideline to use is to import only 200-300 users at a time, though you are welcome to try with larger numbers to see if it will work (usually it does).

The Import Wizard expects you to have a text file in comma-separated (CSV) format, or upload an Excel file. Most institutions receive course rosters from the registrar or SIS as an Excel spreadsheet. Once you receive the data in this format, you should clean up or make changes to the data directly in the spreadsheet, as it is the easiest method for data cleanup. Once you have prepared the data, choose the “Save As” feature in Excel to save the file as a comma-separated file, or upload the Excel file. If you are pasting in CSV data as opposed to uploading an Excel file, the Import Wizard generally expects each data item to be surrounded by “quotes” and each item to be separated by a comma. If you use a program like Excel to generate the CSV file, all fields may not necessarily be surrounded by quotes. This may be acceptable. Go through the import process and the system will notify you if there was a problem with the format. The system is flexible in dealing with poorly formatted CSV data.

If pasting in CSV data, only one user record should appear on each line. The fields may appear in any order as long as it is consistent throughout the file. Step 2 of the Import Wizard allows you to list which fields are contained in your import file.

You may encounter difficulties if you open up the data in Excel, select it, copy it, and then paste it into the system. The reason is that Excel does some other formatting of the data during this process. Instead, you should save the file in CSV format in Excel, then open up the saved file using a text editor, like Notepad. That will open the raw CSV file and you should be able to copy and paste from that without issue.

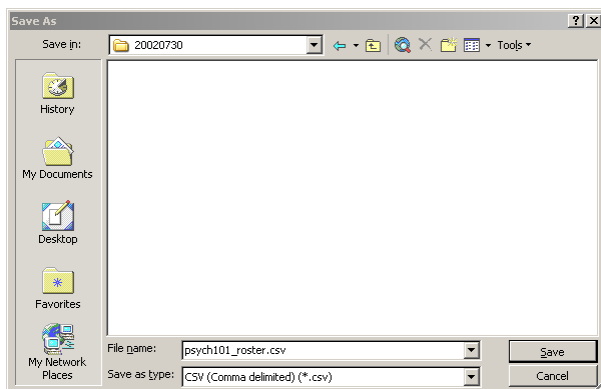


Figure 45 - Excel CSV Save As Feature

It is important to note that while the import feature provides the option to upload an Excel file or paste in CSV data, you should use only one option and not both, when doing the import.

Definitive List Import Option

When importing participant accounts there will be a Definitive List choice on Step 2 of the import process. This option only applies to participant accounts. If selected, the system will assume that the list of participants you provide in Step 4 is the *definitive* list for the course specified. What this means is that any participants who were already in that course, but not in the list you are importing, will be

removed from that course though their accounts will remain in the system. This is a good way to handle course add & drops at a later date. However care should be taken as it can result in participants being removed from the course.

As this option results in moving participants into and out of certain courses, this may cause their credit requirements, which are based on which courses they are in, to be recomputed. If you have the system configured to assess no-show penalties *and* the penalties are added to credit requirements, then this may result in the credit requirements being recomputed incorrectly. Accrued penalties, or manual credit requirement adjustments by the administrator, are not taken into account. If your site is configured this way, the system will give a warning to make you aware of this.

In short, here is what the system will do when you use the definitive list option:

- If the participant is in the list you specified and is already in the course, they will remain in the course.
- If the participant is in the list you specified and they are not in the course, they will be added to the course. They will not be removed from any other courses they were already in.
- If the participant is not in the list you specified but they are in the course, then they will be removed from the course. They will not be removed from any other courses they are in, and their account will not be removed. If they were only in this course (so the result is that they will be in no courses after the import is complete), then they will be asked to select a course upon their next login, from the list of courses marked Selectable in Course Listings.

In general, as the Definitive List feature can result in participants being removed from a course, we recommend only advanced users make use of this option. If you are unsure, it's better not to use this feature.

Multiple Course Import Option

For participant imports, you may import more than one course a time. Choose the Participant (Student) Multiple Course Import option. For this option, the system only supports uploading an Excel file, not pasting in CSV data. In the Excel file, put one course in each worksheet (tab) of the Excel workbook (file). Make sure to use the same fields and field order in each worksheet, and give each worksheet a unique name.

After you upload the file, the system will list each worksheet by name, and you can choose which course (in the system) it maps to. It will then process one worksheet at a time and you can see how the data imported and choose to proceed or not. When the last worksheet is imported, you will have the option to email login information to all participants who were imported (across all worksheets in the workbook).

Performing the Import

Start the user import by choosing System Maintenance and Data Management then Data Import, while logged in as an Administrator. If there was an existing import from before that was never fully completed, you will be given the opportunity to delete the import in progress or resume it.

User Import

Welcome to the user import wizard! This wizard will step you through the process of importing users in batch from a list. The list can be either a properly-formatted Excel file (.xlsx) or CSV-formatted (comma-separated) data. If you prefer to enter user accounts manually, you may use the [Add User](#) feature for that. This wizard allows the import of participant (student), instructor, and researcher user data. You may not use this wizard for administrator accounts; you should use the [Add Administrator](#) feature instead.

If you are importing participant (student) records, you may import them one course at a time (using CSV or Excel) or you may multiple courses by using a multi-tab Excel document. Please note that you should not run more than one import at the same time, but you may start another import after you complete this one. The system will remember the settings you used on the previous import, to make subsequent imports go more smoothly.

Please note that your session will "time out" after 20 minutes, forcing you to login again and restart your import. Because of this, you should move through the import process with this time limit in mind.

User Type

You may import only one type of user at a time. To start a new import, please choose what type of user you will be importing:

- ☐ Participant (Student) Single Course Import
- ☒ Participant (Student) Multiple Course Import
- ☐ Researcher Import
- ☐ Instructor Import

CONTINUE ➔

Figure 46 - Import Wizard Step 1

When you start a new import, you must first choose what type of users you would like to import. If you are importing participants, you must also choose what course the participants are in. The system will usually remember the settings you chose for the last import (fields, field ordering), so the process is likely to go very quickly if you are doing multiple imports.

Listed below is a table of the fields and which user types they apply to, as well as any restrictions about the fields.

Field Name	Applies To	Comments
First Name	All Users	Required. Up to 50 characters in length.
Last Name	All Users	Required. Up to 50 characters in length.
User ID (or SSO ID)	All Users	Required. Must be unique in the system. Up to 30 characters in length (User ID) or 128 characters (SSO ID). Do not include the @ suffix (e.g. "@yourschool.edu") if you are importing User IDs.
Password	All Users	Optional. Up to 20 characters in length. If this is not included, the system will generate a random password for each user.

University ID Number	All Users	Optional. Up to 20 characters in length. This option will not appear if importing participants and the Student ID Deactivation setting is on (see System Settings). If you are importing participant accounts, and the system is configured so that university ID numbers are required and must be unique, then the system will reject participants where another participant in the system already uses the university ID specified in the import.
Phone Number	All Users	Optional. Up to 20 characters in length.
Alternate Email Address	All Users	Optional if “@ Suffix” is provided, Required if “@ Suffix” is empty (see System Settings). Up to 100 characters in length.
Course	Participants	This is selected during the import and should not be included in your import file. You may import only one course at a time, for system performance reasons.
Office Location	Researchers, PIs, Instructors	Optional. Up to 50 characters in length.
Admin Comments	All Users	Optional. Up to 500 characters in length.

In Step 2 of the Import Wizard, you will be asked to choose which fields you will be importing. Only the required fields *must* be provided in your import file.

Field List

Please select the data fields you will be providing in your import file. Check the appropriate checkboxes next to the corresponding data fields your import file will contain. Certain fields (first name, last name) are required and will be assumed to be in your import file.

- ☒ First Name -- 50 characters max. length (required)
 - ☒ Last Name -- 50 characters max. length (required)
 - ☒ User ID -- 30 characters max. length; must be unique; do not include the @yourschool.edu (required)
 - ☐ Password -- 20 characters max. length (if you leave this un-checked, the system will generate a random password for the user)
 - ☒ University/Student ID Number -- 20 characters max. length
 - ☒ Phone Number -- 20 characters max. length
 - ☐ Alternate Email Address -- 100 characters max. length
- Course -- course participants (students) are enrolled in (required)

Psych 100

- ☐ Definitive List -- Only participants in the imported list will be kept in the course. Use this feature with caution, as participants not in the list you specify but who are currently listed in the system as being in the course will be removed from the course (though their accounts will remain intact).

CONTINUE ➔

Figure 47 - Import Wizard Step 2

Once you select the fields you will be providing in your import file, you should choose the order as they are listed (left-to-right) in your import file. On this Step 3 page, you should type in the number next to each field corresponding to the order in the file (1 for the first field, 2 for the second field, and so on). It is *very important* that you use every number once and only once. Duplication of numbers may cause unexpected problems during the import.

Import Wizard -- Step 3

Course: Psych 100

The data fields that will be expected in the import file are listed below. Listed next to each field is an ordinal number indicating what position in the import file (first field, second field, etc.) the field will appear. Please change the numbers below (if necessary) to reflect the order of the fields in your data import file. It is important that you use each number only once, and use no number higher than 5.

NOTE: Every field must contain a unique number

- | | |
|---|------------------------------|
| 1 | First Name |
| 2 | Last Name |
| 3 | User ID |
| 4 | University/Student ID Number |
| 5 | Phone Number |

CONTINUE ➔

Figure 48 - Import Wizard Step 3

After choosing the order for the fields, you will proceed to Step 4 of the import process, where you paste in the contents of your import file or upload an Excel file.

If you are pasting in CSV data, the easiest way to do this is to open up the file in a text editor like Notepad. Notepad is a program on Windows computers, and is found in the Start | Programs | Accessories menu. Make sure to turn off the Word Wrap feature on Notepad after opening the file

with Notepad. Copy the appropriate lines of the file and paste them into the provided area in the Import Wizard. Do not include any header lines that describe the field names, only the data is necessary. Microsoft Word is not a good tool to use when dealing with CSV data, because it might try to include some formatting options of its own.

If you are uploading an Excel file, then select the file. You'll see a Choose File option or similar on the screen. If the first row of the file (row 1) contains the field headers and not actual information to import, then check the "First row of file is a header row" checkbox. Before importing your Excel file, be sure the data you want to import is on the first worksheet in the workbook and that there are no extra columns of data that will not be imported. For example, there could be a column indicating the participants' date of birth, but since the system does not store this information, you should just delete the column before importing it. If the system has difficulty reading the Excel file, you can try saving it as an older version of Excel, using the "Save As" option in Excel, or even saving it as a CSV, then opening up the CSV file in a text editor and copy-pasting it into the text area.

Course: **Psych 100**

Please import a properly formatted Excel file or paste delimited text into the text area below, the data file to be imported. Data should be in comma-delimited (also referred to as CSV) format, with double quotes around each data field. If you generated the CSV file from Excel or a similar program, not all fields may have double quotes around them. Try it anyway, as the import wizard is somewhat flexible, and you will have a chance to review the data to ensure it was imported properly. You may run the import more than once, and the system can handle importing a few hundred users at a time.

In the data you provide, no field headers should be included, and the data should be in this order:

1. First Name
2. Last Name
3. User ID
4. University ID Number
5. Phone Number

You have chosen not to include a password field in the import file, so random passwords will automatically be generated for each imported user.

Here is an example line of the import file as the wizard will expect it:

```
"John","Smith","jsmith","123-45-6879","555-1212"
```

Please make sure you are not pasting in duplicate User IDs in the file below, as it may cause problems. (In other words, what you are pasting in below should not have duplicate User IDs within it).

Upload Excel File (.xls, .xlsx)

No file chosen

☒ First row of file is a header row

Or paste delimited text below:

```
"Felix","Greentree","fgreen","435-55-1989","555-1234"  
"Mary","Lu","mlu","989-44-1990","444-4321"
```

Figure 49 - Import Wizard Step 4

After you paste in or upload the appropriate information, click Continue to proceed. Note it may take a few moments to process the import file. The Import Wizard is busy processing your import and checking for any errors in the data.

You will see a resulting page (Step 5) that lists the data as the system was able to read it. Any records with problems will be highlighted, and the problem(s) will be identified. At this point, you can choose to re-paste the import, proceed, or cancel.

3 record(s) were read into the system (but not yet imported into the main data file). Of the records read into the system, 1 record(s) had data errors. Listed below are all the records read into the system, so you can make sure the data was read properly. Please review the data below, and choose an option at the bottom of this page to continue with the import process.

Data Listing

First Name	Last Name	User ID	University ID Number	Phone Number	Error Information
Felix	Greentree	fgreen	435-55-1989	555-1234	
Mary	Lu	mlu	989-44-1990	444-4321	
Karl	Roberta	karl	645-66-7854		Phone Number missing.

The data you supplied has a few problems. choose one of the options below:

1.  **Retry** the import by pasting in new data
2.  **Import Good** records only, not including records highlighted in orange
3.  **Import All** records, including records with errors (in orange), where possible. Note: Records where the error is 'User ID already in use' will be merged with the existing record for that user id and the student will be a member of both courses, and Credits requirements adjusted appropriately. Importing an existing user whose account was deactivated (not allowed to login) will re-enable their account.
4.  **Cancel** this import and restart from the beginning

Figure 50 - Import Wizard Step 5

If you choose to proceed, you have two options depending on whether your import file had errors. If your import file had no errors, you can simply proceed. If your import file had errors, you can elect to have the system import only the records that were completely acceptable. Meaning those not highlighted in yellow. Or, the system can import the acceptable records, and attempt to fix the unacceptable records and import them as well. Generally, the system can fix all problems except when key required missing fields are missing, mainly the name or User ID. All other problems can generally be fixed.

There is a special case to be aware of. If you are importing a participant that is already in the system (this is checked by matching their user ID) and they are in a different course, and you choose the Import All option, then the participant will simply have the new course (the course you are currently doing the import for) added to their existing record, and their credit requirements adjusted accordingly. This makes it easier to run imports when participants can be a member of multiple courses. This behavior only occurs if Multiple Course Support is enabled in System Settings. If it is not enabled, then the participant will remain in their existing course and not be moved into the course being imported, unless they are not currently in a course, in which case they will be added to the course being imported.

When using the Import All option, if you import a user who already exists in the system, the system will not update any of their data (e.g., if their name is different in the import file compared to what was already in the system). Instead, it will use the data that is already in the system. The only exception is that if the user was previously prevented from logging into the system, the import function will reactivate their account for login. In addition, if you are importing a user who is in the system but has another role, the system will add the new role to their existing account. For example, if you are importing participants, and the user has an account with the researcher role only, then the participant role will be added to their existing account.

Regardless of how you proceed, you will then receive a status report on your import, indicating how many records were imported. *You must continue to properly finish the import.* At this point, you may choose whether to email the newly imported users with their login information. Regardless of your choice to email them or not, is it *very important* to proceed to the next and final step of the import, as that will properly complete the import and clear out any remnant data from the import process itself.

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The users were imported successfully.
2 record(s) were imported.

There is one final step to finish the process. Please decide if you would like the system to email the newly-imported users with their login information. Users can always use the lost password retrieval feature to find their passwords, if you prefer not to email them now.
Please make a selection (do not go directly to the main menu) as your selection (even if it is to not send emails) will also finalize the import, which is a necessary step:

Would you like to email users with their login information?

Figure 51 - Import Wizard Step 6

If you imported a large number of users and chose to email users with their login information, the system will send the email only to newly-added users, not those who were already in the system. If you prefer not to email users with their login information at this point, they can retrieve it themselves with the lost password feature on the front page of the site, if you have enabled this feature (see System Settings). Another option to send login information at a later time is to use the Mass Email Notification feature, which has an option to include login information in the message you send.

Once you have finished, you are taken back to the Main Menu where you may start another import if you wish. Do not use the back button on your browser to go back, as it may cause an error with the import you just performed.

Adding and Editing Users

Overview

Besides using the user import feature or participant account self-creation (when enabled), you may also manually add and edit users, on a per-user basis. If you are editing a participant record, this part of the system also provides the facility for manual credit granting, and the ability to monitor a participant's progress. It should be noted that this user add and edit feature is also the only facility for adding administrator accounts.

This facility also provides the ability to add administrative comments about any user. This is where you may keep special notes about a user, and these notes are not visible to anyone except administrators.

Finding Users

Choose the View and Edit Users option from User Management toolbar section to get started. You will see a search tool at the top, and some other quick search features, as well as a partial list of users.

To quickly view a list of all users of a certain user type, with the exception of participants, click the All Researchers or other desired user type link.

To view a subset of users, use the search tool at the top of the page. Select the type of user you would like to search for, then type part of their name, email, username or university ID number to search for them. You may also have the option to search by a participant's anonymous ID code, if anonymous ID codes are enabled in System Settings.

The screenshot shows the 'View and Edit Users Search Tool' interface. At the top, there is a search bar labeled 'Search Users' with the placeholder text 'Start typing user's name, ID or email...'. Below the search bar, there are two columns of filter options. The first column, 'Filter by User Status:', has three radio buttons: 'All Users' (selected), 'Active Users', and 'Inactive Users'. The second column, 'User Type:', has six radio buttons: 'Participant', 'Researcher', 'P.I.', 'Instructor', 'Administrator', and 'ALL' (selected). Below the filters is a large green 'Search' button. At the bottom of the search area, there is a section 'Get all results for:' with five red buttons: 'All Participants (Students)', 'All Researchers', 'All Principal Investigators', 'All Instructors', and 'All Administrators'. On the right side of the interface, there is a sidebar with the title 'Add New User' and five links: 'New Participant (Student)', 'New Researcher', 'New P.I.', 'New Instructor', and 'New Administrator'. At the bottom of the sidebar is a link 'Batch User Import'.

Figure 52 - View and Edit Users Search Tool

The Filter by User Status allows you to limit your search based on whether the user is allowed to login to the system. The choice “active” corresponds to being allowed to login to the system.

Editing Users

Once you find the user you would like to edit, choose the Edit User option. You can view all information about the user. If it is a participant, you will also see a list of their study sign-ups and progress, and have the opportunity to grant them a non-study credit. You can also change course assignments for participants here.

If you have Multiple Course Support enabled (see System Settings), and you change a participant's course assignments, you may need to manually adjust their credit requirements, as they are not recomputed if the course assignments are changed. To make this easier, the course requirements for each course are listed next to the course name. If the system is configured such that participants may assign their credits to a specific course, then you will have the option to transfer their credits from their old course to one of their new courses, if you are changing which courses the participant is a member of.

If you need to manually adjust a participant's credit earnings or requirements, there are options next to each field to do so. However, manually adjusting credit earnings can cause the value to become out of sync with their line-item earnings (their sign-ups). Instead, the better way to adjust credit earnings is

to grant a non-study credit grant (the option appears on the same page). You can grant a negative non-study credit grant if you need to reduce earnings. As for adjusting credit requirements, be aware these will get reset automatically if a participant changes which courses they are in (this will cause a recomputation).

In some cases, you may want the participant to self-select which courses they belong to again. To do this, set their course to “NONE”, and the participant will be prompted to select their course(s) upon their next login. Note that setting their courses to NONE will also reset their credits needed value to 0, and it will then be recomputed after they select their courses.

If Online Prescreening is enabled, and the participant has completed the prescreen, you will have an opportunity to delete their prescreen responses. Typically, this is only done if the participant for some reason wants to take the prescreen again. For example, if they answered some questions incorrectly the first time. Deleting their prescreen responses will also delete any credit the participant received for completing the prescreen.

You cannot see the user’s current password because it is stored in a hashed (encrypted) format and cannot be retrieved. You may change it by typing in a new password, or just leave it blank. If the field is left blank while updating the user’s record, no change will be made to the user’s password. For purposes of logging in, passwords are case-sensitive.

Update User Information : Participant (Student)

Data Import

All fields are required unless marked otherwise.

First Name

Ben

Last Name

Lewis

User ID

lewis

@yourschool.edu

New Password

(leave blank to keep existing password)

Alternate E-mail Address

lewis@yourschool.edu

(optional)

(if provided, list only one e-mail address)

Student ID Number

(optional)

Phone

0987666

(optional)

Course(s)

• Psych 204 (Credits: 0)

Change Course Assignments

Credits Earned per Course

Course	Credits Earned
Psych 204	1

Non-Study Credit Grant

You may grant a non-study credit to this participant by filling out the information below. To deduct Credits, enter a negative value (e.g. "-1") for the number of Credits. You may enter partial values also (e.g. 0.25, 0.5, 1.5).

Number of Credits to Grant

0

Course for Credit Assignment

NONE

Comments

(optional)

Grant Credit

Figure 53- Updating a Participant Record

If you would like to email the user with their login information while in the process of adding or editing a user, choose the Email user with their login information choice from the Yes/No option. An email will be sent to them with their login information as soon as the record is saved, by clicking Save Changes. If you are adding a new user, their password will be sent with the login information. If you are updating an existing user, their password will only be sent if you are setting a new password as part of the update.

If you are not adding or updating a user, you can instead use the Email User ID and Email User ID and New Password options. With those options, you just need to click the appropriate button and the login information will be sent immediately. If you choose the Email User ID option, then only the User ID will be sent, and not their password. If you choose the Email User ID and New Password option, then the system will create a *new* password for that user and email it to them, along with their User ID. You should be careful about using this option if the participant is having problems with logging in, as if you use this more than once, they'll have multiple emails in their inbox, each with a different password. Only the most recent email will contain their currently active password. This can cause confusion if they try to login using login information from an older email.

For participant accounts, there is an option Limited to Research Alternative Studies? that can be used to limit their study options to only studies marked as research alternatives. See the Limiting a Participant's Access to the System section for further information.

If you have a language in addition to English enabled on your site, then when viewing a participant's record, you will see which language they have chosen to use the system in. This is set up for when they login to the system, and the system uses this preference when generating emails to them, like a study reminder email. If this needs to be changed, the participant can choose a different language the next time they log in.

If a user has multiple roles, the data you see will be based on all the roles they have, so if they have both a participant and researcher role, you will see their list of studies (as a researcher) as well as a list of their study sign-ups (as a participant). If you would like to add or remove roles, go to Change Roles. You may also go there to merge their account with an existing account.

Changing a User's SSO Status

If SSO is enabled on your site, you may have the option to indicate their account is SSO. Use the Change SSO for this User option, and you will need to specify an SSO ID if converting their account to SSO.

View Eligible Studies for a Participant

When viewing a participant record, you can use the View Eligible Studies option to see all available studies for a participant, as a way of ensuring they have enough opportunities available to them. Studies that are configured to allow participants to participate more than once (this is a rare situation), are not listed here if the participant has already participated in the study at least once.

Adding Users

To add a user, choose the View and Edit Users option from the User Management menu. You will see a set of links to add a new user for each of the user types supported by the system. Choose the type of user you would like to add (for example, “New Researcher”).

You will see a number of fields that vary depending on what type of user you are adding. Fields marked with optional, are optional and may be left blank. Users can update many of the fields on their own, so you may choose to enter in only minimal data, and allow users to fill out the rest after they log in. If SSO is enabled on your site, then you will see an option to specify the user’s SSO ID. This should include the @ and is often, but not always, the same as their email address. Ask your IT department about their SSO ID naming scheme.

Add A New User : Participant (Student)

You may also use the data import option if you would like to add many users at once from an import file.

Data Import

All fields are required unless marked otherwise.

First Name

Last Name

User ID

@yourschool.edu

Password

(leave blank for an auto-generated password)

Alternate E-mail Address (optional)

(if provided, list only one e-mail address)

Student ID Number (optional)

Phone (optional)

Course(s)

Astrology 101 (Credits: 1000)

Hebrew Class (Credits: 0)

Paid Participants (Credits: 0)

Poter Course

NONE

Figure 54 - Adding a New Participant

All users must have a password unless they are SSO users. If you would like the system to generate a random password for the user, simply leave the password field blank and a random password will be generated once the record is saved.

If you are adding a participant, you must specify at least one course that the participant is a member of. If your system is configured to allow participants to belong to multiple courses (see System Settings), then you may indicate more than one course a participant belongs to, where applicable. If this is a new system and you have not added any courses, you should do so first in the Course Maintenance section. If you choose “NONE” as their course selection, the participant will be prompted to select their courses upon their next login.

The alternate email address field is used to specify an alternate email delivery address for the user. If an email address is provided here, then emails to the user from the system including, credit notifications, sign-up notifications, etc. will be sent to the alternate email address. If this field is empty, an email will be sent to the address formed by adding the system-wide @ suffix (see System Settings) to the end of the user's User ID. If the user's User ID is "jsmith" and the @ suffix is "yourschool.edu", then the email would be sent to jsmith@yourschool.edu. You may provide only one alternate email address in this field. The alternate email address may be disabled for participants. See Emails and User IDs for more information.

If the "@ Suffix" (see System Settings) is blank, then the alternate email address, which is then labeled "Email Address" is mandatory. All emails for the user will go to this address. If you add a user and the email address is also used by another account on the system, you will be warned, but the system will allow it. This situation usually occurs when the same person has 2 user accounts, because they play multiple roles in the system.

The Birthday field may be left blank when adding a participant, even if it is mandatory in System Settings (Participant Date of Birth Requirement). In that case, the system will prompt the participant to provide their date of birth when they next log in to the system.

The Admin. Comments field allows you to type in any special notes about the user. This field is only visible to the administrator and you may enter up to 500 characters.

When you are done entering information, click Save Changes and the user will be added. If you chose "Yes" for the "Email User with their Login Information" option, then they will be sent an email with their login information.

If the user you want to add will have multiple roles, like they are both a researcher and instructor, you can add additional roles using Change Roles, after you create their account.

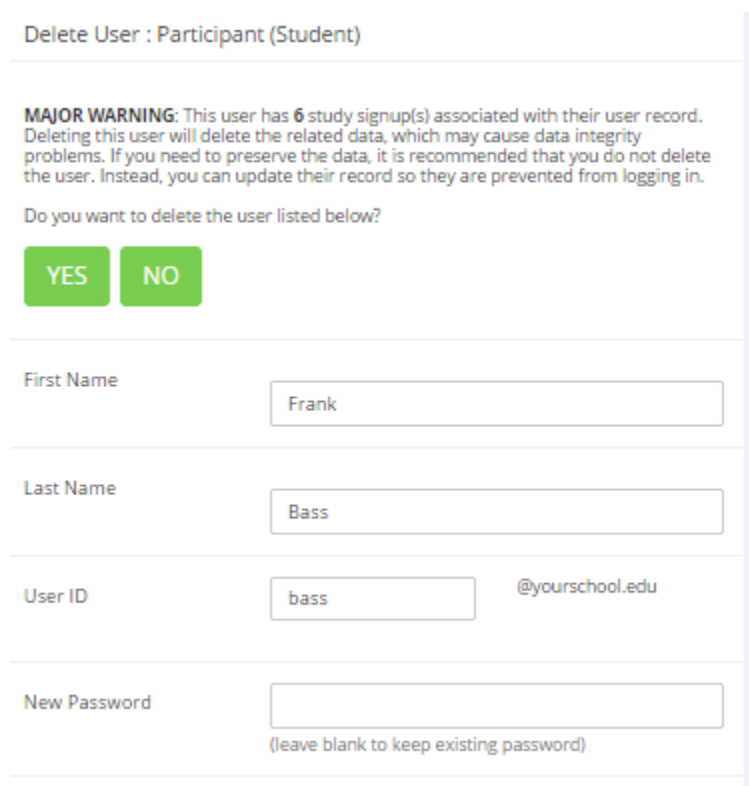
Deleting Users

The deletion of a user should be done very carefully and with great forethought. Deleting a user deletes all data associated with them. The effect of deleting the associated data can be disastrous. For example, if you delete a researcher who owned 2 studies with many sign-ups, the researcher's studies, as well as all sign-up data, is also deleted. Additionally, if the study is deleted, then the detail about credits earned by participants for that study will also be deleted, making it very hard to track participant credit earnings correctly. If you delete a participant then all data associated with them, including their sign-ups, prescreen responses, and online survey response data, will be deleted.

The system will provide a warning and some detailed information about the effects of deleting the selected user, and you should heed this warning. The system will prevent the deletion of a researcher or PI account where they have studies with sign-ups that have credits linked to them, or studies with sign-ups that are in the future or awaiting action.

There are few cases when you will need to delete an individual user, so use this feature carefully. Usually, users are deleted in batches based on last login date or course enrollment. If you are worried about causing problems but want to prevent the user from using the system, you can instead update their record and set the “Login to System Allowed” value to No (see Editing Users).

Another option if you would really like to delete a certain researcher or PI, and they have studies linked to them, is to reassign those studies to a different researcher/PI and then delete the desired user since they will no longer have any studies linked to them. You could even create a “dummy” account just for the purposes of holding these old studies.



Delete User : Participant (Student)

MAJOR WARNING: This user has 6 study signup(s) associated with their user record. Deleting this user will delete the related data, which may cause data integrity problems. If you need to preserve the data, it is recommended that you do not delete the user. Instead, you can update their record so they are prevented from logging in.

Do you want to delete the user listed below?

First Name

Last Name

User ID @yourschool.edu

New Password
(leave blank to keep existing password)

Figure 55 - Deleting a User

If you still find it necessary to delete a user, locate them from the View and Edit Users menu, and choose the Delete User option. You will see a confirmation screen noting the effects of your deletion (if any), and you can choose Yes to proceed with the deletion.

You cannot delete yourself, but you can delete other administrator accounts.

If you want to delete a batch of users, it will most likely be the end of the semester and you are looking to clear out old data. In this case, see the End-of-Semester Maintenance section, which provides various bulk deletion options, based on last login date for example. You can also use the Batch User Delete function to select specific users to delete at once – this is more commonly used to delete non-participant accounts.

If you would like to deactivate, but not delete a set of user accounts, you can use the Batch Operations feature. A user who is deactivated cannot log in to the system, but all their data is retained.

Batch User Deletion

If you would like to select a specific set of users for deletion, you can use the Batch User Delete function, which can be found on the View and Edit Users page. Here you can select a specific user type, and see all users of that type eligible for deletion, along with their last login date, account creation date, and any Admin. Comments for their account, to help identify which accounts might be good to delete. You can also see the number of studies, courses associated with the user, or study sign-ups, depending on user type. If you have a list of users you want to delete, you can also use Tasks | System Maintenance & Data Management | Batch Operations.

If you delete a user who has multiple roles, it will remove all roles and delete their account entirely.

Batch User Deletion

Listed below are all users of the chosen type. Choose the users you would like to delete. In some cases, the Delete option for that user may not be available, usually because that user has studies linked to their account. Users who have the administrator role are not listed.

All Participants (Students)

All Researchers

All Principal Investigators

All Instructors

Sort by: Last Login Date Name

Name	User Type	Account Creation Date	Last Login Date	Admin Comments	Studies	Delete
ABANILLA, Kevin	Researcher		1 August 2017 09:08		0	☐
Ashwood, Robin	Participant Researcher Instructor	19 August 2014	3 August 2017 13:05		5	☐
Banker, Jeremy	Participant Researcher	16 January 2015			0	☐
Battery, Pat	Researcher		14 November 2014 21:35		1	☐
Bcrypt, John	Participant Researcher	4 February 2014	4 February 2014 23:40		0	☐
Blank, Bobby	Researcher				2	☐

Figure 56 – Batch User Deletion

Login Tracking

The system tracks the number of “login days” for each user. This is the number of unique days a user has logged in. For example, if a user logs in twice in one day, that will count only as one “login day” but if they login once on two consecutive days, that will count as two “login days.” The start and end of each day is determined by the time set in Current Time in System Settings, which should be the time where you are located, as opposed to the time where the servers are located. Access to the API (which is only open to accounts with the administrator role) is not tracked for purposes of login day calculations.

This information is useful mostly for participants, to counter any claims they might have that they logged in every day and did not see any available studies, etc. This information can also be included on the Course Credit Report available to the administrator, and can be viewed when going to edit a user's record. For participants, this counter can be reset to 0 in End-of-semester Maintenance.

The system also tracks recent login activity for a user, and it appears in the Login Activity section when viewing a user. You can click on the IP address to view other activity from the same IP address (this can be useful when tracking down possible fraud). Logs are kept for 6 months for Standard Edition sites, and 12 months for Enhanced Security Edition sites (as required by NIST SP800-53). In the Enhanced Security Edition, these logs can be downloaded across all users in the site in Data Export (User Logins data).

User Activity Log

If you are using an Enhanced Security Edition, you can also use the View User Activity Log feature. This shows logs for key activities undertaken by users on the system. Logs are retained for 12 months. Each logging entry has a code for the action taken by the user, and a timestamp along with related information, like the id of the affected study, user, or timeslot.

Logging Action	Description
SIGNUP	Participant signing up for a study
MANSIGNUP	Researcher signing up a participant for a study
CANCEL	Participant cancelling their sign-up
MANCANCEL	Researcher cancelling a sign-up
TSMODIFY	Modifying a timeslot
TSADD	Adding a timeslot
TSDELETE	Deleting a timeslot
LOGIN	User login
LOGOUT	User logout
STADD	Adding a study
STMODIFY	Modifying a study
STAPPROVE	Approving a study
STUNAPPROVE	Removing approval for a study
STDELETE	Deleting a study
STPRESCREEN	Setting prescreen restrictions on a study
PTACTIVE	Making prescreen or online survey active
PTINACTIVE	Making prescreen or online survey inactive
PTAGE	Setting age restrictions on prescreen
PTDELETE	Deleting prescreen (the entire prescreen)
USERMODIFY	Modifying a user account
USERCREDITCHANGE	Changing credits earned or credits needed for a participant
USERDELETE	Deleting a user

USERACTIVATE	Activating or approving a user
USERDEACTIVATE	Deactivating a user
MERGEUSER	Merging two user accounts
USERADD	Adding a user
COURSECHANGE	Changing course assignments for a participant
COURSEADD	Adding courses in the system
COURSEDELETE	Deleting courses in the system
COURSECREDCREQMODIFY	Changing course requirements for a course
COURSEINSTMODIFY	Changing instructors for a course
EOSMAINT	Doing basic end of semester maintenance
CREDREASSIGN	Reassigning a credit to a different course
USERMAINT	Doing advanced end of semester maintenance
BULKMAIL	Using mass email notification
FORGOTPW	Using forgot password feature
OPTOUTDEACT	Requesting account deactivation
OPTOUTDEL	Requesting account deletion
STUDAPPROVEREQ	Requesting study approval
BULKCOURSE	Using batch course operations feature
BDAYCHANGE	Changing date of birth
WEEKLYREM	Changing weekly announcement email preference
STUDYINV	Changing study invitation email preference
SSOCHANGE	Changing SSO user type
APIKEYMODIFY	Changing API access key for user

Limiting a Participant's Access to the System

If you would like to allow a participant to log in, but restrict their ability to sign up for studies that are not research alternatives, one option is to set the “Limited to Research Alternative Studies?” setting for their account.

If this is set to Automatic (the default), then the system will make their account Limited only after they have accrued a specific number of unexcused no-shows (see No-Show Account Limit in System Settings).

The administrator may also manually set the account so that it is always Limited or never Limited.

If an account is Limited, either manually or automatically, then the participant may only sign up for studies designated as Research Alternative studies. This is a good way to limit the sign-ups for participants who should not participate in other research (either they have not consented, or they are too young to consent). It is also a good way to limit participants who have accrued excessive unexcused

no-shows (see No-Show Handling). The administrator can mark any study in the system as a Research Alternative, and the option can be found when editing study information.

Removing a User's Access to the System

If you would simply like to prevent a user from logging in, but still preserve their data, the easiest way to do this is to update their record and set the “Login to System Allowed” value to No. You can re-enable their login at a later date, if desired. See Editing Users for more information.

Logging In As a User

If you would like to log in as a user to see what they see when using the system, first find the user account in User Management | View and Edit Users. Then choose the Log In as this User option. This will generate a temporary password you can use to log in to the system as that user. This temporary password is in addition to the user's current password, so it will not interfere with the user's ability to log in using their existing password. The temporary password will expire within 24 hours.

It is important that you do *not* give this temporary password to the user. The password is a short-term password that will expire, and is bound to cause confusion if they are given a password that stops working a few hours later. This feature is available for all user account types except administrator accounts.

New Participant Account Message

For participants only, it is possible to specify additional information that is included in the email sent to a participant with their login information, when their account is created. Such an email is sent when the participant creates their own account, or when the administrator creates their account. This is done using either the batch import feature or when an individual account is created. Typically, such account text may contain special instructions or a pointer to additional information.

To set up such text, log in as an administrator and go to Mass Email and Announcements then Update System Text, and enter text in the appropriate section. If you would like to clear out any existing text there, simply delete it and save the changes. The changes will take effect immediately.

Bulk Email Usage

For all users except instructor and participant accounts, since those accounts do not have access to bulk email features, you can also see the bulk email usage history for the user when going to view their account. The system tracks when a user uses one of the bulk email features in the system. This information is retained for 6 months, and can help to identify any cases of abuse of the feature. See Mass Email Reports for more information.

Contact Tracing

In the event you need to track all people a person came into contact with, you can use the contact tracing report. It is an option available when viewing participant, researcher, and P.I. accounts. To run a contact trace, use the Contact Tract option when viewing their account. The report will show all *lab* (in-person) studies in the past and their role in that study, as well as the other people they may have come

into contact while participating. For example, if a participant participated in a study where another participant was present, then both that other participant and the researcher for the study will be listed.

In cases where a study has multiple researchers, and researchers are assigned at the timeslot level, the report will list *all* researchers for the study even if only one was assigned to the timeslot being displayed, out of an abundance of caution.

The report lists contact details, date, location, and length of potential exposure, as recommended by health authorities.

Principal Investigator (P.I.) Accounts

If the Principal Investigator option is enabled (see System Settings), then the system will support P.I. accounts. P.I. accounts have the full privileges of a researcher, for studies in which the user is listed as the P.I. The reason for P.I. accounts is in situations where the researcher runs the study on behalf of a P.I., but the P.I. would like to occasionally log in and monitor the study's progress. A typical scenario would be that the P.I. is a faculty member, while the researcher is a research assistant who actually conducts the day-to-day running of the study. The P.I. for a study does not receive email notifications for a study (for example, sign-up notifications) since that level of communication is more appropriate for researchers involved in day-to-day activities related to the study.

It is important to note that if you enable the P.I. option, every study *must* have a P.I. If you have a situation where only a few studies have P.I.s, create a dummy P.I. account so researchers can select that dummy P.I. as the P.I. of studies that don't otherwise have a P.I.

In some cases, it may be easier just to turn off the P.I. feature altogether, and list them as researchers.

Principal Investigator Timeslot Usage Limit

If the Timeslot Usage Restriction (see System Settings) is enabled and set to enforce on a per-P.I. basis, then principal investigators are limited in the amount of time they may use for scheduling timeslots. The default limit in hours, is based on the Timeslot Usage Restriction Default (see System Settings), but may be changed on a per-P.I. basis by editing their user record. Their current usage is listed when you update their record. You may also generate reports on P.I. time usage using the Time Usage Report (see Generating Reports).

Since researchers for a study have the same level of control as the principal investigator, researchers can view the usage for a study based on the principal investigator, and are forced to adhere to that limit.

The timeslot usage is computed by adding up all timeslots in the past where credit was granted or the signup is in awaiting action, then adding in the value of all future timeslots, regardless of credit status. Thus being possible for a P.I.'s usage to go *down* as time progresses, if their future timeslots are not used (i.e. participants do not sign up for them). Principal investigators and their researchers are reminded of their timeslot usage every time they go to add a timeslot.

Researcher Accounts

Researchers may choose to receive a daily reminder of the sessions they have scheduled for the following day. Researchers can adjust this setting on their own. The default value is set based on the Researcher Reminder Email setting (see System Settings). This email is sent once a day (if there is a reminder to be sent), immediately after participants are sent a reminder of the following day's studies, if such an option is enabled. The email is also sent if the researcher has any timeslots more than 2 days old that have not been dealt with, if the daily reminder setting is enabled. Researchers should still check into the system routinely, in case a participant signed up for, or cancelled an appointment after the daily reminder email was sent.

Researcher Timeslot Usage Limit

If the Timeslot Usage Restriction (see System Settings) is enabled and set to enforce on a per-researcher basis, then researchers are limited in the amount of time they may use for scheduling timeslots. The default limit in hours, is based on the Timeslot Usage Restriction Default (see System Settings). This may be changed on a per-researcher basis by editing the researcher's user record. Their current usage is listed when you update their record. You may also generate reports on researcher time usage using the Time Usage Report (see Generating Reports).

The timeslot usage is computed by adding up all timeslots in the past where credit was granted or the signup is in awaiting action, then adding in the value of all future timeslots, regardless of credit status. Thus being possible for a researcher's usage to go *down* as time progresses, if their future timeslots are not used (i.e. participants do not sign up for them). Researchers are reminded of their timeslot usage every time they go to add a timeslot.

If timeslot usage limits are enabled on a per-researcher basis, then a study may not have multiple researchers (see Multiple Researcher Support in System Settings). If a study had multiple researchers, it would be difficult to determine if the full usage should be allocated to each researcher, (resulting in double-counting), evenly across each researcher, or based on researchers assigned to specific timeslots with the remainder assigned using another method. It would be too complicated to deal with allocating usage to researchers in situations where there are multiple researchers for a study.

Administrator Accounts

You may have more than one administrator account in the system. All administrators have the same high level of privileges. Be aware of who has an administrator account, and be sure administrator accounts have extremely secure passwords. A secure password contains at least 8 characters, is a combination of letters and numbers, and is not used on any other system.

Administrator accounts have full privileges to the system. Not only can the administrator accomplish administrator tasks like importing users, running reports, changing system-wide settings, etc., but the administrator can also accomplish all the tasks of a researcher. The advantage of this added researcher privilege is that an administrator can act as a researcher for monitoring purposes or other reasons. This need might arise if a researcher is out sick but there are participants who are waiting to receive credit

from the researcher. The administrator can easily act on behalf of the absent researcher and perform the necessary tasks.

Administrators should receive the proper training in handling sensitive data, to meet various regulatory requirements governing data, since they have access to all data in the system. See Regulatory Compliance for more information.

API Keys

Administrator accounts also have access to the API (Application Programming Interface), but an API Key must be created in order to access the API as that user. See <https://www.sona-systems.com/blog/getting-technical-api-keys-for-administrators/> on API key setup.

Participant Account Self-Creation

Overview

If the feature is enabled (see Participant Account Self-Creation in System Settings) to allow participants to create their own accounts, then this section applies.

Some schools choose to allow participants to sign up for their own accounts. If this feature is enabled, a link will appear on the front (login) page of the site to provide this facility.

This feature can exist as a supplement to importing participants from a data file and manually adding them, or it can be the only method of adding participant accounts. None of the methods of adding participants is mutually exclusive. Typically, a school may choose to use this self sign-up feature if a data import of the participant list is unavailable.

It is important to note that the self-creation sign-up feature is only available for participant accounts, which usually make up the vast majority of user accounts in the system. Other types of users such as, instructors, administrators, researchers, etc. may only be added through the user import or add user pages by the administrator. There is then assurance that the administrator has actually reviewed that user's account and they are allowed access to the data in the system.

If the user is requesting a participant account and they have an existing account with another role (like a researcher account), then the participant role will be added to their existing account. Their ability to log in immediately will be based on their existing account. The administrator will still receive a notification of this role addition, if the Administrator Account Notification Email is enabled.

When a participant goes to the account self-creation form, they must provide very basic information, including their name, user ID, and which course(s) they are enrolled in. If the Student ID Requirement is set to Yes (see System Settings) and Student ID Deactivation is set to No (see System Settings), then participants must also provide their Student/University ID number. If Automatic Account Approval (see System Settings) is set to Yes, then participants will be emailed their password as soon as they submit

their account request. If this value is set to No, then the administrator must approve accounts before they may log in.

For SSO users, participants authenticate first with SSO, then go Request Account where their name, email address, and SSO ID are already filled in (and not changeable) based on the data sent from the SSO server, so they just need to complete the remaining fields to create an account.

If you would like to impose a minimum age requirement to use the system, for example that all participants must be 18 years old, set the Participant Age Limit setting in System Settings.

If “@ Suffix” is provided (see System Settings), the key to authenticating a participant’s validity is their user ID. A participant is notified of their password only after their account is approved by the administrator, or if it is automatically approved, based on the Automatic Account Approval system setting. This approval email is sent to the email address derived from their user ID. Since only the “real” participant can check the email account for that user ID, this is a good method to ensure that the person applying for the account is who they claim to be. If a participant prefers to be contacted at an alternate email address, they can supply that only after their first login, by updating their profile (if alternate email addresses are enabled for participants – see System Settings).

If the participant supplies an invalid email address (usually just a simple typo), the email will bounce back to the administrator (the email address specified as Administrator Reply-To Email in System Settings), so the administrator can take corrective action. To reduce the chances of this, participants are required to enter their email address twice for verification.

If the “@ Suffix” is left blank, the user may select any user ID, but they must provide an email address as well. In this case, the administrator will need to verify that the person is allowed to use the system before approving the account, if Automatic Account Approval is disabled.

In either situation for the Automatic Account Approval setting, if Administrator Account Notification Email (see System Settings) is set to Yes, then the administrator will be notified by email when an account is requested. This notification email to the administrator will also include the IP address that the participant was connected from when they requested the account, as well as a list of all other accounts in the system with the same name (first name and last name). The email will also include web browser type, if the participant was not using the mobile app. The IP address and browser type information is not saved in the system, so if you want to keep track of this for future reference, be sure to save these emails. Sometimes this information can be useful to detect cases of participants creating multiple accounts using different email addresses, which is most common when paid studies are offered.

The Administrator Account Notification Email setting can be changed mid-term. Some organizations like to disable this at the start of the term, when they know many accounts are being requested and they log on to the site every day to review these new accounts. Then they enable it after the initial rush, as they may not be on the site as often, to monitor for new account activity.

The form will provide the opportunity for the participant to select which course(s) they belong to, assuming there is more than one course marked as Selectable in the system. If there is only one Selectable course, there is no need to offer a selection. Participants will be placed into that course automatically. Participants can change this course assignment later, if Course Reassignment (see System Settings) is enabled and they have not yet earned any credits. To adjust the list of courses and which courses are Selectable, go to Set Up | Course Listings.

The administrator may add additional text on the new account creation page to provide specific guidance to participants on creating accounts. This text is set in Create User Messages | Update System Text. See Updating System Text for more information.

When the participant is emailed their account information, any additional message the administrator has specified to be sent with new participant accounts will be included in the email. See Updating System Text for more information.

Automatic Account Approval

If Automatic Account Approval is set to Yes (see System Settings), participants are emailed their account information immediately after they request their account, with no administrator intervention required. As an administrator, you may monitor such activities by viewing the recent users report (User Management | View Recent Participants) to see the last 300 new participants and when their accounts were created. You may also enable Administrator Account Notification Email (see System Settings) to receive an email notification every time an account is requested.

If the user requests a participant account and they already have an existing account of another type (like a researcher account) with the same User ID, then account approval does not apply – the system will allow the login based on their existing account, and add the participant role to that account.

If the site has SSO (single sign-on) enabled, then there is an option so that SSO accounts do *not* require approval in order to log in, but non-SSO accounts still require approval. This can be useful so SSO users can log in immediately, as their identity is known and confirmed by the university, so their information is trusted.

Approving Accounts

On the User Management toolbar section, there is an option labeled Approve New Participants (if Automatic Account Approval is set to No), which shows the 300 most recent account requests. Read over the basic information the participant provided, and approve or delete the account. There is also a space to enter any comments, though this is optional. These comments will be included in the email to the participant with their login information.

If the account is approved, an email will be sent to the participant notifying them of the approval, and include login information, including their password for the site and their Unique ID code, if the feature is enabled (see Participant Unique ID Codes). If the account is deleted, an email will *only* be sent if you included comments, usually stating the reason for account rejection.

If you would like to receive an email notification every time a new account awaits your approval, enable the Administrator Account Notification Email setting (see System Settings). This is particularly useful in the middle of the term, when you may not be checking the site as often.

If the user has multiple roles, you will see an option to remove the participant role instead of delete the account. In addition, if the user had an existing account and simply added the participant role, then it will not show in this listing unless the overall account was recently added.

Pending Approvals

Listed below are all new participants (students) whose accounts await approval before they may log in. For each participant, please choose to approve or delete them. When you approve a participant, they will be sent an email with their login information. You may optionally include comments for any participant, and those comments will be included in the email. Participants who are selected for deletion will *not* receive a notification email, unless you include comments. All approved participants receive an email, regardless of whether any comments were specified.

There are 3 participants whose accounts await approval.

New Participants							
Name	User ID	Student ID Number	Telephone	Course(s)	Creation Date	Add Comments	
Burke, Thomas	tbrk1	9784456		Psychology 101	December 21, 2021		✓ Approve 🗑 Delete
Smith, Julia	jsmh1	76454655		Psychology 101	December 21, 2021		✓ Approve 🗑 Delete
Baker, Hunter	hbak1	54542222		Psychology 101	December 21, 2021		✓ Approve 🗑 Delete
						1 - 3 of 3 items	

Figure 45- Approving New Users

Online Prescreening

Introduction

The system includes a rather extensive online prescreening feature. It allows you to set up a system-wide prescreen that participants must complete before they use the system. Researchers can restrict participation in studies based on prescreen results, and they may also view an individual participant's prescreen responses (if enabled, see System Settings). Finally, the researcher may analyze prescreen responses in the aggregate, meaning across all participants.

The online prescreen feature is rather complex due to the many features it contains. In addition, your ability to modify the prescreen after participants have started to take it, or after researchers have placed study restrictions based on responses, is quite limited. Because of this, you should plan out your prescreen well in advance, to make sure it is finalized before you make it available to participants. This is important to emphasize that you should plan the prescreen ahead of time, as your ability to change it once some participants have completed it is very limited.

Because the prescreen is system-wide and may involve questions from a variety of researchers, many organizations choose to plan out the prescreen on paper first. Detailing what questions and sections it will contain, before inputting it online in the system. There may be only one prescreen in the system.

If you want to allow researchers to set up their own sections in the prescreen, the easiest way to do this is to have them set up their own inactive online survey study, and you can then copy the appropriate sections from their online survey into the prescreen, once it is ready. See [Copying a Section](#) in this documentation for more information.

There is no concept of ownership of prescreen questions or sections, so even if one section contains questions from a specific researcher, all researchers have equal access to all questions and data from the prescreen. This means that any researcher can use any eligible question in the prescreen for study participation restrictions. It also means that if they are given access to prescreen data from participants that have signed up for their study, then they get access to all prescreen responses for those participants (see [Prescreen Viewing in System Settings](#)). For this reason, it is useful to take a holistic view of the prescreen and also look closely at the questions researchers would like to add. It is often the case that two researchers will want to add the same or similar questions to the prescreen, so those can be consolidated to avoid duplication.

A prescreen may have an unlimited number of sections and an unlimited number of questions per section. We recommend limiting the prescreen to fewer than 300 total questions and 15 sections, to reduce participant fatigue and improve system performance. Participant fatigue can be an issue since the participants must complete the prescreen all at once.

Another important reason to keep the prescreen size manageable is that the size has the greatest effect on system performance. The larger the prescreen (and in particular the number of responses collected, the more likely this will have a negative effect on system performance.

Questions may be free-entry requiring the participant to type in an answer, or multiple-choice requiring the participant to pick only one or many from the list of choices. You may also specify that the system computes a participant's results for an entire section as either a section sum or average score. This computed sum or average can be computed only for numeric, multiple-choice questions in the section. It is useful in situations where you want to restrict participation based on the average of a participant's responses to a section, to account for one or two outlying responses that still fall within the adequate range when the participant's entire response set is considered. It is also useful when a participant's aggregate score is more important, such as with a depression battery.

For free-entry questions where the participant is asked to enter a free-form text answer, the size of the entry field as it is displayed, can be changed in length, meaning display width only. Participants may enter up to 255 characters for their response, regardless of the display length of the question.

Studies can be restricted so that only participants providing certain responses or with certain section average/sum scores, may participate in the study. Participants are unaware that such restrictions are in place. The system will not show participants studies for which they are ineligible due to prescreen

restrictions. Studies can only be restricted based on multiple-choice (numeric or non-numeric) questions that allow for only one choice to be selected. One question or a set of questions, and to a specific response or set of responses for each question can restrict a study.

Researchers are provided with a feature to analyze any prescreen question response in aggregate, meaning across all participants, to help them in placing their study restrictions (if Prescreen Aggregate Viewing is enabled, see System Settings). For example, a researcher may want to choose the top 25% of participants (a percentile restriction), but is unsure what responses constitute the top 25% until the responses are analyzed. If enabled, researchers can also view all of a specific participant's responses for the prescreen, if that participant has signed up for the researcher's study. They may also contact a group of participants who meet their specified criteria, to invite them to participate in one of their studies. The contact feature is only enabled for researchers from the Analyze Prescreen Responses page if Prescreen Contact and Prescreen Aggregate Viewing (see System Settings) are enabled. If only the Prescreen Contact setting is enabled, then researchers may contact qualified participants when setting up prescreen participation restrictions for their own study only. You should consult with your IRB before enabling this setting. Some IRBs are concerned that contacting participants and inviting them to participate in a specific study may be coercive. There is also a setting so the administrator can automatically receive an email copy of any communication sent to participants via this contact method (see Prescreen Contact Admin CC. in System Settings), to monitor the content of such invitations. Finally, the first sentence or two of such emails are logged, and can be viewed in the Mass Email report.

Sections can be displayed in a specified order or random order, or a combination of both. Every section may contain introductory text introducing the section, and the prescreen itself may also have introductory text introducing the prescreen, as well as closing text that is displayed upon completion. You may specify that questions within a section are displayed in random order, or in the order you specify. Multiple-choice questions can have their choices displayed in the entered order or random order. This is specified on a per-question basis. . Multiple-choice question choices can be displayed horizontally (across the page) or vertically (down the page) or dropdown box

For information specifically on restricting study participation based on prescreen results or analyzing and viewing prescreen responses, please see the Researcher section of this documentation.

Privacy Protections

You may configure the prescreen so that a participant may opt out of it. You may also configure each question, on a per-question basis, so that participants may opt out of answering the question. If anonymous identification is enabled (see Participant Identification in System Settings), participants are only identified to researchers with a unique numeric ID code.

Prescreen Participation Credits

When you set up the prescreen, you may specify the number of credits a participant will earn for completion. You may also specify the number of credits they earn for declining to participate, if they are allowed to opt out of it. If participants are allowed to assign credits to a specific course (see Course

Credit Assignment in System Settings), they are also prompted to choose which course they would like to assign their credit to, before they may finish the prescreen. Prescreen credits are counted as non-study credit grants in the system.

If you do not want to offer credit for the prescreen, simply set the value(s) to 0 when you set up the prescreen.

It is not required that participants earn credit for prescreen participation. Keep in mind the prescreen is presented to a participant the first time the log on, before they can see studies. Thus you can generally assume that all participants have visited the prescreen by the time they really start to use the system. Working on this assumption, many schools choose to lower the default credit requirements for all users by the amount they would ordinarily grant for prescreen participation.

Creating or Modifying the Prescreen

To work with the prescreen, log in as an administrator and go to Set Up | Prescreen Setup on the top menu bar. If there is an existing prescreen in the system, you will be given the opportunity to modify it or delete it and create a new one. For more information about deleting the prescreen, see Deleting a Prescreen.

It is important to note that while you are making changes to the prescreen, it is deactivated so participants may not take the prescreen. When you go to the Final Review option after you have finished your work with the prescreen, you will have the opportunity to save your changes and make the prescreen active (available to participants), or inactive (not available to participants). If a participant who has not completed the prescreen logs in and the prescreen is inactive, they can still use the system as usual and sign up for studies available to them. On their next login when the prescreen *is* active, they will be taken to the prescreen. You should always choose the Final Review option when you finish your work with the prescreen, as the system saves all changes and computes some other important data when you finalize the prescreen. If you would like to continue work at a later date, you should still choose the Finalize Prescreen option to ensure your changes during the current session are properly saved. It is presumed you would choose to keep the prescreen inactive in this situation).

The prescreen is only available to participants if it is marked Active in the setup. So if you want to work on the prescreen or perhaps just not use it for a semester, your best option is to make the prescreen inactive for that period of time. The other option (turning it off in System Settings) may not be ideal as you then have no way of setting up the prescreen if the feature is turned off.

General Prescreen Information

Choose the General Information option (if creating a new prescreen, this is the first page you will see) to provide some basic information about the prescreen. The fields are explained below:

Field	Description
-------	-------------

Introductory Text	Optional, up to 10,000 characters in length. Provide a set of text that will be displayed before a participant starts the prescreen. If you allow participants to opt out of the prescreen, this text will be displayed on the page that allows them to opt out, so you might want to include any information about why a participant may or may not want to opt out. If you need informed consent for the prescreen, you'd place the text in this field. You may include HTML in this area, but please be sure you know what you are doing. If you would like to add a carriage-return (paragraph break), simply type in "<p>" (without the quotes). When you first create the prescreen, the system will automatically insert some basic default text in this area. You may change any of this text as much as you like. The system will not change it back later as long as you save your changes. The default text is in English. You can provide text in another language, if necessary You may view how this text is displayed to participants by saving it, then going to Preview Introductory Text, which is available from the Section List page.
Closing Text	Optional, up to 7,000 characters in length. Provide a set of text that will be displayed after the participant has completed the prescreen and saved all their responses. This is a great place to include any relevant debriefing information. You may include HTML in this area, but please be sure you know what you are doing. If you would like to add a carriage-return (paragraph break), simply type in "<p>" (without the quotes). You may view how this text is displayed to participants by saving it, then going to Preview Closing Text, which is available from the Section List page.
Display sections in random order?	You may specify a specific ordering for sections, have the system randomize the order for all sections, or specify the order of some sections, and a random order for other sections. If you specify the order for only some sections, you may also specify for each

	section, whether it should be displayed before or after the random-ordered sections. The system does not track the order in which sections were displayed for each participant.
Mobile Devices Allowed?	If set to Yes, then participants accessing the system using the mobile version (app) on a mobile device like a smartphone or tablet will be allowed to participate. If the prescreen makes use of images, or question and choice layout is very important, then it may be better to set this to No as the layout may be rendered differently on devices, especially smartphones with smaller screens. Please be aware, however, that if this is set to No, then participants using the mobile app will be taken directly to their accounts even if the prescreen opt-out is set to No (for additional details on the opt-out setting, see the relevant section in this table below). That is, a participant who would be required to complete the prescreen had they logged into their account from a browser will, if using the mobile app, be taken directly to their account (which they will be able to use to e.g., sign-up for available studies). For technical reasons, there is no easy way to preview how questions will look on a mobile device except to log in as a test participant using an actual mobile device.
Participant response review/change	If set to Yes, then participants may review and change their responses just before completion. They are given this opportunity after they complete the last section of the prescreen, and before any closing text is shown. At this point, they can see all their responses and go back to any section to change their responses. Once they complete the prescreen, they cannot go back at a later date and change any responses. It may be useful to set this option to No, so that participants are not allowed to review or change their responses at the end of the prescreen) if sections are

	somehow dependent on one another. Allowing participants to change their responses may affect the integrity of data collection.
Participant Retake Date	If the participant has already completed the prescreen but their responses are older than, or the same as the date specified, then they will be asked to take it again. This is useful to ensure that the data does not get outdated, while only deleting a participant's old prescreen data, if they complete the prescreen again. If a participant previously opted out of the prescreen, they will not be taken to complete the prescreen again even if they opted out before the specified date, for ethical reasons. If they decide they would like to complete the prescreen, they can go to My Profile and the option will be there. If this feature is enabled, it should be set to a date in the past and not the future. If the administrator uploaded data for a participant into the Special Admin Section of the prescreen, then this data will be preserved even when the participant takes the prescreen again due to the Participant Retake Date setting.
Can participants choose to opt-out of the prescreen?	If set to Yes, participants may opt out of participating. They may take it at a later time through a link on their My Profile page.
What is the minimum age to take the prescreen?	If enabled, participants who do not meet the minimum age requirement will not be directed to the prescreen after logging in. If on a subsequent visit to the system, they now meet the minimum age, then they will be taken to complete the prescreen. This option will only appear if Participant Date of Birth Requirement is enabled in System Settings.
How many credits should a participant receive for completing the prescreen?	Enter a number indicating how many credits the participant will receive for completion of the

	prescreen. If they should not earn credits for completing the prescreen, enter the value “0”.
How many credits should a participant receive if they choose to opt-out of the prescreen?	Enter a number indicating how many credits the participant will receive for declining to participate. If they should not earn credits for declining to participate, enter the value “0”. This value only applies if participants are allowed to opt-out of the prescreen.

Prescreen Information

The information below is some general information about the prescreen. The introductory text is optional. If provided, it will be displayed before a participant takes the prescreen, and on the same page as the choice to decline participating in the prescreen, if you have enabled that option.

The closing text is also optional. If provided, it is displayed after the prescreen has been completed and all responses have been saved. This is an ideal place for debriefing information.

Introductory Text (optional)

There is an online prescreen that you may participate in before you sign up for studies. The prescreen consists of a number of multiple-choice and/or free-answer questions, and may be divided into a number of sections. You must complete all sections in one sitting, as you are not allowed to resume at another time from where you left off. While you are participating, your responses will be stored in a temporary holding area as you move through the sections, but they will not be permanently saved until you complete all sections and you are given a chance to review your responses. You may choose to decline to participate, but declining to participate may limit the number of studies you are eligible to participate in.

Closing Text (optional)

Thank you for participating!

There is an option on the **Section List** to preview how the Introductory Text and Closing Text will be displayed to participants.

Display sections in random order?

☒ No (section order will be specified)
☐ Some sections in random order, some in specified order
☐ Yes (all sections in random order)

Mobile Devices Allowed?

If participants are accessing the system through a mobile device (app) like a phone or tablet, can they participate in the prescreen? The layout of questions, especially if images or videos are involved, may be different due to device size limitations.

☒ Yes

Figure 58 - Prescreen General Information

Section List

Depending on if you are adding or editing the prescreen, you will be taken to the list of sections for the prescreen. Here, you can change the order that sections will be displayed, if you have not enabled full random section ordering for the prescreen, and see a quick review of each question. From here, you can add a question to any section and edit any question. To add a new section, choose the Add a New Section choice at the bottom of the page.

If you have enabled partial random section ordering, then you can specify a section order for the sections you would like to be displayed in a specified order. For the sections you would like to be displayed in random order, leave the Section Order area blank. When you specify a section order, use each number once, and use the numbers 1-98 if you would like the section to be displayed *before* the

random-ordered sections, and the numbers 100-199 if you would like the section to be displayed *after* the random-ordered sections. Be sure to use each number only once, or leave the number blank to make the section part of the random-ordered sections. Sometimes it is useful to use partial random ordering if you want to ask basic information, such as demographic information, in the first few sections, while asking more analytical questions in the random-ordered sections. Likewise, you may want to ask about the previous random-ordered sections after they are completed.

If a question is eligible for prescreen participation restrictions (i.e., it is a multiple choice question where only one choice may be chosen), then there will be a Study Restrictions link where you can see which studies are using this question for prescreen participation restrictions. This information is helpful in the event you want to delete the question, as you see which studies (if any) will be affected by doing so.

There is also a Preview Section option so you may preview each section of the prescreen as participants will see it.

Section List

Section Order

Section 1

1

Section 1 Settings: No sum or average score (across all questions in section) is computed. (SEC72)

Intro. Text: Listed below are questions for this section of the prescreen. Please provide a response for every question. If you are given the option to decline to answer a question, then declining to answer is considered a response.

- Do you wear glasses? (Do you wear gla)

Edit Question
Copy Question
Delete Question
Study Restrictions
- When writing, which hand do you prefer to use? (When writing, w)

Edit Question
Copy Question
Delete Question
Study Restrictions
- Please rate how you feel about the following statement: I have a better time in social settings if I... (Please rate how)

Edit Question
Copy Question
Delete Question
Study Restrictions
- Please choose the best selection for the following statement: I sometimes forget part of the evening... (Please choose t)

Edit Question
Copy Question
Delete Question
Study Restrictions

4 question(s) in this section.

Add Question
Edit Section Information
Delete Section
Preview Section

Section 2

2

Section 2 Settings: No sum or average score (across all questions in section) is computed. (SEC73)

Intro. Text: Listed below are questions for this section of the prescreen. Please provide a response for every question. If you are given the option to decline to answer a question, then declining to answer is considered a response.

- What is your average household income in a year? (What is your av)

Edit Question
Copy Question
Delete Question
Study Restrictions

Figure 59 - Prescreen Section List

Adding or Modifying a Section

To add a new section, go to Add New Section at the bottom of the Section List page. To modify an existing section, choose the Edit Section Information link next to the section you would like to modify, from the Section List page.

There are three pieces of information you may provide for each section. First, you may specify some introductory text to be displayed at the beginning of the section. When participants take the prescreen, they view one section at a time, and all the questions in that section. The introductory text may be helpful in explaining the purpose or topic of the questions in that section. You may include HTML in this area, but please be sure you know what you are doing. If you would like to add a carriage-return (paragraph break), simply type in "<p>" (without the quotes). The introductory text is up to 15,000 characters in length.

You may choose if the questions for that section are displayed in random order or in the order you specify.

You may also choose to have the system compute a section sum or average, for each participant, for the section. These scores are computed only for all the multiple-choice, numeric questions in a section, where only one choice may be chosen. Think carefully about setting this value, because you are very limited in your ability to change it after participants have started to take the prescreen or study restrictions have been placed based on the prescreen.

The advantage of a section sum or average is that researchers may choose to restrict their studies based on this, instead of an individual response in the section. Often this is useful when all the questions are using a unidimensional scale (1-5, for example), but a participant's average score response to the section is more useful to account for their outlier responses.

Depending on if you are editing or adding a section, after you save your changes, you will be taken to a page to add a new question or to the section list.

Add New Section

If you would like to add a new section, choose the type of section below to add, and also choose if questions in the section should be displayed in random order. Additionally, if you choose to have a sum or average score computed for the section, for each participant, then every question that is to be part of the score for that section may only have numeric responses. Note that once any participant has taken the prescreen, or a study has participation restrictions based on this section, you cannot change the score computation type (between average and sum, or from none to average or sum), nor can you add new questions to the sections that allow numeric responses. You may only turn off the computed score entirely. Plan your prescreen wisely before making it available to participants.

You may also provide introductory text for the section. Participants taking the prescreen will see all questions for one section on the same page, and the introductory text will be displayed at the top, if provided.

In some cases, it may be easier to copy from an existing section and then modify the questions in that section as appropriate.

 Copy From an Existing Section

Display Questions in Random Order?

☐ Yes
☒ No

Computed Section Type

☒ No sum or average score (across all questions in section) is computed.
☐ Average (mean) score for each participant is computed.
☐ Sum score for each participant is computed.

Introductory Section Text (optional)

Listed below are questions for this section of the prescreen. Please provide a response for every question. If you are given the option to decline to answer a question, then declining to answer is considered a response.

Add Section

Figure 60 - Add New Section

Adding or Editing a Question

To add or edit a question, choose the appropriate choice from the Section List, next to the desired section. Questions will be displayed in the order they are added to a section or in a random order, depending on the section settings, and you may reorder the questions later. Depending on the state of the section and if participants have taken the prescreen, some options will be automatically set for you, and not changeable. All fields must be filled out.

Field	Description
Question Text	The text for the question. This will be displayed above each question's choices. Up to 15,000 characters in length.
Abbreviated Question Name	A label for the question. This is not displayed to participants and is used to name the columns that appear when the data is exported in CSV format. Many statistical analysis programs limit column names to 15 characters in length.

Question Type	Multiple-Choice (select one), Multiple-Choice (select many) or Free-Entry. If the section has a computed average or sum, you may be limited in your ability to add Multiple-Choice (select one) non-numeric questions. Free-entry choices may contain a response up to 255 characters in length. Studies may not be restricted on free-entry choices or multiple-choice (select many) questions, but a participant's responses to all question types are listed when viewing a participant's prescreen responses.
Display length of Free-Entry field	Specifies the length (size) of a free-entry field when it is displayed. Acceptable values for this setting at 5-85, and the field will always allow participants to type in up to 255 characters. The height of the field cannot be adjusted, and this setting only applies to Free-Entry questions.
Display choices in random order?	If set to Yes, the choices for this question will be displayed to participants in a random order. This option only applies to multiple-choice questions.
How should the choices be displayed?	Horizontal (across the page), vertical (down the page), or dropdown box are the three options for how the choices for a multiple-choice question should be displayed. Often, the horizontal display is effective when the question involves a scale, while dropdown box is useful when a question has a large number of choices. This setting applies only to multiple-choice questions.
Can participants decline to provide an answer for this question?	If set to Yes, participants will see a choice below this question that allows them to opt out of answering the question. If set to No, they must answer the question. The default when adding a new question, not copying an existing question or section, is set to Yes for ethical compliance.
Are all choices numeric?	If set to Yes, all choices must be numeric whole numbers (e.g. 1, -2, 10). This only applies to multiple-choice questions. Studies may be restricted based on numeric or non-numeric multiple choice questions, however sections with a computed section sum or

	average may not contain non-numeric multiple-choice questions.
Display numeric value?	If set to No, the numeric value of the choice is not displayed to participants. This only applies to numeric, multiple-choice questions where each choice includes both a numeric value and associated text (e.g. “5 Strongly Agree”). This is useful when running a reverse scale.

If the question is a multiple-choice question, you must also fill out the choices section that is part of the same form. A minimum of 1 choice must be provided for the question. Each choice may be up to 255 characters in length. When adding a question, there is space to add up to 10 choices. If you need to add more choices than this, simply add the question and go back to update it, and there will be an option to add more choices.

If the question is specified as numeric, you must provide a numeric choice, and that choice must be a whole number (e.g., -5, 1, 0, 349 but not 0.5 or 2.75). If you would like to provide descriptive text to accompany each numeric choice, you may do so by typing in the numeric choice and leaving one blank space after it, then typing in the descriptive text, for example: “5 Strongly Agree”. If you provide descriptive text along with the numeric choice, then you have the option of hiding the numeric value from participants, by choosing No to the “Display numeric value?” setting for the question. This is useful in reverse scale or other situations where the numeric value for the choices does not need to be displayed to the participant.

If you add a question to the prescreen, and some participants have already completed the prescreen, they will *not* be asked to answer the additional questions upon their next login. However, participants who have not already completed the prescreen will be shown the latest version, with any new questions also displayed. Because of this, you should plan the prescreen carefully and avoid adding questions after some participants have already completed the prescreen. See the Participant Retake Date option in General Prescreen Information for another way to handle this situation.

If you plan to change the text for a choice, be very careful about such changes. It’s OK to change the text to clarify the choice’s meaning or fix typos, but do *not* change the text in a way that would change the meaning of the question *if* participants have already responded to the question. The reason is that the system stores the choices using a numeric identifier and not the text, so changing the meaning of a question (for example, changing the first choice of a question about gender from “Male” to “Female”) does not change the underlying numeric identifier. You could have a situation where participants who answered the question before the change responded based on the meaning (text) of the question at that time, while others who responded after the change responded based on the new meaning.

Question Information	
Question Text (Up to 15,000 characters)	What is your employment status?
Abbreviated Question Name (not displayed to participants)	What is your em 
Question Type	Multiple-Choice (only one choice may be selected)
Display length of Free-Entry field (only applies to free-entry questions)	Not Applicable
Display choices in random order? (only applies to multiple-choice questions)	☐ Yes ☒ No
How should the choices be displayed? (only applies to multiple-choice questions)	☒ Vertical (down the page) ☐ Horizontal (across the page) ☐ Dropdown Box
Can participants decline to provide an answer for this question?	Yes
Are all choices numeric? (only applies to multiple-choice questions)	No
Display numeric value? (only applies to multiple-choice, numeric questions)	Not Applicable

Figure 61 - Edit a Question

Copying a Section

You may copy a section from any online survey in the system into the prescreen, by choosing Copy From an Existing Section in the Section List. You will see a list of eligible surveys to copy from. After you choose which survey to copy from, you will see a list of eligible sections in that survey. Once you choose a section, it will be copied into the prescreen you are currently editing.

The administrator may also use the same feature when editing an online survey, to copy a section from the prescreen into an online survey. This can be useful to archive prescreen sections into a “holding” survey. Likewise, it may be useful to have researchers set up their own sections in a separate online survey, then copy that into the prescreen.

Copying a Question

For multiple-choice questions, it is often the case that many questions have the same measures (choices). To make entry of similar questions easier, you may use the Copy Question feature to copy a

question of any type. To copy a question, select the question you would like to copy (when viewing the Section List). You will then be taken to a list of sections where you may copy this question. The default is set to the section the question came from. After you decide which section you would like to copy the question to, you will be taken to a page where you can make any final changes to the copy of the question before saving it.

Saving Your Changes

When you are done, you should go to the Final Review and save your changes. Even if you plan to do further editing later, it is **imperative** that you go to the Final Review step, as the system needs to save certain special changes and make some computations. If you do not want participants to take the prescreen yet, you can save changes but keep the prescreen inactive. When you save your changes, it may take a moment to save all the changes, as the system is performing a number of computations. Please be patient, as these computations are done to make performance for participants and studies as fast as possible. The system tracks which user last made the prescreen active or inactive and when. This information is displayed on the Prescreen Setup page.

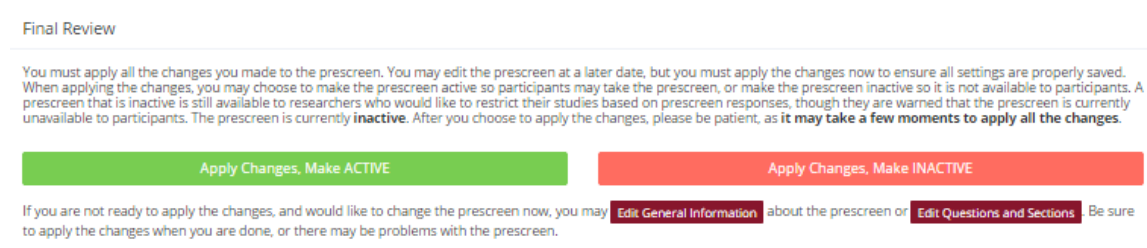


Figure 62 - Saving Prescreen Changes

Viewing the Prescreen as a Participant

If you would like to see how the prescreen will be displayed to participants that can easily be done during setup. Next to each section in the section list, there will be a Preview Section link so you can view the section exactly as participants would see it. You may also view how the introductory and closing text will appear to participants, by choosing the Preview Introductory Text and Preview Closing Text options, which appear on the Section List page.

Participants will see a basic progress display on the top right corner of each page, listing the section they are on (ordinal counting), and how many sections total are in the prescreen (excluding the Admin. Section, if there is one). When using Preview Section, you will see this progress display as well, except the current section number will appear as “X” in preview mode since it is not an actual participant taking the prescreen (and randomization of section order may be involved).

Admin Section

Introduction

In some cases, it may be useful to provide responses on behalf of a participant, with the goal being to use those responses as the basis of prescreen participation restrictions on a study. For example, there may be a special computation scale, too complex for the system to calculate with existing section

sum/mean computations, based on a participant's responses that is useful to determine who can participate in a study.

The main idea here is that the administrator can set up and then insert responses on a participant's behalf, with the goal of using those to restrict participation in studies. This feature can be very powerful because of its flexibility. For example, let's say there is a new method of grouping participants, potentially unrelated to the prescreen responses they provide, perhaps they are divided into random sub-groups, for example. The administrator could easily insert this data as prescreen responses in the admin section. Such data can *only* be inserted for questions in the admin section.

Because this section is intended for use in setting up study prescreen participation restrictions, it has some restrictions. First, only multiple-choice questions where only one choice may be chosen can be added into this section, since those are the only types of questions that can be used for prescreen participation restrictions. Second, this section is *never* visible to participants. Rather, it is a special section only visible to the administrator and researchers, and is considered part of the participant's prescreen responses. Like other multiple-choice (pick one choice) questions on the prescreen, questions in the admin section are eligible for study prescreen participation restrictions. Finally, responses can be inserted only for those who have successfully completed the prescreen.

Prescreen responses may be uploaded in a batch so that the responses for one question can be uploaded on behalf of many participants at once. It is not possible to insert responses for participants who have opted out of the prescreen.

If you upload responses for a participant, and they take the prescreen again due to the Participant Retake Date setting, their uploaded responses will be preserved.

This feature is intended for advanced users, as it may require skills in how to handle data sets for importing responses. Please consult with your IT experts if you have difficulty assembling the data in the proper format.

Creating the Admin Section

The prescreen can have only one admin section. To create it, choose the Add Admin Section option that appears on the Section List page (at the bottom). If this option is not there, then an Admin Section has already been created and you should see it in the section list, noted as such. You may not create the admin section by copying an existing section.

Once the section is added, you can add questions just like with any other section. The only restriction is that you may only add multiple-choice questions where only once choice may be chosen. Because of this, you will be limited in your ability to copy questions from other sections, if those other questions are not of that question type.

Inserting Responses into the Admin Section

You may only insert responses on behalf of participants who have completed the prescreen, and only for questions in the admin section. To do so, go to Prescreen Setup | Upload Prescreen Responses.

Going here will not take the prescreen offline, so it is not a problem to do this while the prescreen is active.

You can upload data for only one question at a time. Choose the desired question and the system will give a list of acceptable responses for that question, and the format it expects for the data. In terms of formatting, you may separate the data on a single line by a comma or a blank space, but not both. Generally, the format is user identifier (User ID or Anonymous ID Code), then a space or comma, and then the response, with one participant's response per line.

Once you click Proceed, the system will process the data you provided and provide information regarding if the data provided was acceptable. You then have the option to change the data, or proceed and it will insert the data.

You may upload responses for the same participant for the same question more than once. The latest response will override any previous responses, and only the latest response will be stored.

Download Prescreen Response Data

The Download Prescreen Responses option appears on the Prescreen Setup menu, and such an option does *not* take the prescreen offline. For information about the download options, see Analyzing Survey Responses in the researcher section of the documentation (Online Survey Studies section) as the functionality is the same. The only difference is that in some system configurations, the administrator may see more identifying information, like participant names for example, than a researcher does when they download data. If you are concerned about what identifying information researchers may see when downloading prescreen responses, login with a researcher account to see exactly what they will see.

Deleting Prescreen Restrictions

If studies have participation restrictions linked to prescreen questions, this can hinder the ability to modify or delete that prescreen question. Go to Prescreen Setup | Delete Prescreen Restrictions to delete all prescreen restrictions across all studies in the system. This will not delete the studies or the prescreen questions. Only the prescreen restrictions will be deleted, and researchers can add them again later.

Deleting a Prescreen

At the end of the term, you may want to delete the prescreen and all relevant data. The option appears in System Maintenance and Data Management | End-of-Semester Maintenance, and also in the Prescreen Setup. You should use this option carefully. Deleting a prescreen also deletes all participant responses, and removes any study prescreen restrictions. This may result in unqualified participants being able to sign up for restricted studies. You may also use the Data Export option (found in the System Maintenance and Data Management section) to save all relevant prescreen information for archival or later analysis.

If you would like to delete a specific participant's prescreen responses, the option is available when editing the participant's record.

If you would like to keep the prescreen intact, but merely delete all participant responses (this is often done at the end of the term), choose the Delete All Prescreen Responses option in End-of-Semester Maintenance. Any credit earned for completing the prescreen will be retained. The next time the participant logs in, they will be asked to complete the prescreen again, presuming it is still available. This option also makes it easy to modify the existing prescreen in preparation for the upcoming term, as there is a lot of flexibility in modifying the prescreen if no responses have been collected. See the Participant Retake Date option in General Prescreen Information for another way to handle this situation.

Generating Reports

Overview

An administrator accesses the Reports section by choosing the Generate Reports option from the Tasks toolbar. These reports provide various information on participant credit completion and participant participation status, as well as some information about researchers and studies. If you choose to create Instructor logins and assign Instructors to Courses, the Instructors can generate their own Credit Completion reports. You as an administrator may not need to use the Reports feature for that purpose, but the other reports may be quite useful in monitoring the pool. Most reports can be viewed on-screen, or exported in CSV (comma-separated) format, for import into popular spreadsheet programs like Excel. Most reports also have a printer-friendly format for easy printing.

If you choose to print the reports, and you find the formatting is too wide for the page, you can change the printing format from Portrait to Landscape. This change is made in your web browser, as part of the print options. You can ask your IT department for more help with this.

Credit Completion Reports

Description

Select criteria below to generate a report. You may select All Courses to get a report across all courses, but be aware this report may be quite large.

Credit Completion Status

All Participants (Students) ▼

Course

Hebrew Class ▼

Include Admin. Comments?

☐ Yes
☒ No

Include Login Days?

Number of unique days a participant logged in

☐ Yes
☒ No

Output Format

On-Screen ▼

Generate Report

No-Show Reports

Description

Participants who failed to appear for their scheduled study.

Report Style

☒ Sort by:

Last Name ▼

Figure 63 - Report Generation

Credit Completion Reports

The credit completion reports list the credit completion status for each participant. You can choose to list only complete, incomplete, or all participants. A participant is considered a completed participant when the number of credits they have completed is at least as many as they are required to complete.

You must choose a course when generating this report. Courses that are “active”, meaning marked Selectable in Course Listings, will be listed. Then, followed by those that are inactive, when applicable. If your system is configured in such a way that participants can assign credits to individual courses (see System Settings), the resulting report will list the participant’s credit completion status overall, as well as for the selected course. If your system is not configured to allow for individual course credit assignment, then you will just see the participant’s overall credit completion status. Participants who have not completed all their credit requirements are listed in **bold** for easy identification.

An Include Overall Credits Columns? option may appear, with the default value based on the Instructor Total Credits Display setting in System Settings. If the No option is chosen, the system will omit the Overall Credits Earned and Overall Credits Required option from the report, which can avoid confusion when the Credits Earned for Course column also appears.

You may also choose to view the Admin. Comments for each participant, if there are any. Those are also listed within the report. You may choose to include login days in this report. This is a measure of the number of unique days a participant has logged in to the system. It is also a good way to measure

how often the participant likely checked on the system for available studies. See Login Days Tracking for more information.

The report also includes a column indicating the Overall Unexcused No-Shows a participant has accrued. If there is a policy whereby there is some type of bonus for participants who do not accrue any unexcused no-shows, then use this column to determine which participants fit into that category (look for values of 0). See No-Show Handling for further information.

The report you generate is identical to the report an instructor can generate, except instructors may not view the Admin. Comments or Login Days information. Thus, you may find it easier to set up Instructor accounts and allow instructors to generate credit completion reports on their own. You may click on any participant's name to go directly to their user information in the system.

If you would like to generate a report across all courses, choose the All Courses option in the Course selection menu, the All Courses option is the first choice. This report will include the course name as a column if the system is configured with Multiple Course Support off. Be aware that the report may take a while to generate if there are many participants in the system, and in some cases may be impossible to generate.

If you would like to generate a report of participants who are not currently linked to a course, choose the Participants without a Course option in the Course selection menu. This might happen if you adjusted their record so their course selection is "NONE", or if they were removed from their courses as part of end-of-semester maintenance.

There is an option to email the report to a specified email address, after you have generated the report in on-screen format, it appears at the bottom of the report. The email address box will be pre-filled with the email address of the instructors of the course, when applicable. Please ensure only one email address per textbox is specified. If sent, the emailed report will contain the report in two formats: a nicely formatted report suitable for printing, and an attachment with the information in CSV (comma-separated) format for use with a data analysis tool.

The Download Report for All Courses will generate a report for all courses in a downloadable ZIP file. It honors the options chosen above (e.g. Credit Completion Status), and includes HTML and CSV versions for each course. If you receive an error when generating this group of reports, it could be there are too many courses in your system – try running the report course-by-course instead.

No-Show Reports

The No-Show report shows participants who have failed to appear for a study. Included in the report are any comments the researcher left when noting the no-show situation. If you click on the participant's name, you will be taken to that participant's record, so you may view all their progress. Participants who are prevented from logging into the system will be noted as "(inactive)" in the report. You may restore these privileges by going to edit that participant's account and allowing them to login to the system.

If you view the report summarized by participant, then you will see a summary of all no-shows earned for each participant that has earned no-shows. You may restrict this report to a certain date range, in which case the report will only include no-shows accrued during the specified date range. This is based on the date of the timeslot, not when the no-show was actually given by the researcher. You may also restrict it to only show participants who have earned a specified number of no-shows.

Unassigned Credit Reports

Depending on how your system is configured, this report is available so that participants may assign their credits to a specific course (see System Settings). In some cases, not all credits will have been assigned to a course. Some reasons can include that the credits were from archived data, the participant was signed up for a study with a batch manual credit grant, or the participant left or was removed from a course and had credits assigned to that course. There is a link next to each credit if you would like to reassign the credit to a course. Participants may do this on their own by going to My Schedule/Credits.

Time Usage Reports

The Time Usage report gives a listing of how many hours of timeslots have been used, by Study, Researcher, or P.I. (if enabled). If the system is configured to enforce a limit (see Timeslot Usage Restriction in System Settings), the limit is also listed in the appropriate report. If usage limits are set to per-study and you run a report based on P.I., then the limit listed will be based on the sum of all their studies.

You can restrict this report to a specific period of time, based on the timeslot date. If timeslots are linked to a specific researcher, this will not be reflected in the report. It will be presumed that all usage is for all researchers, for that study. See Timeslots Linked to a Specific Researcher in the Researcher Documentation for more information.

Study Attendance Reports

The Study Attendance Report gives a listing of the ratio of credit grants to no-shows for each study. Some organizations find such a report useful, as a study with an unusually high number of no-shows may indicate poor instructions provided by the researcher.

You may choose a date range restriction for this report, and the date range is based on the timeslot date, not the date the credit or no-show was given. Generally these dates will not be far apart, but with online studies, which typically have one timeslot for the entire term, this may be the case.

Study Course Restriction Reports

Depending upon your output selection, this will generate a downloadable CSV file, a printer-friendly page, or an on-screen layout listing all the studies in your Sona Systems site that have course restrictions, including inactive studies. All three output options (downloadable CSV, printer-friendly layout, and On-Screen display) will generate a two-column table, or a file that will display a table using the appropriate application (such as a spreadsheet viewer), with the following information:

- A column of all studies currently in your Sona systems site that have at least one course restriction
- A “Course” column listing the course names, by row, corresponding to the course restrictions for these studies, as in the example table below

Course Restrictions Report

Study Name	Course
Sleep Aids and Lifestyle	Psychology 101, Psychology 200, Research Methods
HCI/UX Ergonomics	Psychology 101, Psychology 200, Computer Science 341
Heuristics and Biases	Psychology 101
Replication Study	Psychology 101

Generating a Study Course Descriptions report allows you to easily view, save, and track all course restrictions for all your studies in your Sona Systems site.

Credit Usage Report

This report lists the number of credits used by each study, either by study, researcher, or P.I. It takes into account non-standard credit grants. For example, if a study is normally worth 2 credits, but a particular participant was granted only 1 credit. Researchers can grant non-standard credits if Variable Credit Granting is enabled in system settings.

The report also shows pending credits, which is computed by taking all sign-ups in Awaiting Action (during the date range if one is chosen) multiplied by the study’s credit value.

If you choose the Study Credit Usage report, you will also see an Unfilled credits column. When no date range is chosen, that indicates all future credit opportunities (unfilled spaces). When a date range *is* chosen, then that indicates all unfilled spaces during the date range (missed opportunities, if in the past).

If a study has multiple researchers and you run the researcher report, then the usage for a study will be attributed to *all* researchers for that study. In other words, there will be double counting.

You may choose a date range restriction for this report. The date range is based on the timeslot date, not the date the credit was granted. Generally these dates will not be far apart, but with online studies that typically have one timeslot for the entire term this may be the case.

Study Schedule Report

If you want to look at the usage of a particular resource, timeslot locations for example, you may use this report to show you the use of all resources for a specific date range. This report also lists which studies are using the resource. It also makes it easy to generate a report of all studies taking place on a certain day or range of days. This report could be given to a department administrator in case a participant walks into the office and they have forgotten where their study is located.

If location scheduling is enabled (see System Settings), then there is an option to view all timeslots scheduled where the researcher did not choose a location off the pre-defined list, as well as the opposite case. Online studies are not included in this report, since they don't have a location.

The report may also be viewed in Calendar view (a monthly calendar layout), which is best visually in cases where there are not too many timeslots per day.

Capacity Report

If you want to monitor how many participants are participating in in-person studies throughout the course of a day, you may use this report. You can see the data system-wide or for a specific location. This information can be useful when there are capacity limits on how many people may congregate in a certain location at once, and this needs to be monitored.

System Summary Report

The system summary report shows basic information about the amount of data in the system. This is a great report to give an overview of usage in the system and overall participant progress.

You may restrict this report to a certain date range. If you do so, the date used for restriction is the date of the study's *timeslot*, and not of the credit grant. These two dates may vary widely, particularly in the case of online studies where the timeslots may be far in the future.

The report contains summary information about the number of studies of each type, and also the number of credits already granted and still available for participants to earn. This is an easy way to monitor and ensure there are enough credit-earning opportunities for participants. If participants may earn credits for completing the prescreen, that will be included in the non-study credit grant information in this report.

The prescreen/survey responses information provides a summary of how many responses are being used by the prescreen and each online survey in the system. One response is roughly equal to one response by one participant to one prescreen or online survey question. The size of this data can have an effect on the performance of your site, so it's good to keep this number as small as possible (below 400,000 responses). One way to reduce this number is to delete online survey studies that are no longer being run, as the survey responses will be deleted along with it. Another easy option is to download the online survey data and then delete it, while keeping the survey and record of participation intact (see the Researcher section of the documentation).

The report will also show a list of who is currently participating in the prescreen or any online surveys in the system. Each individual row in this report is updated only once every 20 minutes.

The report contains six sections: Users, Study Information, Number of Total Studies, Study Credits Granted, Prescreen/Survey Response Data Usage, and Current Prescreen/Online Survey Usage. If you run the report using a date range, only three of the sections will contain data adjusted according to

that date range: Users, Study Information, and Study Credits Granted. The other sections of the report contain information that does not lend itself to being restricted based on date.

When using a date restriction, the Users section shows users whose last login to the system was during the specified date range. The Users section is based on how many users have that role, so if a user has more than one role, it will appear once for each role they have, however the number in the Total field is based on unique user accounts. The Users section will also show how many participants created accounts, and signed up for a study, during the date range. The system counts any sign-up during the date range, based on the timeslot date, and regardless of sign-up status (no-shows and pending sign-ups are also included).

Here is an explanation of each item in the Study Information section:

Item	Description
Studies	The total number of studies in the system. If a date restriction is used, then it counts the number of studies that have timeslots within that date range.
Timeslots	The total number of timeslots. This does not consider spaces in each timeslot, so a timeslot with room for 3 participants to sign-up is still counted as 1 timeslot. If a date restriction is used, then the count is based on the timeslot's date.
Total Number of Unfilled (Past) Timeslots	The total number of spaces in timeslots that went unfilled. For example, if a timeslot was set up to allow for 3 participants, and only 1 participant signed up, then that would count as 2 unfilled spaces. If no date restriction is used, then this is based on all timeslots in the past. If a date restriction is used, then this count is based on all timeslots, which took place during the specified date range.
Total Number of No-Shows	The total number of no-shows that were marked. This is based on the count of no-shows, not the credit value of the study, so a no-show for a 2-credit study and a no-show for a 1-credit study each count as one no-show for purposes of this computation. If a date restriction is used, then the number is based on no-shows for all timeslots which took place during the specified date range.

Total Credits Granted	The total number of credits granted. This takes into account non-standard credit grants, like if a participant was granted 2 credits for a 1-credit study. If some credits granted were for studies marked as a Research Alternative, that is listed beside it, but it's also included in the main total for this measure. If a date restriction is used, then the number is based on credits granted for all timeslots, which took place during the specified date range.
Total Non-Study Credits Granted	The total number of non-study credits granted. Non-study credit grants include credits granted for completing the prescreen, along with any non-study credit grants made by the administrator or an instructor. If a date restriction is used, then the number is based on credits granted during the specified date range.
Total (Future) Credits Available	The total number of credits available to be earned, which were not earned. For example, if a 1-credit study had room for 3 participants, and only 1 participant signed up, then this would count as 2 credits available because there are 2 unfilled spaces where credits could be earned. This is a good way to gauge if participants are not taking advantage of credit-earning opportunities. It is also a good way to monitor that sufficient credits are available for participants to earn. If a date restriction is used, then the number is based on credits available for all timeslots, which took place during the specified date range.
Total Pending (Awaiting Action) Credits	The total number of credits pending, where a sign-up took place but the researcher has not yet granted credit. This is a good way to monitor completion rates, as a high value here could indicate that participants have signed up for a lot of upcoming studies and will eventually earn credit for them once they actually participate.

	If a date restriction is used, then the number is based on credits pending for all timeslots, which took place during the specified date range. Generally, this number should be 0 if researchers are granting credits in a timely manner. If it is not, you can monitor uncredited timeslots by going to Studies Uncredited Timeslots.
Overall Credits Completion Rate	The total number of credits completed by all participants, compared to the total number of credits required for all participants. In addition, to showing the current completion rate, the completion rate with pending credits factored in is also displayed. That can give a more accurate measure of how close the pool overall is to completing requirements. This number is not date-specific because requirements are not date-based, so if a date restriction is used, it is ignored for purposes of computing this number.
Overall Remaining Credits Demand	The number of credits yet to be earned, based on requirements. This is computed by taking the total overall number of credits required across all participants, and subtracting the total number of credits earned so far. This shows the remaining demand for credits. This number is not date-specific because requirements are not date-based, so if a date restriction is used, it is ignored for purposes of computing this number.

Study Summary Report

The Study Summary report shows a listing of each study and key summary data for each study, like the researchers, number of participants who participated and were no-shows, compensation type, and credits granted. If a date range is used, the report is restricted to study timeslots with dates within the specified date range. Studies that have prescreen restrictions will have a “P” noted next to the study name, for help in identifying which studies are not open to all participants. Studies that are marked as Research Alternatives have a “RA” next to the study name.

Course Summary Report

The Course Summary report shows a listing of each course and key summary data for each course, like the number of participants in the course; average age; total credits earned; no-show rate, and earnings by study type. There is also total (sum) information across all courses, where applicable.

If you click the bar graph icon next to each course name, you will see the distribution of credit earnings in the course, like how many participants in that course have earned 2 credits, how many have earned 3 credits, and so on. This option will only appear if there are participants in the course.

Mass Email Report

The Mass Email report shows a listing of all instances in the last 6 months when a user used a bulk email feature in the system. These emailing facilities are available to the administrator, researchers, and principal investigators, with every use being logged.

The system logs who sent the email, to how many users, their IP address, the type of email, and the first 1,000 characters of the content of the email. The logging is done when using the following email features: Mass Email Notification, an administrator-only feature, Prescreen Invitations, and when contacting participants who have signed up for a study, unless the email is to a specific participant signed up for the study.

In certain cases, there will be a link to see every recipient of the email. This option is available on sites using the Advanced edition or higher.

The administrator should monitor this report on a routine basis, and warn or suspend the account privileges of users who send excessive emails. For example, it can be considered excessive if a researcher sends a prescreen invitation email to hundreds of participants on a daily basis. The reason to monitor this is that many universities and email providers will block all incoming email from the system if they notice the volume is too high or they receive complaints from recipients.

We have agreements in place with many large email providers, and they notify us automatically when potential abuse is detected. We will notify the administrator of your site if the situation arises, and may take further actions if the situation is not corrected in a timely manner. We are required to take these actions as part of our agreements with large email providers.

Prescreen Status Reports

The Prescreen report shows participants and their prescreen completion status. If you do not have the prescreen enabled (see System Settings), then this report will not be listed.

You may view the report sorted by a participant's last name or by course. Admin comments for each participant, if any, will be listed as well. If you choose to view the report ordered by course and a participant is in multiple courses, they will appear once for *each* course they are enrolled in. You may choose which prescreen status to report on. If you choose to view a report of those who have completed the prescreen, the report will also include the date that they completed it, and the time it

took them to complete the prescreen (along with an average completion time at the bottom of the report. It is possible to restrict this report to only those who completed the prescreen during a certain date range. This date range restriction only applies when generating a report of those who have completed the prescreen.

If you choose to view those participants who have started the prescreen but never completed it, this report may change over time. First, the system will routinely remove responses from participants who started the prescreen but never completed it. This is usually done if the responses are more than 24 hours old. In addition, some of the participants may be currently completing the prescreen when you generate this report. In this case they will appear in the report listing those who have completed the prescreen. The most common reason for a participant to be listed as starting the prescreen but never completing it, is that they did indeed start it, but then simply logged out or walked away from their computer before completing it.

To view a list of those currently taking the prescreen, see the System Summary Report.

Course Credit History Report

This report lists all studies that participants in the selected course participated in. This report is useful for archival purposes, particularly if your IRB requires you to keep archives of participation history for a number of years on file. It is good to run this report before doing end-of-semester maintenance. If you choose to include credit comments, this will include the comments the researcher included regarding each sign-up (if any).

When selecting a course, courses that are “active” (marked Selectable in Course Listings) will be listed first, followed by those that are inactive, when applicable.

You may restrict this report to a certain date range. If you do so, the date used for restriction is the date of the study’s *timeslot*, and not of the credit grant, except in the case of non-study credit grants where the credit grant date is used. These two dates may vary widely, particularly in the case of online studies where the timeslots may be far in the future.

Duplicate Participant Report

This report lists all participants who have the same first and last name; or email address in the system. It is useful to identify cases where a participant may have created more than one account. From this report, you can easily click on each user to see if two accounts with the same name are indeed the same person, or a case of two people with the same name.

The report is case-insensitive, so “John Smith” and “john smith” will be considered duplicate users. The report can be sorted by account creation date.

Emailing a Group of Users – Mass Email Notification

There are situations where you may want to send a mass email to a group of users, based on certain criteria. One example is you may want to send email to all participants who have not yet completed

their requirements, reminding them of an upcoming deadline. Or you may want to email all researchers to notify them of certain information. To use this feature, log in as an administrator from the Tasks toolbar, choose Mass Email and Announcements | Mass Email Notification.

The system lets you send an email to participants, researchers, principal investigators, and instructors. When sending to participants, you may closely define what group of participants you send to, by course, studies they have participated in, credit completion status, no-show level, age, and/or prescreen completion status, when applicable. If you choose to email participants who have not signed up for any studies, this may be different than if you email participants who have earned 0 credits. There can be cases where a participant has signed up for studies that have not yet taken place, so they haven't earned credits yet. If you choose to email participants based on last login date, note that participants who do not have a last login date (typically because they have never logged in) are excluded.

In all cases, you may choose to send to a random subset of selected users. This is useful in cases where you don't want to generate an overwhelming response. For example, there may be a few new studies on the site that you want to notify participants about, but notifying all the participants would be undesirable because there are not enough timeslots for even half of them to sign up. In this case, you may choose to send the notification only to a random 50% of selected users. The system does not track what random percentage of users have been emailed previously, so if you email a random 50% one time, and email a random 50% another time, there is a chance the same user will be emailed twice as they will be randomly selected each time.

You may also choose to exclude participants who have participated in certain studies. This is useful if you are sending an announcement about specific studies, and want to leave out those who have already participated in those studies.

If you choose to email Instructors with Selectable Courses, this means the email will be sent to every instructor whose courses are marked Selectable in Course Listings.

If you choose to email Researchers or PIs with Active Online Survey Studies, this means the email will be sent to those Researchers/PIs with online survey studies within the system (not external web studies), that are active. Often this group of users might need special instructions or may need to be reminded that they should routinely download and delete the data they have collected from the system, to ensure ideal system performance.

When emailing participants, you may also have the option to include a link in the email that participants can use to deactivate or delete their account. See the Participant Account Self-Deletion setting in System Settings for more information.

When sending the email, you also have the option to include the recipient's login information in the email. You may choose to have just their username included, or both their username and a new password. If you choose to have a password included, the system will generate a new random password for the user. Be careful about using this feature, as it will generate a new password for all

recipients, thus invalidating their existing passwords. This can cause confusion for current users if they are already accustomed to using their current password.

You must specify a message to be sent. Each email is sent so that the other recipients of the email are not revealed, for privacy reasons. If you are sending the email to participants, you may choose to have the system automatically include the participant's credit completion status (e.g. "You have completed 3 out of the 4 credits you must earn.") in the email. If you choose to receive a copy of the email and it includes credit status, then the copy sent to you will list only "X" for credit earnings and requirements, since you don't actually have any credit earnings or requirements. The credit information will be accurate when sent to participants.

If you include the text %FIRST_NAME%, %LAST_NAME%, or %USERNAME% in the email text, the system will substitute it with the recipient's first name, last name, or username. Note this text must be in upper case and surrounded by % symbols.

You cannot include attachments in the email, so if you have a document you would like to include, you should post it on a university webserver and provide a link to the document in the email you send. The reason email attachments cannot be included is that it is considered a bad practice to send a copy of a large attachment to every user, since that means the attachment is duplicated and stored each time, increasing considerably the amount of resources used on the recipients' email servers.

Mass Email Notification

User Type Participants

Percentage to Mail 100% - all matching users

Courses
(only applies to Participants)

Only include participants in the following courses:

All Courses
Participants without a Course
Marketing 120 - Section A
Psychology 200

Available

Psychology 101

Selected

Send a copy to Instructor(s)?
(only applies if specific course(s) are selected)

☐ Yes
☒ No

Completion Status
(only applies to Participants)

☒ All Participants
☐ Only Completed Participants
☐ Only Incomplete Participants
☐ Participants who have not signed up for any studies
☐ Participants who have never logged in
☐ Participants who have/have not logged in since a certain date
have Tuesday, December 21, 2021
☐ Participants who have Credits not assigned to a course
☐ Participants who have earned
exactly 0 Credits
☐ Participants who have earned or will earn (with pending sign-ups)
exactly 0 Credits
☐ Participants who have accrued
exactly 0 unexcused no-shows

Study Requirements
(only applies to Participants)

☒ Include participants who have participated in ALL of these studies
☐ Include participants who have participated in AT LEAST ONE of these studies

Figure 64 - Mass E-Mail Notification

There is also an option to specify a delay in sending the email, based on the number of hours from when the emailing option is used. This is useful if you want to target a certain time of day (e.g., during the evenings) when the email will be sent. The emails are generated at the time you use the emailing feature, but are stored on the server until the specified sending time. They cannot be removed from the queue once this emailing feature is used.

The Reply-To Email option allows you to specify the email address that will be listed in the email's "reply-to" field. When a user chooses to reply to the email, it will go to that email address by default. The choices are the email address of the user sending the email, or the email address specified in Admin Reply-To Email in System Settings.

You may choose what type of users to send to, and enter your message. Click Preview Messages to proceed. You will be asked to confirm the options you chose and that you would like to send the message. The system sends messages in batches of 1,000 at a time to prevent problems with overloading the server, however there is no limit to how many emails may be sent. You will be asked to proceed and send any additional messages, if your message was destined for more than 1,000 people. The system will notify you when all messages have been sent successfully.

Summary information about the email you sent, and in particular to how many recipients it was sent to, will be logged and made available in the Mass Email report. This is done to ensure there is no abuse of the email feature in the system, in compliance with generally accepted Internet practices for sending emails.

Nightly Reminder Emails

If the Automatic Reminder Email feature (see System Settings) is enabled, participants will receive a reminder email of any studies they have scheduled for the following day. This email will only be sent for studies for which participants have not already received credit. Normally, participants will not have already received credit for a study before it is to occur, but this may be the case with an online study, since those do not have a scheduled participation date, but rather a participation deadline date.

If anonymous ID codes are enabled on your system, the reminder will also include the participant's ID code, and a reminder that they should bring this code with them to the study.

If a researcher has chosen to enable the reminder email, they will receive an email to remind them of their timeslots scheduled for the following day. They will also receive an email if they have timeslots more than 2 days old that they have not dealt with.

Reminder emails of this type are processed for sending once a day, at the time specified based on the Automatic Reminder Email Time setting in System Settings. Reminders are not sent to participants whose accounts are deactivated.

Weekly Study Announcement

If Weekly Study Announcement Email is enabled in System Settings, then the system will send an email to participants once a week (every Saturday) with a list of upcoming studies that they may be eligible for. The list of studies is similar to the list of studies participants see when they log in and view the list of studies, with the one difference being that the email will exclude studies they have already participated in or have a pending sign-up for. The list is randomized if Random Study Order is enabled in System Settings. If there are no studies for the participant, the email will not be sent. If Weekly Study Announcement Email Incompletes is set to Yes in System Settings, then it will only send to participants whose credit earnings are less than their credit requirement (and again, only if there are studies available for them).

The email includes a link so participants may opt out of the email with a single click. This only opts them out of weekly study announcement emails, but not other emails from the system. They can also opt out in My Profile, and the administrator can adjust this in User Management. The email will not be sent to participant accounts that are not approved yet.

If you turn this on for the first time on a site with existing participants, and you would like to enable it for their accounts, use the Restart Weekly Study Announcements option in End of Semester Maintenance.

Study Invitation Emails

If Study Invitation Email Feature is enabled, then emails that are considered study invitations will include a link so participants can easily opt out of that type of email.

Prescreen-based emails (Invite Qualified Participants) are always considered study invitation emails. When the administrator uses Mass Email Notification, or researchers use Contact Participants (for an existing study), there will be an option to specify if the email being sent is a study invitation email or not, since not all emails sent from those features may be study invitations.

Study invitation emails include a link so participants may opt out of the email with a single click. This opts them out of all study invitation emails, but not other emails from the system. They can also opt out in My Profile, and the administrator can adjust this in User Management.

If you turn this on for the first time on a site with existing participants, and you would like to enable it for their accounts, use the Restart Study Invitations option in End of Semester Maintenance.

Prescreen Invitation Emails

If a researcher goes to their study and uses the Invite Qualified Participants option from the prescreen restrictions for the study, the system will keep track of exactly which participants were emailed, and it will retain this information for 6 weeks. You can view exactly who was emailed by going to the Bulk Email Summary for the study, and clicking on any of the items showing a mailing batch.

Email Security Codes

In emails sent by the system to participants regarding a study sign-up, the system will usually insert a string of letters at the bottom of the email. This is a special code that can be decoded by the administrator. It contains information about which study and timeslot the email pertains to, as well as the date and time of the timeslot *at the time the email was sent*. It also includes the time the email was sent. This code is useful in resolving disputes where a participant claims the date or time of the study was changed or something similar. There have been cases where participants have altered the content of the email (e.g. the dates and times) and presented that as evidence that the study was changed.

Even if participants alter the email, they will not have success in altering the security code. In the case of a dispute, ask them to forward the email in its entirety, and you will see the security code at the bottom of the email. To decode the security code, go to Administrator | Help and Documentation | Check Security Code and you can crosscheck the information displayed therein with the email provided by the participant. In cases where the information is different between the decoded information and the information provided by the participant, this likely means that the participant altered the email content. If you need assistance interpreting the results, please contact technical support.

Batch Operations

There are some occasions where you may want to deactivate, activate, or delete a set of user accounts, adjust credits, email login information, set accounts to Limited, or grant a non-study credit to

a batch of users. This non-study credit option is useful when a group of participants completes a research alternative (not tied to a study) in bulk. This can all be done with the Batch Operations feature, which is available by going to Tasks | System Maintenance and Data Management. If you want to perform operations on a set of participants all in the same course, use Batch Course Operations instead.

Batch Operations

Action

☐ Activate Specified Users
☐ Deactivate Specified Users
☐ Delete Specified Users
☐ Email User ID to Specified Users
☐ Email User ID and New Password to Specified Users

NOTE: This will change the user's existing password to a new password

☐ Set Specified Participants to Limited
☐ Increase Credits Requirement for Specified Participants by Credits
☐ Set Credits Requirement for Specified Participants to Credits
☐ Grant a Non-Study Credit Grant to Specified Participants amounting to Credits

(negative and partial values allowed – 2.5, -1, 1.25)

Credit Comments:

☐ Move Specified Participants to this course:

Marketing 120 - Section A

☐ Add this Role to Specified Users:

Instructor

☐ Remove this Role from Specified Users:

Instructor

What data will you be providing?

☒ User IDs (example: 'jsmith')
☐ Student/University ID Numbers (example: '222-55-2939')

User List

Type in a list of User IDs or ID numbers, separated by spaces (Example: jsmith jdoe bsmith)

Go to Confirmation Page

Figure 65 - Batch Operations

You may specify a set of users by either their user ID (or SSO ID, when enabled) or University ID number, but you must be consistent (i.e., supply only one type throughout). The IDs may be pasted into the User List box, separated by spaces. The checking of IDs provided is case-insensitive.

If you are granting a non-study credit (available only for participants), you must specify the credit value, and a comment about the credit. This comment will be visible to participants. Because a non-study credit grant is a special case, participants will not receive an email notifying them of this credit grant, even if Credit Notification Email is enabled (see System Settings).

If you choose to deactivate users (this applies to any type of user account), the chosen users' accounts will be deactivated so they cannot log in, but will not be deleted.

You may also adjust a participant's credit requirements by setting them to a fixed value, or increasing them by a specified value.

You may also set the timeslot usage limit for specified P.I.'s or researchers to a set value.

There is also the option to email a group of users with their login information, and generate a new password for them.

The add and remove role options allow you to add or remove a role from the specified list of users. Note that you sometimes cannot remove a role from a user in certain cases where there is data tied to that role (typically a researcher with studies that have active sign-ups).

When using the option to move participants to a specified course, if they are already in the course you are moving them to, they will remain in that course any unassigned credits will be assigned to that course. If they are in the specified course and in another course, they will be removed from the other course, and all credits will be reassigned to the specified course.

After you choose which operation you would like to perform, you will be taken to a confirmation page so you can verify the proper users were found, and you may then continue with the task.

You will have little success performing such operations on participant accounts, if you are providing University ID numbers and Student ID Deactivation is set to Yes (see System Settings). In that case, there is no University (Student) ID number stored in the system for participants, so there is nothing to match on. In this situation, you should use the User ID instead.

Batch Course Operations

Batch Course Operations

It's as easy as 1-2-3. You may choose participants in a set of courses (Part 1), and apply an action (Part 2), like moving them to another course or granting a non-study credit grant (Part 3).

1. Select Courses

Available

Selected

2. Select Action

- ☐ Move participants in the courses in Part 1 to the course in Part 3
- ☐ Add participants in the courses in Part 1 to the course in Part 3
- ☐ Grant a non-study credit grant to participants in the courses in Part 1
- ☐ Add the Researcher role to the participants in the courses in Part 1

3. Select Course

Intro to Psychology Section A

Number of Creditpoints to Grant
(negative and partial values allowed -- 0.5, -0.5, 1.5)

Comments (Optional)

Preview Action...

Figure 66 – Batch Course Operations

There are some occasions where you may want to perform operations on a set of participant accounts based on which course they are in. This can all be done with the Batch Course Operations feature, which is available by going to [Tasks | System Maintenance and Data Management](#). You can choose a set of participants who are in the selected courses, then move or add them to another course; grant a non-study credit grant; activate or deactivate their accounts; or add/remove the researcher role to/from their account.

When choosing the option to move participants from one course to another course, any credits assigned to the previous course will be moved to the new course.

Automating Tasks - API

There is an API (Application Programming Interface) available that makes it easier for the administrator to access some data in the system in an automated fashion. The API is intended for advanced users with programming skills, and is detailed in a separate document. This is available on the support site, which can be accessed by logging into the system as an administrator and going to [Administrator | Help and Documentation | Documentation](#).

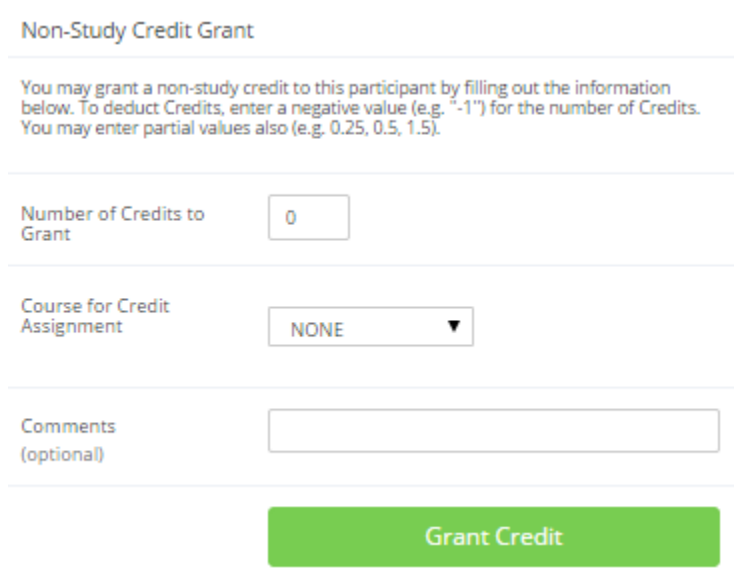
Granting Non-Study Credit

There are often occasions when you want to grant a participant credit that is not associated with a study. This is one way to grant credit for completing a research alternative that is not otherwise set up in the system. You may also need to grant a non-study credit for some other unusual case, like to adjust for a special situation that occurred during a study. You can even deduct participant credit by granting them a negative number of credits (-1, -2, etc.).

To grant a non-study credit, find the participant's record by going to [User Management | View and Edit Users](#). When you find the desired participant and click on [Edit User](#), you will see a [Grant Non-Study Credit](#) option near the top of the page. Choose the number of credits you would like to grant (type in a negative number to deduct credit). You may also assign the credit to a course, if course credit assignment is enabled (see [System Settings](#)). Finally, you may enter comments about this credit grant ("Research Paper", etc.), if necessary. The credits will be granted as soon as the changes are saved. There is an option to choose if an email notification is sent to participants about this credit grant.

If you need to grant a Non-Study Credit grant to a large group of participants, use the Batch Operations feature instead (in the [System Maintenance and Data Management](#) menu). This is typically done after participants complete an off-line prescreening,

To delete a Non-Study Credit Grant, use the [Delete](#) link next to the credit you would like to delete. This appears when viewing the participant's information and a listing of the studies they have signed up for. An email notification will *not* be sent to the participant when the credit grant is deleted.



The form is titled "Non-Study Credit Grant". Below the title is a paragraph of instructions: "You may grant a non-study credit to this participant by filling out the information below. To deduct Credits, enter a negative value (e.g. '-1') for the number of Credits. You may enter partial values also (e.g. 0.25, 0.5, 1.5)." The form contains three input fields: "Number of Credits to Grant" with a text box containing the value "0", "Course for Credit Assignment" with a dropdown menu showing "NONE", and "Comments (optional)" with a text box. At the bottom of the form is a green button labeled "Grant Credit".

Figure 67 - Non-Study Credit Grant

Course Maintenance

All participants must belong to at least one course. The system may also be configured in such a way that participants may belong to multiple courses (see System Settings).

The Course Maintenance section is accessed from Set Up | Course Listings. Typically, you will need to set up and update courses at the start of each semester, but not need to make adjustments during the semester.

If your system is configured to allow participants to create their own accounts (see System Settings) or change their course enrollment, the “Selectable?” checkbox option next to each course will be important. For each course, if you choose to enable this option (check the box), then the course will appear as a choice on the form where participants create their own accounts or change which courses they are in. The reason you may want to prevent participants from selecting certain courses is if you’ve created special case courses. For example, there may be a “course” that contains participants who failed to complete their requirements the previous semester, from any course. As a semester ends, you may choose to keep a course listed in the system, but not make it Selectable, for historical tracking purposes, however this usually isn’t necessary if there are no participants in the course.

For each course, you must specify the number of (study) credits required of participants in that course. A value of 0 for credit requirements is acceptable, and is often used when participants in the course are participating for extra credit and not as a requirement. If a participant is allowed to belong to multiple courses (see Multiple Course Support setting in System Settings), then their credit requirements will be computed based on the value of the Multiple Course Requirements setting (see System Settings). The requirements are only computed at the time the account is created, but they can be adjusted for each individual participant if necessary (see Adding and Editing Users).

If you set the requirement for a course to one value, and change it later, it will *not* change it for participants who are already a member of that course. The changes to a course requirement will only affect those who join that course from that point onwards. If you need the requirements adjusted for participants already in a course, use the Recompute Credit Requirements option at the top of the page to recompute requirements for all participants in the system, based on the current course credit requirements.

Course Listing

+ Add New Course ✓ Save changes ✗ Cancel changes						
Course Name ↑	Course Credit Report	Credits Required	Instructor 1	Instructor 2	Selectable?...↓	
Marketing 120 - Section A	Course Credit Report	2	Farhill, Sarah	NONE	☒	⚠ Dependencies 🗑 Delete
Psychology 101	Course Credit Report	5	Farhill, Sarah	NONE	☒	⚠ Dependencies 🗑 Delete
Psychology 200	Course Credit Report	0	Role, John	NONE	☒	⚠ Dependencies 🗑 Delete

1 - 3 of 3 items

Figure 68 - Course Maintenance

A delete option will appear next to eligible courses that may be deleted. Courses are eligible for deletion if no participants or credits are linked to the course. The course may also be deleted if all credits linked to the course are 0, which would be the case if participation history was retained from a previous semester. If a student is linked to a course that is deleted, they will be removed from that course. If that is the only course they were in (so that now they are in no courses), they will be asked to select a course upon their next login. In cases where removal from a course or deletion of retained sign-ups is a possibility, the word “dependencies” will be listed above the deletion option for that course. If you see “dependencies” listed, that’s usually a sign that you should first do end-of-semester maintenance to either delete participants or at least remove them from their courses, and then go to delete the course. If deleting a number of courses, it’s usually easier to use the Batch Delete option which appears at the top of the page.

Some organizations do not have separate courses, or courses at all, when they run the subject pool. In this situation, it is recommended to create a “generic” course (e.g. “Participant Pool”). If there is only one course in the system, and participants are allowed to create their own accounts, they will not even see a course selection option, as they will automatically be placed into the only available course.

If there are sections of the same course, it is advisable to make each a separate “course” in the system (e.g. “Psych 100 Section A”, “Psych 100 Section B”) if there is a reason to treat them as separate groups. Often, this is due to different instructors or different course credit requirements. If there is any opportunity for confusion, it may be advisable to further qualify the course name with the instructor’s name (e.g. “Psych 100 Section A, Professor Jones”). The instructor name is not automatically listed to participants, so that can be included in the course name if necessary.

In general, it is not advisable to create a course with more than 1,000 participants, as this can cause certain course reports to become unwieldy and perhaps not work at all. If there are really groups this big, you should create one course, wait until it gets reasonably large, and then create a second course for new participants (making the old course not selectable).

Likewise, creating too many courses can make things unwieldy, such as when researchers go to restrict their study to those in certain courses, and the list of courses is too large to deal with. This can also make things tough for the administrator when doing user imports of courses, since those can be done only one course at a time, and when generating Course Credit History reports. If a course has a number of small sections (i.e. less than 50 participants per section), one strategy is to combine a few sections into one course (e.g. “Psych 100, Sections A-D”). An ideal course size is 100-300 participants.

For your convenience, a link to the course credit report for each course is listed on this page, just below the course name.

You may add a course by choosing the option at the top of the page. Course names must be unique.

You may specify up to two instructors per course, so that these instructors can log in and run a credit report for their course. This is not required – you may also choose not to list any instructors for a course.

Courses that are no longer running and with no participants in them, should be deleted to avoid clutter when researchers go to set up course restrictions. There is no data associated with the course if there are no participants in the course, except the name, requirements and instructor so those can be easily re-added later.

Whenever making any changes to a course, be sure to click the Save Changes button at the top of the list to save all your changes.

Online Credit Limits by Course

If enabled in System Settings (Maximum Online Credits setting), you can implement online credit limits on a per-course basis, and an Online Credit Limit column will appear when setting up courses. If a course has no online credit limit, enter 0 for the limit. The system will enforce that participants cannot sign up and assign credit to a course for an online study if that will take them over the limit for the course. It will also prevent reassigning the credit to a course if that would put them over the online credit limit for that course.

Batch Course Upload

If you have many courses to add at once, the Batch Course Upload feature may be useful. It accepts a list of courses, along with related fields (credit requirements, instructors, etc.) in CSV (comma-separated) format. Details about the field order and format are listed on the page.

Batch Course Deletion

When deleting multiple courses, it’s often easier to use the batch deletion option. Use the Batch Delete option that appears at the top of the Course Listings page. Only courses with no students in them are listed.

Location Maintenance and Scheduling

If location scheduling is enabled in System Settings, then the system may be used to handle the scheduling of locations, meaning rooms and labs, where timeslots are scheduled. With such a feature, the administrator can set up a list of locations, and those locations appear on a list when researchers go to schedule their timeslots. They may pull up the schedule for a specific location, or determine which locations are available on a specific date, and schedule their timeslots appropriately. The system will prevent double booking of locations.

In the event a desired location is not in the list of locations, the researcher may enter their own text for the timeslot they are scheduling, so they are not forced to take advantage of the built-in location-scheduling feature. This is useful when the researcher is using a location that would not benefit from this scheduling feature, such as a study conducted in their office. In such a situation, the researcher does not need to worry about the location being already booked, since no one else would schedule a study in his or her office.

The list of locations available to all researchers is set up in Set Up | Location Listings, by the administrator. Each study may use only one location from the list of available locations, or researchers can type in their own text, so it is advisable to enter in locations that are as specific as possible.

Use this page to add, update, and modify locations (rooms) used in the scheduling of timeslots. Any location marked as Selectable will appear on a list of available locations when researchers set up a timeslot for their studies. The system will also prevent two studies from being scheduled to take place at the same time in the same location. Researchers may still schedule a timeslot in a location not in the list below, if necessary.

Location Listing

Location Name	Timeslots Using This Location	Selectable?	Delete?
Greeves Hall 399	21	☒ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☒ No
Johnson Building Basement	13	☒ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☒ No
Spinnaker Lab	5	☒ Yes ☐ No	☐ Yes ☒ No

Figure 69 - Location Setup

Changes take effect immediately after they are saved. If a location is deleted and timeslots were using that location, those timeslots will remain with the same location, but the location will be treated as if the researcher manually typed it in.

If a location is not marked as Selectable, it will not appear in the list of available locations when researchers go to schedule a timeslot. This is useful if a location is temporarily unavailable (for example, due to renovations) but will be available again in the future.

This feature is not intended as a university-wide scheduling system for all types of resources. Generally, universities have a campus-wide system in place for this. Rather, the feature within the software can be viewed more as a fail-safe mechanism to prevent researchers from double-booking the same location.

End-of-Semester Maintenance

The software itself does not have a concept of semesters or terms, nor does it enforce any semester concept. You may use the system for as many “semesters” as you like, within the time period of your subscription to the system. Some organizations find no need to clearly define semesters because they run an ongoing participant pool (typically a paid pool), while this definition is useful in cases of participation for course credit.

When the end of your term, whatever term that may be, occurs, there is some end-of-semester maintenance you might like to perform. Typical end-of-semester maintenance would involve exporting a copy of the data for archival purposes, then clearing it out of the system in bulk, in preparation for the start of a new term. Many organizations clear out all the participant accounts and sometimes the studies, though they usually leave the researcher accounts if those stay the same from term-to-term. You also have the option of retaining key data and carrying it over, specifically participation data. This is useful if you want to prevent a participant from participating again in a study they have already participated in during the previous term.

The participation history retention option will reset the credits earned, and any no-shows, to 0 for the timeslots where participation history is retained. If a sign-up is marked as a penalty-earning no-show, it will be converted to a no-penalty no-show but its previous status will be marked in the comments for that sign-up.

It should be noted that once you clear out this data, it cannot be retrieved. Use this feature carefully, as it deletes large amounts of data. It might be useful to make some backups of the data, for example running Course Credit History reports and making a copy of the prescreen responses. After doing end-of-semester maintenance, you should look at a few studies and participant accounts, where applicable, to make sure the data is in the state you expected it to be in after running the maintenance. If you notice a problem, please contact Sona Systems Technical Support immediately (via email is the fastest way to get in contact), and ask us if we can restore a backup of your site and let us know when the accidental deletion occurred. Backups are made once a day, so we can likely restore your site to a backup made earlier that day. Note that if you choose this option, all changes made since the backup will be lost. If you wait more than a few days to request that we restore your database, there is a chance we may not have a backup made many days earlier. In general, we maintain backups for each of the last 7 calendar days, but not always longer than that.

It is important to note that a participant’s online survey responses, if the online survey is in the system, is connected to their sign-up for that online survey study. So, if you delete either the participant’s account or their sign-up (participation history, then their online survey responses will also be deleted.

Researchers should get in the habit of routinely downloading and deleting survey responses from the system, collected for their studies. This is not only good data storage practice for them to save the data on their own, but the system performs better with fewer online survey responses stored in the system.

The main point is that some end-of-semester maintenance should be done on a routine basis. This may be as simple as deleting older studies and users, but even that is beneficial. Too much data in the system can negatively affect system performance. See System Limits for more information.

Exporting Data

While the data export feature is typically used at the end of the semester, you may use it at any time and as many times as you like. Exporting data will not erase it from the system. Use the end-of-semester maintenance features to clear out old data if you would like to delete mass amounts of data from the system.

The data export feature lets you export entire sets of data, in standard comma-separated (CSV) format. CSV is a standard form that most programs, including Microsoft Excel and Microsoft Access, can understand and work with properly. If the data originally contained any carriage-returns (this is rare), then these will be stripped out from the CSV as it makes it difficult for programs to properly import the data when there are carriage-returns in the data.

The data export does not generally produce data in a format that it can be reimported back into the system. It's for your own storage purposes only. If you need to restore data in the system that was deleted, contact Technical Support about restoring your site from a backup we maintain.

You should handle the data you export carefully, as the data export may contain sensitive information. See the Regulatory Compliance section in this documentation for more information.

The system allows you to export the CSV-formatted data in either Archival or Analysis format. The Archival format is "normalized" data, and makes it easier to import the data into a database system like Microsoft Access. The Analysis format is useful for importing the data into a spreadsheet program like Microsoft Excel, for data analysis. It contains "de-normalized" data that makes it easier to analyze. If you are not sure which format is best, you can always export the data in both formats.

To start the data export, make sure you are logged in as an administrator, and go to System Maintenance and Data Management | Data Export from the Tasks menu. You will see a list of choices for the type of data (tables) you can export, and what data is included in each export. If you want to export all the data for archival purposes, you should make sure to export every table, in Archival Format.

When you click a link for the type of data and format you would like to export, one of three scenarios will happen in your web browser, depending on how your web browser is configured. Listed below is what you should do depending on how your browser responds. When saving data, it is recommended you save the files with a ".CSV" extension.

1. The data loads in Microsoft Excel. To save the data, choose File | Save As and save it as a CSV file or an Excel worksheet. If the file loads and the data does not line up into the columns properly, save it instead of opening with Excel, then open the file with Excel, directly through Excel.
2. The browser asks if you would like to save the file. Save the file with a .CSV extension.
3. The browser loads the file on your screen, but not in Excel. Save the file with a .CSV extension, using the File | Save or File | Save As feature in your browser. Be sure to save it as *text*, not HTML format.

There is a lot of data that can be exported, and it may be cumbersome. In most cases, the only information that really needs to be kept on file is a list of participants, the studies they participated in, and their credit status. If this is the case, the Course Credit History report will have all this information and is much easier to print and store on file. Many IRBs require that this information is retained in hard-copy (printed) format for a certain number of years.

There is also an option to download all the data as on compressed zip file, using the Download All option. This will include all data *except* Course Credit History Reports, Prescreen Responses, and Online Survey Responses. Sometimes, one of the files to be included in the compressed file will be too large for the server the process, in which case you will see an error message, but the other files that could be process will still be included in the file. You can try to download the file that failed to be included in the zip file separately to see if that works.

In some cases, you will encounter an error when trying to export certain items. That typically occurs when there is too much data in the system. See Data Limits for guidance on how to reduce the size of data stored in the system.

The User Logins data download is only available if the site is running the Enhanced Security Edition, and contains details on all system logins across all users.

Clearing Out Old Data

After you have made a backup copy of data with the Data Export feature, you may elect to clear out (erase) old data. You have two options for this: Basic End-of-Semester Maintenance and Advanced End-of-Semester Maintenance.

If you just want to delete all data from the system, or some subset of that (for example, deleting all participants), it is easier to use basic end-of-semester maintenance. If you have special needs, like retaining participation history or performing maintenance on a course-by-course basis, then Advanced End-of-Semester Maintenance will be a better option.

Basic End-of-Semester Maintenance

This is accessed by going to Tasks | System Maintenance and Data Management | End-of-Semester Maintenance. You will be given a number of choices of what types of data to delete or modify. Listed below is a description of those options, and what data may be deleted or modified by using that

option. Depending on how your system is configured, not all options may appear on your system. You may end up using more than one of the options below to complete the maintenance.

Option	Data That Is Deleted or Modified
Participants	
Delete All Participants	All participant account data is deleted, as well as their credits, sign-up information, online survey responses, and prescreen responses.
Delete All Except Incomplete Participants	All the same data is deleted as for Delete All Participants, but only for participants who have earned at least as many credits as they are required to earn.
Delete All Participants Without Courses	All the same data is deleted as for Delete All Participants, but only for participants who are not currently a member of any course.
Delete All Deactivated Participants	All the same data is deleted as for Delete All Participants, but only for participants who are currently deactivated (not allowed to login to the system).
Idle Participant Deactivation	This will deactivate (remove their ability to log in and also receive emails from the system) all participants who have not logged in since a specified date, including participants who have never logged in. No data will be deleted.
Idle Participant Deletion	This will delete (remove all data associated with them) all participants who have not logged in since a specified date, including those who have never logged in. For these idle participants, the same data will be deleted as is deleted with the Delete All Participants option above.
Delete All Idle Participants	This will delete (remove all data associated with them) all participants who have never logged in. For these idle participants, the same data will be deleted as is deleted with the Delete All Participants option above.

Deactivate All Participants	All participant accounts are deactivated so they may not login to the system, but all their information is retained. There is an option to exclude those who have other roles, so that only those with solely the participant role are deactivated.
Activate All Participants	All participant accounts are activated so they may login to the system. All their information is retained.
Reset Login Counters of All Participants	Set login days of all participants to 0, and also reset (blank out) their last login date. Login days is a measure of the number of unique days that a participant logged in. No other information is changed.
Reset All Manually Limited Accounts	Resets all participant accounts that were manually limited, so that they could only sign-up for research alternative studies, to automatic. By setting to automatic, they will be limited based on accrued unexcused no-shows (see No-Show Account Limit in System Settings).
Delete All No-Shows	Deletes all no-shows (excused and unexcused) and resets the unexcused no-show count to 0. Accounts that were automatically limited due to accrued unexcused no-shows will have the limit removed. See No-Show Handling for more information on the limits related to no-shows.
Convert All No-Shows	Converts all unexcused no-shows to excused no-shows. This also resets the unexcused no-show count to 0. Accounts, which were automatically limited due to accrued unexcused no-shows, will have the limit removed. See No-Show Handling for more information on the limits related to no-shows
Reset All Participant Passwords	This will require all participants to choose a new password the next time they log in. This can be useful to ensure passwords are routinely changed.
Restart Study Invitations	This will reactivate study invitation emails for all participants who unsubscribed. This is also useful when turning on the feature for the first time, to

	enable it for existing users since it will be off by default for existing users.
Restart Weekly Study Announcements	This will reactivate weekly study announcement emails for all participants who unsubscribed. This is also useful when turning on the feature for the first time, to enable it for existing users since it will be off by default for existing users.
Researchers	
Delete All Researchers	All researchers, their studies, sign-ups, timeslots, and participant sign-up data is deleted. This effectively deletes all studies.
Delete All Researchers Without Studies	All researchers who have no studies will be deleted.
Idle Researcher Deactivation	This will deactivate researchers who have not logged in since a specified date, or those who have never logged in. No data will be deleted.
Idle Researcher Delete	This will delete and remove all data associated with researchers who have not logged in since a specified date, or those who have never logged in and have no studies.
Deactivate All Researchers	All researcher accounts are deactivated so they may not login to the system, but all their information is retained.
Activate All Researchers	All researcher accounts are activated so they may login to the system. All their information is retained.
Reset All Researcher Passwords	This will require all researchers to choose a new password the next time they log in. This can be useful to ensure passwords are routinely changed.
Principal Investigators	
Delete All Principal Investigators	All principal investigators, their studies, sign-ups, timeslots, and participant sign-up data is deleted. This effectively deletes all studies.

Delete All Principal Investigators Without Studies	All principal investigators who have no studies will be deleted.
Idle Principal Investigator Deactivation	This will deactivate principal investigator accounts who have not logged in since a specified date, or those who have never logged in. No data will be deleted.
Idle Principal Investigator Delete	This will delete and remove all data associated with principal investigator accounts who have not logged in since a specified date, or those who have never logged in and have no studies.
Deactivate All Principal Investigators	All principal investigator accounts are deactivated so they may not log in to the system, but all their information is retained.
Activate All Principal Investigators	All principal investigator accounts are activated so they may login to the system. All their information is retained.
Reset All Principal Investigator Passwords	This will require all principal investigators to choose a new password the next time they log in. This can be useful to ensure passwords are routinely changed.
Instructors	
Delete All Instructors	All instructor accounts are deleted. If they were listed as an instructor for a course, the course will remain but with no instructor.
Delete All Instructors Without Courses	All instructor accounts where the instructor is not listed as an instructor for any course are deleted.
Deactivate All Instructors	All instructor accounts are deactivated so they may not log in to the system, but all their information is retained.
Activate All Instructors	All instructor accounts are activated so they may log in to the system. All their information is retained.

Reset All Instructor Passwords	This will require all instructors to choose a new password the next time they log in. This can be useful to ensure passwords are routinely changed.
Studies and Timeslots	
Delete All Studies	All studies, sign-ups, timeslots, survey responses, and participant sign-up data for studies is deleted.
Delete All Studies, Preserve Online Survey Study Questions	This is the same as Delete All Studies, except online survey studies are retained along with their questions. Note that the survey responses are <i>not</i> retained, and any pre-requisite or disqualifier settings for the studies are also removed. This option is useful if researchers do not want to be forced to set up their online survey studies from scratch, but there is still a need to clear out data in the system.
Delete Multiple Studies	Delete selected studies. See Batch Study Deletion for more information.
Delete Old Timeslots (Empty)	Delete all timeslots within a specified date range that do not have any sign-ups.
Delete Old Timeslots (All)	Delete all timeslots within a specified date range, even if there are sign-ups. If you do this, records of the sign-ups will be lost, along with any survey response data collected. Timeslots that have unexcused no-shows will not be deleted. To delete those, first convert them to excused no-shows or delete them (see relevant options in the Participants section on this same page).
Delete Old Timeslots (No-Shows)	Delete all zero-credit no-shows both excused and unexcused that are older than the date specified. This is useful if you want to start participants off with a “clean slate” in terms of no-show accruals. There are options that may be better in Advanced End-of-Semester Maintenance, and on this page in the Participants section. Participant accounts which were automatically limited due to accruing too many unexcused no-shows (see

	No-Show Handling) will have the limit removed if the deletion of no-shows takes them below the limit.
Convert Uncredited Timeslots to Excused No-Shows	Convert all uncredited timeslots before the date specified to excused no-shows. This is useful to easily handle uncredited timeslots from past years that were not dealt with.
Zero Out Credits	Zero out credits for credits granted before the date specified. This will keep sign-ups but zero out the credit value, based on the date when the credit was granted, and not the timeslot date. It applies both to sign-ups with (non-zero) credit grants and those with penalty no-shows. It applies to non-study credit grants also. Generally, this feature should not be used, and instead the usual options in Advanced End of Semester Maintenance should be used as they are more comprehensive. This feature is intended for the rare case where the administrator has neglected to perform end of semester maintenance before the new term has started, and doing so at this point would affect sign-ups for the new term also. The Zero Out Credits option here, since it is date-based, offers a way to deal with this situation and not affect credits already earned for the new term.
Adjust All Studies	Adjust all studies at once, including whether they are approved, active, IRB expiration date, and any timeslot usage quotas on the studies. See Batch Study Updates for more information.
Prescreens	
Delete All Prescreen Information	Delete all responses, questions, and study restrictions based on prescreens. See Deleting a Prescreen for more information.
Delete All Prescreen Responses	Delete all prescreen responses, but keep questions and study restrictions intact. Doing so will require participants to complete the prescreen again the next

	time they log in, assuming it is available. Credits earned for the prescreen will not be removed.
Delete Old Prescreen Responses	Delete prescreen responses collected before the specified date. The prescreen questions and study restrictions remain intact. If a participant's prescreen responses are deleted, they will be taken the complete the prescreen again the next time they log in.
Timeslot Usage Quota Adjustment	Set the timeslot usage quota for all researchers or P.I.'s to a specific value, or to a specific value above their current usage level. This only applies if timeslot usage quotas are implemented at this level (see System Settings).

The Delete Old Timeslots choices are useful when you normally retain participation history, but want to delete very old timeslots as those are no longer worth retaining, while retaining older timeslots that aren't quite as old. You may choose either to delete only empty timeslots (timeslots which had no participants signed up), or all timeslots within the specified date range. Note that you can only delete old timeslots that have sign-ups if the timeslots were previously archived with participation history retention (see Advanced End-of-Semester Maintenance), which means the credit and no-show values for the sign-ups were set to 0. Empty timeslots (timeslots with no sign-ups at all) are routinely deleted by the system automatically, after those timeslots are more than 3 months old.

As you can see from the table above, large amounts of data are deleted or modified when using these options. Use these options carefully. When you choose any of the options, you will be given a warning and a notice of how many records will be affected, with the choice to proceed. In particular, it is important to note that deleting a participant will delete all data associated with them, including any online survey data they provided.

Despite the many options, the option that is the most popular and will meet most needs is Delete All Participants and then Delete All Studies. This deletes all the sign-up history and credit history, allowing for a fresh start.

When you choose an option that will delete user accounts, like Delete All Participants, then if that account has other roles, their account will not be deleted, but instead the role you are trying to delete will be removed.

If the options provided don't exactly match how you would like to handle data at the end of the semester, please contact Sona Systems Technical Support and describe your needs. We can then recommend the best options to choose. It is also possible that you need to use more than one of the

options above to do exactly what you need. Finally, the Advanced End-of-Semester Maintenance options described below, may be better suited to your needs.

Advanced End-of-Semester Maintenance

If you have specific needs in terms of end-of-semester maintenance, the options in Advanced End-of-Semester Maintenance are likely the best options to use. This can be accessed by going to Tasks | System Maintenance and Data Management | Advanced End-of-Semester Maintenance. You may choose to perform the operations only on participants (students) in a specific course, or across all courses. You may also choose to retain certain data and carry it over. The most common reason to use Advanced End-of-Semester Maintenance is when sign-up data needs to be retained so that participants cannot sign up for the same study again in the future, but the credits earned should not carry over, to prevent double-counting.

If you choose a specific course, and Course Credit Assignment and Multiple Course Support are enabled, then there will be an option that the maintenance applies only to credits assigned to the selected course. If you choose this option, then credits assigned to a participant's other courses (i.e. the course not chosen during the maintenance) will not be affected. This option is typically used when different courses run on different overlapping terms, like one course runs for a half-semester and another runs for a full semester.

If you choose a specific course, and there is either no option for the maintenance to apply to just that course *or* you do not choose that option, then if a participant is in more than one course, the operation will affect all of their courses. For example, if you choose to delete all participants in Course A and a participant in Course A is also in Course B, they will be deleted. Use these options with caution.

If you choose to delete a participant, all data associated with that participant, including their online survey and prescreen responses, will be deleted. If the participant's account has other roles (like they are also a researcher), then the participant role will be removed (along with all data associated with that role), but their account will not be deleted.

If you choose to delete a participant's participation history, their online survey responses for any online surveys associated with their participation history will also be deleted. In addition, all records of their participation in studies will be deleted.

The Delete Participants option, if chosen, will delete all participants in the selected course. This will delete their account (or remove that role, if they have other roles also) and all participant information connected to it entirely. If you choose this option, all the other options on the form are ignored as they do not apply.

The remaining 5 options apply if you choose not to delete the specified participants. These options assume you will be retaining the accounts of the specified participants, and then give you options about what to do with each part of participants' records.

There are many options and it may seem overwhelming, but in the majority of cases, one of the 3 popular combinations of options will meet your needs. It's rare there is a need to choose a different combination of options. These three combinations are set up as presets. You can choose a preset, then Apply Preset Options, and it will set the options accordingly. You can then proceed with the maintenance as usual.

Option	Description
Credits Earned	This option maps to the Credits Earned value of a participant's record. If you choose to retain their credits earned value, then you will also need to choose to retain their credit history and associated credits. If you choose not to retain their credits earned value, then you will need to either delete their participation history, or retain it and zero out the credit values.
Credits Needed	This option maps to the Credits Needed value of a participants record. If you choose to retain this value, you must also choose to keep them in their current courses. If you choose to have this recomputed based on the courses they are in, then you must also choose to remove them from their current courses.
Course Associations	This option maps to the courses a participant is a member of. If you choose to remove them from all their current courses, then you must also choose to have their credits needed recomputed based on the courses they are in. Participants will be asked to choose course(s) from the list of courses marked Selectable in Course Listings, on their next login. If you choose to keep them in their current courses, then you must also choose to retain the current credits needed value.
Participation History	The option maps to the "line-items" regarding each sign-up for each study a participant participated in. If this is deleted, then all records associated with the participant's sign-up, including responses to an online survey study, and no-shows, will also be deleted.

	It is useful to retain this information when a study runs for many terms, and the researcher wants to ensure that a participant who participated in a previous term cannot participate again. In that case, it's best to choose to retain participation history. If the credits do not need to be carried over, they rarely do, as doing so may provide the opportunity for a participant to reassign them to their new courses, which is effectively double counting, then it's best to choose to zero out the credit values. If a study has only sign ups with zero credit values, then it is eligible for deletion by the administrator. If this option is chosen, then the former credit or penalty value, along with the course the credit was assigned to, when applicable, will be placed in the comments of the signup (for later reference), while the actual credit will be zeroed out. If a course name is too long to fit in the comments field, it will be shortened to fit within the allocated space.
No-Shows	Generally, there is no reason to retain no-show information from semester-to-semester, unless credits are also being carried over. If you delete no-shows, both unexcused and excused, or convert unexcused no-shows to excused no-shows, this will lower the unexcused no-show tally for participants. This is useful if participants face account limitations for accruing too many unexcused no-shows (see No-Show Handling), but they should start with a clean record for the next semester. If an account was automatically limited for accruing too many unexcused no-shows (see No-Show Account Limit in System Settings), then deleting or converting the no-shows to excused will remove the limit that was in place. If you choose to delete participation history (the previous option), this will also delete no-show information.

While there are a lot of options here, the three most popular combination of options are as follows and are set as presets at the top of the page. Among the three presets, Preset 1 is most popular:

Preset 1: Do not delete participants, change credits earned to 0, re-compute credits needed, remove from courses, retain participation history but zero out credits, and delete no-shows. This results in retaining the login information and record of which studies a participant participated in, along with their survey responses, if it was an online survey study, while deleting their no-shows. This also removes the credits from those studies and requires them to select new course(s) upon their next login. This prevents them from re-using the credits again, while still keeping track of past study participation so they cannot sign-up for those studies again.

Preset 2: Do not delete participants, change credits earned to 0, re-compute credits needed, remove from courses, delete participation history, and delete no-shows. This results in retaining the login information for participants but deletes all their credit information and also deletes the record of which studies a participant participated in, along with their survey responses, if it was an online survey study, and removes them from their courses. It also resets their unexcused no-show count back to zero. This requires them to select new course(s) upon their next login.

Preset 3: Delete Participants. This will delete the participant's account (or remove the participant role, if they have multiple roles), and all data associated with their account, including their credits, the record of which studies they participated in, and online survey responses.

If you choose options which result in the participant's account being retained, but you would like them to complete the prescreen again, you can go to Basic End-of-semester Maintenance and choose the Delete All Prescreen Responses option, or you can set the Participant Retake Date in the prescreen (recommended option).

Data Aging – Data Diagnostics

Data Diagnostics shows the age of various data in the system, like how many users haven't logged in to the system in the past few years, and how many studies have not had any recent activity. This information can be helpful in identifying how much old data there is in the system, to target it for deletion. It is a good idea to develop a data retention policy and decide how long data will be kept before it is deleted. Keeping the system tidy improves system performance considerably. Go to [Administrator | Help and Documentation | Data Diagnostics](#) to access this information.

Data Aging Diagnostics

Listed below are data diagnostics to give you an idea of how old various data is on your site. This can be useful in determining what data is worth deleting.

Last Login Date by User Type

Participants



Researchers



Principal Investigators



Instructors



User Type	Never Logged	% of Total	More than 3 years ago	% of Total	2-3 years ago	% of Total	1-2 years ago	% of Total	Less than a year ago	% of Total	Total per User Type
Participants	97	47.09	70	33.98	11	5.34	6	2.91	22	10.68	206
Researchers	11	25.58	18	41.86	2	4.65	0	0	12	27.91	43
Principal Investigators	4	44.44	0	0	1	11.11	0	0	4	44.44	9
Instructors	1	20	1	20	0	0	0	0	3	60	5
Total Users per Date Range	113	42.97	89	33.84	14	5.32	6	2.28	41	15.59	263

Age of Data or Last Activity

Studies



Timeslots



Prescreen Responses



Online Survey Responses



Data Type	No Activity	% of Total	More than 3 years ago	% of Total	2-3 years ago	% of Total	1-2 years ago	% of Total	Less than a year ago	% of Total	Total per Data Type
Studies	1	1.25	17	21.25	10	12.5	13	16.25	39	48.75	80
Timeslots	0	0	32	13.01	16	6.5	25	10.16	173	70.33	246
Prescreen Responses	N/A	N/A	0	0	0	0	2	40	3	60	5
Online Survey Responses	N/A	N/A	1	16.67	0	0	2	33.33	3	50	6

Figure 70 – Data Diagnostics

Monitoring Studies

As an administrator, there may be occasions when you need to modify or monitor a study. You might need to deactivate a study that was activated due to a recent IRB approval revocation. Alternatively, you may need to grant credit to a participant because the researcher failed to do so. To view and modify studies, choose the View Studies option from the Studies toolbar. You will see a list of all studies, and you can change anything about them as if you were the researcher. See the researcher section of this documentation for more information on researcher features.

As the administrator, you may also search for a specific study by name, by typing part of the study's name into the Search box (Studies | View Studies). The search performed is case-insensitive, and will search for the selected text anywhere within the study name (a substring search), as well as the IRB approval code. The search will search all studies, even if you are currently viewing only active or inactive studies.

Approving Studies

If Study Approval is configured in System Settings so that the administrator must approve studies, then you have two options to do this. You can go to the study and Change Study Information and set Approved to Yes. Another option is to go to Studies | View Studies | Batch Study Update and you can approve multiple studies at once.

Checking Study Configuration

Sometimes researchers may claim that their study is not visible to participants, or is only visible to a few participants. This is likely due to a configuration error on their part. For example, they may have set such narrow prescreen participation restrictions that only a few participants qualify. Another scenario is they may claim a specific participant tried to sign up for the study but did not see it or was instructed by the system that they did not qualify.

To solve the problem, you may go to Check Study Configuration, which is an option when viewing a study. Researchers also have this feature available for their study, but do not have the option to look up a specific participant's eligibility – that is for administrators only.

When you first go to that page, it will show both General Configuration and Specific Configuration items. The General Configuration items refer to general study configuration items, which are not specific to any participant. For example, regardless of which participant is involved, a study must have a timeslot available in order for the participant to sign up. If a study is a multi-part study, the system will check to see that there are available timeslots for each part of the study, and also that there is at least one available timeslot for the subsequent part to match up with the previous part. Sometimes, researchers may set up a multi-part standard (lab) study with specific day separation restrictions between each part, but then fail to add timeslots for the subsequent parts that are in the dates to meet that day separation.

The specific configuration refers to configuration items, which may prevent some (but perhaps not all) participants from seeing or signing up for the study. These are items like prescreen participation restrictions or an invitation code. This provides some information about what restrictions are in place.

Then if you would like to see why a specific participant can or cannot sign up for the study, there is an option to type in their user ID and the system will provide information about why that specific participant is or is not qualified for the study.

Uncredited Timeslots

It can be useful to monitor uncredited timeslots, to ensure researchers are marking participation and no-shows in a timely manner. Doing so not only ensures accurate record-keeping, but it also ensures pre-requisites and disqualifier restrictions based on that study can be properly enforced.

You may access this feature in Studies | Uncredited Timeslots. Note that online studies with timeslots in the future may appear as well, since participants usually complete an online study shortly after they sign up and it may need to be credited.

There is also an option to cancel all upcoming lab study appointments. This can be useful in cases where in-person research is temporarily suspended. Videoconference appointments are not cancelled when using this feature.

Batch Study Updates

If you would like to modify key attributes about many studies at once, you may do so using the Batch Study Update feature. This allows you to adjust whether a study is active and/or approved, the study's timeslot usage limit (if applicable) and the study's IRB expiration date for any studies you select, all at once. The IRB expiration date will only show if Strict IRB Mode is enabled in System Settings.

To access this feature, go to Studies | View Studies | Batch Study Update. Adjust the studies as you desire, and click Save Changes to save your changes. You may also choose to view only studies that need approval. Finally, there is an option to email researchers notifying them that their study was approved. This email will only be sent if the study was in fact just approved, and was not previously approved.

You may also adjust all studies at once to the same specified setting or value using the options at the bottom of the page. There is an option to adjust all online or all lab studies at once, which can be useful if in-person research is temporarily suspended and you would like to deactivate all lab studies.

You may use this page to update key items about specific studies, or you may adjust all studies at once.

[Adjust All Studies](#)

Unapproved

All Studies

Adjust Specific Studies

Choose Email Researcher if you would like to send a notification to researchers to notify them that their study was approved (Visible). Emails will only be sent if you check the email option next to the study, and the study is Visible.

Study Name	Visible?	Active?	Email Researcher?	Timeslot Usage Limit	IRB Approval Expiration
Art Appreciation & Color	☐ Yes ☒ No	☐ Yes ☒ No	☐	200	March 7, 2015
Climatology & Climate Change	☐ Yes ☒ No	☐ Yes ☒ No	☐	200	January 1, 2016
Eaglewood Engineering Seminar	☐ Yes ☒ No	☐ Yes ☒ No	☐	200	January 1, 2014

Figure 71 - Batch Study Update

Batch Study Deletion

Sort by: Study Name Last Activity Date

Study Name	Most Recent Available Timeslot	Date Created	Last Activity	REB Expiration	Delete
Beverage Preferences Survey			5 May 2015	17 June 2017	☐
Calendar test online	14 October 2015 09:00		10 September 2015	30 December 2016	☐
Concussion Study	23 June 2016 09:00	19 January 2016	14 June 2016	10 January 2017	☐
Historical Events	16 December 2015 10:30		9 March 2013	17 June 2017	☐
Internal Survey	20 October 2017 09:00	15 March 2016	13 April 2016	11 January 2018	☐
Total Studies: 5		Delete Selected Studies			

Figure 72 - Batch Study Deletion

If you typically delete all studies at the end of each semester, then instead of deleting studies selectively, you may find it better to do end-of-semester maintenance instead.

The batch study deletion feature is useful if studies are retained from semester to semester, but some studies are no longer running. You can then selectively choose old studies for deletion. Deleting old studies is a great way to improve system performance, since there is often a lot of data associated with those studies, like sign-up data for example. Deleting old data also helps the system to run faster.

To access this feature, go to Studies | View Studies | Batch Study Delete. You will see a list of studies *eligible* for deletion. A study is eligible for deletion if it has no pending sign-ups (sign-ups awaiting action), no (non-zero) credit grants, and no unexcused no-shows linked to it. Generally, the reason a study does not appear on this list is that it has credit grants linked to it. The best way to clear the credit grants linked to a study is to do end-of-semester maintenance first. You can choose to either delete

participants who removes their sign-up data for studies and thus credit grants, or retain their accounts but zero-out their participation history (this is an option in Advanced End-of-Semester Maintenance). In fact, most administrators do end-of-semester maintenance first, and then do batch study deletion. End-of-semester maintenance can make more studies eligible for deletion.

Additional information about each study is also listed. The date of the most recent available timeslot is listed, but be aware the study may have more recent timeslots that are full. If a date is listed that is in the future, this is an indicator that the study may still be running, and so you should be aware before deleting it. It's best to click on each study and review it before deciding to delete it. The IRB expiration date (when applicable) is also listed, as knowing that a study's IRB approval expired a while ago may be an indicator that it is a strong candidate for deletion.

The last activity date shows the last date when there was activity on the study. This date is updated in the following situations: the study information is modified, a participant signs up or is signed up for the study, a participant cancels or is cancelled for the study, a timeslot is modified or added, prescreen restrictions are changed, or an online survey study is modified. This is probably the most accurate measure of if there has been activity for the study, and a good guideline to use regarding if the study is worthy of deletion. If no date is listed, then the study has not had any activity since July 2012 (when the tracking feature was added) and it has no timeslots, making it a good candidate for deletion.

If there are many studies in the system, the list may be divided into pages. If this is the case, you may delete one page worth of studies at a time, for system performance reasons. You can then easily go back and delete more studies.

If there are more than a few hundred studies eligible for deletion, the system may not be able to delete the studies due to there being too much data in the system. In this case, contact Technical Support and we can run a script to delete the studies directly in the database.

Updating System Text

There are a few areas in the system where you may specify text to be displayed on-screen or included in an email notification. All of these can be set by going to Tasks | Mass Email and Announcements | Update System Text. All are optional, and you may just leave them blank if you desire. Each item has a limit of 15,000 characters.

The text here is not language-specific, so if you have a language other than English enabled on your system, you may want to add in text in both languages for the relevant items.

Some of the items allow you to specify basic HTML (and are noted appropriately). An editor is included to make using text formatting easy to accomplish.

All changes take effect immediately after you save the changes.

The text you may change includes:

- The text that is included in the email sent to participants when their account is created. Here you may want to let them know about any special instructions or policies that they as new participants may not already be aware of.
- The text that is displayed on the page where participants may request their own account (applies if Participant Account Self-Creation is enabled in System Settings). Here you may want to outline any policies the participant must adhere to by registering with the system.
- The text that is displayed on the front page of the site, to the right of the login box. Here you may want to list any special announcements or login instructions. You may include a special code to include a list of studies on the front page (list is updated every 15 minutes). Use only one code here, if any:
 - %ALL_STUDIES_UNRESTRICTED% - all available studies that do not have any sign-up restrictions (age, course, pre-requisites, disqualifiers, prescreen), even if there are no free timeslots.
 - %ALL_STUDIES_UNRESTRICTED_FREESPACES% - all available studies that do not have any sign-up restrictions (age, course, pre-requisites, disqualifiers, prescreen), only if there are available timeslots.
 - %PRESCREEN_STUDIES% - all available studies that do not have any sign-up restrictions (age, course, pre-requisites, disqualifiers) other than prescreen restrictions, even if there are no free timeslots. Studies with no prescreen restrictions will also be included.
 - %PRESCREEN_STUDIES_FREESPACES% - all available studies that do not have any sign-up restrictions (age, course, pre-requisites, disqualifiers) other than prescreen restrictions, only if there are available timeslots. Studies with no prescreen restrictions will also be included.
- Text that is displayed on the main page that participants see after they log in. This appears in the top right of the participants' dashboard and is a great place to put information that is intended for participants only.
- Text that is displayed on the main page that non-participants (researchers, principal investigators, instructors) see after they log in. This appears in the top right of their dashboard and is a great place to put information that is intended for them and not participants.
- The text that is displayed when participants view the Human Participants/Privacy Policy. This text was pre-filled with default text based on Human Participant Policy Type value in System Settings at the time your site was set up.
- The text that is displayed when non-participants view the Human Participants/Privacy Policy. This text was pre-filled with default text based on Human Participant Policy Type value in System Settings at the time your site was set up.
- The text that is displayed on the page where participants view their credit status. Here you may want to remind them of any special policies.
- The text that is displayed on the page where researchers can request approval of their study. Here you may want to remind them of how studies should be properly set up according to your policies, and also what information they should include in their approval request.
- The text that is included in the email to researchers when their study is approved. Here you may want to remind them of any policies they must follow, now that their study is approved.

- The text that is displayed to participants on the page where they view the list of available studies. It may be useful to remind them to check back routinely if they don't see any suitable studies at the moment.
- The text included in the email that is sent when a participant signs up for a study. This email is only sent if sign-up confirmation emails are enabled in System Settings.
- The text included in the reminder email that is sent to participants the day before their appointment. This email is only sent if Automatic Reminder Email is enabled in System Settings.
- The text included in the email that is sent when a participant is granted credit for a study. The email is only sent if Credit Notification is enabled in System Settings.
- The text included in the email that is sent when a participant is marked as an unexcused no-show. The email is only sent if Credit Notification is enabled in System Settings. This is a great place to remind participants of any consequences from accruing an unexcused no-show.
- The text included in the email that is sent when a participant's account is Limited (may only sign up for research alternative studies) due to accruing excessive no-shows. This email is only sent if No-Show Account Limit is enabled in System Settings, and their account is not already deactivated.
- The text included in emails notifying a participant when a researcher has cancelled their sign-up for a study. This may be useful to notify a participant of any special rights they have when the researcher has chosen to cancel their sign-up on their behalf.
- Text included at the bottom of emails, indicating the name and address of the sending organization. This is often known as an "imprint" and is required in some countries. This text is optional.
- The text displayed at the bottom of every page on the site, along with the administrator's email address. This will contain default text of "Email questions to" but can be changed if necessary. The email address comes from the Administrator Reply-To Email setting in System Settings.

Text Maintenance

Below you may update text used in various places throughout the system. For some items, you may include basic HTML formatting to enhance the text. The items that allow this are noted next to the item. If you do not want to provide any text for an item, simply leave it blank. Here are some simple HTML tags that might be useful:

- `<b>around text</b>` to make it **bold**
- `<i>around text</i>` to make it *italic*
- `<u>around text</u>` to make it underlined
- `<br>` to add a carriage-return (blank line)
- `<FONT COLOR="RED">around text</FONT>` to make it **red**

Text that is included in the email sent to participants when their account is created (15,000 characters maximum):

Text that is included on the page where participants may request their own account (HTML allowed - 15,000 characters maximum):

Text that is displayed on the front page of the site, where users go to log in (HTML allowed - 15,000 characters maximum):

Figure 73 – Updating System Text

System-Generated Email Examples

The system generates a number of emails for various events, like a study sign-up or appointment reminder. Which emails are sent may vary based on system configuration. Also, the content may vary based on system configuration, for example if Participant ID Codes are enabled, that will be included in the content of emails where it is relevant. Overall credit earning status is included in emails related to credit notifications. In many cases, the text can be supplemented with text you can add in Update System Text.

Account Creation Email

This email is sent when a user's account is created for them, or they request it on the Request Account page. If new accounts must be approved by the administrator before logging in, this email is also used.

Your Participant login information for Research Participation Site is listed below.

User ID: jsmith

Password: abcd1234

Please go to <https://yourschool.sona-systems.com> to log in to the system.

YOUR TEXT HERE

If you have any questions, please email adminstrator@yourschool.edu

NOTE: You are only identified to researchers by your Identity Code: 12345 so be sure to use that when corresponding with researchers or participating in studies.

Study Sign-Up Confirmation Email

This email is sent to a participant immediately after a participant signs up for a study. If a researcher signs up the participant, the email content is similar, except it states which researcher performed the sign-up. The email contains all the study information, including the full description.

This email is to notify you that you have been signed up for the following study:

Study Name: Standard Study

Date: Saturday, March 23, 2024 3:30 PM - 4:00 PM

Location: Smith Hall 201

Researcher: Mary Researcher

You will earn 1 Creditpoints for your participation. You may cancel your sign-up until Friday, March 22, 2024 3:30 PM.

If you have any further questions, you may contact the researcher or logon to the site for more information: <https://yourschool.sona-systems.com>

NOTE: You are only identified to researchers by your Identity Code so be sure to provide them with this code when you attend the study: 12345

YOUR TEXT HERE

Preparation: Preparation information here.

Eligibility Requirements: Eligibility requirements here (from text field).

Brief Description: Abstract text here..

Detailed Description:

Full study description here.

Study Reminder Email

This email is sent the afternoon before a scheduled appointment for lab studies. For online studies, it's also sent the day before the participation deadline, but only in the rare case the participant has not already completed the study and been marked as participated.

Identity Code: 12345

This is a reminder that you are scheduled to participate in the study Standard Study on Saturday, April 20, 2024 3:00 PM - 3:30 PM. Please report to Smith Hall 201 at the scheduled time. If you have any questions, the researchers are: Mary Researcher, Bob Researcher

NOTE: You are only identified to researchers by your Identity Code: 12345 so be sure to provide this code in any communications with them.

More information is available if you log in to the site: <https://yourschool.sona-systems.com>

You may cancel your sign-up until Friday, April 19, 2024 3:00 PM.

Preparation: Preparation text

Eligibility Requirements: Eligibility requirements text

Brief Description: Brief Abstract text here

Detailed Description:

Detailed description field text here

YOUR TEXT HERE

[IMAGE]

The attached QR code is for researchers so they can check you in when you arrive for the study.

Credit Notification Email

This email is sent when a participant is marked as participated for a study.

This email is to notify you of a status change for the study "Standard Study" that you participated in on May 31, 2024.

You were granted 1 Creditpoints for the study.

Overall, you have now earned 3 Creditpoints out of the 14 Creditpoints you are expected to earn.

YOUR TEXT HERE

More information is available if you log in to the site: <https://yourschool.sona-systems.com>

You may also contact the researchers if you have questions: Mary Researcher, John Researcher

You are known to researchers only by your identity code, so reference the code 12345 in your communications with them.

No-Show Notification Email

This email is sent when a participant is marked as a no-show for a study.

This email is to notify you of a status change for the study "Standard Study" that you were scheduled to participate in on March 23, 2024.

You were given an unexcused no-show for failing to appear for the study. You may have the opportunity to sign up for this study again.

Overall, you have now earned 8 Creditpoints out of the 14 Creditpoints you are expected to earn.

YOUR TEXT HERE

More information is available if you log in to the site: <https://yourschool.sona-systems.com>

You may also contact the researcher if you have questions: Mary Researcher

You are known to researchers only by your identity code, so reference the code 12345 in your communications with them.

Account Limitation Notification Email

If the system is configured so that a participant's account becomes limited after earning a specified number of unexcused no-shows, this email is sent.

Your account has now been limited so that you can only sign up for certain studies in the system, due to the number of unexcused no-shows you have accrued.

Current Unexcused No-Shows: 2

Frequently Asked Questions Feature

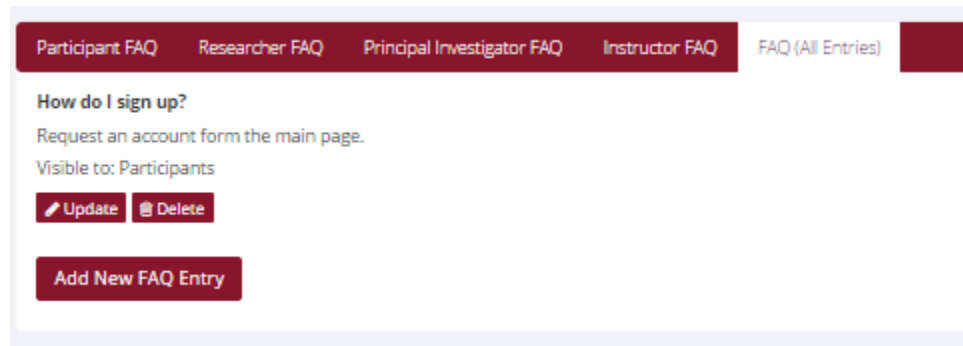
The easiest way to provide users with answers to common questions is through the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) feature. Using the FAQ feature, you may enter a set of questions and answers, and specify for each entry what group of users is allowed to see that item. For example, you may want to restrict certain entries so only researchers (and not participants) may see them.

As an administrator, you may view the FAQ for all types of users. Researchers and principal investigators may view the participant FAQ. In all other cases, the users may only view the FAQ for their own user type. The FAQ will only appear as an option for users if there is a FAQ available. For example, if there is no instructor FAQ, then the link will not appear for instructors.

To update and add new items to the FAQ, go to Tasks | Mass Email and Announcements | Frequently Asked Questions. From there, you may view all FAQ entries, as well as add, update, or delete entries.

You may include HTML in the FAQ answer area, but not in the FAQ question area. Each answer has a limit of 15,000 characters.

FAQ entries are displayed to users in alphabetic order based on the question text. To set a specific order for questions to be displayed, simply add a number in front of each question (like 1, 2, 3) as that will influence the alphabetical ordering.



Requesting Technical Support

The software features an automated support request feature. If you have a problem or question about the software, go to [Administrator | Help and Documentation | Contact Technical Support](#). Please provide as much detail about the problem as possible. For example, reporting a problem like “A researcher said some participant was not able to cancel some timeslot.” is not very helpful. Including all relevant information, like study name, timeslot date, etc. makes it a lot easier for us to provide an accurate response.

There is also a link to a system diagnostics page, which includes an option to test out the email feature within the system to verify that it is working. You can enter any destination email address, and the system will send an email to that address. This is a good way to verify that emails are indeed working. In nearly all cases, when there are reports of emails from the system not being received, it is that the email did arrive but was misfiled in the recipient’s junk mail folder.

We provide support for administrators only, since we are not equipped to answer policy questions. If a researcher has a question, you can send it to us and we can send you a response. You can then keep this response on file in case another researcher has the same question.

System Diagnostics **Support Site**

If you would like to contact technical support, please submit the form below. By submitting the form, various configuration data will be sent to Sona Systems technical support personnel, to enable them to better serve you. You may also run some system diagnostics.

Please include a detailed description. For example, "A researcher claims that some participant..." is not very helpful. When possible, please provide the exact details about the study, timeslot date, researcher, participant, and any other relevant details. This will greatly increase the chances we can provide a fast and detailed reply.

You may also want to refer to the documentation available at the Support Site. Your license key is **10251103211144321**.

If you would like to include some additional information about your problem, you may enter it in the box below.

From:

annika@sona-systems.com

(if this is not your email address, you should update it)

My Profile

Questions/Comments:

Submit

(it may take a moment to process your request, please be patient)

Figure 74 - Technical Support Request

Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ)

I have a few people who act in multiple roles (e.g. researcher and administrator). How should I create their account in the system?

Create one account for them, then go to Change Roles and add the additional roles.

I would like to deduct or add credit from a participant. How do I do this?

The easiest way is through the non-study credit grant feature. You have the option to grant a negative credit if you would like to deduct credit, or you may grant a positive credit. See the Granting Non-Study Credit section of this documentation for more information.

A participant failed to show up for a study and did not properly cancel, but there were extenuating circumstances and we would not like to penalize the participant. How should this be handled?

Researchers should take some action on every study timeslot that has occurred. The best option is for the researcher to mark the sign-up as an excused no-show. This has no negative effect, and the participant may sign up for the study again.

The reason to always properly indicate a no-show for a participant is that the system makes certain pre-requisite enforcement decisions, and other decisions, depending on whether the participant participated in the study or was a no-show.

You may also cancel the participant's sign-up, if appropriate.

I want to change the number of credits a participant must complete, for a particular participant (as opposed to changing the default setting). How do I do this?

Edit the participant's record (see Editing Users) and you can adjust their credit requirements. For partial credits, allow up to two decimal points for accuracy (e.g. 0.5, 1.25, etc.).

Participants go to create their own accounts, but no courses show up on the account request form and they see an error instead. What is wrong?

You need to create at least one course that is Selectable. See Course Maintenance in this documentation for more information.

I would like to export a copy of the data, for archival purposes. How do I do this?

You can use the Data Export feature for this, at any time. See Exporting Data in this documentation for more information.

One of our researchers works for a different organization, and thus they do not have an email account in our organization's email system. How do I setup their account?

When you create their account, choose a username that is not already used and is not a currently valid email account. Then, specify their real email address (at the other organization) in the Alternate Email field. By specifying the alternate email address, the alternate email address will be the address that is visible to other users of the system.

Can there be different sign-up or cancellations deadlines for each study?

Yes, if study-level deadlines are enabled on your site (see System Settings).

I forgot to do end-of-semester maintenance, and the new semester has already started. Participants are able to see and use credits earned last term in the current term. How can this be prevented?

Your options to do end-of-semester maintenance are limited once the new semester has started, since most options will operate on the current sign-ups as well. If you contact Technical Support, we can run a script within your system to zero out all credits earned prior to a specified date. That will prevent double counting of credits, and then you can properly perform end-of-semester maintenance later on when the current term ends.

Can a participant who earned a no-show sign-up for the same study again?

Yes, because they did not participate the first time. This assumes there is no other reason they cannot participate, like their account becoming Limited. The reason the system allows them to sign up again is that typically participants who do not show up are not targeting a particular study. In other words, they would no-show for any study, not just one particular study, so there is no reason to block them from a particular study due to a no-show. Instead, they should be restricted system-wide, if necessary, which is done using the Account No-Show Limit.

I have sent the user their login information, but they say the password doesn't work. How do I resolve this?

Sometimes what can happen is the administrator and the user end up stepping over each other's work. In other words, the user may use the Forgot Password feature to reset their password, and in the meantime the administrator has reset the password as well, so the password is reset twice. Sometimes it may be easier just to look up the user's account in User Management, then manually set a new password for them (type it in), and then email it to them directly from your email account instead of via the system. Before doing so, test the password works. This way, you know you're sending a working password, and via the same method you are already using to communicate with them.

System Settings

System settings are accessed by going to Set Up | System Settings.

Settings

⚠ These Settings May Be Changed At Any Time

Listed below are all the system settings you may change as an administrator. The first group of settings may be changed at any time.

The second group of settings should only be changed if there is no data in the system. Changing the second group of settings if there is data in the system may cause improper performance or operation of the system. [✉ Contact technical support](#) for more information and assistance.

Changes to system settings are logged, and you may view [⚙ System Settings Changes](#).

Settings That May Be Changed At Any Time

Site Name What is the name for the site?	Research Participation System
Site URL What is the URL of the front page of this site?	https://universityname.sona-systems.com
Administrator From Email What is the email address to use as the From address on emails sent from the system? Normally this is a special address to get around junk email filters. Enter only one email address.	abuse@sona-systems.net (contact ✉ Technical Support to change where this address forwards to)
Administrator Reply-To Email What is the email address for users to contact the administrator? This will appear at the bottom of every page, and as the Reply-To address on emails sent from the system. Enter only one email address (Note: DO NOT put a sona-systems.net email address here).	researchadministrator@yourschool.edu
Participant Human Subject Policy Acknowledgment Must participants acknowledge the Human Subjects (includes Privacy) Policy before they may login?	☒ Yes ☐ No
Researcher Human Subject Policy Acknowledgment Must researchers and principal investigators acknowledge the Human Subjects (includes Privacy) Policy before they may login?	☒ Yes ☐ No

Figure 75 - System Settings

System settings are organized into two sections. The first section contains settings that may be changed while there is data in the system. The second section contains settings that should *only* be changed if there is no data in the system. Do *not* change this second group of settings at any other time, as it can lead to corruption of data, as well as unexplainable results. If you would like to change a system setting from the second section while there is data in the system, contact Sona Systems technical support *first* and we can provide guidance on how to safely change these settings. Sometimes we need to make an adjustment directly in the database first. In many cases you will be given the OK to

make the change on your own, but it depends on how you'd like to change the setting (from what to what), so please include that information as well. Generally, just about all settings can be changed and there will be no loss of data, but some may require a few adjustments in the database first.

Changes to system settings are logged, and a record of the last 50 changes is kept. You may view this at System Settings Changes when going to System Settings. Note that the logs use the internal codes for each setting name and value, so if you have trouble interpreting the meaning, please contact Technical Support for an explanation.

Changes you make will be reflected immediately after you save the changes. All settings are required unless otherwise noted.

Settings That You May Change at Any Time

Setting Name	Description
Site Name	The name of the system. This is used throughout the system as the header/banner at the top of the screen. It is also the From: name on emails generated by the system. Most organizations choose a name that includes "System" at the end (e.g. "Research Participation System") but such a naming convention is not mandatory.
Organization Name	The name of your organization. This is used as alternate text for the custom logo on your site, which is useful for visually impaired users. If you would like to change this value, please contact technical support.
Department Name	The name of your department or lab. This text appears at the top of every page, overlaid on top of the banner graphic. Optional.
Site URL	The URL (web address) for the site. This is used in emails sent to users with their login information, and in some other places throughout the system. The URL should start with the conventional https:// to indicate it is a URL. If you would like to change the address of your site, please contact technical support as this will require some adjustments on the server.

Administrator From Email	A special email address which forwards to the administrator. This is used as the From (sender) address on all system-generated emails, including credit notifications, login information reminders, and study reminders. The email address ends in @sona-systems.net, and is done to comply with bulk email sending standards stating that we must send emails using our own domain and not that of a university. When the system sends email where the From address is an @sona-systems.net address, then these emails are specially signed using both DomainKeys and DKIM technologies, and are both Sender ID and SPF compliant. These techniques are invisible to the user, but improve the chances that the email will not be misclassified as junk mail. Any email sent to the @sona-systems.net email address specified here will forward automatically to the email address specified in the Administrator Reply-To Email setting (see below).
Administrator Reply-To Email	The email address where users should write if they have questions about the system (i.e., the administrator's email address). This is likely a university email address, and cannot be an @sona-systems.net address. Automated emails from the system will have this email address specified as the "reply-to" address, which means when a user responds to such an email, their response will go to the Administrator Reply-To address. This address is also displayed at the bottom of every page on the site, so users can easily contact the administrator if they have any questions. In some user-initiated emails, like if a researcher is sending a prescreen participation invitation, the reply-to address will be set to that of the user initiating the email.
Email Rejection Handling	Determines how the system should handle email bounces. This is referred to as a "hard" bounce, where the recipient email server indicates the email is invalid. You may choose to have it simply notify the administrator; or deactivate the account and notify the administrator; or simply deactivate the account. A deactivated account can always be reactivated later, for example it could be a case of a typo in the email address and the administrator updates it with the correct email. The key here is to avoid constantly sending emails to invalid email addresses, because recipient email servers flag such activity as

	suspicious and may block or throttle <i>all</i> emails from the system to that email server, even when destined for legitimate addresses.
Email Rejection Notification	Determines how the system should handle “soft” email bounces, which are usually temporary rejections. Such bounces do not necessarily indicate the email address is invalid, but rather that the recipient email server rejected the specific email due to content (perhaps the researcher wrote a study invitation email too similar to spam emails); or the recipient email server is temporarily throttling emails because it cannot handle the high volume of email traffic. The options here are to not have any notifications sent, or notifications sent only for non-spam warnings, or for all warnings. The reason to use the non-spam warning option is in cases where the recipient email server is throttling <i>all</i> emails to the server. The administrator is then made aware of potential email delivery delays. These delays tend to be temporary, and rectify themselves automatically a few hours later as email traffic goes down.
Participant Human Participant Policy Acknowledgment	Yes or No value to indicate if participants must acknowledge the Human Participants/Privacy Policy before they may use the system. If set to Yes, they must acknowledge it once every 6 months, and their acknowledgment status will be listed in their record when the Administrator views it. If you handle this type of acceptance before hand (on paper, for instance), then it is usually not necessary to enable this feature.
Researcher Human Participant Policy Acknowledgment	Yes or No value to indicate if researchers and principal investigators (when applicable) must acknowledge the Human Participants/Privacy Policy before they may use the system. If set to Yes, they must acknowledge it once every 6 months, and their acknowledgment status will be listed in their record when the Administrator views it. If you handle this type of acceptance before hand (on paper, for instance), then it is usually not necessary to enable this feature.
IRB Name	The name of the group that reviews studies from an ethical standpoint. Usually called an IRB, REB, or HSB. The name may be up to 20 characters in length, and this name will be used when identifying the IRB to researchers and participants. Use of an acronym is recommended to save screen space.

Default Study Length	The default length of time for a study, in minutes. Researchers may change this value on a study-by-study basis.
Default Credit Value	The default credit value when creating a new credit study. Researchers may change this value on a study-by-study basis. The credit value specified must comply with the Credit Increment setting.
Sign-Up Time Threshold	The latest time before a study is to occur that a participant may sign-up. You may choose a rolling time window (e.g. 24 hours before the study is scheduled to occur), a fixed time (e.g. 5pm the day before), or allow this to be specified on a per-study basis. The fixed time setting always indicates the day <i>before</i> the study is to occur, unless Time Threshold Includes Weekends is set to Yes (see below).
Cancellation Time Threshold	The latest time before a study is to occur that a participant may cancel their sign-up. You may choose a rolling time window (e.g. 24 hours before the study is scheduled to occur), a fixed time (e.g. 5pm the day before), or allow this to be specified on a per-study basis. The fixed time setting always indicates the day <i>before</i> the study is to occur, unless Time Threshold Includes Weekends is set to Yes (see below).
Time Threshold Includes Weekends	Yes or No value to indicate if the system should factor in weekends when enforcing the sign-up and cancellation time limits. If set to Yes, then a deadline that would ordinarily occur on a weekend is pushed back to the Friday before the weekend. The system will push back the deadline in full days, so a rolling time window threshold that would occur at 2:30pm on Sunday would be moved to 2:30pm on Friday. If set to No, the deadline may occur on a weekend. The system considers Saturday and Sunday to be the weekend.
Random Study Order	Yes or No value to indicate if the system should list studies (to participants) in random or alphabetical (by study name) order. All non-participants will always see studies listed in alphabetical order. If random order is chosen, the list of studies is displayed in random order for each participant. The random order is computed for the participant when they log in, and the same order is preserved for that participant for the next 5 minutes, then it is recomputed again.

Credit Display	Yes or No value to indicate if the credit value for studies should be listed on the study-listing page, for participants. The credit value will always be visible once a participant clicks on a study to learn more about it. The reason to disable the credit display from the main study listing page is if there is a concern that participants are more or less likely to view studies that have a higher credit value. If set to Yes, the credit value will be displayed on the study listing page. This setting also applies to paid studies in the same fashion. The payment value will not be displayed on the list of studies if this setting is set to No.
Available Study Display	Option to indicate if all active and approved studies should be displayed to participants when they go to view the list of studies. If set to All Studies, then all active and approved studies will show up, even if they do not have any available timeslots. If set to Studies with Available Timeslots, then only studies with available timeslots will be display. If set to Studies Not Yet Completed with Available Timeslots, then the list will exclude studies where the participant has already participated or has a pending sign-up. For the latter two options, the system will also exclude studies which have a disqualifer specified and the participant is ineligible due to their other sign-ups. Setting the value to All Studies can be useful in cases where the researcher doesn't want to set up timeslots but rather wants participants to contact them to schedule an appointment.
Online Study Display	Yes or No value to indicate if on the list of studies displayed to participants, participants can see immediately if the study is an online study. If this is set to No, there will be no indication on the page listing all the studies to participants that the study is an online study. This may help to reduce selection bias. Regardless of this setting, once the participant clicks on a specific study, they will see at that point if it is an online study, as they need to know this for logistical reasons.
Participant Progress Display	The starting date to display activity when a participant views their progress. Activity prior to this date will not be displayed unless the participant clicks an option to do so. This is useful to avoid clutter

	and confusion on this page, if older studies are kept in the system for archival purposes.
Pre-Requisite/Disqualifier Display	Yes or No value to indicate if participants can see the study pre-requisites and disqualifiers for a study. If set to Yes, then when participants view a study with study pre-requisites or disqualifiers, they will see the list of those studies and also whether or not they satisfy each requirement. If set to No, then the system will indicate if they are not eligible due to study pre-requisite or disqualifier restrictions, but not state which studies are the reason they do not qualify. The benefit to setting this to No is if there is a risk to the research quality if participants know which studies are related. The benefit to setting this to Yes is that there are likely to be fewer questions from participants asking why they cannot sign up for a certain study. The Pre-Requisite feature must be enabled for this setting to work.
Variable Credit Grant	Yes or No value to indicate if researchers can grant partial credit to a participant for study participation. If set to Yes, researchers can grant from 0 credits to 2 times the study's credit value. This is useful when a study runs longer than expected or a participant leaves the study early. The various credit values that can be granted within the acceptable range depends on the Credit Increment setting.
Instructor Study Viewing	Yes or No value to indicate if instructors can view the studies available in the system. This is useful if instructors would like to know what studies are available so they can integrate such information into their instruction. Even if this feature is enabled, instructors still cannot see any timeslots or who has signed up for the study, for privacy reasons. If set to No, instructors may not view any studies.
Instructor Credit Grant	Yes or No value to indicate if instructors can grant non-study credit grants to participants (students) in their courses. This feature is useful if credit for a research alternative is handled directly by the instructor. If set to No, this feature will not be available to instructors, but still remains available to the administrator.

Instructor Total Credits Display	Yes or No value to indicate if the credit report for instructors should include the Overall Credits Earned and Overall Credits Required columns. If set to No, it will include only the Credits Earned for Course column, which can avoid confusion in some cases. Only applies if Course Credit Assignment is enabled.
Sign-Up/Cancellation Confirmation Email	A choice indicating if the system should email a participant with a confirmation of their study sign-up, immediately after they sign up. It can also be sent when the participant cancels their sign-up. It is important to note that when someone other than the participant cancels the sign-up (e.g. the administrator or researcher), a confirmation email is <i>always</i> sent since the participant may not otherwise be aware of it.
Daily Schedule Contact	The email address of the person who should receive an email listing all appointments scheduled for the following day. This can be useful to have sent to someone working at the front desk of the department, in case a participant comes in and has forgotten in which room their study takes place. The information in this email is similar to the Study Schedule Report. You may provide only one email address. If you want this email to go to more than one person, ask your IT department to set up a special email address, commonly called a forwarder or alias that sends to multiple users via one email address. This field is optional.
Automatic Reminder Email	Yes or No value indicating if the system should send a reminder email to participants the day before they are scheduled to participate in a study. If set to Yes, an email will be sent automatically the day before their appointment.
Automatic Reminder Email Time	The time every day when all reminder emails are sent. This applies to all emails sent once a day. If this time is adjusted, it may take up to 48 hours to take effect.
Automatic Reminder Email QR Codes	Yes or No value indicating if the system should include a QR code in the reminder email sent to participants for lab studies, which researchers can scan to grant credit. See Granting Credit using QR Codes for more information.
Weekly Study Announcement Email	Yes or No value indicating if the system should send a weekly email to participants listing upcoming studies they are eligible to sign up for.

Weekly Study Announcement Email Incompletes	Yes or No value indicating if the system should only send the weekly email to participants who have earned less credits than their requirements. If set to No, it will send to all participants regardless of credit completion status. This setting only applies if Weekly Study Announcement Email is enabled.
Weekly Study Announcement Email Default	Yes or No value indicating if the option should be turned on or off by default for new participant accounts. They can easily turn the announcements off by clicking a link in the email or going to My Profile. This setting only applies if Weekly Study Announcement Email is enabled.
Study Invitation Email Feature	Yes or No value indicating if participants should be given the option to turn off receiving study invitation emails. If set to No, then they cannot turn off such emails.
Study Invitation Email Default	Yes or No value indicating if the option should be turned on or off by default for new participant accounts. They can easily turn off invitations by clicking a link in the invitation email or going to My Profile. This setting only applies if Study Invitation Email Feature is enabled.
Credit Notification Email	Yes or No value-indicating if the system should send an email to the participant when they are granted or revoked credit for a study. If set to Yes, an email will be sent. This applies to all studies for credit, and to paid studies only when the participant is marked as an unexcused no-show, and the No-Show Account Limit is enabled.
No-Show Account Limit	A numeric value indicating after how many unexcused no-shows a participant's account is automatically Limited so that they may only sign up for studies marked as a Research Alternative. If set to any value above 0, the system will set the account to Limited as soon as the participant accumulates or exceeds the value in unexcused no-shows. An email is sent to the participant when this occurs. An email will also be sent to the administrator, if the Administrator No-Show Notification Email is set appropriately.
Administrator No-Show Notification Email	A numeric value indicating after how many unexcused no-shows a participant receives should the administrator be notified by email. Some schools like to disable a participant's account or limit them to only research alternative studies after they accumulate a certain number of unexcused no-shows. The administrator should review

	the participant's account before deactivating it, in case there are extenuating circumstances. Set this value to 0 to disable the feature. If set to any value above 0, the administrator will be emailed as soon as a participant accumulates or exceeds the specified unexcused no-show value. See No-Show Handling for more information.
Administrator Account Notification Email	Yes or No value indicating if the system should email the administrator every time a participant requests a new account. If set to Yes, an email will be sent. Many schools choose to disable this feature when the term is starting, as the administrator is frequently logging onto the site and checking for new accounts. As the term progresses, they enable this feature so they are aware of any account requests, as they trickle in mid-term. This feature only applies if Participant Account Self-Creation is enabled. The email includes some additional information, like the IP address of the computer used to request the account, and also a list of any other accounts in the system with the same name (first name and last name) or same phone number. This information may be useful in identifying potential duplicate account requests or fraud.
Administrator Pending Timeslots Email	A choice indicating if the system should send a notification email to the administrator if there are pending (uncredited) timeslots in the system, more than 2 days old that have not been dealt with. You may choose to have this sent for all studies, or only non-online studies. The reason not to enable this notification for online studies is that online study notifications are considered eligible (for a notification to be sent) as soon as the sign-up has occurred, since it is difficult to determine when the sign-up occurred within or outside the two-day threshold. This email is sent once per day, and only if there are timeslots that meet the criteria.
Administrator Participant Completion Email	Yes or No value indicating if the system should email the administrator the moment a participant has completed their credit requirements. If enabled, the email is sent for any participant whose credit requirements are greater than 0 (when they reach their requirements), but not for participants who have credit requirements of 0.
Automatic Account Approval	Option indicating if participant account requests should be approved immediately, without administrator intervention. This feature only applies if Participant Account Self-Creation is enabled.

	If SSO (single sign-on) is enabled on your site and optional, there will be an option here so only <i>non</i>-SSO accounts require approval, which can be useful so that SSO users can log in right away – their information comes from a trusted source (the university SSO server). To receive notification of these automatic approvals, enable the Administrator Account Notification Email setting.
Automatic Credit Granting	Numeric value indicating whether the system should automatically grant credit to a participant if the timeslot is more than X hours old, and the researcher has taken no action. The value for X indicates the number of hours old a timeslot must be before it qualifies for an automatic credit grant. For example, if this was set to 5, then only timeslots more than 5 hours old would qualify for the automatic credit grant. The automatic credit grant occurs once a day, usually around the same time that appointment reminders are sent. The automatic credit grant also takes place for studies that are for pay, and it also grants credit for online studies, once the participation deadline has passed. Researchers can always override an automatic credit grant later, if necessary. They may also disable this feature for their study. Set this value to 0 to disable the feature system-wide.
Automatic Credit Grant Administrator Email	Yes or No value-indicating if the administrator should receive an email with information about all studies where automatic credit grants occurred. This is useful to keep track of situations where researchers are not granting credits in a timely manner. Only applies if Automatic Credit Granting is enabled.
Lost Password Feature	Yes or No value indicating if the Lost Password feature should be enabled. If enabled (set to Yes), users may have their password reset and a new password emailed to them through a link on the front page of the site, if they forget their password. Typically, the only reason to disable this feature is if accounts have been set up with a special password scheme and those passwords should not be changed, which is what would happen during a password reset.
Change Password Feature	Yes or No value indicating whether participants are allowed to change their password after their account is initially created. Generally this should be set to Yes, but some organizations set it to No if they have created participant accounts using a specialized

	password scheme, or do not want participants to be able to change their password from the assigned password. See Security Considerations for more information.
Change Password Requirement	Yes or No value indicating whether participants are required to change their password after their first login. See Security Considerations for more information. Only applies if Change Password Feature is enabled.
Increased Account Security	Yes or No value indicating whether the system will operate under high security measures, including enforcing stricter checks on password quality, and notification of account lockouts due to failed login attempts. Only applies to non-SSO accounts. See Security Considerations for more information.
Study Approval	An option indicating if the administrator (or P.I., in some cases) must approve a study before it is made visible to participants. This can be turned off entirely, enabled only when a study is added, added or updated, or added with an email sent to the administrator upon an update. The Approved field in a study, not the Active/Inactive setting for a study, controls approval which researchers control. A study is considered “updated” if any of the descriptive text fields (name, descriptions) are updated. More specifically, a study will require re-approval by the administrator if this setting is set so that a study requires re-approval when the study is updated, and at least one of the following fields about a study are changed: study name, brief abstract, detailed description, eligibility requirements (the text field, not specific restrictions like prescreen restrictions, study pre-requisites/disqualifiers, or course restrictions), duration, preparation, credit value (for credit studies only), or payment value (paid studies). If the setting is set so that on an update, the administrator merely receives a notification but no re-approval is needed when a study is updated, then an email notification to the administrator will detail the changes made to the relevant fields. This email notification will <i>not</i> be sent to the Study Approval Contact, even if one is specified.
P.I. Study Approval	If enabled, and Study Approval is also enabled, then Principal Investigators may approve studies where they are listed as a P.I.

	Study Approval requests for a study will be sent to the P.I. and cc'ed to the administrator of the site (or the Study Approval Contact, if one is set).
Study Approval Contact	If studies require approval by an administrator so it is visible to participants (see Study Approval setting), then you may specify the email address of where these approval requests should be sent. In some cases, the main administrator for the site is different from the person responsible for approving studies, which is why this may be useful. If this is the same person, leave this blank and the email will go to the administrator. If an email address is specified here, be sure the email address is that of someone who has administrator access to the system so they can actually approve the studies. Only an email address should be entered here, and not any additional text like a name.
Study Scheduling Deadline	If enabled, the system will prevent timeslots from being scheduled to take place after the date and time specified. This is typically set to a date like the end of the semester, and it ensures that researchers do not schedule timeslots to take place after the semester is over and credits must be finalized. Enforcement is based on when the timeslot ends not when it starts, so if the deadline is 4:00pm, a timeslot that runs 3:30-4:30 would not be allowed, but a timeslot from 3:00-4:00pm would be acceptable.
Timeslot Modification Limit	If enabled, the system will prevent researchers from changing key information about a timeslot (date, time, number of participants, location) if it is fewer than X hours before the timeslot is to take place (where X is specified in this setting). The administrator can still modify the timeslot at any time.
Maximum Total Studies Enforcement Date	This indicates the date to use when enforcing the Maximum Total Studies limit. For example, if it was set to January 1, 2018, then the system will only consider studies with timeslots on or after that date when enforcing the limit. This setting only applies if the Maximum Total Studies limit is set.
Researcher Manual Sign-Up/Cancellation	An option indicating if researchers can sign up and/or cancel a participant for their study. The sign-up option is useful if researchers have a need to override a study's restrictions (pre-requisites or sign-up deadlines, for example), which participants cannot do. The option can be turned off, set to Sign-Ups only, Sign-

	Ups and Cancellation, or Sign-Ups and Cancellation with an email notification to the administrator when there is a cancellation. Even if the feature is disabled, the administrator can still perform the function if necessary. During a cancellation, the participant <i>always</i> receives an email notification, along with a confirmation code, to help in settling any disputes that may arise. The manual sign-up feature for a study is not available to researchers if a study has not been approved and it requires approval by the administrator (Study Approval setting). This is to ensure that no sign-ups can occur prior to a study receiving approval. While researchers can sign up a participant for their study even if the participant does not meet the study's requirements, they may not sign up the participant if the sign-up would cause the participant to exceed their credit limits. Only the administrator may sign up a participant for a study that would cause the participant to exceed their credit limits.
Researcher Reminder Email	Yes or No value indicating the <i>default</i> value when a new researcher account is created. If set to Yes, researchers will receive an email the day before they have studies scheduled, as a reminder. They will also be sent an email if they have any uncredited timeslots for studies more than 2 days old. Researchers may override the default setting individually, if they so desire, by going to their profile. The email is not sent to researchers whose accounts are deactivated.
Timeslot Usage Restriction Date	If a date is set here, and the Timeslot Usage Restriction feature is enabled, then the system will only count timeslot usage starting from the specified date when computing usage. Otherwise, it will count all usage without any date restriction.
Timeslot Usage Restriction Default	A number indicating the default value for the maximum number of hours available for timeslots. This only applies if Timeslot Usage Restriction is enabled. This value is only used as the default value, and it may be overridden for an individual study/researcher/P.I., depending on which type of restrictions are in place. The value specified here is in hours, and must be a whole number (e.g. 10, 25, 37).

Participant Upper Case Names	If set to Yes, then when a participant account is added, their name will be converted to UPPER CASE. If set to No, then their name will be saved in Proper Case.
Participant Display Order	The order that participants are displayed when researchers view a list of who has signed up for their study. Names can be ordered by first (given) name or last name (surname). If Anonymous ID codes are enabled, then researchers will not see names. In which case this setting would only apply to the administrator, since the administrator can always see participant names. In this situation, researchers will see the list of participants sorted by anonymous ID code.
Phone Number Display	Yes or No value indicating if researchers and principal investigators can view the phone numbers of participants who have signed up for their study. If set to Yes, the phone number is displayed, if it is available.
Participant Identification	Determines how participants are identified to researchers. The options are by Full Name, by First Name only, or by a unique, system-assigned ID code. The last option (ID code) ensures the highest level of privacy. See Participant Unique ID Codes for more information. The First Name only option is useful so researchers can identify and address participants, while still affording participants some level of privacy. However, it can also introduce complications since many participants may have the same first name, so it may be difficult to uniquely identify participants in listings of study sign-ups. For this reason, it is recommended to use either Full Name or ID code, but not just First Name. If this setting is changed while there are external web studies that make use of the auto-credit feature, the auto-credit feature will not work for participants who signed up before the change but have not yet received credit. Their sign-ups will still be recorded properly, but the researcher will need to manually give them credit. See External Study Credit Granting for more information.
Prescreen Viewing	Yes or No value indicating if researchers can view the results of an individual participant's prescreen, if that participant has signed up

	for the researcher’s study. Researchers will then have access to all the responses for that participant across the entire prescreen. This setting only applies if online prescreening is enabled (see Online Prescreens). If set to No, researchers cannot view any individual participant prescreen results (though they can view aggregate results across all participants, if Prescreen Aggregate Viewing is enabled).
Prescreen Aggregate Viewing	Yes or No value indicating whether researchers can view and analyze prescreen responses for a chosen question across all participants in the system. If enabled, researchers can also download the response data for the chosen question. Participant names are not included in this data, but responses may contain identifying information if the prescreen question being analyzed asked for identifying information. This feature is useful when researchers need to analyze demographics across the entire pool, like to determine percentile cut-offs for setting up prescreen participation restrictions on their study. This setting only applies if online prescreening is enabled.
Prescreen Contact	Yes or No value indicating if researchers can contact a group of participants who meet a certain prescreen criteria, to invite them to participate in any of their studies. The email contact is made through the system in such a manner that the participant’s identity is not revealed to the researcher. Some schools are required to disable such a feature, as their IRB considers it possible coercion. This setting only applies if online prescreening is enabled.
Prescreen Contact Limit	A numeric value between 1 and 9999 indicating the maximum number of participants a researcher may contact at one time, based on running a prescreen analysis and contacting those who meet their specified criteria. The limit is useful to prevent abuse, like a situation where researchers set very broad restrictions with the goal of trying to email the majority of the pool. This setting only applies if Prescreen Contact is enabled. For more information, see Invite Qualified Participants in the Researcher section of the documentation.
Prescreen Contact Admin CC.	Yes or No value indicating if the administrator should receive a copy (via email) of any communications sent to participants by

	researchers, using the Prescreen Contact feature. If set to Yes, an email will be sent to the administrator with the content of the communication, which is useful if the administrator would like to monitor the content of such communications, generally to ensure there is no coercion. The email will also contain some basic summary information about which emailing options were chosen and how many participants received the email. Even with this setting disabled, summary information about such emails are still available to the administrator in the Mass Email Report. Only applies if the Online Prescreening and Prescreen Contact settings are enabled.
Course Credit Reassignment	Yes or No value indicating if participants can reassign a credit from one course to another course they belong to. This only applies if Course Credit Assignment is enabled, and a participant belongs to multiple courses. It is acceptable and common to change this setting during the term. It is popular to keep this enabled for most of the term, and then disable it towards the end of the term so credits cannot be shuffled around while course credit reports are being run.
Course Reassignment	Controls whether participants can change which courses they are in, after their account is initially created. The three options are: • No – They cannot change which courses they are in (however, the administrator may do this for them if necessary). • Yes, Add and Remove Courses – Participants can remove themselves from their current courses, as well as add themselves to other courses. • Yes, Add New Courses Only – Participants can add themselves to other courses, but may not remove themselves from any courses they are currently in. If this setting is enabled, then a participant may change which courses they are in if <u>any one</u> of the following is true: • No-show penalties are turned off (see No-Show Penalty Credits setting) • The system is configured to assess no-show penalties, but those penalties are deducted from earned credits (see Penalty Type setting)

	The system is configured to assess no-show penalties, and penalties are added to credit requirements, but the participant has not received any no-shows yet It is important to note that if participants remove themselves from a course, and there are credits assigned to that course, then those credits will become unassigned (they will be advised about this with a warning message). Unassigned credits can be reassigned by the participant to any course they are currently in.
SMTP Relay Server Address	The hostname or IP address of the SMTP relay server used when the system sends emails. This should already be configured correctly, and should not be changed.
Current Time	Set this value to reflect the current time at your organization. This is just a time zone adjustment that is stored internally as the offset from the server's time. The time will adjust automatically during the Daylight Saving Time switch for the USA. If you are in an area that follows different Daylight Saving Time rules, and those rules are not an option in the Daylight Saving Time Rules setting (see below), then please check this value on the second Sunday in March and the first Sunday in November, and adjust it accordingly.
Daylight Saving Time Rules	Indicates the Daylight Saving Time rules followed at your organization. The options are US/Canada, European Union, Australia, or None. If your organization follows different daylight saving time rules, then you may need to adjust the Current Time on your site twice a year, right after the US makes the switch to and from daylight saving time (second Sunday in March; first Sunday in November). We typically post a reminder about this on our customers-only Twitter feed: @SonaSystemsVIP If you are in Australia, you should choose the Australia option if you are in a part of Australia that <i>does</i> switch clocks for DST, otherwise set it to None.
Date Format	The format in which the system will display dates and times. Choose from North American (July 14, 2017, 1:30 PM), European (14 July 2017 13:30), or Asian (2017-07-14 13:30) formats.
Name Display	The order to display names (last name first, or first name first) when displaying a user's name in the system. In some countries,

	people are usually listed with their last name first (e.g. Mouse Mickey vs Mickey Mouse).
Default Language	The default language when a user first visits the site. This only applies if your site has a language other than English enabled. After the user's first visit (from that computer), the system will remember their language preference and switch to that language automatically on subsequent visits.
Compensation Type	Text to indicate the unit used when studies are offered for monetary compensation. Usually this is the name of your local currency (Dollars, Pounds, etc.). Even if you do not currently offer studies for compensation, you should specify some value here.
Credit Type	Text to indicate the unit used when studies are offered for non-monetary compensation. Examples include "Credits" and "Points." Even if you do not currently offer studies for credit, you should specify some value here. It is not advisable to use a value that also corresponds to units of time, like "hours", because this can cause confusion between a study's credit value and its duration.
SSO Enabled	Indicates if SSO (single sign-on) support is enabled. See Single Sign-On (SSO) Feature for more information.
License Key	Sona Systems will provide your 17-digit license key. The expiration date will be listed. If your license key has expired or is invalid, then only Administrators may log in to use the system, and all other users will be prevented from logging in.

Settings That May Only Be Changed when the System is Empty

The table below lists settings that should only be changed when there is no data in the system. It is *very important* that you do not change these settings while there is data in the system, or you may lose data and the system may not perform as expected. If you would like to change a setting, contact Sona Systems Technical Support *first* and we can help you make the necessary changes without a loss of data integrity. Often we need to make an adjustment directly in the database before the setting can be changed.

Setting Name	Description
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@ Suffix	The @ suffix (domain) for all usernames. The system can use user IDs that resemble email addresses. Most schools have an email system with unique email addresses, such as “username@yourschool.edu” (in this example, the @ suffix value is “yourschool.edu”). The intention here is that user IDs must be unique in the system, so using a university’s unique email user ID convention is the best way of enforcing this uniqueness. User accounts on the system are <i>not</i> connected in any way to the university email system. See the User IDs section for more information on how user IDs are handled. The value you supply should <i>not</i> include the leading “@”. If you do not have a common @ suffix (domain) to map it to, you can leave this blank. If you leave it blank, the system will allow users to choose any user ID, but will also require them to provide an email address so they can be contacted by the system when necessary.
Prescreen Requirement	Must participants complete the prescreen when they first log in to the system? There are 3 options for this setting. If you would not like to use the built-in prescreen feature, then set the value to No Prescreen. If you would like to use the built-in prescreening feature, you should set this value to one of the two Online Prescreen options. If this setting is enabled but there is no active prescreen in the system, participants will be allowed to log in and sign up for studies. On subsequent logins, if a prescreen is then active and available, they will be sent to the online prescreen. See Online Prescreens for more information.
Credit/Pay Study Support	This setting determines if support for pay and/or credit studies should be enabled in the system. It is important to note that this setting is mostly cosmetic, and does not change the majority of system functionality. It only changes some text and pages for participants and researchers. If pay support is turned off, then researchers cannot add studies where there is monetary compensation.

	If credit support is turned off, then researchers cannot add studies for credit. In addition, on pages where participants go to view their credit earning status, no reference to credit is made. Finally, on emails to participants confirmation participation or sign-up for a study, no reference is made in the email text to credits.
P.I. Support	Yes or No value indicating whether the P.I. (Principal Investigator) feature should be enabled. If enabled (set to Yes), you may create P.I. users, and a P.I. is required for every study. See Principal Investigator Accounts for more information.
Multiple Researcher Support	Yes or No value indicating if a study can have multiple researchers linked to it. If set to Yes, a study can have multiple researchers. Each researcher for the study has full and equal control over the study. If enabled, then Timeslot Usage Restrictions cannot be enabled on a per-researcher basis.
Strict IRB Mode	Yes or No value-indicating if the system should operate in strict IRB mode. If set to Yes, the system will operate in strict IRB mode, which requires that each study have an IRB approval code and approval expiration date, along with some other restrictions. See the Strict IRB Mode section of this documentation for more information.
Location Scheduling	Yes or No value indicating if the system should make the location (room/lab) scheduling feature available. If set to Yes, the feature is enabled and allows researchers to pull up a list of pre-defined locations and view the availability of those locations when scheduling timeslots. See the Location Scheduling section of this documentation for more information.
Credit Increment	The acceptable credit increment for studies. Values of 0.1, 0.25, 0.5, 1, 2, or 4 are valid. The study's credit value must be set to a value evenly divisible by the credit increment. For example, if the increment is set to 0.5, then a study may have a credit value of 0.5, 1.0, or 1.5, but may not have a value of 1.25. This increment is also used for purposes of variable credit granting (see the Variable Credit Grant setting). If Variable Credit Grant is set to Yes, then the options available when granting a credit (in the pulldown box) will range from 0 – 2 times the study's credit value, in increments based on the Credit Increment.

	It is recommended to use as large a credit increment as possible (e.g. 0.5 instead of 0.1) as this will result in a slight performance increase for users.
Maximum Total Credits	This indicates the maximum total number of credits a participant may complete, and this includes any credits earned with online studies. The three possible settings are: • Required Amount. A participant can complete only as many credits as their own credit requirements. You may view their credit requirements by looking at their Credits Needed value when viewing their record. • A fixed credit amount. You may specify a specific credit maximum, and this value can be a fractional number up to two decimal points (e.g. 1.25 or 2.5) with a maximum value of 999. Note that if a participant has credit requirements larger than this value, they will be allowed to exceed the value specified here up to their credit requirements. The reason is that it would be unfair to prevent a participant from meeting their credit requirements. • No Limit. When a participant goes to sign up for a study, the system factors in the effect of that study's credit value on the maximum credit limit.
Maximum Total Credits Leniency Value	This indicates by how many credits a participant may exceed the limit set in Maximum Total Credits. Only applies if Maximum Total Credits is set. This setting is useful in cases where a participant may be 0.5 credits away from the limit, but there are only 1-credit studies available for sign-up. With leniency value set to 0, they would not be able to sign up for the 1-credit study because it would cause them to exceed the limit, while if the leniency value was set to 0.5 or higher, they would be able to sign up for the study.
Maximum Total Studies	This indicates the maximum number of <i>studies</i> a participant may complete. It is particular useful for paid pools, since credit limits don't apply to paid studies, and is a way to limit "professional participants." Use the Maximum Total Studies Enforcement Date if you want the system to only count studies from a certain date onwards.

	Note that multi-part studies count as a study for each part for purposes of enforcing this limit, so a three-part study counts as 3 studies.
Maximum Online Credits	This indicates the maximum credits a participant may complete through online studies, which includes both online external web studies and online survey studies, but not the prescreen and not videoconference studies (which are set up as standard lab studies). In some cases, it may be useful to limit participation in online studies, to ensure participants also receive experience participating in lab studies. The five possible settings are: • Not allowed to sign up for online studies for credit. It may be easier to turn off online studies in the system instead of using this setting. • Limits set on a per-course basis. To use this feature, either Multiple Course Support needs to be enabled and Course Credit Assignment enabled; or Multiple Course Support needs to be disabled. • A fixed credit amount. You may specify a specific credit maximum, and this value can be a fractional number up to two decimal points (e.g. 1.25 or 2.5). • A percentage of a participant's credit requirements. This is useful when participants have a wide range of requirements. For participants with a credit requirement of 0, this means they cannot earn any credits from online studies if this setting is used, since any percentage of 0 is 0. • No Limit.
No Online Credit Limit for Zero Requirements	Yes or No value indicating the online credit limit specifically in cases where Maximum Online Credits is set to a percentage of requirements <i>and</i> the participant's credit requirements are 0. If set to Yes, the participant will not have an online credit limit. If set to No, they will not be able to sign up for online studies since any percentage of 0 is 0.
No Online Credit Limit After Meeting Requirements	Yes or No value indicating if participants can exceed the online credit limit <i>after</i> they have met their credit requirements. Only applies if Maximum Online Credits is enabled. This setting is useful in cases where you want to ensure participants participate in some lab studies, but once they meet their overall

	credit requirements, it's OK for them to sign up for more online studies, in excess of the online credit limit.
No Online Credit Limit for Research Alternatives	Yes or No value indicating if the online credit limit applies to studies designated as Research Alternative studies by the administrator. If this is set to Yes, then the online credit limit will not be enforced for research alternative studies. Only applies when Maximum Online Credits is enabled.
Maximum Credit Enforcement Leniency	Yes or No value indicating if the system should be lenient when it enforces the maximum credit restrictions (Maximum Total Credits only, not Maximum Online Credits). If set to Yes, the system will be lenient and allow a participant to exceed the maximum credit in <i>sign-ups</i> as long as they do not exceed it in <i>granted</i> credits. In other words, the system will tally up only the credits earned, and not any pending credits, when determining if the limit will be exceeded. This situation may occur when a researcher has yet to credit a participant for a study, or a participant has signed up for more than one upcoming study (thus there are multiple credits they have yet to earn, but likely will earn in the future).
No-Show Penalty Credits	A numeric value indicating the number of penalty credits to assess when a participant does not show up for a study. If a researcher indicates a participant did not appear for a study (unexcused no-show), the participant will not receive credit for the study <i>and</i> a penalty will be assessed based on this setting. You may set this to No Penalty, a fixed penalty amount, or a penalty amount that is a multiple value of the number of credits the missed study is worth. If set to a fixed penalty value, the value can be a fractional number with up to two decimal points of accuracy (e.g., 1.25 or 2.5) and unexcused no-shows will always be penalized with the same credit amount. If set to a multiple value amount, it must be a whole number (1, 2, etc.), and the penalty is determined by multiplying this value by the study's credit value. For instance, if the multiple value is set to 2, and a participant earned an unexcused no-show on a 2.5 credit study, they would be assessed a 5 credit penalty (2.5 x 2).

	Assessing penalties for no-shows may not be allowed in many situations for ethical reasons, especially in the US. See the No-Show Penalties section (in Regulatory Compliance) for further information.
Penalty Type	Indicates how no-show penalties (if penalties are enabled – see the No-Show Penalty Credits setting) are implemented. There are 2 options for this: penalties increase credit requirements and penalties are deducted from earnings. The penalties increase credit requirements option adds on to a participant’s overall credit requirements when they earn a penalty. This option is useful especially when there is objection by an IRB to the other option, which effectively results in a deduction of earned credits. One potential drawback to this option is if the maximum credit earning potential should be limited (with the Maximum Credits system setting). The system will allow participants to exceed the Maximum Credits setting if their own credit requirements are greater than the Maximum Credits value. So, if a participant earns a lot of penalties, it may result in a credit requirements value higher than the Maximum Credits value. If there is a reason for the Maximum Credits value to be so strict (generally to limit earning potential), then this penalty type option may not be ideal. The other penalty type will deduct from a participant’s credit earnings. This may result in a negative earnings value. With either option, when a penalty is assessed, no credit is granted. The two penalty type options merely determine how the penalty is applied. This setting cannot be changed if there are any penalties in the system, other than those that were retained using participation history retention (see Advanced End-of-Semester Maintenance), as retained penalties have no penalty value. The reason this setting cannot be changed if there are outstanding penalties, is that it would be impossible to determine which penalties were assessed under which penalty type, which is necessary information in the event a penalty is revoked.
Study Descriptions	This setting concerns the Brief Abstract and Detailed Description fields for a study, but does not affect the study’s name (which must

	always be provided). These two fields can be made optional, mandatory, or turned off entirely. It may be useful to turn off these descriptions entirely when it is not desirable for researchers to enter detailed information about their study (perhaps the description is coercive).
Duplicate Study Sign-Up	Yes or No value indicating whether researchers can configure their studies in such a way that participants can participate in the same study more than once, at different times. If set to Yes, researchers have the option of configuring it to allow duplicate sign-ups, but they may opt not to allow it. If set to No, researchers are never given such an option, and duplicate sign-ups are prohibited. This is based on actually participating in the study. If a participant earns a no-show, they may sign up for the study again, assuming they still otherwise qualify for the study.
Passworded Studies	Yes or No value indicating whether researchers may set up studies that require a special password for the study itself, that a participant must know before they can sign up. This is known as an Invitation Code. If set to Yes, researchers have the option of setting an invitation code for each of their studies (they may opt not to use this feature). If set to No, researchers are never given such an option, and password protected studies are not allowed.
Web Studies	Web study support may be turned off entirely, enabled for external studies only (web studies that are administered outside the system), or enabled for both external studies and online surveys administered by the system.
Pre-Requisite Feature	Yes or No value indicating whether studies may have pre-requisites and/or disqualifiers. A disqualifier is a study a participant must <i>not</i> have participated in in order to participate in a study. If set to Yes, researchers may choose as many pre-requisites and/or disqualifiers for their studies as they like (they may opt not to). If set to No, researchers are never given such an option, and pre-requisites and disqualifiers are not allowed.
Pre-Requisite Enforcement Leniency	Yes or No value indicating whether the system should be lenient in enforcing pre-requisites. If set to Yes, a participant may sign up for a study that has a pre-requisite, as long as they are <i>signed up</i> for the pre-requisite study also. If set to No, the system will be strict

	and a participant must have <i>participated in</i> (received credit) the pre-requisite study before they may sign up. An example where leniency might be useful is if on a Monday, a participant signs up for Study A for Wednesday, and they want to sign up for Study B for Friday. Study B has a pre-requisite of Study A. If this value is set to Yes, the participant is allowed to sign up for Study B because they are signed up for Study A. If the value is set to No, they cannot sign up for Study B until they have received credit for Study A, which will likely occur after they participate in Study A, on Wednesday.
Course Restriction Feature	Yes or No value-indicating if the course restriction feature should be made available as a study participation restriction. If set to Yes, researchers can choose to limit participation in their studies to participants enrolled in specified courses. If a participant is not enrolled in any of the specified courses, the study will not show up on the list of available studies. Such restrictions are particularly useful when the participants span a wide range of courses. Certain studies should be off-limits to participants who may have learned about the details of a certain type of research in their courses, such that their participation may affect the integrity of the research. Course restrictions act as qualifiers not disqualifiers, so if it is set that only participants in Course A may sign up, then a participant in both Course A and Course B is eligible, because they are in Course A. Additionally, course restrictions only restrict who is eligible for a study, but not which course the credit may be assigned to. This means that if a participant is eligible for a study based on course restrictions, they may assign credit for that study to any of their courses, including courses not listed in the course restrictions for that study.
Timeslot Usage Restriction	This setting may be enabled so the system enforces restrictions on the number of study timeslot hours available. It can be restricted on a per-researcher basis (a researcher has a specified number of hours to allocate across all their studies), per-P.I. basis, or per-study basis (restrictions are linked to a specific study). Only one type of restriction may be chosen (system-wide). If Multiple Researchers per Study is enabled, then the per-researcher basis for restriction is not available. This feature may also be disabled entirely. The per-P.I. option may only be selected if P.I. support is enabled in the

	system. See the Timeslot Usage Limit section of this documentation for more information.
Multiple Course Support	Yes or No value indicating whether participants may belong to multiple courses. If set to Yes, participants may belong to multiple courses. If set to No, they may only belong to one course.
Course Credit Assignment	Yes or No value indicating whether participants can assign a study credit to a specific course. This is useful when the participant is in more than one course. If set to No, course credits are assigned directly to the participant and not associated with any course. This only applies when the Multiple Course Support value is set to Yes.
Multiple Course Requirements	If a participant belongs to more than one course (Multiple Course Support must be enabled), this setting determines how their credit requirements are computed. Credit requirements are tied to individual courses. There are 3 options for how the system can compute a participant's credit requirements: 1. The sum (total) value of credits for all the courses they are in. 2. The value of the lowest credit-value course they are in. 3. The value of the highest credit-value course they are in. This computation is made only when the participant joins the course. If requirements for a course are changed later, it will not update the requirements for participants already in the course.
Participant Account Self-Deletion	This feature allows participants to delete their own account, or easily request deletion by the administrator. If set to deactivate, then participants can deactivate their account which means they cannot log in to the system nor will they receive emails from the system (the equivalent of setting Login to System Allowed to No in User Management). If they choose to deactivate, then an email will be sent to the administrator requesting deletion of their account. If this setting is set to allow deletion, then participants can delete their account on their own. The option will appear for participants in My Profile if enabled. It will also then appear as an option in Mass Email Notification, for a

	direct link to be included in the email to make account deactivation or deletion simple for participants.
Participant Account Self-Creation	Yes or No value indicating whether participants may create their own accounts. See the Participant Account Self-Creation section for more information. If set to Yes, participants will see an option on the front page of the site where they may create their own accounts. If set to No, no such link or option will be available.
Student ID Deactivation	Yes or No value whether the Student (University) ID number should be disabled from the system entirely. This only applies to participant (student) accounts. Often, this is disabled if such numbers map to a participant's Social Security number, and regulations (such as FERPA) prevent collection of such data.
Student ID Requirement	Yes or No value indicating whether participants must supply a Student (University) ID number when creating an account. This only applies if Participant Account Self-Creation is enabled, and Student ID Deactivation is set to No. If the Student ID Requirement setting is set to No, participants may still supply their Student (University) ID number, but they are not required to do so.
Student ID Duplicates	Yes or No value indicating if the system will allow participants to create an account where the Student (University) ID is already in use by another participant in the system. If set to Yes, then duplicates are allowed. This setting only applies if Participant Account Self-Creation is set to Yes, and Student ID Deactivation is set to No.
Participant Date of Birth Requirement	This feature enables the ability to collect or provide date of birth for participants, and then set age restrictions on a study and the prescreen. If set to mandatory, and a participant has an existing account without a birthdate (it was created before the feature was enabled, or it was not included when the administrator created their account), then the system will prompt them to provide their birthdate upon their next login.
Participant Age Limit	If set, then participants must be at least the age specified in this setting when requesting an account, or they will not be able to create an account. This only applies when they go to request an account – the administrator can still create participant accounts

	without this setting being enforced (though it will warn if a participant is below the limit). This setting only applies if Participant Date of Birth Requirement is set to Mandatory. Age may be specified up to 2 decimal places, so values like 17.75 are allowed.
Participant Phone Number Requirement	This feature enables the ability to collect or provide telephone numbers for participants. If set to Mandatory, participants will be required to provide their phone number when they request an account.
Participant Account Alt. Email	Yes or No value indicating if participants can specify an alternate email address where they would like to receive email notifications from the system. One good reason to disable this option is to ensure that emails are sent to the participant's official university email account, which may be more reliable than other email accounts they may use. If set to Yes, participants are allowed to specify an alternate email address. This setting does not apply if there is no @ Suffix configured in the system (see System Settings).

No-Show Handling

The system has support for assessing a penalty when an unexcused no-show is accrued. See the settings No-Show Penalty Credits and Penalty Type in System Settings.

In many situations, assessing penalties for failing to show up for a study may not be allowed for ethical reasons. See the No-Show Penalties section (in Regulatory Compliance) for more information about in which situations this may apply.

Instead of or in addition to, assessing penalties for no-shows, the system offers some other features for dealing with participants who accrue excessive no-shows. All these features are in full compliance with the determination letter from OHRP (see No-Show Penalties).

The first option is the Administrator No-Show Notification Email setting (see System Settings). With this, the administrator can be notified once a participant has accrued a specified number of unexcused no-shows. At that point, the administrator can either block the participant's access to the system entirely (set Login to System Allowed to No), or restrict their account so that they may only sign up for studies marked as research alternative studies (set Limited to Research Alternative Studies to Yes).

Another option, similar to the previous option, provides a more automated method of dealing with the situation. The No-Show Account Limit (see System Settings) may be configured so that a participant's account is *automatically* limited to only research alternative studies after a specific number of unexcused no-shows are accrued. The system will also reverse this limitation if an unexcused no-show is later reversed. To make this limitation handled automatically by the system, ensure that the Limited to Research Alternative Studies setting for a participant is set to Automatic (default). If the No-Show Account Limit is reached for a participant, then this will not cancel any pending sign-ups they have for studies in the future, but will limit all future sign-ups to only studies marked as a research alternative. If necessary, the administrator can cancel any pending sign-ups, and if Administrator No-Show Notification Email is set to a value less than or equal to the No-Show Account Limit value, then the administrator will receive an email notification that also lists if there are any pending sign-ups for the participant.

A final option is if instructors want to give some type of bonus credit for participants who do not accrue any unexcused no-shows. To facilitate this, there is an Unexcused No-Shows column on the Credit Completion report. Instructors may use this information at their discretion. There is no direct feature in the system to grant any type of bonus credit through the system for not accruing no-shows. The reason is that the credit grant would get extremely complicated when participants are in multiple courses, and also if they accrue an unexcused no-show after the bonus is granted, or a no-show is later reversed.

There are methods of making participants aware of the no-show policies, by including text in emails when they receive an unexcused no-show or their account is automatically limited. See Updating System Text for further information.

It is often useful to clear out unexcused no-shows from participants before the start of a new term, so they may start with a clean slate. See End-of-Semester Maintenance for options to delete unexcused no-shows, or convert them to excused no-shows.

Security Considerations

Security is typically a balance where the need for information to be secure is weighed against convenience for users. Security needs may also vary based on what data is being stored in the system, and what type of research is being done.

Regardless, confidentiality of data is always important to maintain trust and ensure that users receive the level of privacy they expect. The following sections outline some areas of concern, and we have a HECVAT form which details our security stance in more detail, available upon request.

Enhanced Security Edition – GovRAMP, TX-RAMP

For customers with strict security requirements, we offer Enhanced Security editions. These editions are known as SecurePlus and SecureMax (with similar usage limits as the Advanced and Ultra standard

editions). To see if your site is using an Enhanced Security edition, go to System Settings and the version will be listed in the License Key section.

The Enhanced Security edition has been audited by a third-party security auditor, and this audit is conducted annually. The auditor has run penetration tests where they attempt to break into the system, and has also done a deep analysis of the security of our software and infrastructure. The system was audited based on the industry-standard NIST SP800-53 security guidelines.

As part of this audit, the Enhanced Security Edition also has compliance with GovRAMP (formerly StateRAMP) and TX-RAMP standards.

Additional security reports are available to customers using this edition, including a penetration test, GDPR audit, and continuous monitoring (ConMon) reports.

This edition also contains features which allow the administrator to view full activity logs for a chosen user.

On the security site, Enhanced Security Edition sites have a WAF (web application firewall), CNAPP (cloud native application protection platform), and DDOS protection (distributed denial of service attack) in place.

Password Storage

The information below applies to user accounts where the password is stored in the system. We recommend using SSO (single sign-on) when possible, as then account credentials are managed outside of the system, by your university's login servers. This also makes for a better user experience as users do not need to keep track of separate credentials to use the system. See Single Sign-On (SSO) Feature for more information.

All passwords in the system are stored in the system using a hashed format, which is basically a one-way encryption scheme. In technical terms, passwords are hashed using the industry-standard BCrypt format, with a salt that varies with each password/user. This method of handling and storing passwords is compliant with generally accepted principles for secure systems, and similar methods are employed by most major websites.

Because of this method, it is not possible for the administrator to view current passwords of users, because there is no way to decrypt it and display it. Likewise, it is impossible to send login information that contains a user's existing password (as opposed to a new password).

When the administrator wants to send login information for *existing* users, there are options to send just login information (username only), or also reset the password and send a new password in the email as well. If sending to a group of existing users where many may already know their password, often it is easier just to send the login information and those who do not remember their password can simply use the Forgot Password feature to reset their password.

You may also require all participants to change their password upon their first login. This is useful particularly if their accounts were set up through a batch import, and the passwords were generated using some scheme. Perhaps a variant of their student number or some other default password. This is useful in place of using the system-generated random password feature. To enable this feature, set Change Password Requirement and Change Password Feature to Yes in System Settings.

For purposes of logging in, passwords are case-sensitive and the passwords are stored in the database in case-sensitive format.

When users go to change their password, the system will require that a password be at least 8 characters long (or longer if Increased Account Security is enabled).

If Increased Account Security is enabled in System Settings, then the system will reject a password that: has fewer than 4 distinct characters; is similar to a list of commonly-used passwords; contains the user's name, email or phone number. It will require that passwords be at least 10 characters long, and contain at least 3 of the 4 following: upper-case letter, lower-case letter, number, symbol. Users will also receive an email when their password is changed.

Another feature when Increased Account Security is enabled is that when a user tries to use the Forgot Password feature, if they enter an email address or user ID that is not in the system, it will not indicate the information was not found.

Account Lockouts

The system has protections against what is known as a “brute force” attack, which is where an automated program will try every possible password in rapid succession to log in as a certain user. The system will allow only 10 failed attempts to log in (per user), at which point the account will be locked out for up to 24 hours. This security applies both to logins on the usual website as well as the mobile app. An account that has been locked out for this reason can be reset by the administrator in User Management | View and Edit Users. The other option to free an account lockout is to simply wait, as the lockout never lasts for more than 24 hours, or to use the Forgot Password feature.

If Increased Account Security is enabled in System Settings, users will receive an email notification when their account is locked out.

HTML Input and Cross-Site Scripting (XSS) Handling

Only a handful of pages allow HTML input at all, and none of those pages are accessible to the users most likely to be malicious (participants). On the pages that allow HTML input, all HTML input is run through a whitelist-based filter to prevent cross-site scripting attempts. All Javascript is filtered out, along with various other input that could be used for an XSS-based compromise. As part of this, HTML comments (<!-- -->) are also filtered out.

Security Audit

You may perform a security audit of the system at any time by going to Administrator | Help and Documentation | Security Diagnostics. That will show if the system is configured using recommended security settings, and also confirm if access to the system is over an encrypted network connection (SSL).

It will also list information about administrator accounts in the system, like any accounts with insecure passwords, and all administrator accounts along with the last login date for each. Dormant administrator accounts should be deleted or disabled as a security precaution.

Data Transmission

Information sent between the system and the user is always encrypted using SSL encryption, and we routinely perform audits using a third-party tool (Qualys) to ensure the cipher suites in used are in line with industry recommendations.

Data at Rest

All data in the database is stored on disk using an encrypted format. Encryption keys are routinely backed up to a separate location.

System Limits

Data Limits

The system does not have any hard limits concerning data storage, but the system performs better when there is less data in the system. When there is too much data in the system, actions like updating a study or downloading data may become slow or even fail to work at all.

Listed in the following table are some recommended limits and suggestions for how to reduce them.

Data and Suggested Limit	Method to Reduce Data Size
Researcher and PIs (300)	Use End-of-Semester Maintenance to delete users if they do not have any studies. Delete old studies first to increase the number of potential users that can be deleted.
Participants (10,000)	Use End-of-Semester Maintenance to delete participants who have not logged into the system in a number of years.
Studies (300)	Use Batch Study Deletion to delete studies which have not been run recently or whose researchers are no longer using the system.
Online Survey/Prescreen Responses (400,000 total)	For online survey responses, the responses can be downloaded and then deleted

	without affecting records of who participated.
Online Survey/Prescreen Questions (5,000)	This refers to the total number of questions (not responses) across all online surveys and the prescreen. The best option to handle this is to delete online survey studies which are no longer active.
Courses (40)	If a course is not running during the current term, it can be usually be deleted. It is easy to add in the course again later.

The biggest effect on performance is the amount of prescreen and online survey responses stored in the system. This can be monitored on the System Summary Report, and we recommend keeping the total across all surveys and the prescreen to under 400,000 responses. This limit can vary based on the types of responses collected, with the recommended limit being lower if many responses are for free-form text questions as opposed to multiple-choice questions. As these responses typically contain more text and thus take up more space. See Viewing Survey Data Usage and Deleting Survey Data for more information.

After using the system for a few years, if study and participant information is retained, the data may get a bit unwieldy. Additionally, some data may not really be necessary to preserve after a few years, as the researchers or participants involved have long since graduated. End-of-Semester Maintenance provides many options for deleting information based on last login dates, which is a good way to clear out old data. Batch Study Deletion is also a good way of reviewing older studies and deleting them selectively (see Batch Study Deletion for more information). Batch Study Deletion works best after End-of-Semester Maintenance has been completed, as that maintenance often results in changes that make more studies eligible for deletion. See Data Diagnostics for data aging information, to see how much old data is in the system.

Foreign Language Support

The participant interface is available in languages other than English. At the time of this writing, it is also available in French, Chinese (both Simplified and Traditional), Japanese, Korean, German, Portuguese (both Portugal and Brazil variants), Polish, Spanish (from Spain), Hebrew, Czech, Russian, and Turkish. These interfaces are available only for participants, except in the case of Japanese where the researcher interface is also available in Japanese. For other user types, the interface is only available in English. For example, if a researcher goes to the front page of the site and chooses French, then the system will switch the interface back to English once they log in.

This affects only the interface, which is system-generated text that appears on interface areas, like the text on buttons and the names on pages. User-supplied text, like study names and descriptions, are displayed as they were entered without translation.

If you would like to enable support for a language, please contact Technical Support and we can enable this for you. You should only enable a language if you think participants will not understand English. When a language is enabled, that means you may also need to translate some system-specific text, like the privacy policy, to meet your needs.

If a language other than English is enabled, the system can be configured to default to that language for first-time visitors to the site. Contact Technical Support to have this configured. For returning visitors, the system will remember the language they used on their previous login and switch to that automatically.

If you would like to use the system in a language not currently offered, please contact Technical Support and we can work with you on the translation process.

Updating System Text for Foreign Languages

If you enable a foreign language, then you should go to Tasks | Mass Email and Announcements | Update System Text and review and update the system-supplied text as needed. Generally, the text there is in English but you can easily modify it to include any further information you need, in the other language. See Updating System Text for more information.

Potential Issues

One issue we have seen is with downloading data in CSV format and opening it in Excel, when the data contains text in language that make use of glyph-based characters (Chinese, Japanese, etc.). This appears to be a problem in Excel, and the workaround is to save the CSV download as a text file instead of opening it directly in Excel, and then starting Excel and choosing to import the text file as a CSV-formatted file. To do this, go to Data | Get External Data | From Text in Excel and choose the CSV file. On the import dialog, choose Unicode (UTF-8) for the File Origin option.

In general, when doing something not in English in the system, be sure to test it carefully and thoroughly to make sure it will work as expected. This goes especially for prescreen and online survey data, as it would be a shame to collect a lot of data and then find out it's not possible to see it.

Accessibility Information

In general, the system should be usable for all users without hindrance. The system works correctly with screen-reading devices, and all non-decorative images are properly labeled. In addition, for participants, all text entry fields are linked to their descriptive text with use of <label for> tags. The system is predominantly text-based, and uses the popular Bootstrap framework for page layout, along with the Bootstrap Accessibility module.

Because of the complexity of the interface that the administrator sees, there may be cases where non-decorative images are not properly labeled. This only affects the administrator, and not any other type of user. If this is an issue, please contact Technical Support and we will be happy to work on dealing

with any issues in a timely manner. A VPAT document indicating compliance with various accessibility requirements is available upon request. This document details compliance with WCAG 2.0 and 2.1 (Levels A, AA, AAA), Section 508, and EN 301 549 (Mandate 376) requirements.

Regulatory Compliance

Introduction

This software complies with all major regulations governing human participant research and privacy of data stored online. The system complies with both HIPAA and Common Rule for customers in the United States, when configured as such. For customers in Canada, it complies with the Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act (PIPEDA) as well as the Tri-Council Statement. For customers in the European Union, we are in full compliance with GDPR regulations. A copy of our third-party GDPR compliance audit is available to customers using the Enhanced Security Edition.

Data stored on servers located in the United States is stored in compliance EU GDPR. Compliance is covered under the EU Data Privacy Framework (DPF), as applicable, and our certification of compliance can be verified through the US Department of Commerce. Note that for all customers in Europe, your site is stored on servers located in the EU, and that data is never stored on servers in the US.

For those with enhanced security requirements, we offer the Enhanced Security Edition which offers compliance with GovRAMP (formerly StateRAMP), TX-RAMP, and NIST SP800-53 standards.

In most cases, your organization must comply with all human participant and data privacy rules that apply in your country. You should consult with your IRB for more information. Even if you are not required to comply, compliance is always a good idea, as protecting sensitive data is a good thing. Compliance issues involving software, privacy and electronic data storage are for the most part handled automatically by the system, however some may vary based on how you have configured the system in System Settings. You should still consult with your IRB or organization to learn more about additional compliance rules you must follow outside of use of this software, the handling of research data collected on paper would be one example.

You should also give some thought to the Unique ID Code feature (see Participant Unique ID Codes). In many cases, your IRB may require you to enable this feature to properly protect a participant's privacy.

No-Show Penalties

In January 2010, the Office of Human Research Protections (OHRP), which is part of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), issued a determination letter regarding assessing penalties when a participant does not show up for a study. You may read more here: <http://www.hhs.gov/ohrp/regulations-and-policy/guidance/january-08-2010-correspondence-student-subject-pools-and-use-of-penalties/index.html>

You should consult with your IRB for advice, but generally this applies to research funded by the U.S. Government, and to universities with a Federal-Wide Assurance (FWA) in place (common at most

research universities). Even if your university is located outside the U.S., the determination may still apply if researchers receive U.S. Government support for their research. In addition, it some regulatory bodies in other countries are following the lead of OHRP on this issue.

To ensure compliance with the determination, simply set No-Show Penalty Credits to No Penalty in System Settings.

In the determination letter, OHRP proposed some alternatives to issuing penalties, like restricting study opportunities, and offering bonus credits for not accruing any no-shows. Both options are supported in the system. See No-Show Handling for more information.

EU GDPR Compliance

The system is fully compliant with EU GDPR (General Data Protection Regulations). We can provide a copy of our DPA (Data Processing Addendum) upon request. A copy of our third-party GDPR compliance audit is available to customers using the Enhanced Security Edition.

In particular, here are the settings in System Settings to focus on when it comes to GDPR compliance for your site:

- Participant Account Self-Deletion. This provides a simple way for participants to have their data permanently deleted from the system. This addresses their “right to be forgotten.”
- Study Invitation Email Feature. This provides a simple way for participants to opt out of receiving such emails.
- Participant Human Participants/Privacy Policy Acknowledgement. This provides a way for participants to be shown your privacy policy upon their first login, and for the system to record their acknowledgement of it.

CCPA Compliance

The system is fully compliant with CCPA (California Consumer Privacy Act).

In particular, here are the settings in System Settings to focus on when it comes to CCPA compliance for your site:

- Participant Account Self-Deletion. This provides a simple way for participants to have their data permanently deleted from the system. This addresses their “right to be forgotten.”
- Study Invitation Email Feature. This provides a simple way for participants to opt out of receiving such emails.
- Participant Human Participants/Privacy Policy Acknowledgement. This provides a way for participants to be shown your privacy policy upon their first login, and for the system to record their acknowledgement of it.

Handling an Information Request

In many cases, a participant has a right to request a copy of all data stored about them by the system, and this request should be granted in a timely manner, free of charge.

If you receive such a request, first verify the identity of the requester. After this is done, go to User Management | View and Edit Users, and print a copy of their record. This will contain all their signup data and other login data. If your system has the online prescreening feature enabled and they have participated in the prescreen, you should also print a copy of their prescreen results (a link is included on their user information page). In addition, if they participated in any online survey studies within the system, you should print that data as well.

Data Handling and Security Guidelines

As an Administrator, you have access to every study and you can see who has signed up for those studies, as well as online prescreen responses. Because of these privileges, you should follow these simple guidelines:

- Secure Your Account. Use a password that is difficult to guess. The most secure passwords contain a combination of letters and numbers, do not spell a real word, and are at least 8 characters long.
- Secure Your Work Area. If you are logged into the system and you leave your computer, you should logout of the system or use a password lock on your computer. Ask your network administrator for help with setting up a password lock.
- Handle Paper Documents Carefully. Any printouts from the system should be kept reasonably secure. Store them in desk drawer out of the public view. Documents you decide to discard should be shredded if possible.
- Secure Electronic Data Carefully. Data exported from the system (using the Data Export feature) should be securely stored. Ask your network administrator for assistance with properly securing this data.

Strict IRB Mode

The system can run in strict IRB mode, if configured as such in System Settings. In this mode, a study must have an IRB approval code and expiration date in order to be added. The system does not check the format of the IRB approval code (since those may vary widely), but merely that some text is provided. So if the study is one that does not require IRB approval, it's acceptable to enter any text in this area.

The system will prevent any timeslots from being added which are to take place after the IRB expiration date. In addition, the study will be deactivated (participants will not be able to see it) on the expiration date. The check for studies that need to be deactivated is done once per day. Only the administrator may extend the expiration date or change the IRB approval code.

Human Participants/Privacy Policy Acknowledgment

Researchers and Principal Investigators must acknowledge the Human Participants and Privacy Policy (all on one page) once every 6 months, if the Researcher Human Participants Policy Acknowledgment setting is enabled (see System Settings).

Participants must also acknowledge the policy once every 6 months, if the Participant Human Participants Policy Acknowledgment setting is enabled (see System Settings).

When a user is shown the policy for acknowledgment, they will see standard, regulation-compliant wording that is included with the software. If you would like to modify this with your organization's own policy, you may do so (see Updating System Text).

The standard policy varies depending on the type of user that is viewing it, and is available for review at any time through a link labeled "Human Participants/Privacy Policy" at the bottom of every page (for users who are logged in).

If anonymous identification (see Participant Identification in System Settings) is enabled at the time the policy was generated, participants will also be notified that researchers know them only by this code.

If you have made changes to the policy and want to ensure all existing users re-acknowledge it upon their next login, contact technical support and we can make an adjustment in the database to accomplish this.